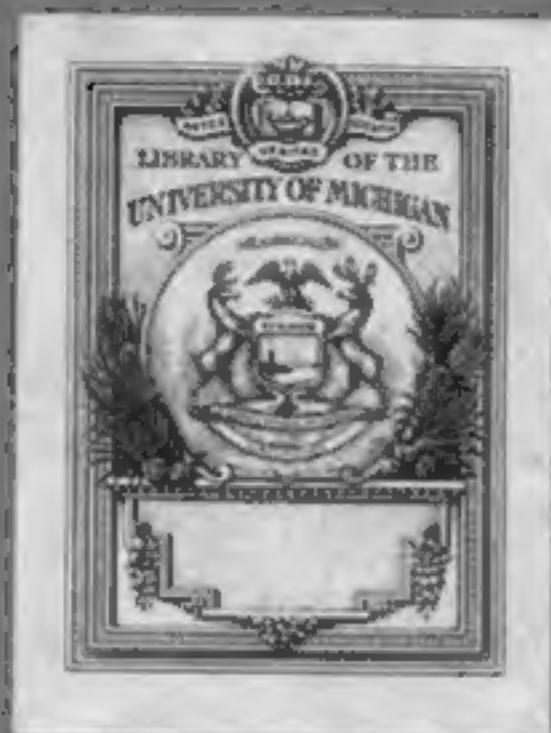


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LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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GEORGE, THE PRINCE OF WALES,
SUCCESSOR TO THE BRITISH THRONE.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

THE OLDEST ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY IN THE UNITED STATES

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY RECORD OF CURRENT EVENTS

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Thursday, July 3, 1902

The Cause of Forest Extension.

IT WAS a brilliant and, it is to be hoped, an effective plea which Senator Depew made the other day at Washington in advocacy of the bill appropriating \$10,000,000 for the purchase of 2,000,000 acres of land for a national forest in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Tennessee. In the course of his speech Mr. Depew dwelt upon the magnificent work done by several foreign governments in forest preservation, and notably by Germany, where twenty-six per cent. of the land is in forests, of which the government owns two-thirds. Italy has recently waked up to the importance of re-foresting her denuded mountain slopes in the interests of her farming population and the water supply of her cities, and is preparing to expend \$12,000,000 for this purpose, which will restore the trees to 500,000 acres. France also has appropriated \$28,000,000 for a like purpose.

In our own country, as Mr. Depew pointed out, much gratifying progress has been made in forestry in recent years by the national government and by several States, New York, thanks to Governor Black's initiative, and Pennsylvania leading in this respect. Forty-one national forest preserves have already been set aside in the West aggregating nearly 30,000,000 acres. But only twenty per cent. of our territory has a forest growth, a proportion much less than Germany, and much remains to be done to save and perpetuate this valuable asset of our national wealth. As Mr. Depew very clearly showed, the work to be done in the regions covered by this national forestry bill can only be done adequately and effectively by the general government, because it extends into many States and relates to the interests and general welfare of the whole country.

In this connection note should be made of the extremely gratifying and effective service rendered to the cause of tree-planting by the Forestry Bureau at Washington, some details of which are set forth in a little pamphlet prepared by Assistant Superintendent William L. Hall and recently issued by the bureau. Particular reference is made in this publication to forestry extension in the middle West. The area of planted timber in this section already, at the time this pamphlet was written, aggregated many hundred thousand acres. Some of this is on the decline, some at its best, and some increasing in value each year. "To the last class belong most of the plantations made for profit. Notable among these are the large catalpa plantations of central and eastern Kansas." There have been numerous requests made to the forestry division for help in extending these plantations. In most cases they are small, covering no more than five or ten acres, or no much as a farmer can conveniently spare from tillage.

Another important agency in forest extension is the railroads of the country, and some of the great trunk lines of the West have already taken up this work vigorously. Most of the railroads, it is agreed, hold lands that are well adapted to forest trees, and by planting tracts of sufficient size to meet their demands they will greatly reduce their future expenses. "The secretary of the International Society of Arboriculture, Mr. John P. Brown, of Indiana, has been delegated by several roads to prosecute this work. During the present year he has been superintending the planting of a tract with 110,000 trees on the four New Orleans for the Illinois Central Railroad, and another tract with 21,000 at Kankakee, Ill. The Kansas, Fort Scott and Memphis road has planted 2,500,000, and a number of the other lines in the West are going into the enterprise on a still larger scale.

There is good reason, therefore, for the hope that by the combined efforts of all three agencies, the Federal government, the States, railroad corporations and public-spirited individuals, a large and valuable work will be done in preserving and developing our forest lands and thus adding immeasurably not only to the wealth of the country, but immeasurably to its beauty, fertility, and healthfulness.

The Reason for the Summer Vacation.

WHATEVER CHANGES society may yet make in the distribution of time, it is safe to say that they will not greatly affect the summer vacation. That interval of leisure, once regarded as a privilege of the wealthy, is now deemed a necessity, to be provided for as systematically as are other wants of life. Wily men, its utility

is undeniable. Men grow weary of incessant and unchanging occupation, as weary as Hegel was of over-credulity and common sense. They have learned that the chase of the dollar and the acquisition of knowledge are not all there is in living. What they want is to recover their real selves, some relief from endless detail, some arrest of hurry.

Every one admits this necessity, at least up to the moment when the question of where to go and what to do when one gets there becomes immediate. Prior to that time the problem can be considered in the abstract, and so is easy and delightful. It is pleasant to talk of the resorts by mountain, lake and sea, and of the rest that abides there; of comfortable hostilities amid the brooding silence of the hills, where the linen is fragrant with rose-leaves, and cream and jam are always in evidence. But when the question becomes pressing, it is apt to assume a different phase, especially to that large class of plain people with exhausted vitality and limited means. Then it is the discomforts, the overtures of settled habits, and the exorbitant charges that loom large in the mind.

The idea of a vacation at home thus takes on an unenvied attraction. And with occasional trips to nearby retreats, there is a good deal to be said for it. Indeed, when one looks about it, it is wonderful how much variety and pleasure may be found in the place in which one has always lived without discovering anything worth looking at. But tastes and means and inclinations differ; and the majority of weary people want a more complete change than can be had in their own neighborhood. To an increasing number a change is only salutary when it is from one's home to the lakes and forests, or when the outlook is upon long reaches of river scenery, picturesque hills stretching away in the distance, the cool, deep woods and flower-lined lanes. And no vacation is more delightful, both in its untroubled sense of freedom and the opportunity afforded to recover one's self.

With others the chief value of a vacation seems to lie in the rapidity and consciousness of the change that can be crowded into it. They are in haste to "make the rounds." Leisure, to them, appears desirable only for purposes of distraction. With opportunity for an interval of serenity, they grow nervous lest it should not be filled to the full with activity. And the great number of holiday retreats tends to foster this evil. Many others apparently break away from ordinary occupations only to get a fresh appetite for them, and they fancy that they can best obtain it by doing something as far as possible removed from their usual employments, but something which, nevertheless, dissipates the energies quite as much.

This is, of course, to defeat the true purpose of a holiday. That purpose is to provide a period of leisure for the recovery of our real selves by diminishing the strain of distracting engagements. What men and women want with a vacation is to find, not lose, themselves, and the best holiday is that in which place and activities are happily combined to this end.

As to Wabblers and Wabbling.

PRESIDENT SCHURMAN, of Cornell, is clearly in no danger of suffering from the charge of being afraid of inconsistency. "that hobgoblin of little minds," for few men have ever executed a more rapid and complete "right about face" on any public question than he has performed on the subject of the proper policy in the Philippines. It is the natural and undeniable right of every man to wabble, but if he wishes to retain the confidence and respect of his fellow-citizens he should bring forth good reasons for his wabbling, and this, it seems to us, President Schurman has failed to do. Shortly after his return from the islands two years ago he expressed his convictions in a public speech, as follows:

To liberty-loving Americans who are not informed of Philippine conditions, no policy is more seductive than that of turning over the Philippines to the Filipinos. Yet no policy could in fact be more fantastic. Who are the Filipinos? They are not a single nation; they are an aggregate of some fourscore peoples or tribes, speaking different languages, and representing all stages of civilization and barbarism. Among all the tribes the great majority of the people of education and property welcome the sovereignty of the United States. And how could you, without everlasting shame and dishonor, leave the Filipinos, who have trusted you, to the anarchy and lawlessness of the avenging Tagalogs?

Now President Schurman is just as firmly convinced that we should give the Filipinos "what they want," which means, of course, that we should surrender the islands and allow the people to govern themselves. But if Filipino character and the conditions on the islands have undergone as complete a change in two years as President Schurman's views have done, we have failed to see any evidence of it, and he certainly does not produce any. As to his present attitude, and that of other individuals who hold the same views, it may be said that while no particular harm to public interests arises from their shifting and variant opinions and counsels, the government fortunately can follow on such vacillatory and tortuous course in its policy with the islands, nor has sound reason appeared why it should.

In a recent Boston speech, President Schurman has endeavored to square the Monroe doctrine with his views on the Philippines, with the result of placing a construction upon that much-abused and misunderstood declaration more at odds with its real and original intent than almost anything it has been made to bear before. We are held by this doctrine, according to Dr. Schurman's facile reasoning, to restrain our lines of territorial advancement within the bounds of the American continent and to "voluntarily renounce for ourselves the policy of annexations in Europe, Asia, Africa, or Australia." The

sign of this is, of course, that we should back out of the Philippines as fast as steam and electricity can take us. But it seems to us that President Schurman has read a meaning into the Monroe doctrine which a calm and unprejudiced study of its language will not sustain; that in his zeal to find a cover to this famous document for a doctrine of his own devising he has stretched that unhappy instrument to the cracking point.

President Roosevelt is entirely right in saying that the flag will "stay put" in the Philippines, and in that declaration we believe that he voices the overwhelming sentiment of the American people. Wabbling and scuttling are weaknesses of which even the wisest and best of men may occasionally be guilty with no great damage to themselves or to any one else, but a great nation cannot indulge in such folly without discrediting itself in the eyes of all the world and doing vast and irreparable injury to interests committed to its charge.

The Plain Truth.

IN HIS commencement address at Johns Hopkins, Dr. Elgin R. Gould, city chamberlain of New York, made a clear and concise statement of existing conditions in the metropolis, including an explanation of the apparent slowness of reform in the police department. Progress under Mayor Low, he said, has been delayed by two causes—by corruption and inefficiency in the police force concerning which it was difficult to get corroborative evidence, and by the charter, which requires that when places are abolished former incumbents must remain on the lists and be eligible for reappointment to appointment during a year. Under this provision many Tammany office-holders have managed to retain their places and are seriously interfering with the progress of reform. For these and other reasons Dr. Gould declared that judgment upon the new administration ought to be suspended for a while longer at least. He prophesied that from now on a distinct improvement in conditions will occur. All intelligent and reasonable persons will agree with Dr. Gould that sweeping criticism of Mayor Low and his administration at this time is grossly unfair and unjust. As for the difficulties spoken of in the way of reform, one of these would be obviated by a State constitutional amendment and the other eventually by the practical application of the power of dismissal. It is a serious question whether permanent reform in the police department or anywhere else in the city government can be secured without the adoption of these remedies.

THE ARGUMENT in favor of a liberal and progressive policy toward our shipping interests received valuable and substantial support in a recent *Herald* interview with Mr. Charles H. Crump, the famous shipbuilder. Mr. Crump dwelt upon the giant strides which Germany is making in the development of her merchant marine and drew a suggestive contrast between the energy and enterprise displayed in this direction by the Germans and the cupidity and self-complacency of the English, who are now agitated and alarmed over the decline of their commercial supremacy. The remarkable growth of the German shipbuilding industry is attributed largely to the influence of Emperor William, who, it is said, has exerted to the utmost both his personal influence and his imperial power to promote these interests in his country. It is pointed out that no longer ago than 1897 Germany had almost no facilities for building first-class ocean steamships, whereas that country now stands among the foremost shipbuilding nations of the world, so far as size, power, and general importance of ships are concerned. And what Germany has done America can do if this important industry is given the same generous support and encouragement from the government that it receives in the Fatherland. We have no Emperor William to throw his personal influence and authority into the service, but we have a representative body of men at Washington who can lead the way, if they will, and we have a President who has already pledged himself to the enlargement of our merchant marine and who will gladly endorse any wise measure designed to further that end.

IN NOTHING has Governor Odell more greatly surprised his friends since his election than in the felicity of his utterances whenever he has been called upon to speak on public occasions. As a speaker he is attentive, concise, and suggestive. One of the best of his short addresses was made at the recent Cornell commencement. Governor Odell has always been a stalwart, believing in his party and holding steadfastly to its principles. As chief executive of the State, he has not permitted party considerations to stand in the way of the best public service, however, and in his recent speech at Cornell he emphasized his attitude by defending men of affairs from the attacks of those who carelessly throw away the right of franchise, who are neither independents nor party men, but who, to quote the language of the Governor, "in reality lack the ability to judge through their own failure to perform." The Governor said that the ill-founded criticisms of such men "have often made it impossible for able and intelligent men to properly discharge their duties as citizens of this great republic." And he might have added that this same sort of ill-founded criticism has often stood in the way of the accomplishment of reform in municipal as well as in State affairs. There is a heap of common sense in a single additional sentence from Governor Odell's admirable remarks, which we quote, and the application of which will readily be appreciated, for it constitutes a little sermon all in itself. He said: "Trade, education, and politics are equally dependent, and, without the intelligent application of the rules of all three, government of the people for the people and by the people would be a failure."

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

BORN THREE days after the birth of Queen Victoria, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe is to-day very active in the intellectual and social world of Boston, and one of the most remarkable examples of mental and physical vigor extant. It is not unusual for her to deliver three or four addresses a week, and no woman in Boston can equal her as toast-giver at a dinner or as an after-dinner speaker. She rarely fails to attend a meeting of the Boston Authors Club, of which she is president, and she still discharges with great fidelity her varied duties as president of the New England Woman's Club, the oldest and one of the largest women's clubs in America. She is president of a number of other clubs, and it is not unusual for her to attend two or three meetings of different kinds in a single day, while she is frequently seen at evening meetings. Mrs. Howe celebrated her eighty-third birthday on the 27th of May, and a few days later she sat for the photograph illustrating this sketch. She keeps open house each birthday, and welcomes with equal kindness and cordiality the humblest as well as the most distinguished of her hosts of friends. No one denies her the distinction of being the "first lady" in the city of Boston, and audiences almost invariably rise when she enters or leaves a room. Her interest in everything that counts for the growing good of the world is as keen as it has always been, and no woman in America has to her credit a longer list of good deeds or a record of greater usefulness in the world she has so long adorned and benefited by her presence. America honors itself in honoring this good and gracious lady, whom so many Bostonians love to call our "American Queen."



JULIA WARD HOWE,
Boston's most famous woman.
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ALTHOUGH RUSSELL SAGE, the famous financier, will be eighty-six years of age on August 4th next, and has recently had a severe turn of illness, he has expressed his determination to continue at his business the same as before. It was some five years ago that Mr. Sage was asked why he did not retire and take a rest and enjoy what he had made. His reply then was doubtless what it would be now if he were asked the same question: "I don't know why. I don't know that I could stop if I would. I fear I should not live long if I did so. I believe I like work better than I do play. My chief happiness to-day is in my work, and I suppose my machinery will go on at this same rate as long as I live."

A GROUP of such fresh, young, and happy faces as those appearing in the accompanying portrait is a pleasant sight to look upon and interesting to a degree, no matter who they may be or what their relationship. But a special interest attaches to this particular group of youngsters when it is known that they are children of the present Prince and Princess of Wales, formerly the Duke and Duchess of York, and therefore all heirs, direct or prospective, to the English crown. The names of these youthful sons of the house of Hanover are Prince Albert Frederick, Princess Victoria Alexandra, Prince Henry and Prince Edward Albert, and their ages, respectively,



A GROUP OF ROYAL LITTLE PEOPLE.
Children of the Prince of Wales.

are seven, five, two, and eight years. It was only a year or so ago, it will be remembered, that these four small people were left for nearly a twelvemonth under the care of their royal grandparents, King Edward and Queen Alexandra, while their parents made a tour of the world.

GENERAL SHERMAN could say the most pleasing and useful things and yet no one could be more sarcastic. He was attending a large reception at Fort Leavenworth once when a youth approached him and said, familiarly: "What a great bore these things must be to you, general?" "What's that?" asked General Sherman quickly. "I say," repeated the other, "it must be such a bore to you, meeting a lot of people you don't know and making them feel that you do remember them." "You, you?" replied the general, "now, for instance, I don't know who the devil you are."

WHILE PORTUGAL is one of the lesser Powers of Europe and is apparently growing of less consequence to the world as time goes on, it can boast to-day one of the loveliest Queens that ever shared a throne, and that is not a little to say. Queen Amalie is not only beautiful but eminent in works of kindness and charity, which is better still. It was only a year or so ago that the Queen herself saved a poor fisherman from drowning at her summer home on the coast of Portugal, and that at the peril of her own life. Her Majesty, who is now in her thirty-sixth year, was born at Twickenham, England, during the exile of her parents, the Comte and Comtesse de Paris, and she married at Lisbon, May 22d, 1888, the then Prince Royal, Duke of Braganza. She is the only princess in Europe who has taken the degree of "M.D." She has two sons, to whose education and general training she gives her personal and most devoted attention.



QUEEN AMALIE OF PORTUGAL.
Beautiful and pious.

THE PRESENT Shah of Persia has established a reputation for reformatory and progressive ideas far in excess of any of his predecessors on the Persian throne. He strong, in fact, are his progressive tendencies, that it is said that the Shah once felt called upon to cut off the heads of several devoted Mohammedan subjects who rose to remark that they thought his Majesty was going too fast. However this may be, it is considered pretty certain that should Ali Mohammed Mirza, the present crown prince of Persia, live to succeed his father, the rate of progress will be much greater than it is now. One reason for this is that the crown prince, or Valiahad, has received a European education and is quite Occidental in his tastes and ambitions. He is Governor-General of Achaemenia, by inheritance, and in that capacity has shown many of the qualities of a good ruler. The Valiahad is said to resemble his father in many ways. He has the same kindly and courteous manner, which endears him to all who have the privilege of coming into contact with him. At the same time he seems to have inherited from his grandfather, Nasser-ed-Din Shah, the firmness of character and strong constitution which distinguished the Shah, who was so well known in Europe.



ALI MOHAMMED MIRZA,
Crown prince of Persia.

THE CHRISTIANIA correspondent of the London Chronicle has paid a visit to Dr. Ibsen, whom he found reading his "Little Eyolf." His hair and whiskers are white as snow. His face is perhaps a little thinner than it used to be, but his color is healthy, and his dark-blue eyes are as beautiful as ever. "He has splendid eyes. The left one seems to be larger than the other, and when he looks at you you feel as if he is searching your soul through and through." Dr. Ibsen has for the last two years been failing in health. About two and a half years ago he had a slight apoplectic stroke, which obliged him to keep indoors. He does not write any more.

THE LATE Ovee Rhodes is said to have been a woman hater, a charge which is hardly borne out by any of the current anecdotes about him. One day, it is said, when he was showing some visitors the splendid grounds of Groot Schuur, the party approached a summer-house which had been erected early in the last century by one of the Dutch Governors of the colony. "Hush," said Mr. Rhodes in a whisper, "hush," and motioning his companions back he advanced on tiptoe, listened, and then called out, "All right, you can come on. The coast is clear."

He explained that he had discovered this summer-house to be a favorite resort of loving couples, and that he always shrank from disturbing them. "I like," he said, "to think that they can escape from the ugly, noisy back streets of Capetown and find here a fitting spot for the telling of the old, old story."

MANY OF the graduates from the military academy at West Point have been able, after years of effort, to achieve distinction, but it rarely happens that a youth just entering the institution has already made his mark as a soldier and won a reputation which is national. Cadet Calvin Pearl Titus is one of these fortunate individuals, and his decoration by President Roosevelt with a medal for bravery was a striking feature of the recent centennial celebration at the nation's war college. The President called Titus from the ranks while the cadets were being reviewed, and in the presence of a distinguished assemblage and with words of praise pinned the medal on his breast. It was an unusual honor for a young man not yet twenty-three years old, but it was fully merited. Titus as an enlisted man was in charge of the band of the Fourteenth Regiment which formed a part of the expedition which went to the relief of the besieged legations at Peking in August, 1900. He was the first man to scale the wall at the taking of the city and to raise there the United States flag. Though aware of scenes of bloodshed, Titus was noted while in the army for his boldness, and his appointment to a cadetship was in recognition of his gallant services. He is a very religious man, having formerly been an active member of the Salvation Army, and is intelligent, sensible, and modest.



CADET CALVIN PEARL TITUS,
Decorated for bravery at Peking.

PROBABLY THE oldest person who has ever taken a ride in an automobile is Mrs. Eva De Voe, who, on June 7th, at her home in East Syracuse, N. Y., celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth. Mrs. De Voe is remarkably young for a centenarian and when a Syracuse Herald reporter arrived in a homely wagon to secure from her a birthday interview she herself proposed the ride. The writer, jubilant over the "heat" he was about to score, promptly assented and soon Mrs. De Voe was dashing around the streets in the "machine" at two-horse speed, to the wonder of all beholders. She showed scarcely any timidity but expressed gratification with her unwonted experience and suggested that on her next birthday the reporter visit her and give her a jaunt in a flying machine. She spoke of the automobile as one of the many mechanical triumphs she had witnessed during her long life. At Mrs. De Voe's little centennial celebration five generations of her descendants were represented, some of these present being more than sixty years old. She has a daughter in California who is seventy-two years of age. Mrs. De Voe, who enjoys life thoroughly, believes, as do her friends, that her earthly existence will be prolonged for at least several years to come. She is now active thus are many women of half her years. She rises daily before 6 A. M., busies herself with house and garden, threads a needle without glasses, reads a good deal, and her intellectual faculties are still bright and keen. Her appreciation of new things and her delight in them account, perhaps, for her "youth" at a hundred years; and it shows that those who would not grow old must not neglect to keep pace with the world's progress, to know and be interested in what is going on.



MRS. EVA DE VOE,
First centenarian to ride in an automobile.

A Hero of Five Wars—General A. R. Chaffee

By Sydney Adamson

IN GENERAL CHAFFEE the United States possesses a soldier, a patriot, and a man. When the stirring events which thrilled the national pulse to fever in 1861, and carried the stars and stripes into Asia to remain, shall have drifted farther into the past, and history with clearer vision shall mark the names worthy of enduring fame, Adna R. Chaffee will stand high on the roll of honor.

As a soldier General Chaffee was born in the Civil War. He joined the ranks as a private in the Sixth Cavalry on the 22d of July, 1861. From that day to the present hour his record shows a steady progress that has brought him to the rank of major-general, third on the list for the lieutenant-general's command of the whole army. To the lay mind the army register may be dry reading, but what schoolboy could read Chaffee's record without a glow of pride? First a trooper, then a sergeant, and a first sergeant. This brings him to 1863, when he was made a second lieutenant. This was in March, and by July he had won the brevet rank of first lieutenant for gallant and meritorious services in the battle of Gettysburg. In February, 1865, he was a first lieutenant and the very next month won a brevet captaincy in the battle of Dinwiddie Court House, Va. In October, 1867, he first drew the pay of a regular captain. True to his previous record we find him brevetted a major in March of the following year. This time the "service for which brevetted," reads: "Gallant and efficient services in an engagement with Comanche Indians at Point Creek, Tex."

During the long period from the close of the Civil War until the outbreak of the recent war with Spain the army was small, and in spite of the continual Indian fighting lineal promotion was slow—deadly slow—to the point captain or lieutenant who served his station as twenty years with never a step upward. Chaffee was no exception to the rule, and for twenty years, from 1867 to 1888, he remained a captain. There must have been many a long, dreary day out on the Western desert, where, had a spirit of the plains whispered to Chaffee: "One day you will command a brigade in the tropics and defend the troops of an infant King; later, you will lead an American

column over the burning plains of China, amidst the armies of the world, to the relief of Peking, and again you, a major-general in the regular army, will command a division of sixty thousand men and control an archipelago containing eight million Asiatics"—well, I can imagine the Captain Chaffee of those days pulling himself together and taking a good stiff finger of rye to drive such fantastic pipe dreams forever from his brain. Yet the spirit would have spoken truly, for just these things have come to pass, and in their enacting revealed the character of the man and given the nation its opportunity to create the general.

In the clearing away of the smoke when Spain had been fairly beaten, it was cheering to read the tributes to Chaffee and Lawton and Ludlow. There was enough of scandal and mismanagement, from Alger at home to Shafter in the field, to create anger amidst rejoicing. But for every jack in office two true men came to light, and the world of Europe learned it as well as the people at home. This little paragraph, taken from "The Regulars at El Caney," by Colonel Arthur Lee, of the British army, exhibits the quality that won these heroes and inspires every one who has been in the field with Chaffee with admiration for him as a soldier: "The situation was a trying one for the nerves of the oldest soldier and some of the younger hands fell back from the firing line and crept toward the rear. In a moment the general sprang upon them, inquiring their destination in low, unheeded accents, and then, taking them persistently by the elbow, led them back to the extreme front, and, having deposited them in the extreme front, stood over them while he distributed a few last words of pungent and sulphurous advice. Throughout the day he set the most conspicuous example to his men, and that he escaped unhurt was a miracle. One bullet clipped a button off his coat, another passed under his shoulder-strap, but neither touched him, and there must be some truth in the old adage that fortune favors the brave."

At the conclusion of the Spanish-American war General Chaffee, then a lieutenant-colonel in the regular army, but who had been acting as a major-general of volunteers, was promoted to a colonelcy in the Eighth Cavalry. The

government had learned his value, and when, in 1900, the situation of the American minister and all of the legation staff in Peking demanded the presence of American troops in China for their relief, it was everybody's good fortune that Chaffee was the man selected. We also spent those weary days in China after the allies had captured Tien-Tsin waiting, waiting for reinforcements, for food supplies, for ammunition, for more artillery, ready to march, and sick with the thought of what might have happened to our friends, prisoners, ninety miles away across the burning plains—we alone can tell how much is due to Chaffee's arrival and instant determination that the column should march, ready or not ready. General Yamasaki, commanding the Japanese, agreed with Chaffee, and the world knows the story of what followed.

But all this is of Chaffee the soldier and never a word of Chaffee the man. In Peking, when the dead were buried and the troops settled in camp, the cold northern winter drove us indoors to new dinners and jolly evenings. I chanced to be a guest at one particular mess in the Tartar city when a banquet was given, at which both General Chaffee and Mr. Conger, the minister, were present. That evening, over the wine, General Chaffee made a speech full of good-fellowship for the junior officers present, and bringing very near the old Indian fighting days when they were all out on the plains together and nobody was bigger than a captain. Toward the end of his speech, simply and without affectation he referred to his absent family and sent the thoughts of every man miles across the sea. One sentence revealed the man as the nation should know him: "After my country, my family is all that is dearest to me on earth." With his record as a soldier before you and that last sentence to reveal the man I might lay aside my pen. But there is one word more. Where General Otis and General MacArthur failed to do their whole duty in the Philippines General Chaffee has succeeded in fully doing his. That the Democrats see in his success the end of their chance to make the Philippines a successful party issue is shown in their savage attacks upon him and the army he commands. Believe me, there is no American living into whom the nation's honor might be intrusted for safer keeping.



THE VENEZUELA NAVY—THE MAN-OF-WAR "TERRIBLE."

VENEZUELA'S EIGHTH REVOLUTION.—A CHARACTERISTIC CIVIL WAR IN THE SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLIC.

Chicago's Banner Hotel.

NEW YORKERS and other Eastern people will be delighted with the reception and the surprises that await them in the recently opened European hotel on the lake front, The Stratford.

The property was recently purchased by Mr. Bryant H. Barber, of Polo, Ill., a former school-mate of mine. He ranks foremost in banking and financial circles in this State, and has been fortunate enough to lease the hotel to an experienced hotel man and caterer, well-known in hotel and restaurant circles in New York and Ashbury Park, and later as manager of Kinley's restaurant in Chicago. I refer to Mr. George B. Weaver, whose touch at Kinley's has made him locally popular, while it contributed materially to the success previously gained by H. M. Kinley and Baumann, who also own the Holland House in New York.

The Stratford, located on the corner of Michigan and Jackson Boulevards, is luxuriously furnished with the best furniture, carpets and furnishings, all of modern design, and the decorations are unlike anything to be found in the West; more in keeping with the latest and most approved methods in vogue in New York City. Coupled with this is Mr. Weaver's knowledge of the management of leading Eastern hotels. He was also formerly managing director of the hotel purveying firm of Beinecke & Company in New York.

Over \$200,000 has been expended in furnishing this commodious hotel, which is adjacent to the new Illinois Theatre and to Wabash Avenue and State Street, which means that it is conveniently located to the greatest retail

dry-goods store in the world—Marshall Field & Company's emporium—and to the general shopping, theatrical, musical, and art center in Chicago. The Dutch room, the palm room, and the empire room, the latter used for afternoon teas and by the gentlemen for the enjoyment of after-dinner coffee and cigars, together with the private dining rooms, all supplement the magnificent service and appointments of the main restaurant. The treatment of the entire exterior of the hotel is unique and original.

The Parisian table d'hôte dinners served Sunday evenings have been a pronounced success with members of Chicago's "four hundred" from the time they were introduced by Mr. Weaver. The spacious parlors and all the rooms fronting on the lake command an excellent view of both Lake Michigan and Chicago's famous Michigan Boulevard driveway. One hundred and twenty-five bath-rooms join the two hundred and fifty living rooms in the hotel, the three lower floors of which are finished in solid mahogany, the upper floors being furnished in oak and cherry.

Known, Bryant Barber from boyhood up to the present time, and having watched with pride his rapid rise as a banker and business man, and having enjoyed the cuisine and the comforts of the Stratford during my sojourn in Chicago, I will add my personal and unsolicited endorsement to numerous other tributes paid to Mr. Barber and his associate, Mr. Weaver. They own and operate a high-class hostelry, one that will no doubt be made as famous by New Yorkers visiting Chicago as the Holland House has been made famous by Chicago people who visit New York.

CHARLES FLANN HALL.

General Staff Correspondent.



THE DEAD AFTER THE BATTLE IN THE STREETS OF CARIPANO.

Venezuela's Eighth Civil War.

VENEZUELA, a land which seems to be experiencing more trouble and unrest than any other on the globe, having had eight revolutions in the past two years, is again being devastated by a fierce civil war. The state of affairs caused by the revolution is so critical that the government at Washington has sent the cruiser Cincinnati and Tropic to La Guayra, the port of Caracas, the capital, to look after American interests. The leader of the latest revolt is General M. Antonio Matos, who seeks to overthrow the regular government of President Castro. That the movement will result in Castro's downfall is the general expectation, as Matos has won several notable victories. Near the town of Caripano some time ago his troops defeated the government forces under General Escalante with a loss to the latter of 1,000 men. A few days afterward the revolutionists attacked and at the end of twenty-four hours' fighting captured Caripano, the center of the cocoa trade. The slaughter was fearful and the houses of a number of foreigners were among those sacked.

The aspect of the streets after the battle was horrible in the extreme. They were strewn with dead and wounded, women were fleeing in every direction, children were calling on their mothers, wounded persons were emerging from their dwellings and imploring assistance, and the debris of battered buildings littered the thoroughfares. More recently the revolutionists have captured La Vela de Coro, a seaport, after hard fighting, as well as a number of other towns. The war is being waged with all the bitterness characteristic of civil strife.



THE TRINITY BOAT FROM THE DAY OF THE VICTORY IN THE 1911-12 SEASON. THE BOAT WAS BUILT BY THE TRINITY BOAT CLUB AND WAS IN USE FOR SEVERAL YEARS.



ALBERT J. BROWN
1874-1911



THE TRINITY BOAT FROM THE DAY OF THE VICTORY IN THE 1911-12 SEASON. THE BOAT WAS BUILT BY THE TRINITY BOAT CLUB AND WAS IN USE FOR SEVERAL YEARS.



CLOSE UP OF THE TRINITY BOAT FROM THE DAY OF THE VICTORY IN THE 1911-12 SEASON. THE BOAT WAS BUILT BY THE TRINITY BOAT CLUB AND WAS IN USE FOR SEVERAL YEARS.

THE MOST EXCITING ROWING EVENT OF THE YEAR

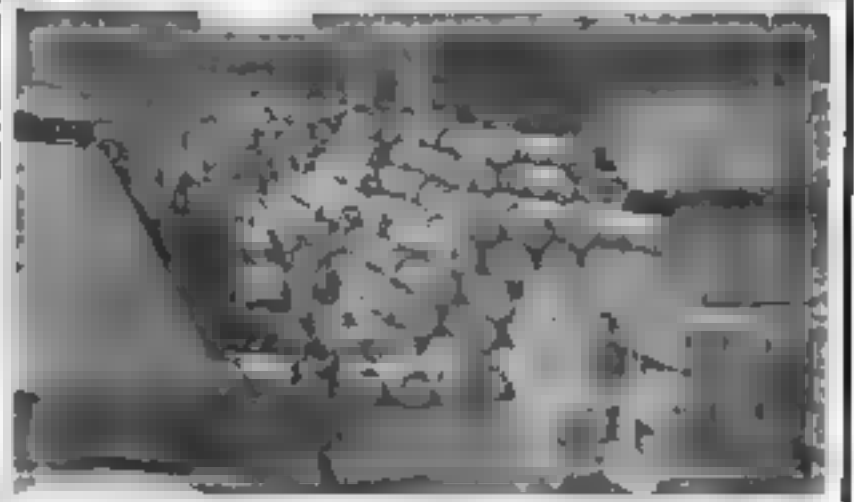
SWEEPING TRIUMPH OF CORNELL'S STRONG AND STURDY CREWS IN THE RACES AT Poughkeepsie June 21st



PINEAPPLES FROM CUBA, PACKED IN PRESERVATED BARRELS, READY FOR SHIPMENT ON THE DOCKS - Photo



CARRYING AWAY CANS OF THE FRUIT FOR CITY DELIVERY - Photo



BARRELS AND CANS OF PINEAPPLES AS THEY ARE UNLOADED FROM THE VESSELS OF NEW YORK - Photo

Pineapples Arriving by the Million

By T. Dorr

IT IS A fact significant both of its commercial importance and of its popularity that New York, by comparison with any other city in the world, has a greater variety of fruit in proportion to its population than does any other community on the globe. Its markets are supplied the fruits of all lands and climes and they find there a ready sale. It requires the testimony that the demand in the metropolis for these members of nature is yearly increasing. But as it is its air as an aid to health the use of fruit is constantly expanding.

Such fruit, whether domestic or foreign, arrives here and preponderates in its proper season. Just now the pineapple season is at its height. Millions are brought to this city in greater or lesser quantities during the month of the year. The heaviest shipments usually take place in April and May but drought delayed the growth and maturing of the crop of 1932 and so May and June became the heaviest months of this year. The fruit comes from several localities, but Cuba is the principal producer. The crop in that island this year is estimated at nearly 20,000 barrels or a total of about 1,000,000 pineapples. Florida is expected to furnish about half that number and the Bahamas about 3,000,000, making a total of nearly 25,000,000 pineapples to be marketed in the United States. The season for Florida pineapples doesn't open until June. Still up 20,000,000 so that it does not materially interfere with the Cuban trade and most of the product of the Bahamas is sent in sailing vessels to the more where it is wanted for canning purposes. Porto Rico is also a great figure in the number of pineapples. The present season is said to be only a fair one for pineapples in Cuba. In the Bahamas it is complained that the crop, though of good quality, is forty per cent short of the average and only eighty per cent of last year's value.

The greater part of the supply at this port comes from Cuba, and the steamers of the Waru line, running from Havana to New York, have been for the past few weeks bringing large cargoes of this fruit, delivering them here in three days from Havana. One vessel recently transported 2,000 barrels and crates, which seems to be the season's record, and others have brought as high as 20,000. The highest total being considerably over 1,000,000 pineapples. As indicative of the brisk demand for the fruit, it may be mentioned that a Fruit Street firm which has 7,500 packages consigned to it up one night sold them all at auction in twenty minutes.

The barrels and crates containing the pineapples are unloaded from the vessel direct to the dock and are hand-trucked to available places and piled up. A cargo of 20,000 packages taken out of the steamer *Waru* made a bridge on the dock nearly as high as a house and covered a broad area. From such a mountain of delicious fruit was wafted a refreshing fragrance which charged the air surrounding atmosphere. The packages were consigned to different firms in the fruit trade and as soon as a vessel

arrives the consignees have men on hand to see to them. Spies are made by the inspectors at custom usually in the fruit section, where the work is done. As fast as spies are made, they are almost immediately trucks go to the dock and here away the fruit is taken to be its or to railroad station or to another port for transfer to outside places.

The scene at the dock when a pineapple cargo is being handled is a busy and interesting one. First on set of barrels piled with sugar-bales to insure ventilation of the contents were piled barrels loaded with as high as a suggestion of the sugar-bales. In the after each pine was wrapped in Florida orange paper, in stout paper of various colors. The fruit is graded according to size, the quality being about uniform throughout, although some are better than others. The crates contain forty pineapples, or twenty-four pineapples each, the barrels from one to a hundred or more the average being about seventy. The deckmen, white and black, attack the big piles skillfully and load the trucks, which arrive and depart steadily and swiftly, until the huge cargo in a few hours, melts away from the dock and is scattered to many destinations. Sometimes the wrenching away of a barrel from the foot of a pile starts a movement all up the front and a small avalanche of barrels tumbles down. No accidents have yet been reported the season from this cause. Especially a crate broke open once or twice accidentally, and then if the fruit happens to be a little damaged, a loss of an order, which is especially enjoyed by the colored workers.

Mr. Willis A. Hutchison, vice-president of the A. C. Hutchison Company, who makes annual trips to Cuba to inspect the pineapple plantations, says that the cultivation of pineapples on the island is limited almost entirely to the vicinity of Havana and some forty miles of the railway center. The pineapple plants, he states, are now two or three feet high and grow in rows a short distance apart, and as each plant bears only one fruit per season, each fruit has to be utilized in the production of a good-sized crop. The plant is a bearer for only three seasons so that the plantations have to be frequently renewed.

The plants are propagated by means of slips and shoots. As the fruit ripens it is important to the young plants, banana trees are set throughout the field to provide the necessary shade. The leaves of the plants are rather like and care is required to avoid being torn by them as one passes between the rows. The fruit, also, has to be handled cautiously by those who cut it from the plant. The pineapples when gathered on the plantations are carried to Havana and disposed of to dealers, placed in storehouses, and from there shipped to New York.

The fruit can be grown at a moderate profit when the producer receives for it fifteen cents per dozen. The producers have been getting twenty cents per dozen this

year so that they are doing pretty well. Mr. Hutchison claims that the pineapples produced in Cuba surpass those of any other country in richness and flavor and remains for the by saying that the most of Cuba is not so healthy as it used to be, and he is to hope the fruits of the Bahamas and Florida are better and then and more abundant for being.

The pineapple industry in Cuba and elsewhere gives employment to a large and growing number of people. Americans have taken hold of it with characteristic energy and success and a fine future is predicted for it. In the Bahamas the industry is flourishing so rapidly and the all the new plants from Cuba and Florida is a testimony that the Cuban legislature has increased an export duty on them. A considerable canning of the fruit is done in the Bahamas but this part of the business is threatened with a set back by the agreement in regard to the American customs and duties. It is expected that the law as to increase the duty on the canned fruit ten per cent.

So greatly have the production of pineapples and the facilities for shipping been increased during the past decade or two that there has been a corresponding reduction in the price to the consumer. Americans have never been obliged to pay the average of \$1.50 to \$2.00 per pine which has been paid in England where the fruit is regarded as a rare delicacy, but the price was formerly much higher here than at present. Pineapples retail in New York City at fifteen to forty cents each and at times for less. The wholesale price at recent auctions was \$1.75 to \$2.00 per crate and 44 to 100 cents per pine by the barrel.

The pineapple is advancing in public favor not only because of its table qualities which are familiar to all, but also because of its medicinal value. Extracts from the fruit now have a regular place in the modern medical. The juice is a promoter of digestion, a remedy for dyspepsia, indigestion and lung troubles and even for the tape-worm. About half the total importations of pineapples into this country are used by confectioners for making glaze for macaroons and druggists for extracts and by mothers for preserving. A Detroit chemist has also succeeded in obtaining a champagne-like wine from the fruit, but in that respect the grape seems still to be holding its own.

A Panorama of the World's Life.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY was there, as it is everywhere, when the volcano burst forth with its rain of death. The current number is full of pictures taken on the spot. At a glance the whole thing is realized in all its magnificent horror. In the pages of this weekly panorama of the world's life. From the *International Worker*, Boston, June 14th.

HEALTH means strength. Abbott's, the Original Anger-Bitters, means health. At druggists' and grocers.



"Tap-day"—Yale's Peculiar Institution

By Herbert M. Sedgwick



IF THE plan announced by Treasurer Morris F. Tyler is carried out and "cup-day" is abolished, the most picturesque of Yale customs will disappear. Professor Tyler has said that the university authorities may decline to allow the use of the campus for the exercises again and, although President Haskin says that in official action has been taken, the act that the university was made to a leading member of a senior society has dropped plans during the summer.

"Tap-day" is the occasion on which begins of evening the most highly coveted honor at Yale university. The "taps" or "slaps" are the selections for the senior societies Skull and Bones, Scroll and Key and Wolf's Head. They are given on the campus, in front of the famous college tower. An announcement is made somewhere that there will be "cup-day" exercises on any one day of the summer holidays but they will take place at five o'clock in the afternoon of the third Wednesday of May.

Students quiet enter than some previous the fact that the exercises are about to begin. Every squad of students descends the campus, while at the same time are gathering a group which includes undergraduates, a few alumni even is furnished locally deluged and on the outside cluster brilliant knots of chaplains and society girls. When finally the students are a little slower than those at the friends the students in the midst of the non-stop staying during of the tower was kept to be stopped.

At the sound of the stroke of five from the bell Chapel tower three society leaders and representatives seniors make the campus to be seen from the society



SEVEN MEN, NEW YORK, FOLLOWED BY M. C. GRAMER, HARTFORD AND TWO SLAPPS FOR THE WOLF'S HEAD SOCIETY—MAY 3, 1903

balls. They wander through the crowd, which detour and peering near a path before them looking here and there for the man he want. There is intense silence in the crowd. Every action of each senior is closely observed. The juniors who have ambitions are breathless in suspense. The seniors undoubtedly appreciate this and are therefore particularly deliberate. As has to look junior is found and one of the seniors get a path, with open palms a tremendous clasp between the shoulders.

"Go to your room now" shouts the senior. The junior accepts as he realizes that his latest undergraduate ambition has been attained. Sometimes he is overcome with joy that his knees knock together as he starts across the campus to his room. He has been known to faint. Followed by the senior who slapped him and loudly hearing in his breast the throb of his applauding classmates he hurries to his dormitory apartment. What happens does is known only to a select few but it is supposed to be a frightful indignity to the junior to prevent himself by following a week or so in the house of the society to which the senior belongs.

There are fifteen members of each of the three societies and each selects a member from the junior class by slapping him. The first five elections are given in just a hour. The college societies have a mutual pledge not to until in any way a candidate of one election except by slapping. Students are in a hurry of juniors to perform to make this election of election. There are two and even when a prominent student who wishes for an election in a different society line as to but he will get it when he is slapped for one society after he has returned his election to another.



HENRY FITZGERALD, NEW YORK, ELECTED BY M. C. GRAMER, HARTFORD AND TWO SLAPPS FOR THE WOLF'S HEAD SOCIETY—MAY 3, 1903



"TAP-DAY" AT YALE—CROWD AT THE TOWER AS THE SENIORS GO TO MAKE SOCIETY—MAY 3, 1903



ALAN E. BOURNE, NEW YORK, ELECTED BY M. C. GRAMER, HARTFORD AND TWO SLAPPS FOR THE WOLF'S HEAD SOCIETY—MAY 3, 1903

The Outlook for the College Graduate.

IT MAY be assumed that every one of the college graduates will set out upon active life with a determination to win success. The desirability of which then does the keynote of most commencement addresses. What constitutes success, however, is in the absence of any absolute standard is not easily defined. In the ordinary conception it seems to mean an attainment of material objects, like wealth, power and power, desire for which is hard to resist among men. The definition is imperfect, of course, because it leaves morality out of the count, but because we are all more or less involved in the competition for these objects, the world would lapse into anarchy.

But limited as such success must be there are no end and drive rules for winning it. Determined purpose and strength of will are essential but character, skill, and knowledge are not indispensable. In many men popularity accompanied successful the latter elements have been conspicuously absent. In an it often seems that the best assurance of success depends upon a surplus of brute energy, rather than upon the possession of the higher qualities of mind and soul. Happily it is the few who strive for place and power. With the mass of mankind content with the present position is the rule. Contentment would be example, accepting the existing constitution of society as an divine appointment. Even the Anglo-Saxon, now with some long like contempt the strife of the world pushing and pushing.

So much cannot be said, however, of the accumulation of capital, which, with most men, largely measures success. The man may not be a great fortune but only an assured competence and security for the future. But the failure to acquire it is so much a shame of the fullest extent. All the best efforts to wealth, business and the professions, the former efforts to the majority the quickest and most certain. Although the percentage of profit has diminished within the past twenty years, the number and magnitude of transactions and the rapidity with which they are made has greatly increased owing to the growing demand and enlarged facilities of trans-

A Fourth of July Wailing

WE stood among the roses sweet
With fragrance and with dew
And watched the flaming turrets rise
In skies of darkest blue
I gently pressed her little hand,
And growing yet more bold,
I dared to leave a bashful kiss
Upon her locks of gold.

TWO bright balloons above the trees
Went sailing fast and far,
Bound through the glory of the night
Toward a distant star.
"If side by side they go," I said,
Until they disappear,
Oh, will you take it for a sign
And marry me, my dear?

THEY twinkled upward into space
Two points of ruby light,
And, still together, over the clouds
Were slowly lost to sight.
I turned and clasped her to my breast—
"And thus we, too," I cried,
"Will journey hand in hand through life,"
And so I won my bride.

MICHAEL JAVNA

portation. In these respects the business man has a decided advantage, the fault of one determining the number of clients the professional man may have and competition and action correspondingly curtailing his fees.

The smaller rewards are not likely to prevent a large number of the year's graduates from entering the ranks of the professions. Many will be attracted rather by the hope of service to their fellows and still more by preference and the opportunity afforded for adequate remuneration. If the necessary fortune is not placed on high both purposes may be attained, but it is hard to serve two masters and the highest service must necessarily involve a great deal of indifference to remuneration. The fact remains true, but the ambitious man is never satisfied, but he is ever justly longing for something that will be difficult to attain. In the designation there is disappointment. Moreover, although the goal is before a broader and better traveled, but it hard to be there are after all relatively few who win great wealth in either business or the professions because the capacity of the average young man does not enable him to do anything better than what one else can do it. What he has ample capacity or power to produce the quality of heart, and enables him to be true in all the relations of life, and in winning that he may achieve a far greater success than any we have been writing about.

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may not fit the requirements of her own offspring. A feeding milk is usually a poor milk. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has been the standard for more than forty years. Send 30c for "Baby's Diary," 71 Hudson St., N. Y.

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THE TOWN SQUAD, WITH THE VILLAGE AT DAYBREAK

A TYPICAL MOMENT
THE SQUAD AT DAY
BREAK

PREPARING THE BALLOON FOR THE ASCENSION

THE PATROL SQUAD IN THE AIR

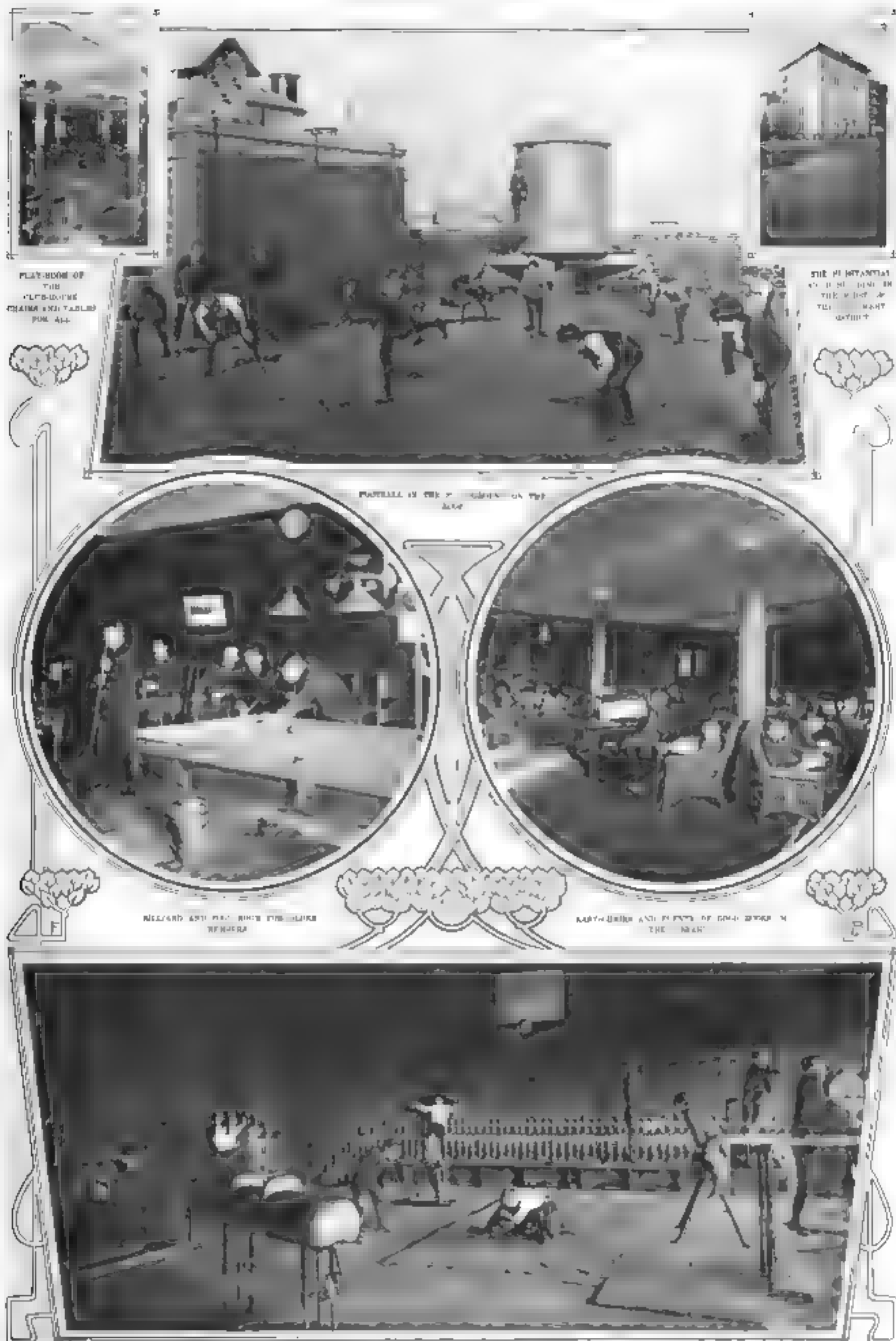
AT NIGHT FIREWORKS PLOTTED THE DAY

STRIKE OFF THE SQUAD AT THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITHS

FORWARD MARCH AT MIDNIGHT, BEATY FROM THE DAY'S EXERCISES

THE "GLORIOUS FOURTH" IN A COUNTRY TOWN A DAY OF UNIQUE CELEBRATION AND PATRIOTIC EXCITEMENT FROM EARLY DAWN TILL MIDNIGHT

(From the London World; by Robert T. and others. See page 10)



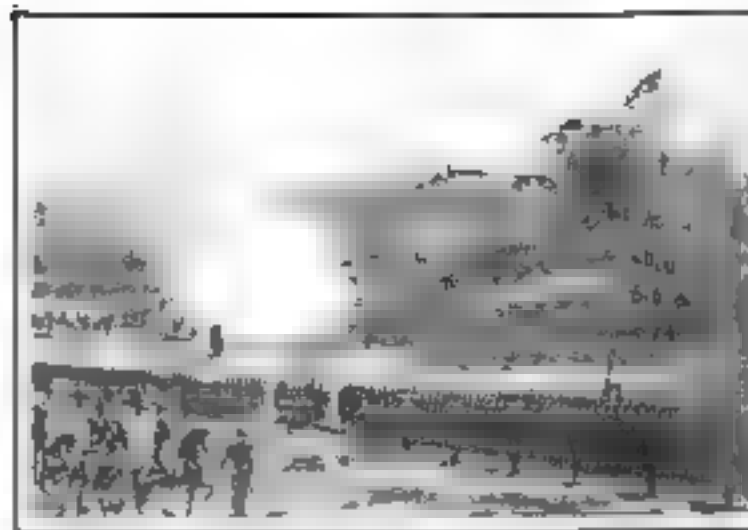
BASKETBALL WITH ARCADE APPARATUS

THE FINEST CLUB FOR BOYS IN THE WORLD

BUILT THROUGH THE LIBERALITY OF B. H. HARRIMAN, THE NOTED FINANCIER, AND FREE TO NEW YORK'S POOREST CHILDREN.—Photographs by our Staff Photography R. J. Ryan



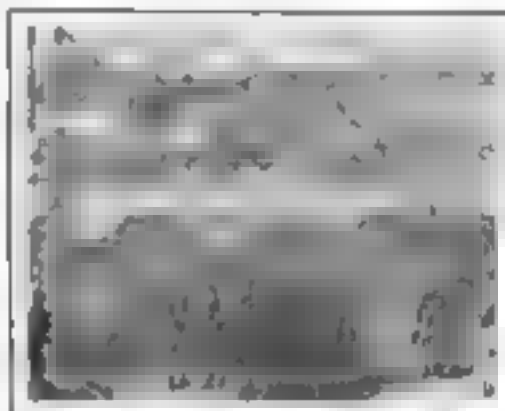
PUBLIC RECEPTION BY PRESIDENT SUTHERLAND IN HONOR OF THE PRINCE IN THE EAST ROOM OF THE WHITE HOUSE, OCTOBER 17TH.



THE PRINCE REVIEWING THE VOLUNTEERS.



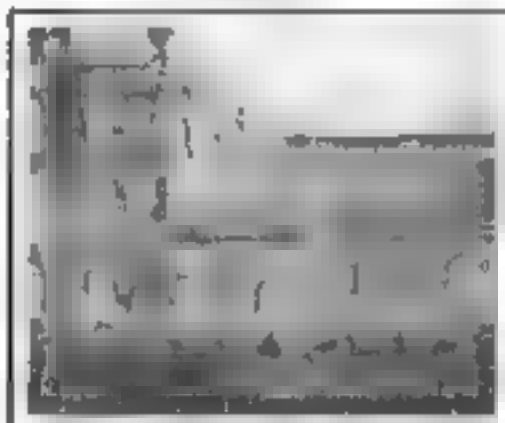
LANDING OF THE PRINCE AT THE BATTERY NEW YORK, ACCOMPANIED BY THE DUKE OF NEW CASTLE, LORD LEICESTER, EARL OF ST. GERMAIN, AND THE REST OF HIS SUITE, OCTOBER 17TH.



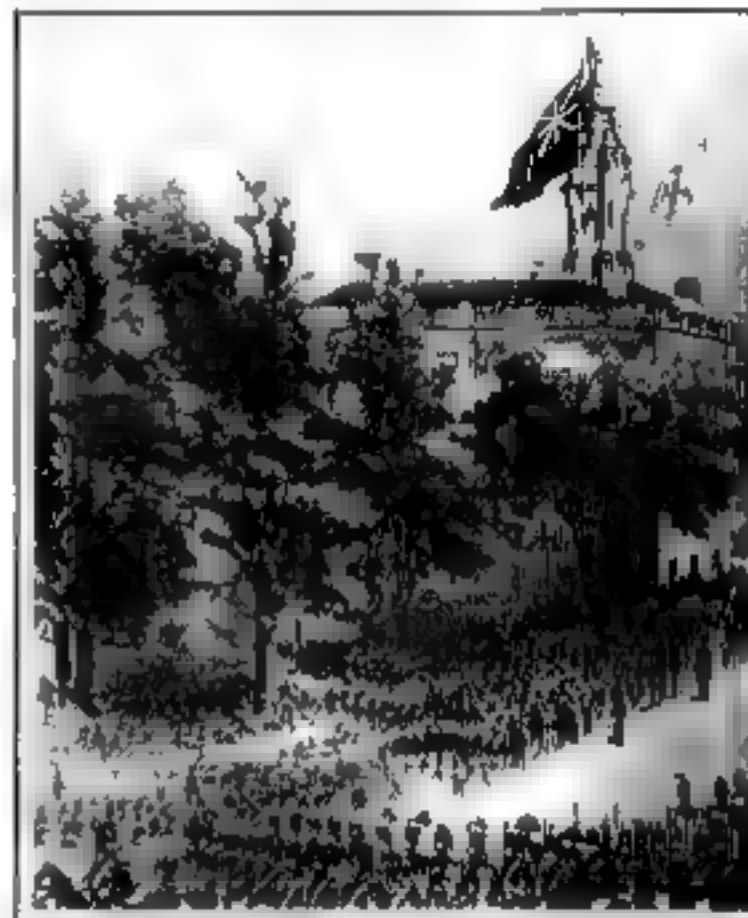
MAJ. GEN. A. J. SMITH, GOV. OF NEW YORK, RECEIVING THE PRINCE AT CANTON GARDEN, OCTOBER 17TH.



THE CONCERT IN HONOR OF THE PRINCE AT MUSIC HALL, BOSTON, OCTOBER 18TH.



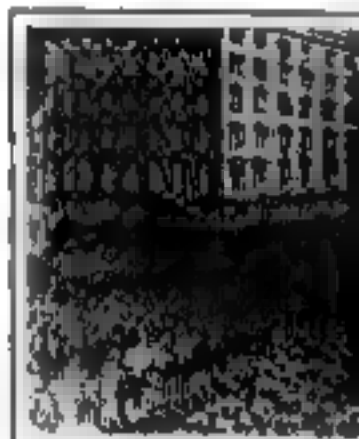
ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCE AT CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 21ST.



THE PRINCE ON THE STEPS OF THE NEW YORK CITY HALL, ON OCTOBER 17TH.



BALL GIVEN BY CHIEFS OF NEW YORK AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, OCTOBER 18TH, IN HONOR OF THE PRINCE.



COLORED-LIGHT PARADE OF THE 10TH, PAST THE GREAT PRINCE.



BALL IN HONOR OF THE PRINCE AT THE GREAT BUILDING.

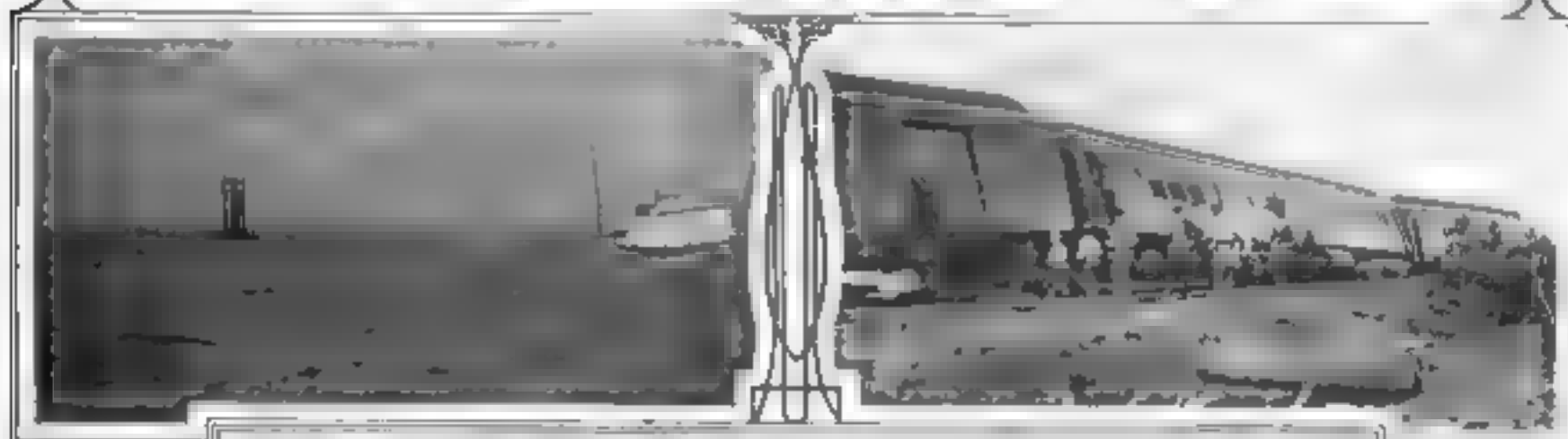
VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES, IN 1860, OF KING EDWARD VII.

REPRODUCTION OF THE FAMOUS AND UNIQUE ILLUSTRATIONS OF THAT EVENT OF 1860.

SONAL INTEREST FROM THE ISSUES OF "LESLIE'S WEEKLY" AT THAT TIME



THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION DERAILED—PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN FROM A CAR ON THE RAILROAD TRACKS



OUT, FROM THE SIDE OF THE BUILDING, THE GREAT TOWER OF THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, AS SEEN FROM THE RAILROAD TRACKS

THE TOWER OF THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, AS SEEN FROM THE RAILROAD TRACKS



THE TOWER OF THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, AS SEEN FROM THE RAILROAD TRACKS



THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION DERAILED—PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN FROM A CAR ON THE RAILROAD TRACKS

EXERCISES SCHOOL-CHILDREN OF PLATTSBURG, N. Y., WHO PLACED FLOWERS BY THE GRAVES OF SOLDIERS ON DECORATION DAY

OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—COLORADO WINS

EVENTS OF IMPORTANCE AND OF TIMELY INTEREST SKILLFULLY PICTURED BY THE CAMERAS OF AMATEURS

Literature of the Day

"OLD BOWEN'S LEGACY," A THRILLING STORY; "BELSHAZZAR," MOST REMARKABLE NOVEL OF THE YEAR

IF MR. EDWIN A. DIX had never written any other book than this fascinating and powerful tale of New England life "Old Bowen's Legacy" The Century Company has alone would suffice to place him in the front rank of living American novelists. It is a brilliant piece of work in every sense of the term, brilliant in its conception and not less so in its execution. Pure love, blind devotion, revengeful hate, greed, selfishness, and the regenerative influence of lofty and noble example are the chief elements entering into the composition of the story and the drama of life played out in its pages. It is a stirring tale, although the scene is laid entirely in a little country village and the characters, for the most part, are simple country folk. It is realistic in the better sense of that much abused term and altogether wholesome in tone although it does not fail to depict certain harsh and forbidding features of human nature. Its philosophy, while not at all obtrusive, is optimistic and inspiring, the emphasis being placed upon the great truth that the world and the people in it are not so bad as some have painted them; that we get out of life after all about what we put in it; that our neighbors and fellow-men generally deal with us as well as we deserve and often a great deal better.

The chief characters of the story are Rhineus Bowen, a meekly old fellow who, in spite of unusual success in money-getting, has neither given nor received much good in the world. Garrett is a crabbed, selfish and narrow farmer, his patient and long-suffering wife, his pretty daughter Vivia, and her young lover; a strolling juggler and various other persons and professional gentlemen of the little village of Bolton where the story is laid. Bowen, the miser, who is converted and heirless is persuaded in his last illness by the lawyer who has been summoned to draw his will, to make some early provision for his mis-spent life by leaving all his money in the hands of three prominent and upright citizens of the village to be given at their discretion to the object to the person whom it will do the most good. This is the "legacy" which gives the title to the story. Who among the characters we have named receives it is a matter which we will leave to the readers of the book the pleasure of finding out for themselves. We will only venture to say that it goes to the very person who at the outset of the story would seem to be the most unlikely of all to deserve it.

Garrett, his wife and daughter are three personages whose characters are drawn in bold and striking lines. The father is a husband of a type far too common in the class and calling, a peevish, fretful fellow, a chronic grumbler, whose unfeeling and brutal treatment of his faithful wife at last drives that poor woman to desperation, and happiness being suddenly opened, after twenty-five years of misery, to what she believes to be his true character, she leaves him determined never to return, taking with her a young son. The daughter Vivia, goaded by her father's harshness, soon follows her mother, and with her goes the only remaining boy. Thus left to himself in his lonely and deserted home, the peasant a miserable and unhappy year during which he begins to see himself as others see him, and in the end is brought to acknowledge the meanness of his past life and then to become a new and better man, and, with his restored family, a true husband and a kind father. How this evolution is accomplished, and who and what are all the agencies contributing to it, is what the story tells, and in a way that fascinates the reader's interest from the beginning to the end.

Edwin A. Dix, the author of "Old Bowen's Legacy," is about forty years of age and was born, and formerly lived, in Newark, N. J. He was graduated in 1881 at Princeton, where he took the highest honors in his class, winning the first place of scholarship and being made Latin salutatorian and a fellow in history. He is a lawyer by profession, though he has not practiced for a number of years. He was at one time literary editor of The Churchman. Mr. Dix has lived in different parts of this country, has visited Europe many times, and has made a tour around the world.

Special arrangements have been made by Leslie's Weekly whereby its readers may obtain a handsome copy of this remarkable novel, with Leslie's Weekly for three months for \$1.50 prepaid. All that is necessary to secure it is to cut out and send to Leslie's Weekly the following coupon with the sum mentioned, or, if you do not wish to mutilate your paper, copy this form and send it in.



EDWIN A. DIX, AUTHOR OF "OLD BOWEN'S LEGACY."



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NO PERIOD in human history and no personages who have figured in the annals of our race furnish the ideal elements of a drama of the highest and most intense sort for stirring tragedy and picturesque romance in such range and completeness as the period embracing the reign of the later Babylonian kings, the mighty but ill-fated Nebuchadnezzar and his successor the still mightier and more ill-fated Belshazzar whose short-lived triumph and fearful downfall are described with such wonderful power and startling vividness in the fifth and sixth chapters of the Book of Daniel. Babylon was then at the height of its glory a city famous throughout the known world for its great distances, its stupendous walls, its gorgeous palaces, its beautiful hanging gardens, and its colossal temples and noisy eddies, the ruins of which as they are now brought up to light by the archaeologist are wonderful beyond description.

It is this Babylon, Babylon the Great, the city whose very name has become a synonym for magnificence for wild, gorgeous and unbridled revelry, for the extreme of despotic cruelty and sensual indulgence—it is this Babylon, Queen of the ancient world, which Mr. William Stearns Davis, the author of "A Friend to Caesar," has chosen as the scene of his latest and greatest romance.

The narrative moves on through scenes of dazzling splendor, of gorgeous feasts and revellings, through bloody tumults and thrilling adventures with real beauty and still more real truth, until the climax is reached in the wonderful feast in Belshazzar's palace when surrounded by a brilliant array of courtiers, slaves and dancing girls the supreme monarch orders his appointed triumph and the achievement of all his great desires in an orgy such as even Babylon in all its glorious history had never seen before. But just as the prize seems within his grasp, before the startled eyes of the King and his companions appears the mysterious light burning the fearful words on the wall, to be interpreted by the priest (Babel), dragged in from prison for his purpose, and to be followed by a swift and awful fulfillment before the night is over. This last and most fearful picture in this drama of ancient days is drawn by the author with the hand of a master, with such vivid coloring, such fidelity to life, in such bold and striking lines, that once read it can never be effaced from the memory.

The whole story is steeped in Orientalism of the ancient and true Babylonian type, the author evidently having made a careful and minute study of the general history and traditions of the city of Belshazzar, as well as of the scriptural narrative of the time, which, in certain particulars, he has followed closely and wisely. A more fascinating story it would be difficult to conceive. The publishers on their part have fully matched the story so far as typographical art and the skill of the illustrator and decorator can do it and in these respects the volume leaves nothing to be desired. In eight full-page pictures the artist Ziegler has set forth in many strong illustrations in the story, full of the spirit of the tale and as striking in their way as the narrative itself.

In all probability Mr. William Stearns Davis, the author of the successful and popular novels, "A Friend to Caesar," "God Walks Here," and the recent "Belshazzar," (Leslie's Weekly, Page 6 to 7) the finest of all, would repudiate the idea that he is a precocious and yet a man who has scored no many literary triumphs before he has reached the age of twenty-five may surely stand as an example of an early and remarkable development of genius. For seven years out of the twenty-five Mr. Davis was regarded as a confirmed invalid, unable to pursue regular study or to do work of any kind. During those years, when regular study was impossible, Mr. Davis diverted himself by reading historical works and those on the private life of ancient peoples. His favorite historians are Gibbon and Motley. Recovering his health young Davis entered Harvard College in 1887 and was graduated with high honors in 1900, having done four years' work in three.

We have made arrangements whereby we are able to offer a copy of "Belshazzar" the remarkable story above described, together with LESLIE'S WEEKLY for three months, for \$1.50. The regular retail price of the novel alone is \$1.50 and the subscription price of LESLIE'S WEEKLY for three months is \$1.00, a total of \$2.50. If taken separately. All that is necessary to take advantage of our offer and secure a copy of "Belshazzar" and LESLIE'S WEEKLY for three months is to copy in writing or cut out and send to the publishers the following coupon with the sum mentioned.

Leslie's Summer Library
No 2 Summer
BELSHAZZAR By William Stearns Davis

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____
Post Office _____

I enclose \$1.50 for both the book and the subscription.

Leslie's Summer Library
No 1 Summer
OLD BOWEN'S LEGACY By Edwin A. Dix

Publisher Leslie's Weekly
15th Avenue Ave. N.

Please Send —

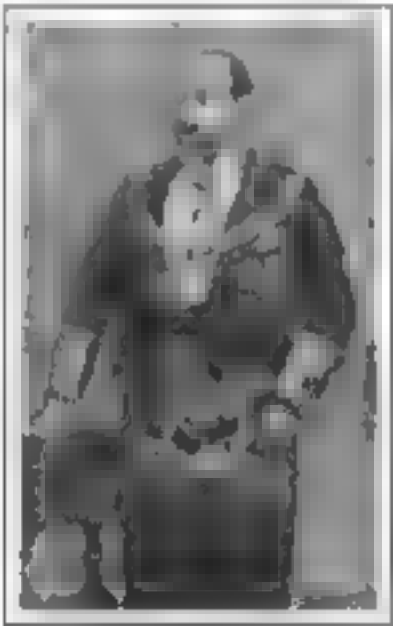
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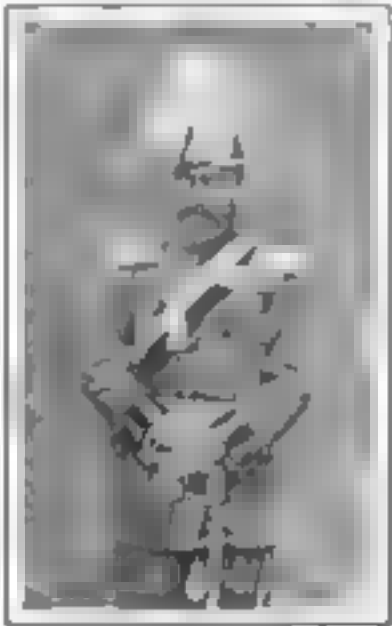
PRINCE OF WALES, KING EDWARD VII, AT ST. ANDREW'S PARK, SCOTLAND, 1901. (The Prince of Wales is in the center of the group.)



AS THE KING OF THE NORTH OF WALES



AS A FINE MAN



AS A MODERN FIGHTER



IN CIVIL DRESS



AS A COURTEOUS GENTLEMAN



AS A VETERAN



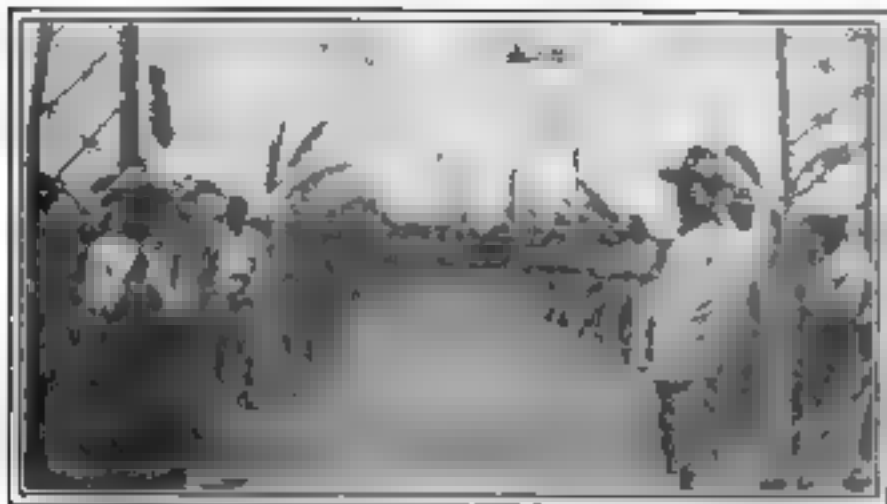
AS A HUNTER



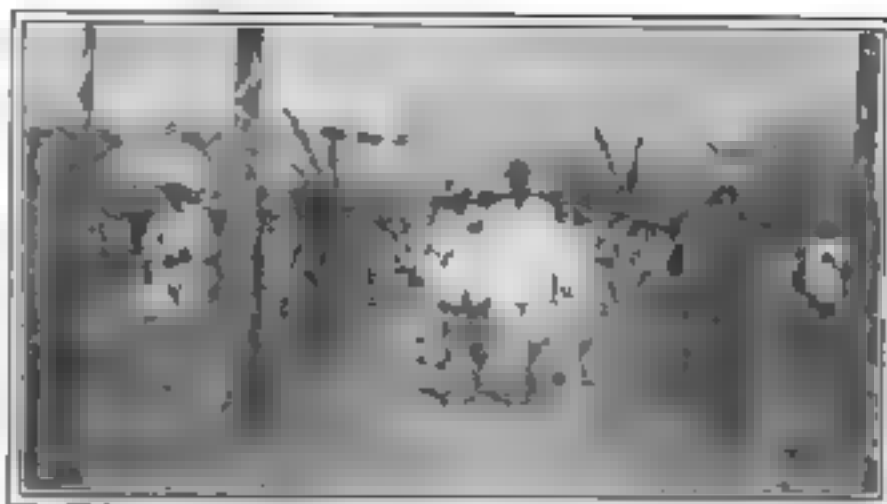
IN WALKING DRESS

KING EDWARD VII, PHOTOGRAPHED IN VARIOUS COSTUMES.

From the "Lodge" Series



INSURGENTS WAITING TO SALUTE THE AMERICAN OFFICERS.



GENERAL CORDERO (in MONT BAY) AND SENOR OLIVERA, THE PRISONER.

SURRENDER OF THE LAST OF THE SAMAR INSURGENTS. — Continued from page 1 of Florida

Strangling a Free Press in Manila

By Sydney Adamson

THE LAST mail from the Philippines brought a copy of the Manila *Freedom* with a marked editorial entitled "A Few Hard Facts." It began with a quotation from my article, "Dreaded Actions at Last in the Philippines," which appeared in *Leslie's Weekly* of February 20th, this year. A striking letter accompanied the newspaper, signed by Salvador P. Utrilla, the editor. It stated that he, as well as Fred L. Dore, proprietor, and A. H. Dore, general manager, have had through agents from the Philippine civil commission suits for injunction filed and pending under the Philippine constitution in its attempt to this particular editorial.

The Manila press has had a rather checkered career. Under General O'Donoghue it hardly breathed, so firmly did the mailed fist keep it by the throat. Toward the end of General MacArthur's reign it began to pick up courage, and with the advent of the civil commission the American newspaper men of Manila breathed but the freedom of Park Row was at hand. The habit of non-resistance acquired during the period of martial law was hard to throw off and the first attempts at reprisals were manifested by copying *insurgent* articles from the press of the United States, the *OW* the Manila *Times* copied an article from my pen which appeared in *Leslie's Weekly*. I had pointed out a number of strong arguments needed to end the war. The Manila *Times* printed the article and pointed out how many of the suggestions had been adopted.

The first big situation, however, was the

publication of a long article by Jorge Yaldes in *Manila* a Spanish paper in Manila making a list of personal charges against Benito Legarda and Pablo de Laveria, the two men recently appointed Insular Judges of the Insular Court. Yaldes was fined for libel and sentenced to a term of 3000 pesos. As the Manila *Freedom* points out he was convicted quite a Spanish law which, in effect declares that "the greater the truth the greater the libel."

No attempt has been made to dispute the statement made by Yaldes who on the other hand has been accused the opposite of giving the truth which he claims is fully within his power. There was an understanding of the press in Manila at that time and it seemed to suggest that Legarda and de Laveria dare not take the charges in open court, which puts the arbitrary nature of the commission in the worst light.

The next situation was the publication in full by the Manila *Times* of my article, "Insurrection in the P. I. against the civil commission," appearing in *Leslie's Weekly* of September 10th, 1908. I well remember my talk in the courts that night. Scores of people stopped me to shake hands and thank me for telling the truth about the situation. That article expressed what all felt and knew to be true but which at that date no other pen had so strongly stated. In a number of ways it came to my ears that the civil commission had received a shock at the unanimous approval given by the Americans of Manila to sentiments so strongly condemning their

methods. Evidently the commission made up its mind that if it were powerless to control the press in the United States it would make the copying of my article in Manila papers a criminal offense. This sentence is I fancy not very far from correct as there is nothing so strong and specific as the word editorial in *Freedom* as the double quotation from my article. The rest is a running commentary on the charges in *Leslie's* with other references to the case of *San Yaldes*.

Why if these offenses constitute serious crimes here and serious, have I not been arrested in the United States and tried for these terrible offenses? Any man who will take the trouble to get the Manila *Freedom* for April 25th, 1907 will readily see that in the statements made in this editorial section, the civil commission would have something to gain by a searching public investigation should these statements, however proved true, as I am fully satisfied they can be, then the commission would stand convicted before the public of having caused to solve the Insular Spanish question decided by civil men people to be the first representative of that people in the highest office in the islands and of maintaining the right of denying the right of an appeal as we know it in America. In fact, *San Yaldes*, of *Manila*, and several *U. I. Officers* and the two *Deeds* of the Manila *Freedom*.

It is only fair to admit that a few years in Manila at the present time to add but be conducive to order the suppression of a will to gain the advantage of political

tranquillity. In the civil commission of that dozen or more half-disguised revolutionary advisers printed in Spanish and that a congress which Major Allen of the insubordinate confederate. The civil commission has our sympathy but in the persecution of Spaniards or Americans who, in the name of an ill-considered government of the islands there is certain to compromise and win, which it appears to be in the office just the courage to say as we have no sympathy. Were the American people really alive to the facts, we are sure they would add their condemnation.

Peace Conference in Samar

ONE OF the most important of the conferences of insurgents in the Philippines was arranged at a conference held on the Caudera River, island of Samar, early in April, between General H. Smith, commanding the American forces, and the Filipino chief guerrillas, the insurrection of General Smith for it ended the war in Samar. General Smith and two officers were invited to the place of conference which was a small hut had been erected on a dark and where two hundred insurgent troops presented arms to the American officers landed. The latter were received by General Smith and four men officers. A banquet in honor of the Americans followed the conference. General Smith and his command gave themselves up to General Grant on April 27th.

Midsummer Theatricals in New York

VERY FREQUENT

LY the performance of stock companies where a change of bill occurs weekly are far from being satisfactory owing to the haste with which such productions are made. A notable exception to this condition is to be found in the work of the P. F. Proctor stock company, appearing at the various theatres bearing the name of that enterprising manager. Here especially careful preparation, under the direction of Mr. Frederic Bond, whose name is well known in theatrical circles, is given to all the plays presented by the different divisions of the large company.

These divisions alternate at the several theatres, not only at periods but to present in specialty for more than one week at a time, so that the players are given opportunity to become familiar with their parts and to get the best possible results.

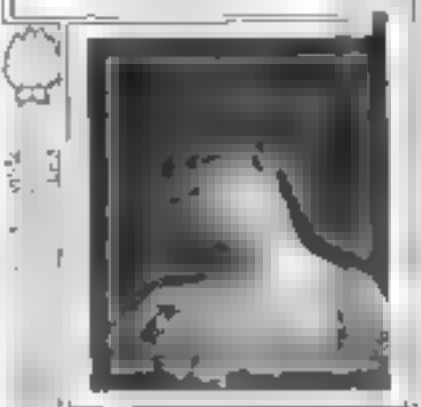
During the summer months when most of the other theatres are closed the work of this company is brought into the little prominence and is a chief source of enjoyment to quite a portion of our play-going public. To strike a popular vein, comedies usually are presented, and are in most



MRS. ADRIANNE KIRK



MRS. WILLIAM WITZ



MRS. FLORENCE ULLER



MRS. MABEL BOSTONWELL

cases played as *Ophelia* in Mr. Southern's production of "Hamlet." Miss Kern is the possessor of considerable beauty and charm of manner, and her ability to deliver, related in emotional notes. Comedy on the other hand, as of the work of Miss who is pleasantly re-

membered as the widow in *Heart's "A Trip to Town"*. Among other comedies may be mentioned Miss Beatrice Morgan recently a member of the company at Dale's. Miss Florence Leslie, Miss Corvillo Mayer and Miss Adeline Rafferty. Aside from the work of the stock companies midsummer attractions will consist of a number of comedy of which we have several good examples now running. "The Blown Girl" at Wallack's is meeting with decided success and draws crowded houses. "The Wild Rose," "A Chinese Honey Moon," "The Chaparral," and "King Dodo" complete the list. The roof-garden are now competing with the picturesque castle-like houses, and Manhattan Beach has recently opened with Frank Daniels in "New Simplicity" as the first attraction. Fain's spectacle of "The Burning of Rome" is also attracting large crowds to the last named pleasure resort and is one of the most audacious things yet attempted in this line. It employs a large ballet and specialties such as high diving and trick bicycling are introduced.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Price 10 Cents



GEORGE

LESLIE SUGGESTED TO THE JUDGE COMPANY

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BUCKINGHAM PALACE, LONDON, WHERE KING EDWARD WAS BORN, AND WHERE THE DANGEROUS OPERATION THE APPENDICITIS WAS PERFORMED.



AMERICA'S EAGER INTEREST IN THE WELFARE OF KING EDWARD
CROWDS IN FRONT OF THE BULLETIN BOARDS ON NEWSPAPER ROW, NEW YORK, READ THE DISPATCHES FROM THE SICK
ROOM OF ENGLAND'S STRICKEN MONARCH. Photograph by our staff photographer, G. B. Leroy

A Reminiscence of U. S. Grant From His Widow By T. Williams



PHOTOGRAPH OF GENERAL GRANT TAKEN IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE FALL OF VICKSBURG AND NOW IN POSSESSION OF HIS WIDOW



PHOTOGRAPH OF GENERAL GRANT TAKEN FOR A MEDAL AWARDED BY CONGRESS FOR HIS VICTORY AT VICKSBURG

THE RECENT discovery of an unpublished picture of the late General Grant, which is now in the hands of his widow, is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general. It is a portrait of the general in his later years, and is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general. It is a portrait of the general in his later years, and is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general.

small copies of this picture, and expressed a desire to purchase a large one. In the course of the interview Mrs. Grant recalled the fact that another portrait of General Grant had been taken in 1862, when the general was in the prime of his life. This portrait was a full-length portrait, and was a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general. It is a portrait of the general in his later years, and is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general.

which was also exhibited to the importance of the portrait of General Grant. The portrait was a full-length portrait, and was a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general. It is a portrait of the general in his later years, and is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general.

that often brings a surprise. The portrait was shown to her. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken.

Mrs. Grant was living in her apartment in the Fifth Avenue Hotel. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken.

When first shown the photograph, Mrs. Grant was very surprised. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken.

I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time. I was taken for the first time.

It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his. It was an old friend of his.

He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man. He was a very old man.

As she was talking and smiling at me, Mrs. Grant expressed her desire to have the portrait of the general. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken. She was in New York when it was taken.



GENERAL U. S. GRANT—A MARK PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN DURING HIS FIFTH ADMINISTRATION, AT THE WIFE'S REQUEST.—Copyright, 1902, by T. Williams, Washington

The portrait was a full-length portrait, and was a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general. It is a portrait of the general in his later years, and is a most interesting addition to the public knowledge of the general.

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under as well as a most interesting one."

Chicago's Fashionable "Derby Day."

AN IMPORTANT annual event at Chicago at which men in business suits in New York City sport and fashion mingle is the annual Derby which brings out the members of society in fact. Besides a multitude of the gentlemen of good breeding, the fifteen Derby which was run at Washington Park on Monday June 21 was the most successful of anything conducted in the city and was witnessed by nearly 30,000 spectators.

Hundreds of the gentlemen were gathered on the grounds to watch the race and the display of wealth and fashion and the display of the gentlemen of good breeding. The Chicago newspaper has been simply "gorging" it.

In a big contest twelve horses of the best class competed, and after a tremendous fight and much the cheer of tens of thousands, Wyeth, owned by John A. Drake and ridden by Jockey Lyle, won easily with Lucien Appleby second, Aladdin third, and his fourth. The race was one and one-half miles and the time 2:41. The race was worth over \$20,000 to the winner and it is estimated that \$100,000 changed hands on the track. The jockeys in the race were all Western horses the one Eastern nag, Iron, owned by James H. Markie riding in fifth and Arsenal the winner of the Metropolitan, being eleventh at the finish.

One of the celebrities at the track who attracted much attention was General Sam Breckinridge of Kentucky a famous politician who although ill and being used all he was from his home to be present to see the race.

Mesmerized.

A FORTNIGHT AGO I WAS PRESENT AT A MEETING

MANY people are brought up to believe that coffee is a necessity of life, and the strong hold that the drug has on the system makes it hard to break the grip even when one realizes its injurious effects.

A lady in Barnum writes: "I had used coffee for years; it seemed one of the necessities of life. A few months ago, my health, which had been slowly failing, became more impaired, and I knew that unless relief came soon I would soon be a physical wreck. I was weak and nervous, had such sick headaches, no appetite and felt tired of life. My husband was also losing his health. He was troubled so much with indigestion that at times he could eat only a few mouthfuls of dry bread."

We concluded that coffee was slowly poisoning us and stopped it and used hot water. We felt somewhat better, but it wasn't satisfactory. Finally we saw Postum's coffee advertised and bought a package. I followed directions for making carefully, allowing it to boil two or three minutes after it came to the boiling point and added cream, which turned it into a lovely rich looking and so good drink I ever saw any of my kind and we have used Postum ever since. I gained five pounds in weight in as many weeks and now feel well and strong in every respect. My headaches have gone and I am a new woman. My husband's indigestion has left him and he can now eat as much. Name given by Postum Co. Battle Creek Mich.



STAMMING PARTIES ARE THE ORDER OF THE DAY



FASHIONABLE WINNERS IN THEIR CARRIAGES TELL THE IMPULSE OF WARREN SON PARK

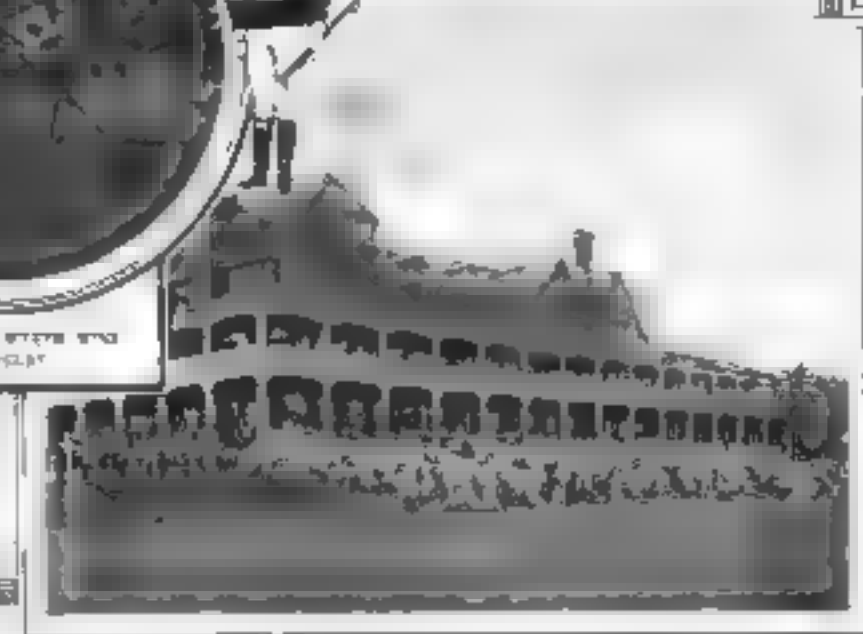


CROWDS IN EVERY CORNER OF THE TRACK

CALL TO THE RESTAURANT BOOTH



THE HUGE GRAND-STAND PACKED FROM CHOCK TO BOOF



ARRIVAL BEFORE THE RACE AT THE SECLUDED WASHINGTON PARK CLUB

CHICAGO'S MOST FASHIONABLE RACING EVENT THE GREAT DERBY.
 STYLISH TURNOUTS AND GAYLY GOWNED SOCIETY FOLK THROG WASHINGTON PARK AT THE BRILLIANT OPENING
 OF THE WESTERN TURF SEASON.—Photographs by E. E. Wright.

The Supreme Event in American History

HOW INDEPENDENCE WAS DECLARED ON JULY 4th, AND THE GREATEST NATION IN THE WORLD WAS BORN

IT HAS BEEN the dominant theme in the newspaper headlines for several weeks that the U.S. Supreme Court has taken the case of *Planned Parenthood v. Casey* and will decide whether the federal government's attempt to restrict abortion is constitutional. While the Court's decision may be a watershed in the history of the nation, it will have little effect on the lives of the vast majority of Americans.

[illegible]

But the 14 who
dine in the hall
of St. Paul's are
not as yet in
the light of a
new start in
change of men
from British
to American
food. In America
the people eat
what they like, all
things considered.
In the people's
house the same
house but the
people will not
eat what they
do not want. It
is not the same
house but the
people will not
eat what they
do not want.

In October 4 the first practical suggestion of the colonies that they unite in a "Grand Philadelphia Convention" which would abolish all taxes on liquor in return for a duty upon imports was made. The timing of the part of the anti-slavery efforts of abolitionist opposition to the spirit of such suggestion was unmistakable. It was perfectly anti perfectly represented and yet sound in itself. It was even advocated that since they the colonies cannot a separate representation to the British Parliament they are to look to a free and exclusive power of legislation in their respective national Legislatures. But in the face of this determined interference this nation cannot well be partial to King George, implying him as the loving father of your white people, for restore their rights. They did not know of them yet they might as well have mentioned the great stream now in the White Mountains of their own New

These problems have more subtle aspects and implications. For example, in mathematics there was the presence of the boundedness of the L^p -norms of the functions f_n in the L^p -norm.

He has also been following that trend on a personal level, moving there, according to media reports.

democraticism that possessed the hearts of the people from the small hamlet to the national arena. He became also the first to give emphasis to Kang Gaejong's teaching that "the people's struggle" appeared in the events of Hwangdo pits which occurred, and to make it was in the minds of the

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

ГЛАВНОЕ УПРАВЛЕНИЕ НАЦИОНАЛЬНОЙ ПОЛИЦИИ

Hejlskov and others have shown that among the best-selling adult fiction paperbacks and the hard-covered line the most successful "Wash women" have been the ones that portrayed the "average" and "normal" woman. Hejlskov has also shown that the most successful of the adult fiction paperbacks are those that are "light" and "easy" to read. Hejlskov has also shown that the most successful of the adult fiction paperbacks are those that are "easy" to read. Hejlskov has also shown that the most successful of the adult fiction paperbacks are those that are "easy" to read.

The delegate at Philadelphia saw at once that the die had been cast and it was now truly independent or an adjourned (yearly) meeting more than death. It could be named for memorial day to give vent to the thought and

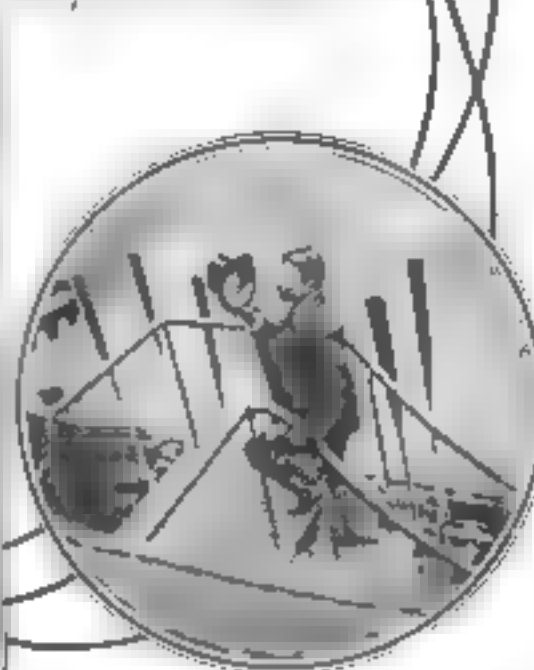
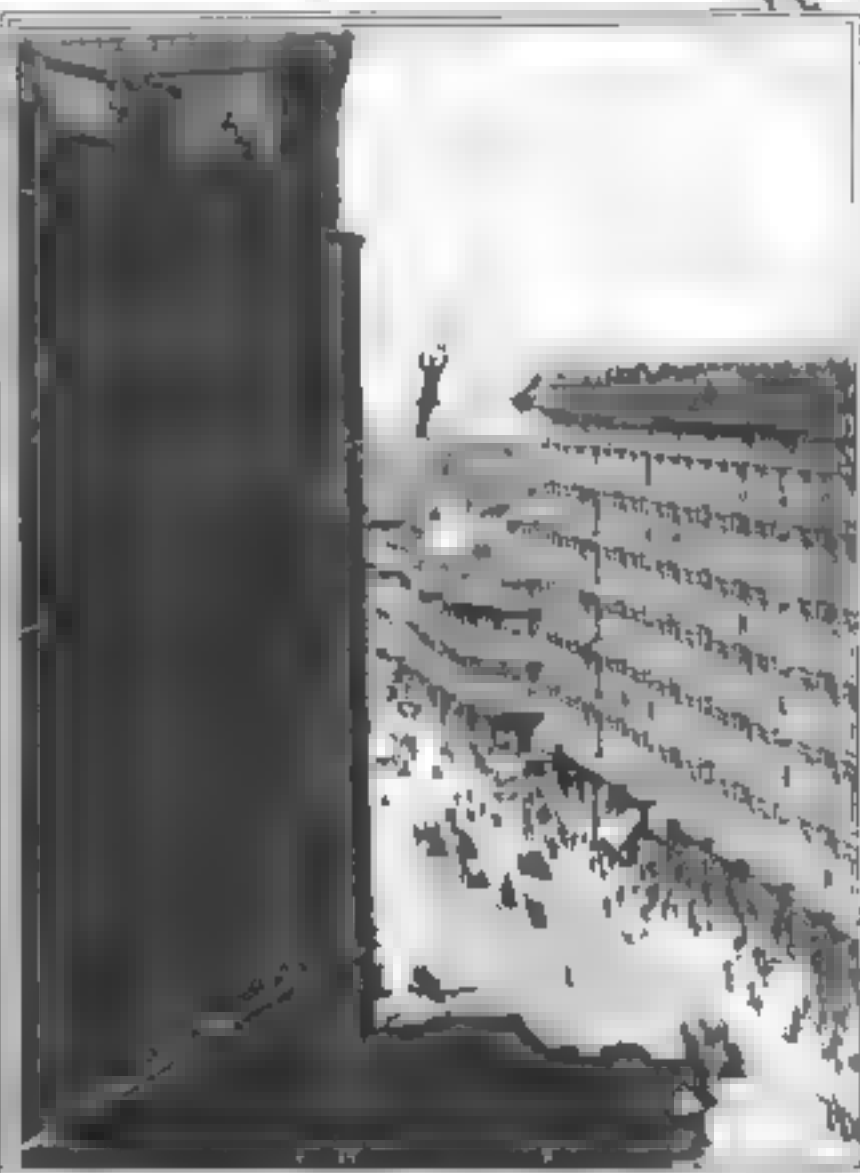
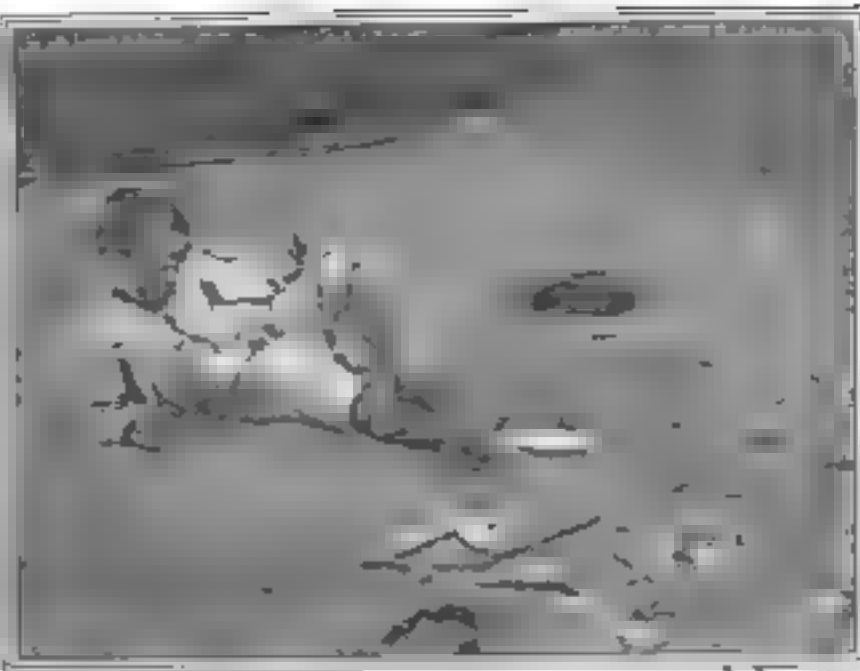
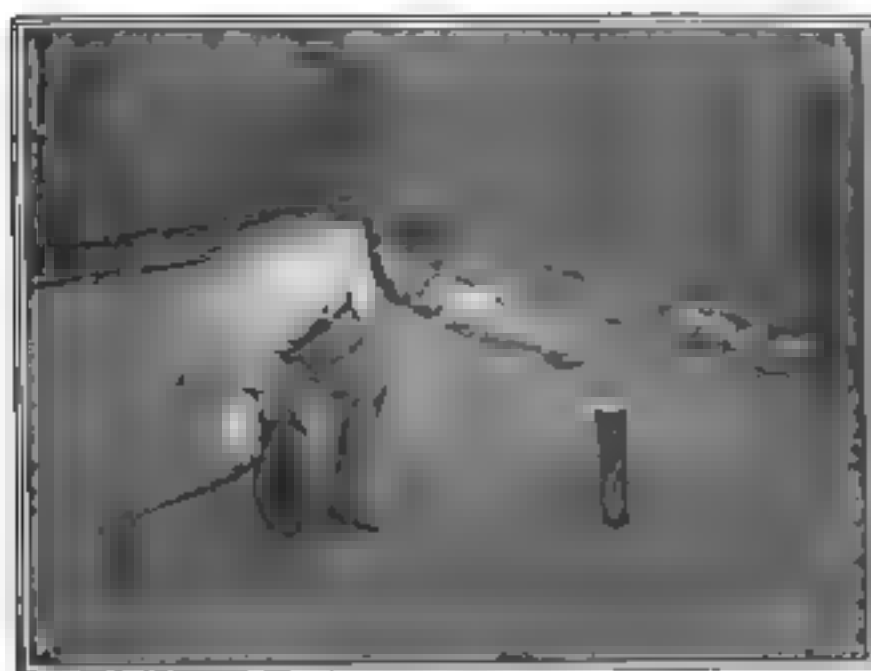


PRINCESS OF WALES, ENGLAND'S NEXT QUEEN

FORMERLY PRINCESS VICTORIA OF TECK. SHE IS OF ROYAL ENGLISH BLOOD AND POPULAR WITH THE MASSES.



EDWARD ALBERT, THE NEXT PRINCE OF WALES.
THE EIGHT YEAR OLD SON OF PRINCE GEORGE, AND GRANDSON OF KING EDWARD VII.



ADMIRAL MCCLURE'S VISIT TO MEMPHIS. THE FLEET IS SEEN
IN A PARADE, BROUGHT BY ITS CONSPIRACY.
A. E. (Wet) Memphis Press.

UNITED STATES BATTLE-SHIP "KANSAS" IN DET-DOCK AT
PACIFIC COAST, SEVEN
A. E. (Wet) Memphis Press.

FREDERICK ROOSEVELT BOARDING THE PERCHER WAR-SHIP
"GASTON" DURING ITS RECENT VISIT.
A. E. (Wet) Memphis Press.

OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—NEW YORK WINS.
FOURTH OF JULY SUBJECTS AND SCENES OF NATIONAL IMPORT IN THE CONTRIBUTIONS BY EXPERT AMATEURS



YALE VERSUS HARVARD AT NEW LONDON

YALE AHEAD AT THE FINISH OF THE 'VARSITY SQUAT RACE.' THE 'DOLPHIN' FROM THE SHORES OF BRACK FISHBAY HOSPITALLY WAITED THE CONTEST IS SEEN ON THE RIGHT.

Making New York City Beautiful.

[T] is gratifying to note that for the first time in its history a systematic, organized and intelligent effort is being made with minor but nevertheless important results to beautify the city of New York. That the work is being done in accordance with true artistic principles and along these considerations with the resources, as well as the needs, of the metropolis is assured from the fact that it will be carried on under the direction of the Fine Arts Association, a body made up of leading American artists, architects and designers. The movement thus begun should have the hearty encouragement of every citizen of the metropolis who has the highest good of the community at heart.

As Edmund Burke who says somewhere that in order "to make us love our country our country ought to be lovely." The saying is equally true applied to a municipality. Nothing would be more useful or to a larger growth of civic pride in New York or any other city than efforts to make the surroundings of the people not only more comfortable and beautiful, but more beautiful. Citizens here for the city are loyal to the city and the government are certain to be of slow development, if they appear at all, in a treatment of the city which is given over to bare brick walls, but pavements without alleys, and narrow, unattractive streets. The influence of a lot of greenery and a lot of square lawns with flowers may have upon the people of such a quarter has been shown in the changes characteristic of the movement known as the "New York City Improvement Society." In lower New York only a few years ago the center of one of the dirtiest and most filthy neighborhoods in the city. Since the trees, the fountains and the flowers have been planted in the squares and the streets every tenement building has been painted white, repaired and otherwise made more cheerful and attractive and more significant with pretty little flower gardens have appeared in many of the windows and looking in square as in a reflection of the new beauty and brightness which appear outside.

For those who would consider this matter, as all others from the viewpoint of material advantage only it may be urged with truth that the adornment of a city with parks, statues, art galleries, noble specimens of architecture and other things which appeal to the aesthetic sense, in the end may add largely to a city's wealth and material prosperity. How this may be was shown by a writer in *The World's Work* some months ago, who declared that the beauty which Paris had taken to heart by such adornments as those we have mentioned was worth to the Parisians about \$200,000,000 a year. Paris enters for the world, it was said, and its main stock in trade is its beauty which is keeping on increasing, and the treasure of its works of art. Poor impoverished Italy where would she be today if it were not for the beauty of her cities, much of it created four or five hundred years ago, on which now she is gathering a dividend of \$80,000,000 annually?

A Dull Day in New York.

I've just got back from seeing my youngest sister.

She married an Irishman in New York for quite a while.

His husband has an office in a store where they had.

Which seems a poor location for a fellow business man.

He took me round with him a bit, and recently there was.

A million people on the streets, which puzzled me because.

I thought I'd had things quiet like an angel in a way.

Is there any thing wrong in the city as they say?

THE traffic was whizzed by me all I shall not say.

The crowd of folks on wheels passed enough time.

When I was at home I was started at the crash.

For a crowd of folks seemed as though that was a rush.

A big blue-coated fellow didn't do a thing, I was.

But stand and wave his club and keep the crowd at bay.

I looked around and wonder 'twas a trolley as a day.

Yet there isn't a thing wrong in the city as they say.

I saw a fellow go the other way and quit down at dusk.

But a fellow better better to a concert in the park.

While the first part of the day was over and a day.

At a dark drama opened with an spray of light.

The river which was crowded and the ferry loaded down.

The streets were jammed with people coming and going.

A bigger crowd met by me than in four other days.

Yet there isn't a thing wrong in the city as they say.

ROY FARRALL GREENE.

Within the past few years an extension movement has been on foot in Belgium, having for its aim the decoration of Belgian cities according to the highest notions of modern art and the results already achieved have attracted the attention of the world. The work is carried on under the direction of a national society, having as its declared object the clothing in an artistic form of all that program has made useful in public life and its restoration to art of the one-time social nucleus "by applying it to the modern idea in all the departments controlled by the public authorities." In this line the society proposes that street fountains, electric-light poles, street signs, fire-alarms and newspaper stands shall be constructed after artistic models with the view of adding to the beauty of the streets and not to their ugliness. To stimulate private enterprise in the same direction prizes are offered for the most artistic fountains, garden walks and other features of private property.

In Belgium the movement is spreading over Europe and more or less similar to the public decorations in Brussels have been introduced in Paris and several other cities in France and the city municipalities. How that movement of Washington has been improved and embellished in recent years under the direction of a committee appointed by Congress has been described in recent papers in *The Century*. By these efforts our national capital has already become one of the loveliest and most attractive cities in the world.

But the external surroundings of Brussels, Paris and Washington are not so beautiful as those of New York and it only needs a moderate expense and effort, put forth intelligently and systematically to turn the beauty into every department of the city's life. Fortunately the metropolis now has a body of municipal officers who will be thoroughly appreciative and quickly responsive to efforts of this kind.

Fast Time on the Pacific Run.

THE REMARKABLE record of forty-six miles in forty minutes recently made by the fast mail between Fremont and Omaha on the Union Pacific road is a striking testimony in its way of the progressive and far-sighted policy which has characterized the management of the Union Pacific system in recent years. At an expenditure of something like \$20,000,000 the company has straightened and many curves and largely reduced the distance and the grades. When first built, these Pacific roads could stand only very easy runs. By a wise and economical expenditure they are now able to make as good time as the fastest of the old lines in the East.

If need of a tonic? Take Abbott's, the Original An-gostura, the king of tonics. At grocers and druggists.

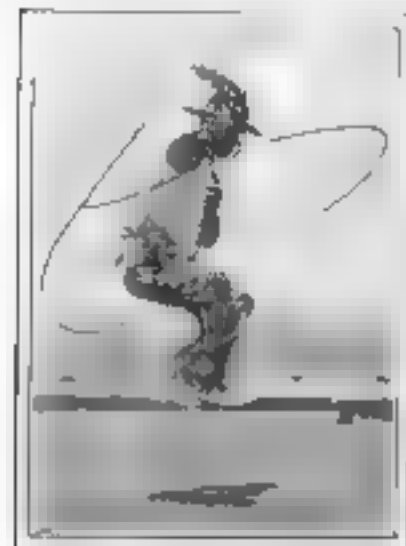
In the World of Sports



MRS. M. A. MANDER,
Who defeated Mrs. Helen Hetherington in the
Metropolitan Golf Championship.

member of the Metropolitan Golf Club of Short Hills, N. J., though in the summer season she usually spends with the play at Lenox and Westfield in the national golf championship has just been defeated by Mrs. Helen Hetherington in the Metropolitan tournament a week ago. As Mrs. Hetherington is the present national champion, her victory has encouraged Mrs. Mander to think that she is not yet merely a stepping-stone to higher honors. In the final round Mrs. Mander defeated Mrs. Helen Hetherington, a member of the Lenox country club. Mrs. Mander's husband takes great interest in her golf career. In the game in which she defeated Mrs. Helen Hetherington, Mr. Mander looked on her with something and in congratulating her.

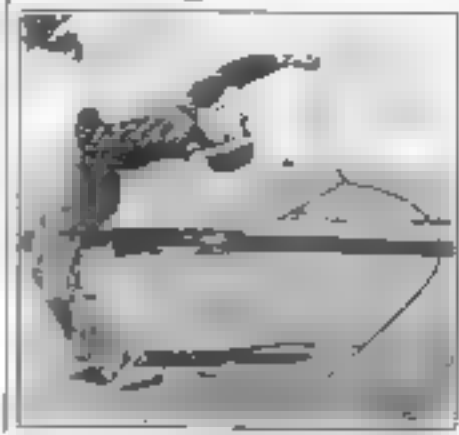
I understand that Mrs. Mander is now that the great majority of the season have been found. The situation is as simple as the small and big tide of the sea. No longer will the men and women have their own brilliant moments all by themselves at New York and the women will wait. Why should not the men at New York and the women will wait together and be the masters of the situation on the water? I have talked with some of the leading college rowing regattas regarding the subject and while all admit that there is no real reason why the men should not be the masters of the water, they show a disposition to make any suggestion which might be the one to bring the men and women together. I do not know whether which even now at New York the great body of American sportsmen will go to the preference of the lady view of a world which is more ready to meet all women. While I could not just place as high as a part in other sports as the men in rowing regattas, there is a general impression that the women's position is a more prominent one in all branches of sport than in the past. The Cornell girls have been playing good football for several years and because of the popularity of the game. Nobody who knows anything about the methods of the Cornell sports, certainly will expect an instant change from the several rowing regattas of the Cornell girls. The result was such as might have been expected.



THE FLICK TRICK



SWINGING, EXHAUSTING STYLE OF POSSIBLE



SWINGING A CIRCLE BEHIND THE BACK

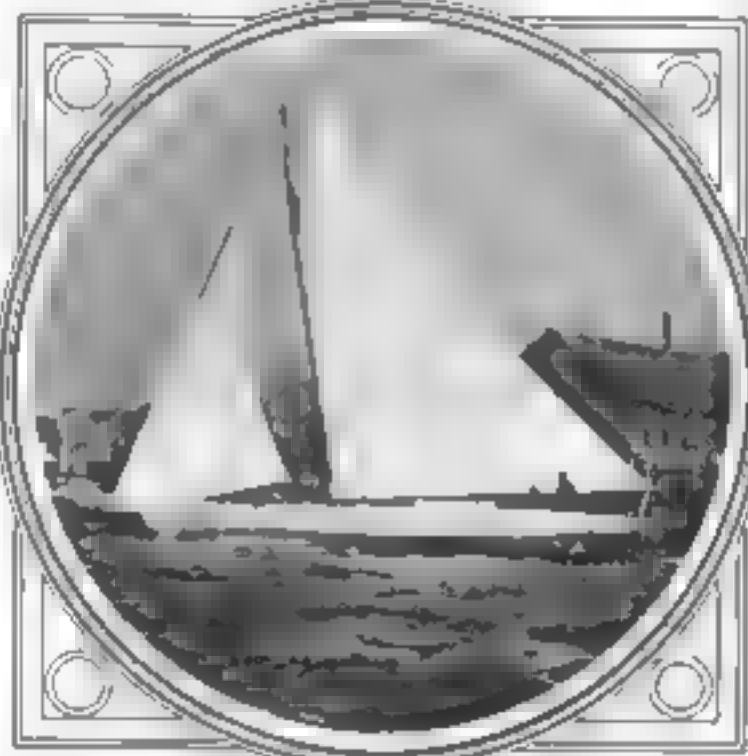


JUMPING THROUGH VERTICAL CIRCLE

F. W. CHAMBERLAIN, CHAMPION ROPE-THROWER OF AMERICA, AND HIS DIFFICULT FEATS.—Herald

Not one of the Eastern rivers finished in the winter. A thoroughbred is a pretty high-strung thing and he does not become accustomed to his surroundings like a foal. Being "imposed" upon water and a thousand other things are the result upon him. Traveling professional high players illustrate this point in their possible high anything else will do. Start a team on a long trip away from home as an Eastern team in a three-week trip through the West or a year and then war is the result of the game. During the first and second half of that trip, a team will always play the better football in the second half. Then who should the great horsemen of the country demand of their animals more than frequent human attacks are expected to accomplish. To track at this age may have had some long to do with the demand of the horse tracks and the means of quick transportation and climate. Hanger had more to do with it. The Western horsemen have been closer to the point. When the word that the thoroughbreds East it is generally after the season is well advanced and then they generally go to Santiago. The animals become accustomed to this way at the Springs and when they are sent later on the Metropolitan tracks about New York they are in condition to do the business and then some credit. The result of the American horsemen does not necessarily indicate that the Western thoroughbreds are faster than those in the East. The one may be probably true for years in the East are probably double what they are in the West.

Yale's Worthy Baseball Record. The splendid



THE "ELEPHANT," FREQUENTLY AMONG THE YEAR'S SAILING YACHTS. OWNED BY
THOMAS HARRISON JR., 34 E. 72nd Street, N. Y. C.

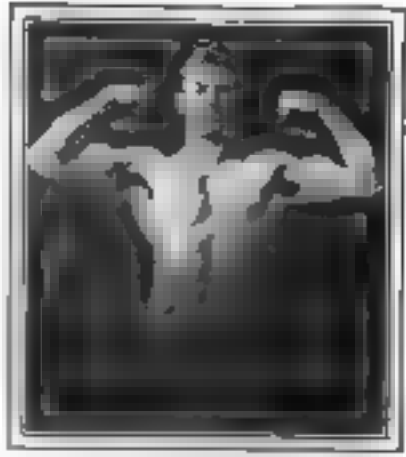
Victory of the baseball team of Yale was the surprise of the season. Early in the year there was practically no enthusiasm at all at New Haven and when the squad started sailing for performance practice such a far-swinging mood as Mike Murphy, the sports writer about the baseball team asked about the future of the team. Murphy looked at Captain Matthews, the only captain on the team and said: "I've had a few more like him we might have a chance." Even the coaches at Yale had no hope for the team and when the first game was played with Princeton and won by Yale there was not a Yale player in sight to back the Blue. Princeton's victory at Princeton was not a surprise and when the team went to New York to fight out the deciding battle on neutral grounds, the Yale team still looked to be a chance for their team with the result that Princeton's victory was not a surprise at all. The result was such as might have been expected. It is also a fact that the sports failed to do team work,

so essential in a winning baseball team. The result is obvious. Professional players get a salary for their work and as soon as they see that their efforts are rewarded and by either a success or the team forgotten then they try to play individual football and the team even did or ever will win a pennant when these conditions exist. No Yale man has success in baseball on any team work and Princeton has unexpected failure to look at it.

Next in interest came the athletic century riding team has broken out of the crowd and distance. The going proves to be more popular, at least than that people expected. It is a record and a half on long and short and the story lasted all day. On a hundred feet, the record was broken. Two of them were women, one Captain Matthews who was in charge of the team on the following day and he said that at least three others were broken on the run and that at least two dozen more were injured. He admitted that every one who finished suffered for it and said that he was not sure that they would not with the idea of winning a century medal and that they would not stop or long as they had the strength and just a few more steps of the participants. He said that the hundred miles in railroad trains is not yet in the century. Most of these people are eager to go after and say that "up the city" the century will be broken after breaking the century record over to New York and then back the team to Jersey City where he expected to take a train for his home. He was not at all right according to the story with his record and his partner with speed and will be the power of the century. He just has what he has in the bag and will back into town the century record down from a hundred miles into a few miles and as the first hundred miles is not a record, the conductor appears to be right. Having his hand on his shoulder and "Here you will have to go to the baggage car and stand up. I can't afford to have the company's property ruined."

Yachting News.—While there will be no interest in yachting this year outside of the society for the Pennsylvania Challenge cup with the "Catalpa." A long season is anticipated in the yachting clubs in the East. Already there is great interest in yachting circles. The members of the New York Yacht Club look forward to the next summer's season in some outside of the cup races. The first members will not be ready to start in a season and a long season is expected to be annual season in August. The daily run from New York to New Haven will be the first of the season. The first sail will go around the Cape to Rhode Island this year for the first time in about ten years to give the prize offered by the Eastern Yacht Club. The first of the Pennsylvania Challenge Cup will take place in August at Lake St. Louis, near Montreal. The Catalpa has never held the cup for four years.

G. E. B.



CHARLES A. CARTER,
Yale athlete who took a championship record,
in rowing, 1894-1895.



KING EDWARD AT THE AGE OF THREE. PAINTED BY HENRY.

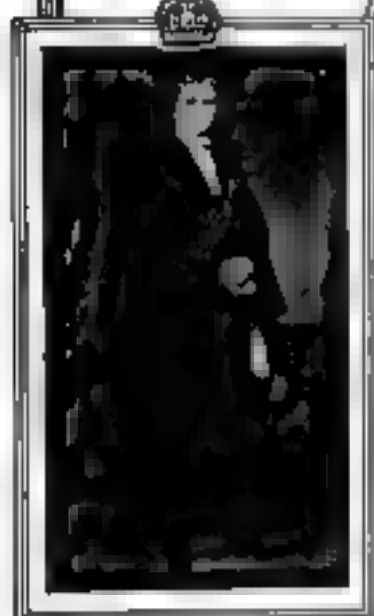


THE ROYAL CHILD AT SEVEN.

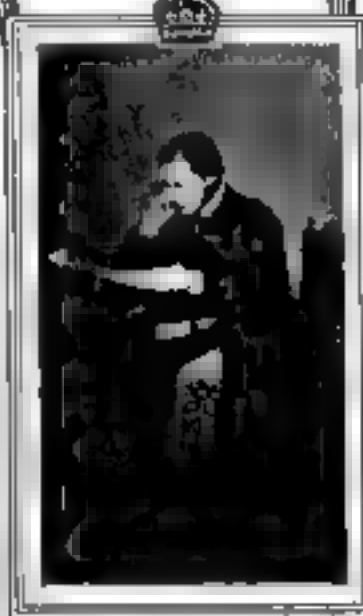
THE ROYAL CHILD AT SEVEN.



KING EDWARD AND HIS MOTHER ALEXANDRA.



WENT A YOUTH. WEARING THE UNIFORM OF THE GARTER.



THE KING WITH A HISTORY AT SEVEN.



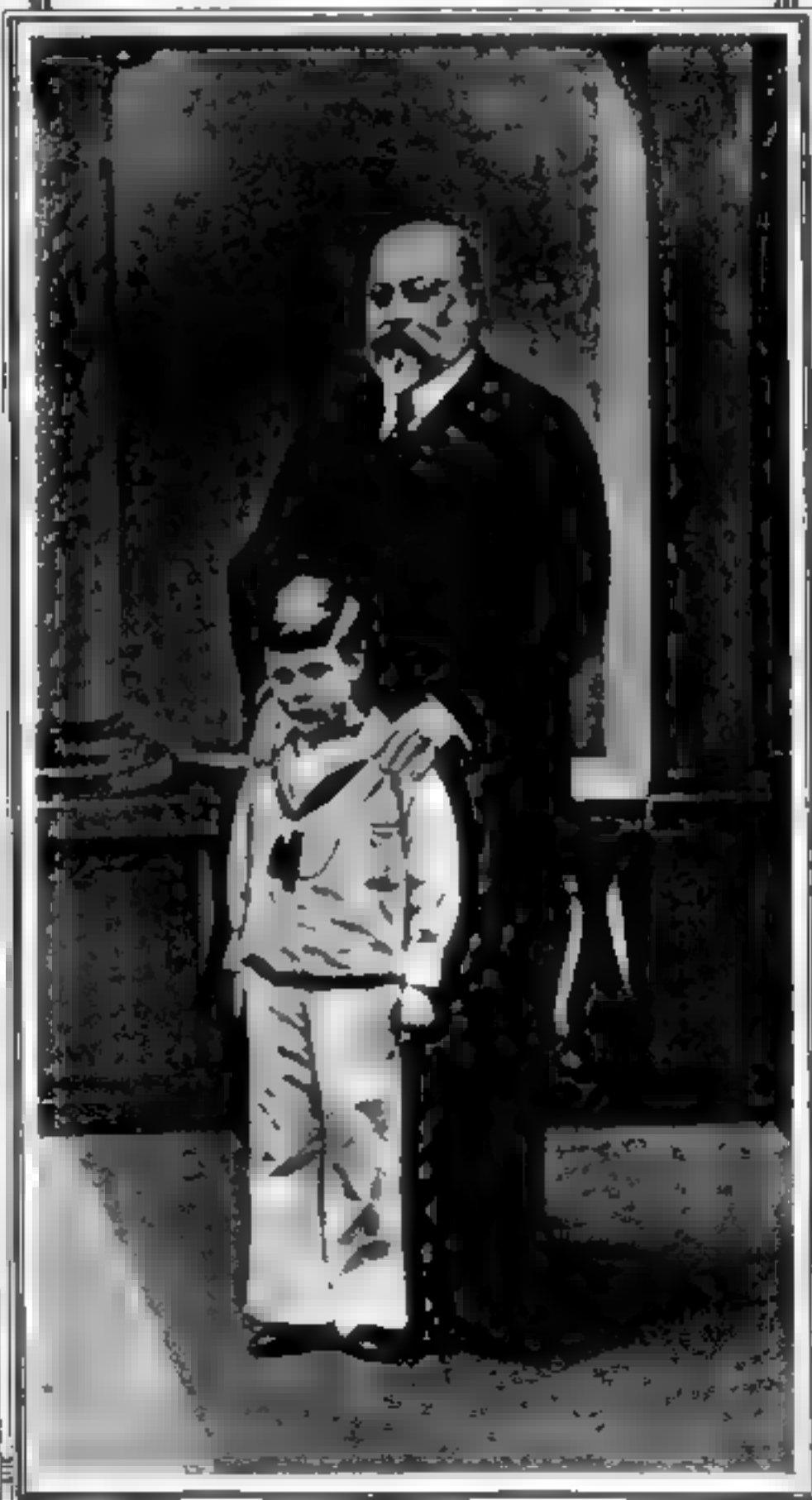
THE KING AT TWENTY ONE. WITH HIS BRIDE, QUEEN ALEXANDRA.



KING EDWARD AT THE TIME OF HIS VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES.



KING EDWARD. A YOUNG MAN—TAKEN AT TWENTY-TWO.



EDWARD VII. THE KING, AND HIS GRANDSON, PRINCE EDWARD, THE KING-APPARENT.



THE KING IN YOUNG MANHOOD.

KING EDWARD'S LIFE IN PICTURES.

BRITAIN'S POPULAR PRINCE AND KING FROM BABYHOOD TO A GRANDFATHER'S ESTATE.

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PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS

"This Beats New Jersey"
CHARTERS PROCURED
The Real Estate Trust Company of Philadelphia, Pa., has been awarded the charter for the New Jersey Turnpike, which will be a great benefit to the State.

NOT THE ORDINARY MINING PROPOSITION

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IN GOLD**

THE UNITED STATES ELECTRIC CLOCK COMPANY
has been awarded the contract for the construction of the new clock tower in New York City, which will be a great benefit to the City.

WIN 1150 D. A. O.
NEW YORK

Hints to Money-makers

WIRE. The department is extended for the publication of the special railway of July 10. The change is made to enable the department to publish the special railway of July 10. The change is made to enable the department to publish the special railway of July 10.

SOME ONE makes it possible for prices of railroad shares to go back to the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901.

he has been spending the last few months in the study of the market. He has been spending the last few months in the study of the market. He has been spending the last few months in the study of the market. He has been spending the last few months in the study of the market.

and that situation, but it is to be remembered that the market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901. The market is now at the level of 1901.



DEPARTMENT OF TAXES IN AMERICA
The United States Electric Clock Company has been awarded the contract for the construction of the new clock tower in New York City, which will be a great benefit to the City.

FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE

**Our Book,
"A Glimpse at Wall Street
and Its Markets,"**

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Large area of land for
amalgamation of the
company.

Globe-Boston Copper Mining Company

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T

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Hints to Money-makers.

Continued from page 41.

New York, July 19. Will make inquiries about the Chicago Red Hot Phonograph Company.

Brooklyn. Inquire in going out at a time of year until he is disappointed at the advantage of more nearly so.

Minneapolis. The second mortgage money market of the Friday Post-News and Western Standard appears to have no value. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion.

New York. My own judgment is against the success of the market and it is only based on what others have said and which they have seemed to be the truth. The provisions of the American law company recently said that the money market of the market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion.

Hutchinson. The only reason why I was before about American law that the money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion.

New York. The only reason why I was before about American law that the money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion. The money market is in a state of confusion.

Continued on page 42

My Strange Post-graduate Course.

Continued from page 39.

dream state that followed I heard two voices faint but distinct.

What could have been this mysterious occurrence? The time was scholarly and shocked.

So one of course was the remaining answer. "Continuing speaking a student after something more while others to his quarters for when he heard if he is forgotten it.

The affair just shows that the work is likely to happen. To me the case stands thus. A young man who has been walking about with a fever for ten days or more, and has been further weakened with excessive discipline and moral fortitude, must have pulled himself together for the first time. He goes down to the station to see he has all that is left of his strength, and then comes back to find up something and breaks down completely.

And looked in, "helpless" said the shocked man, his previous unimpaired he would have died at the door of his land, had he come to his senses.

Finally, reached the second room cheerfully. "Wonderful thing that mother-in-law. Here is the case. This case is a young man who has been walking about with a fever for ten days or more, and has been further weakened with excessive discipline and moral fortitude, must have pulled himself together for the first time. He goes down to the station to see he has all that is left of his strength, and then comes back to find up something and breaks down completely.

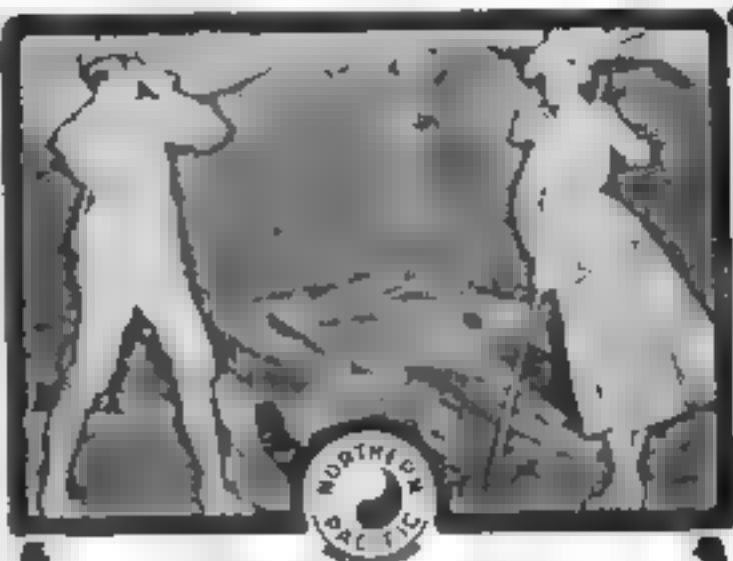
Presently the cheerful voice stood over me as I lay between sleeping and waking, to go on with it.

"It is a great thing that in the story of the last few hours the past follows has not been his entire stock of acquired ideas and added to them some original intellectual. That such a post-graduate course ought to be made as you say it will be henceforth impossible. And every day has as in Hawthorne's case a spiritual exaltation and an original method."

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Pennsylvania Chautauque.

Reception Notes to Mount Vernon via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Pennsylvania Chautauque, to be held at Mt. Vernon, Pa. July 1 to August 5, 1902, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets from New York, Philadelphia, Trenton, Allentown, Pottsville, Williamsport, Scranton, and other points, to Mt. Vernon, Pa. For full particulars, apply to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, New York, Philadelphia, or any of the above points.

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LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Price 10 Cents

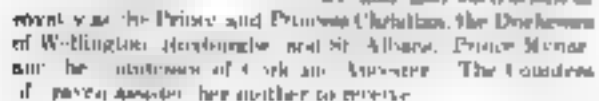


THE NOTED AMERICAN FINANCIER, GEORGE J. GOULD
THE ELDEST SON OF THE LATE JAY GOULD HAS BECOME A GREAT LEADER IN THE RAILWAY AND FINANCIAL WORLD.

Illustration by L. E. ...

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

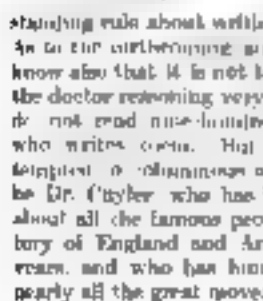
IN A season devoted to social festivities on a scale of magnificence unequalled in the history of London since it is hard to say that an American woman has set the pace in splendid and luxurious affairs of this sort and such seems to be the case if we may judge from recent occasions of a dinner party given by Mrs. Bradley Martin in Chesterholm garden. Among Mrs. Martin's guests on this occasion were such well known of the American emigration in the English north as the Marquis of Northborough and Master and also such actors of



["We are absolutely convinced that honest people are on this issue and we are not going to let it go"]

[illegible][illegible]

Dr. THEODORE C. CUYLER,
has transcribed the volumes
of Brooklyn.



to be very confidential so that it didn't open any of the paper. Obviously it is gratifying to be a winner of generous recognition that people in these days pay little or no notice must give one might be stronger work of his kind it would apply over on terms of intimacy with people who have figured in the history for the past seventy-five off been a prominent actor in events of the same period. That

the kind of remuneration will be rich and satisfying to a rare degree goes without saying.

AROUND EITHER is another which we may venture to extract from the first which Mrs. Hemans wrote up to her brother on her recent voyage on European shores. It has Hemans as its title, and is a description of the strange New York tower in West Wall Street, named of Southern and her husband who also upon the records is known still by her maiden name of Virginia Hemans. In front of the building we may read a group of three men, ironwork fashioned after the fashion of the Hemans name. The narrow lines of each bridge form a space which has been adapted by the artist for a miniature garden, where evergreens and flowers in the border from Japanese dwarf plants suggest a view in the alpine, and waving wheat recall Tennessee's description of the Land of the Lone Star. If the elements be such a poem as this as to its external decoration and adorned and efforts are made fairly suggest what a point, and what situation upon its own in a high beautiful situation and a gateway which go to make up the interior which we always in the evening divided with electric light shining through translucent walls covered with shades which mask the light just enough to suggest the rose blush of the dawn or the fiery glories of the sunset.

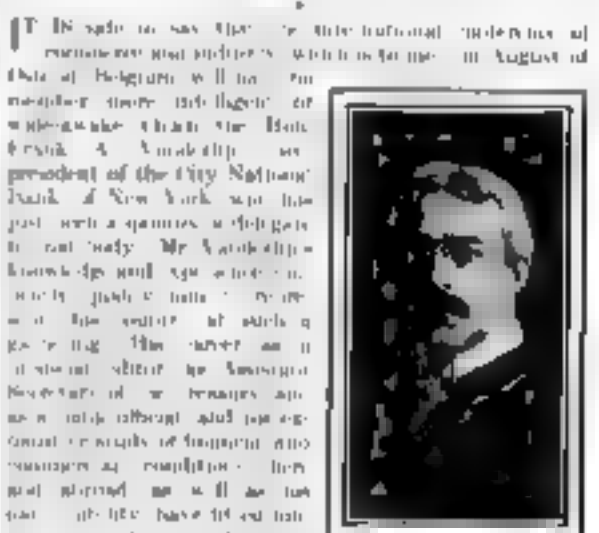
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baggage. Lieutenant Schoeffel returned on the *Haver*. He was with his company M of the Ninth Infantry and took part in the advance on and capture of Hsienan for the allied forces in 1900. Schoeffel says that he purchased the jade from a Chinese, who said it to him for \$50. Schoeffel has had it in Hsienan with him for about two years. It is also said that Schoeffel secured some building from one of the Chinese hongs. The lieutenant was apparently the most unconcerned man in the crowd when he was taken to the main and sent on with his understanding the various acts of the military baggage. The Chinese government has offered large rewards for foreign articles which disappeared from Peking during the foreign occupation, and for how articles foreign governments have been asked to watch. The sacred plates from the imperial temple were considered the most important of these. Each tablet is the product of the reign of one Emperor and they are of enormous value both from the standpoint of age and sentiment. They have never been duplicated. Both the tablets and the seal are of the purest jade, flawless and highly polished. The carving is evidently the work of an artist. The seals are heavy about five inches square and an inch thick and have a separate handle in the form of dragon with five toes which indicate that they belong to the imperial family. The plates are about a foot long by four inches in width and a half inch thick. The seal has a fine silk cord or slip attached to them and the tablets are protected by silk mats of yellow. Some evidence of their original character. The jade is in safe keeping pending an order from the Treasury Department and will probably be returned to Schoeffel. Mrs. Schoeffel recently took a trip to Japan, and it is probable that the family possessions have been exposed via the regular mail for some time.

IN HIS book "All the Runes" Mr. Henry Hornum gives an interesting description of the traditions of the Vikings. It is a book which is kept inside as if was on the morning he left it. He was brought back alive but after he left it bleeding to death from injuries inflicted by the assassin's hands. At the time he was in the room. The half-smoked cigarette lies upon the ash-tray in a glass tube. A little revolver lies before the mirror.

From each of the tables and upon each of them is a form divided into twelve columns for the following information: name of the inmate, date of birth, date of admission, date of release, date of death, date of escape, date of return, date of parole, date of probation, date of conviction, date of sentence, and date of appeal. These are all the facts which are of importance to the public and which are of interest to the inmate. The information is all given in a clear and concise manner.

[illegible]

of the conference. Mr. VAN-

[illegible]

He thought the reported increase in the number of the religious workers in the United States in the past few years was very small. If the working men have a smaller share in the average time of the preparation of the religious workers, it is not likely that the difference is so large as he has said. But a general impression of work extent revealed in the case of the religious workers may have a small slightly larger than the average of the religious workers adds that he does not see any reason to expect that the increase in the number of the religious workers may be so large as he has said.

WHILE IT does not appear that Lord Tennyson, the greatest of modern English poets, has left any immediate successor to his noble career, yet he leaves the inheritance of his own family of only one else he has in the person of his eldest son, the present Lord Tennyson, a highly creditable man, a fine musician and a fine literary genius. For thirty years past Lord Tennyson has been the centre of South England and has spent much excellent time and energy in the administration of that office, and on the recent resignation of Lord Houghton as Governor-General of Australia, which Tennyson, G. C. B., is now of the post, Lord Tennyson has been General of Australia.

Business Training for College Graduates

A NOVEL AND PRACTICAL EDUCATIONAL DEPARTURE

By Harry Boardley



COLLEGE GRADUATES are not, as a rule, well equipped with the most valuable practical training of the world. But the number of those who are not is being lessened. Many of the graduates of the colleges of the United States are now being equipped with the most valuable practical training of the world. But the number of those who are not is being lessened. Many of the graduates of the colleges of the United States are now being equipped with the most valuable practical training of the world.

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give you the best training and enable you to accomplish the greatest results. It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates.

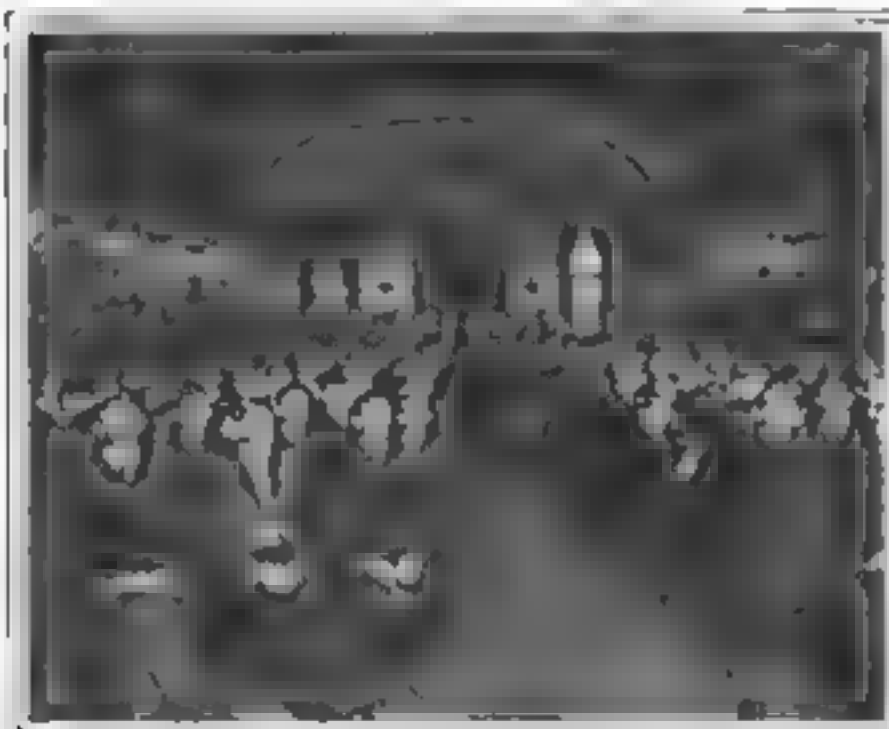
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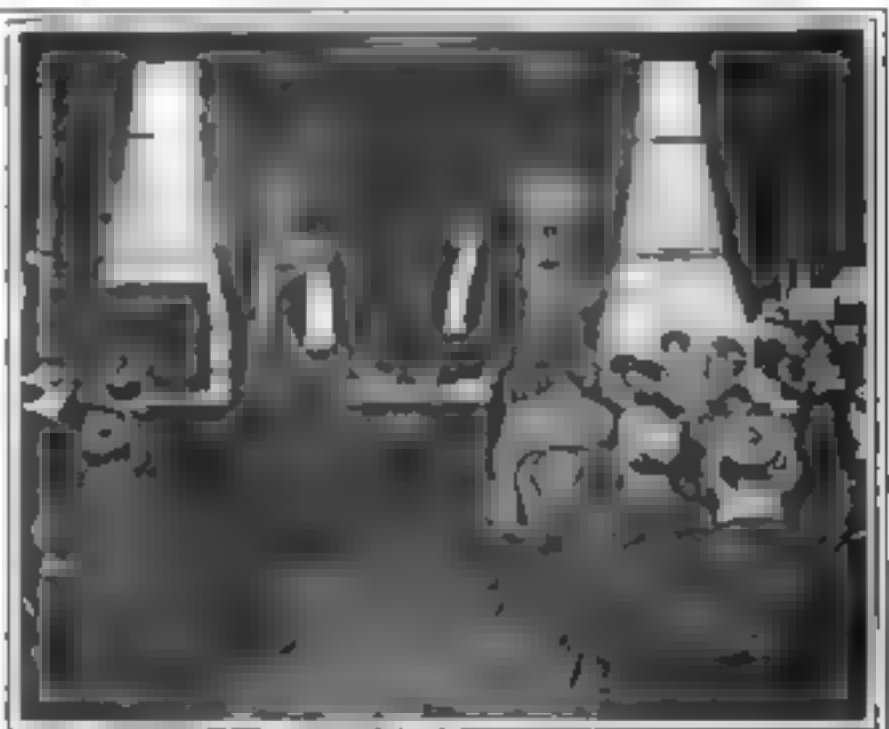
The Exorionate Cabmen.

THE HEAVY weighted and often dangerous which the New York City cabmen are carrying against the police is not a new thing. It is a long and painful struggle which has been going on for many years. The cabmen are not only carrying heavy weights but they are also carrying dangerous weapons. The police are not only carrying heavy weights but they are also carrying dangerous weapons. The cabmen are not only carrying heavy weights but they are also carrying dangerous weapons.

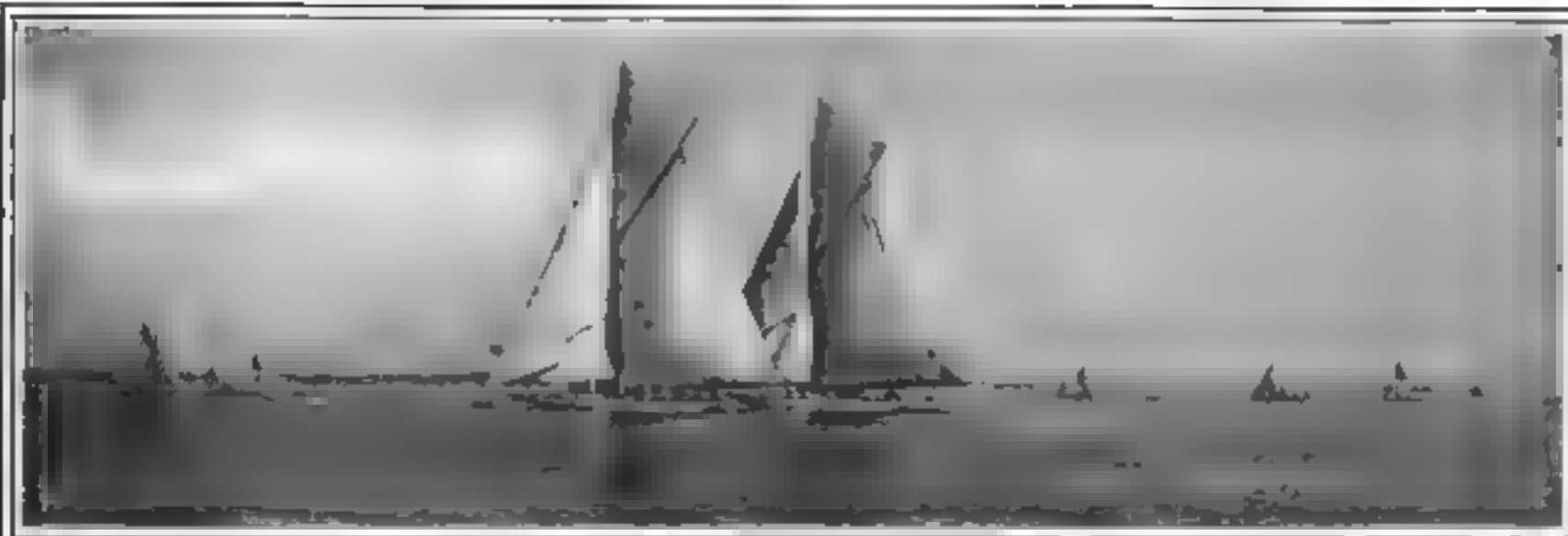
It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates. It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates. It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates. It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates. It is a novel and practical method of training college graduates.



A FETTERED COLLEGE GRADUATE AT THE OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF LIFE INSURANCE OF THE NEW YORK LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY



PRESENTED JAMES D. LEE, PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF LIFE INSURANCE OF THE NEW YORK LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY



START OF THE RACE OF WEST-PORTER, M. P. LEVITT, WEST-CHINE AND THE MINKON, THE MINKON



CORNELIUS VAN DERBEEK'S RACING SLOOP "SAGWON."



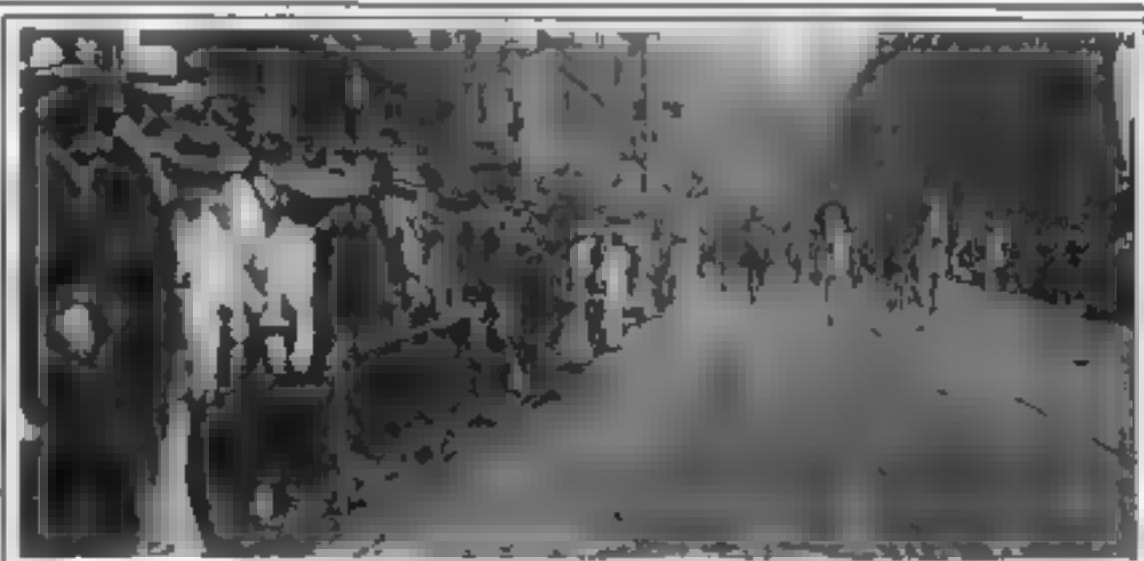
THE SLOOPERS "SLEETA" (P. P. WESTPORTER) AND "MABEL" (CHARLES BROTHERS) IN THE THIRTY-MILE RACE.

YACHT RACING SEASON AT ITS HEIGHT

EXCITING SQUADRA OF SWIFT SAILING-CRAFT OF THE LARGEST YACHT CLUB, JULY 17th. Photographs by A. J. Martin



"WE NEED MONROE AND FRANKLIN ADMINISTRATION"



WAGELY AWAITING THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY



PRESIDENT LEAVING COLUMBIAN STATION.

HOW PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT CELEBRATED THE FOURTH.

HE MADE AN IMPASSIVE ADDRESS AT HYUNTS, NEW YORK, TO AN AUDIENCE OF A QUARTER OF A MILLION



THE GOVERNMENT BREAKWATER WHICH AVES BE THE RIVER'S CURRENT



CRACKS. THE BANK BY WATER JOURNAL



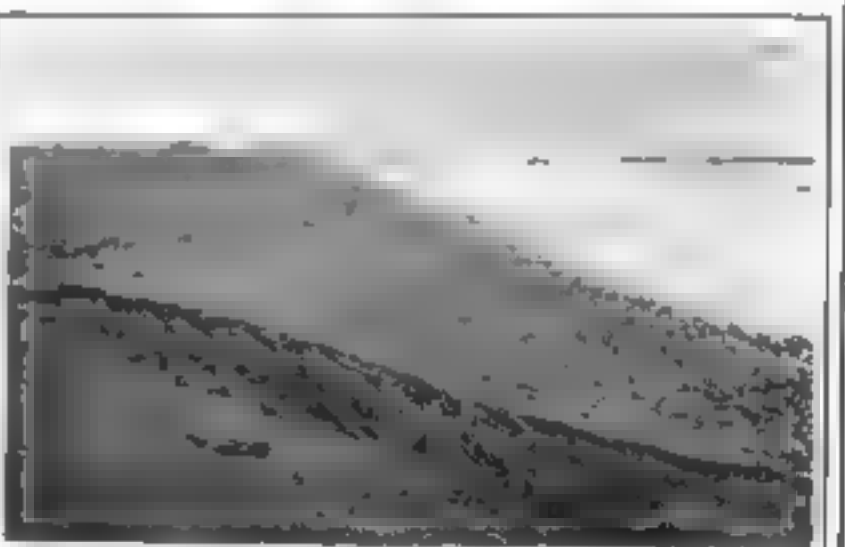
WEAVING A REED MAT OF WILLOW AS PROTECTION FOR THE BREAKWATER



BEHIND THE WILLOW MAT WITH BRICKS AND



WORKMEN ON BOARDING AND FITTING IN PLACE THE LATTICE MAT ON THE BREAKWATER



THE MAT WAS READY FOR THE LAST LATTICE OF ROCK



THE BREAKWATER COMPLETED

HOW A RAILROAD FIGHTS A MIGHTY RIVER

THE CHICAGO AND ALTON'S EXPENSIVE WORK TO PREVENT THE ENCROACHMENTS OF THE MISSOURI AT CAMBRIDGE, MO



TO GLARD AMERICAN INTERESTS IN TURBULENT HAVTI.

OFFICERS AND CREW OF THE UNITED STATES SLOOP "ALBATROSS," BEFORE SHE SAILED FROM THE MIDDLE EAST TOWN FOR PORT HATTIEK, NEAR INDOA, THE SCENE OF CIVIL WAR.

Copyright 1909

A Great Future for Alaska.

THE EXPECTATION of the last territory of Alaska promises to be one of the great features of American business activity during the current quarter century. Formerly despised as merely a waste of snow and ice, Alaska is becoming more and more noted for its extremely rich natural resources, which make the \$7,000,000 paid for it to Russia by the United States seem the merest trifle in comparison with its value. Expeditions are already testing the expediency of investment and the possible scope of enterprise in this practically new field. One of the probable and most important steps toward the development of the extensive domain is disclosed in a letter to the *Times* (London) from ex-Minister-General Thomas L. James, president of the Lincoln National bank of this city, who contributes frequently and ably to the columns of that able and interesting journal. General James states that it is understood in New York that Mr. James H. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway, is "seriously considering the commercial practicality of the construction of the Trans-Alaskan Railroad. This road, if built, will extend from Cook's inlet to Cape Nome a distance of 600 miles and will pass through a region of no mean agricultural worth it being well adapted for the production of potatoes and heavy grain, while the Cape Nome district is expected to be a permanent producer of gold in large quantities.

General James in his article refers to the proposed trip to Alaska of the Hon. Frederick W. Seward, with a party made up chiefly of mining capitalists, and including ex-United States Senator Warner Miller of Horkman, N. Y. Mr. Seward is the son of the late famous Secretary of State William H. Seward, and was formerly Assistant Secretary of State. He visited Alaska with his father when the latter retired from office, and he is president of the Finance of Alaska as was the far-seeing secretary who negotiated for its purchase. Mr. Seward is said by General James to have been deeply impressed with the mineral deposits, the fisheries, the forests and the grazing and agricultural land of the Territory. Mr. Seward agrees with Seneca Jones of Nevada, a mining expert, that the greatest lode of the gold mines of this continent is somewhere in Alaska and will yet be discovered, which will mean a vast addition to the gold supply. But without reference to that Mr. Seward looks for a tremendous

development of the Territory before long. He has interested himself in a project to establish speedy communication between Cape Nome and Seattle by means of wireless telegraphs. He even has been known to dispute the notion of winter in Alaska, declaring that the climate of the region, through which the railroad is to pass, does not differ greatly from that of upper Maine. Evidently Alaska will be the one of our greatest States.

A Novelty in Church Architecture.

THE CHURCH tendency against the erection of expensive church buildings adapted merely for use on a single day of the week is illustrated in the case of the structure about to be built for the congregation of the Broadway Tabernacle of New York. The old edifice having been sold a new and unique one, a combination of church and office building, is to be erected on the corner of Broadway and Fifty-sixth Street. The new Tabernacle will cost between \$750,000 and \$800,000, and will have an estimated final cost of \$440,000. A sketch made by the architects, a Stewart, Barry and Henry, has been shown how the church will appear when finished. The structure will have a relatively low front on Broadway but at the rear it will rise to the height of ten stories. In the part the offices, all of which will be used by the organizations of the church, are to be located.

The main auditorium will seat 1,500 persons. Behind it will be a lecture-room with a seating capacity of 500 and a banquet room in which 300 guests can be served. In the rear of the main auditorium will be a chapel named after the late famous pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. William M. Taylor. Above his chapel will be the part occupied as offices. One floor will be given up to the Sunday school and another will provide quarters for the societies of the women connected with the church. The third floor will be taken up by administrative offices and the studies of the pastor and his assistants. Above this will be the young men's floor with club and assembly rooms. On the next floor be apartments of the pastor and his family will be located, and the top floor will be devoted to a church library and museum. The style of the new Tabernacle will be late Gothic and the materials of the exterior will be light brick and terra cotta.

Pending its construction the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson and his flock are holding religious services in Mendham Hall, on Forty-fourth Street.

Baby's Diary.

A unique and handsome publication wherein to record the important events in baby's life has just been issued by Borden's Condensed Milk Co., 71 Hudson St., New York. It is not given away but is sent on receipt of ten cents.



PROPOSED NEW BROADWAY TABERNALE—A NOVEL NEW YORK CHURCH BUILDING.

The Little Railroad Folder.

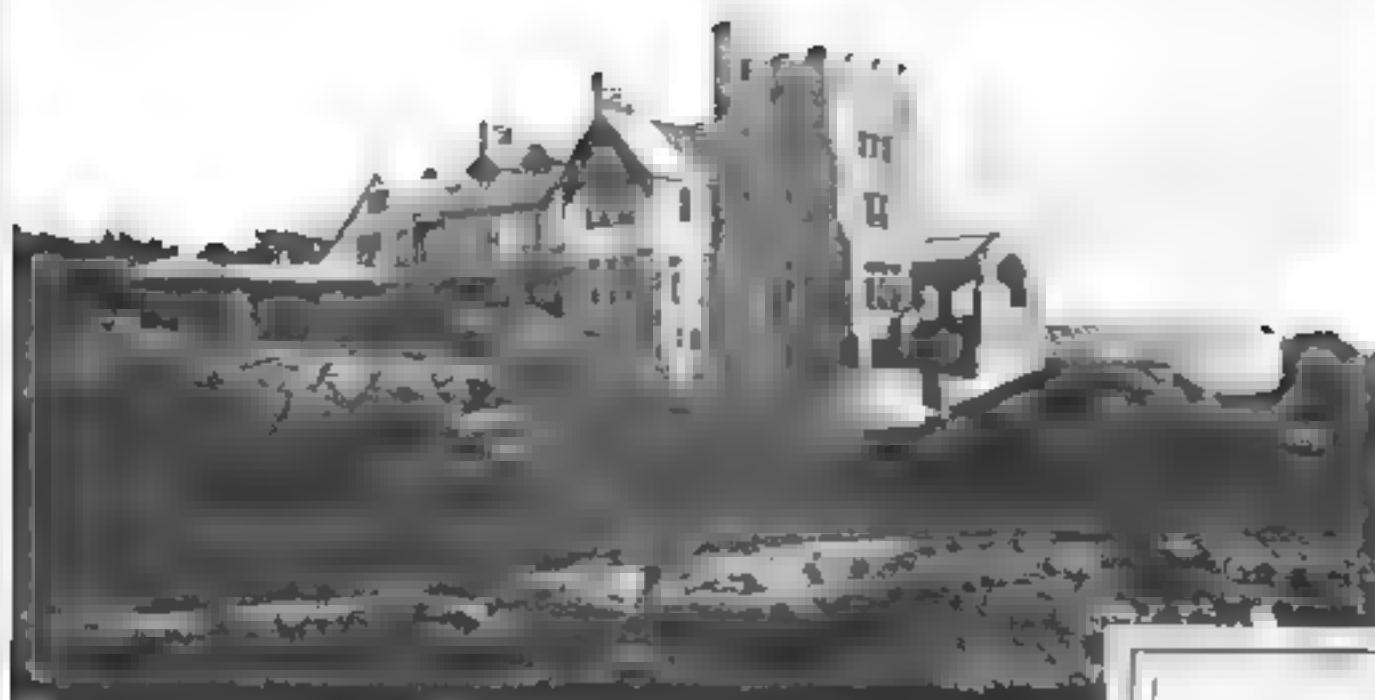
THE average person who picks up a railroad-time folder does not realize the enormous amount of work which the preparation of such a publication involves. Though it is given away free in every hotel and at every railroad office. The big Burlington system, for instance, has a general time folder made up from sixteen different divisions operating time tables. The folder contains 2,000 names of towns, gives the schedules of over 300 trains, and whenever there is a change in time 80,000 figures have to be carefully checked and corrected.



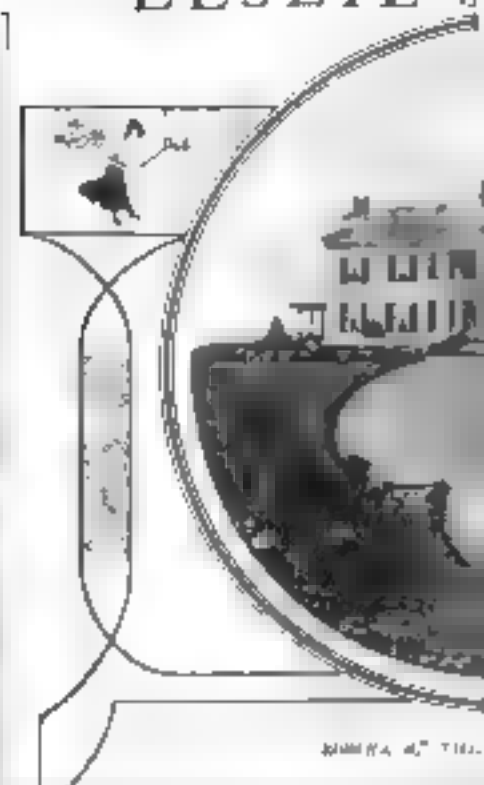
A SUMMER DAY AT CENTRAL PARK ZOO

WHERE THE THOUSANDS WHO VISIT THE GREAT PARK FOR RECREATION FIND LIVELY ENTERTAINMENT

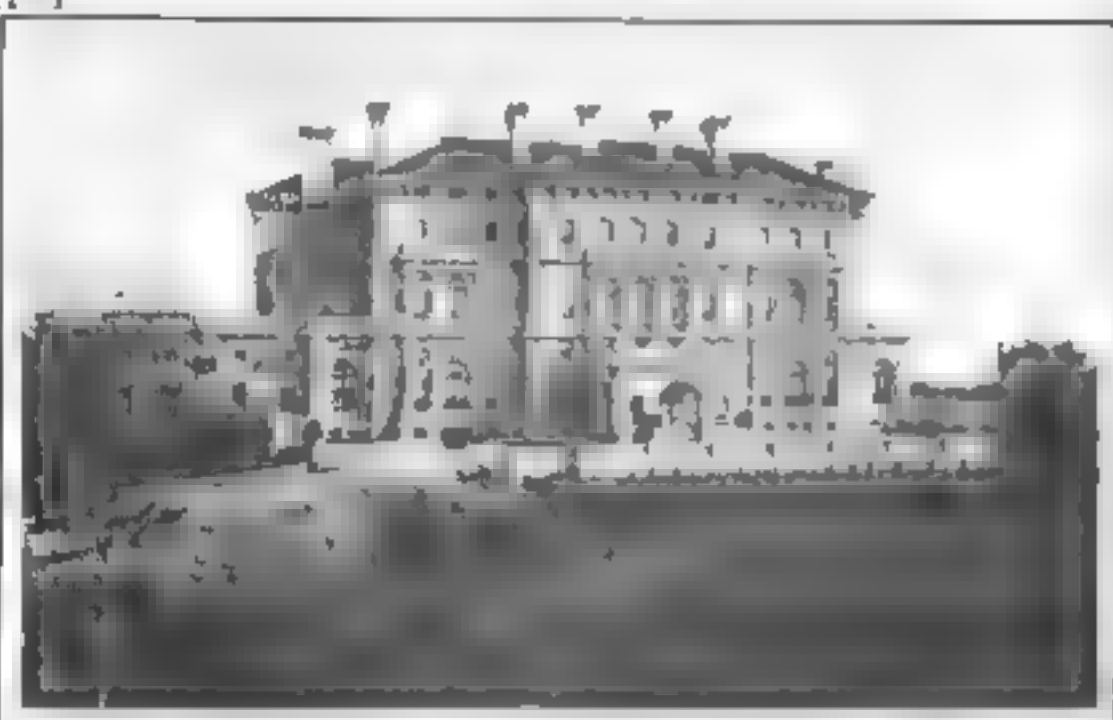
Scene by L. L. L. Photo by L. L. L.



THE HOUSE OF MR. J. B. COLEMAN, 1000 N. 10TH ST., NEWPORT, R. I.



WILSON & REID, 1000 N. 10TH ST., NEWPORT, R. I.



THE DELAWARE OF MR. J. B. COLEMAN, 1000 N. 10TH ST., NEWPORT, R. I.



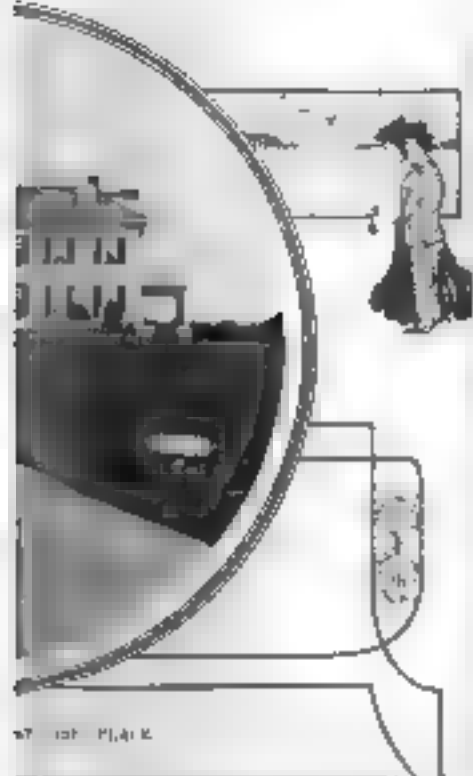
THE BRATTON OF MR. J. B. COLEMAN, 1000 N. 10TH ST., NEWPORT, R. I.



THE BRATTON OF MR. J. B. COLEMAN, 1000 N. 10TH ST., NEWPORT, R. I.

SEASIDE HOMES OF AMERICA

THE HEAVY ASSESSMENT ON THESE PROPERTIES AT NEWPORT, R. I., THIS



BY THE PLATE



THE FORTY-SEVEN ROOM HOUSE OF MARY JANE WHITNEY



BY THE PLATE



THE FORTY-SEVEN ROOM HOUSE OF MARY JANE WHITNEY



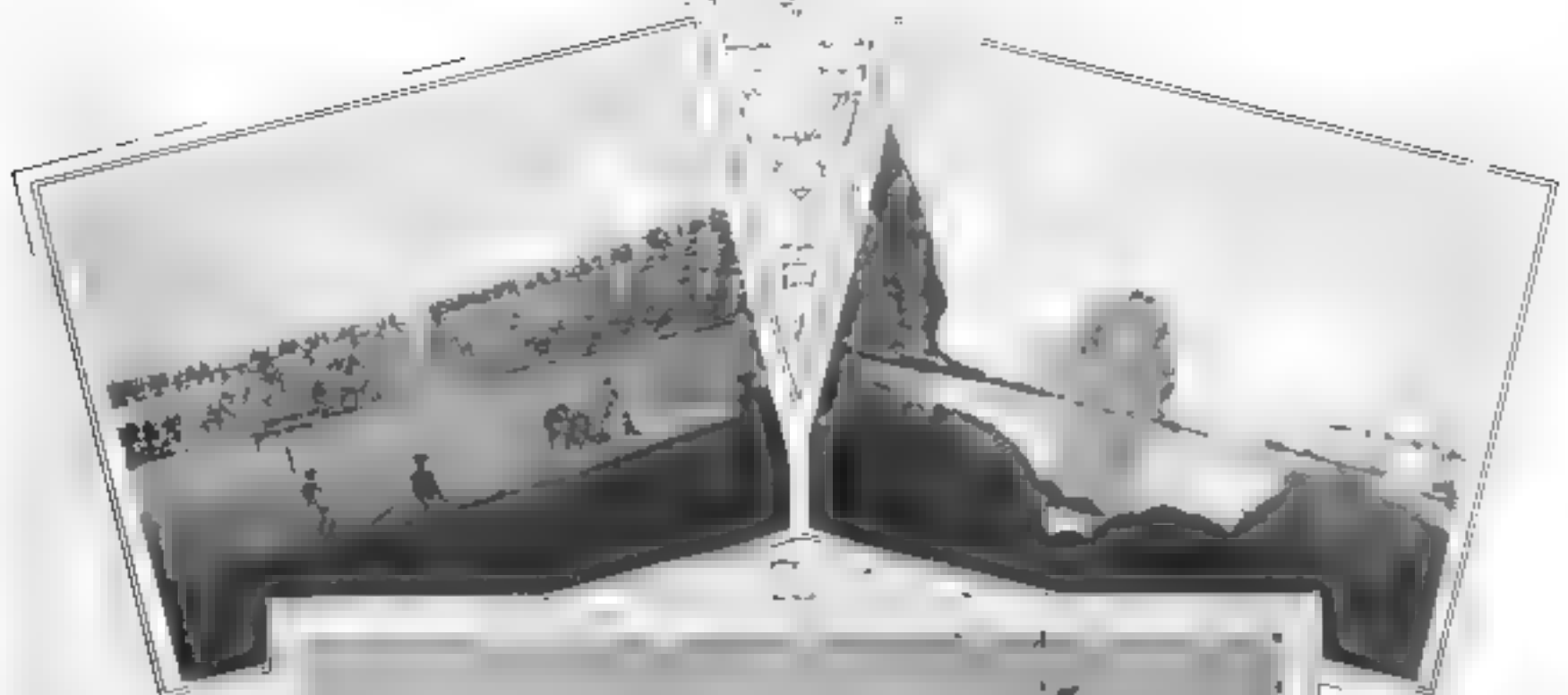
BY THE PLATE



THE FORTY-SEVEN ROOM HOUSE OF MARY JANE WHITNEY

RICAN MILLIONAIRES.

SON HAS CAUSED MUCH COMMENT -From Photographs for Leslie's Weekly by F. H. Childs



HOUSATONIC RIVER
AT HOUSATONIC, MISS.



HOUSATONIC RIVER
AT HOUSATONIC, MISS.



HOUSATONIC RIVER
AT HOUSATONIC, MISS.



HOUSATONIC RIVER
AT HOUSATONIC, MISS.



HOUSATONIC RIVER
AT HOUSATONIC, MISS.



STREET AS TRAFFIC STOPPED AND CROWD GATHERED BY
POINT IN THE STREET AT CHICAGO.

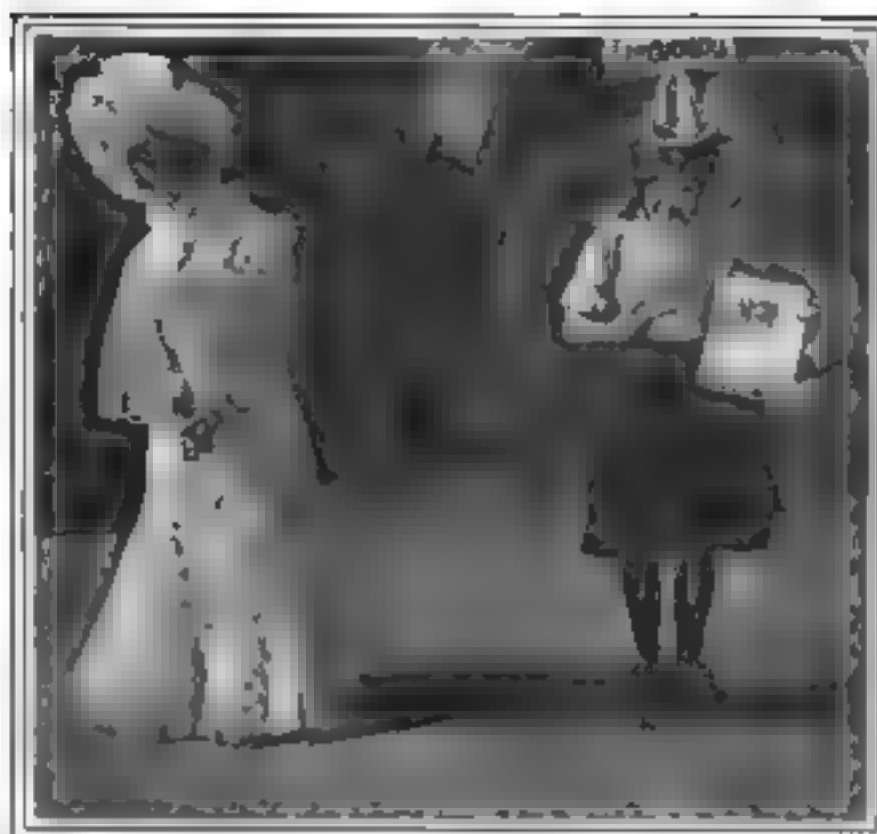


CITIZENS STANDING IN THE STREET BEHIND BARRIERS NEAR ATLANTA IN
WHICH FIVE OFFICERS AND FIVE SOLDIERS WERE KILLED.

OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—CALIFORNIA WINS.
SKILLED ARTISTS OF THE CAMERA RECORD STIRRING EVENTS AND THINGS CURIOUS AND PICTURESQUE.



MISS ELEANOR BURNB.
A talented young girl who has made a big step of
the night line dance in a A. B. Burnb. Burnb.

[illegible]

As the highly trained person responsible for the
 "A" team, I am proud of the fact that I have
 led them to success.



A METROPOLITAN FAVORITE.
Miss Adelaide Nichols as Mrs. Overton, the young
beauty. A Chicagoian. (Longer.)
Lillian. (Longer.)



When a name has been recently disclosed in New York, in the name of the individual



THE BLAUPHUT TYPE,
One of the new stars of the coming season. She will
be seen in "Gemma Green," a play by Miss
Grace Farrow. *Melrose.*



THE ELIZABETH HENNING,
Who will star as "Miss Trueman" Miss Ethel May
synonym's part as "Captain Finks of the Marine
Marines," this season.—*At 10 o'clock*



THE GREAT STRIKE,
The testimony of Mrs. Clara Floodwood in the ever-
moving picture *My Lady in the Wings of*
the World. *Life picture.*



THE PENCE BARRELL
An Ancient Dagger in A Royal Family which is
the only one used by Miss Havard in her
own marriage. *Offered.*

Midsummer Amusements

THE SCAY AT HOME public of New York and the great crowd of summer visitors, which even he dog days cannot keep away must be entertained and they find plenty of enjoyment at the first class seaside like Hampden like Shantree, with their very excellent deck equipment in the best manner and convenience at berth, with a variety bill that is always changing and always good as he takes trips with its accessories and other unique features, and also a half a dozen other playhouses of sorts of low cost—price for those who want a popular theatrical treat there are other indications at various north beach listing shows include "The Wild Horse of the Pan Cheyenne," A Chorus Honey-moon, at the season.

The changes in the better Shantree since at the New York Theatre and he is musical extravaganza "The Helmsman" at the Herald Square by the seaside.

Manhattan Beach gives us Shantree a hand in the afternoon and in the evening Pan magnificent spectacular fireworks entitled Ancient Home followed by a first-class comic opera company at the beach casino. The grand gardens of New York are all so full blast with new attrac-

know light and he had an abundance of friends and the distinguished members of the intelligentsia and great society to enjoy while on a visit to the metropolis.

To gratify so many of the tastes of course as far as possible to please the state school through night and day, ranging from music and French and all the way to being accomplished there and more frequently in New York. And to conduct a series of business and school programs, he had in a way given people there a miniature garden. The featured the two series of subjects, literature and language, placed the result that summer gardens have demonstrated all in all parts of the city. The school of time is for French kind with Mrs. Louis Seward and Herod was where he had teachers especially have enjoyed. The music is furnished as an extension of activity for people and forms demonstration when for the occasion had an occasion in the old building, especially in the building. The program was also toward. The old masters contribute the best that they have produced the two masters too are on the list. The price of admission being fifty cents, brings the exhibition in the class of pictures given called popular. It is a pleasant place to drop in to be entertained.



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YOUNG LARRY H. McCOMB,
owner of the town of the firmware, and a member
of Miss Elmer de Vette's company and agent.



THE GREAT BRICK RESIDENCE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE ECONOMY CEMENT WORKS.



THE DRESS OF THE COMMUNITY IS CHARACTERISTIC DRESS.



TYPICAL ECONOMY DWELLING, HAVING ONE DOOR OPENING ON THE STREET, BUT INTO THE LAND ONLY.



A STREET IN ECONOMY—QUIET SCENE. IN 1892 THE MEN ARE SEATED ON ONE SIDE AND THE WOMEN ON THE OTHER DURING SERVICE.

THE CURIOUS COMMUNITY AT ECONOMY, PENN.

THE ONE BUILDING AND QUARTY PEOPLE OF A TOWN WHICH WILL BE INHABITED BY A LARGER NEW PLANT OF THE ECONOMY TRUST.

Economy and Its Curious People.

NO PART of the rich and fertile Ohio valley is more beautiful to look upon than the very beginning of it just below the junction of an Allegheny and Monongahela rivers and the extremely picturesque extensive city of Pittsburgh. The house of that huge and various and other members of that metropolitan of houses, character and industrial enterprise of which Mr. Carnegie stands as a representative type. The valley below Pittsburgh for twenty miles or more is the chosen suburban district of the city. Here upon the gently rolling hills and the picturesque bluffs overlooking the river are many lovely residences, the houses of the suburban aristocracy with their spacious lawns, their gardens, their parks and every other appurtenance which a cultured taste can suggest and wealth command. A few miles the most delightful of these suburban villages and a center of wealth and fashion, the valley suddenly widens into a noble stretch of rolling meadows, orchards and vine yards, intersected with immediate roads and lovely lanes and shaded byways and near club-houses for lovers of golf and other outdoor sports dotted here and there upon the adjacent slopes.

Six miles farther down the Ohio, where the valley is broader still lies the quiet little village of Economy founded and occupied for many years by a sect of German pietists, a body of religious, a briefly honest and industrious people now flourishing but now diminished in numbers to a feeble and lingering remnant. The village itself has an alien, other-world aspect as pronounced in its way as the accent of its older inhabitants, and if one should be dropped into the midst of it asleep he might well think when he opened his eyes that he had awakened in some pretty bit in the heart of the fatherland itself. Economy like many of its excellent people is built "on the square" after the manner of a checker-board. All the houses are alike, their doors opening not from the street, but from inward gardens at the side. Nearly every house has a trellis over its front with climbing grape vines from the fruit of which, in its season, the Economites make a wine whose fame in former days went far beyond the valley.

The sect at Economy is known in religious annals as the Harmonists, was founded by one Rapp, a German pietist who came to this country with several followers in 1803. They located first about twenty-five miles north of Pittsburgh, but afterward removed to Posey County, Ind., where they prospered and grew rich and strong. In 1825 a transfer was made to Economy, the present home where for many years they continued to thrive and were happy and contented.

The Economites are criticized by prohibition and practice and property is held in common. The membership was formerly recruited with orphan children brought from

Germany. The people have always been on good terms with their neighbors, no scandals have befallen them, they and they have always been the reputation of being a peaceable, industrious and hospitable folk. Their place of worship is a large plain structure on the edge of the village where services are conducted in German and the choir is led by the village band. The women and men sit apart and the heads of all remain covered. In recent years the community has been composed chiefly of former laborers and other employees and dependents, some of whom have exchanged the bonds of the society.

The Economites own, in their corporate capacity, several thousand acres of the most fertile farm land in the valley and their extensive meadows and wide-stretching fields of wheat and corn are far to look upon in the summer season, and great herds of fine high-bred cattle "feeding upon the hills" add to the quiet beauty of the scene. In former years, under the shared management of the late father Rapp, their last great leader and spiritual guide, the Economites accumulated a surplus from their factories and farm products which they invested in railroad stocks and other valuable holdings. Their wealth at one time was estimated in the millions and an interesting and much-debated question has been as to what disposition will be made of this wealth and who will inherit it all when the last of the Economites is laid away in the nameless cemetery in the village or hard an event which cannot be far away as the course of time and nature runs.

Recently the sale of Economy itself, as well as the valley land for several miles up toward Pittsburgh, has been much speculated for manufacturing purposes, and at last late last month Economy a great new plant has already erected a plant, and now at hand by the creek known as the Newville a large tract of land was recently bought by another company which proposes to erect a plant employing a thousand men. Latest of all comes the announcement that the United States Steel Company, the greatest and most powerful of all industrial corporations, is about to locate an enormous manufacturing plant at Economy for better construction, large enough to give employment to 5,000 men. When this event comes to pass, all that is left of Economy as the home of the pious Rapp and his zealous adherents will doubtless be swallowed up in the smoke and roar of the gigantic industrial enterprise. Her quiet and picturesque dwellings may be occupied by the laborers, many of them foreigners who will come with the great factory and her old people will be distinguished and scattered by the host of newcomers. The change may be a gain on the side of opportunities for labor and the productivity of wealth, but it will certainly be a loss in the elements that make for peace and the picturesque phases of life in the upper Ohio valley.

The Pacific Coast's Exposition

THEY W. L. L. he held in the city of Portland, Oregon. In 1905 a great fair to last several months is now being planned, the centennial of the arrival of Lewis and Clark on the Pacific coast after their journey from the mouth of the Missouri on the first and the greatest of the American government's expeditions of exploration. The historical and political consequences of that expedition were incalculable. It furnished the United States with one of the richest and one of the strongest of its claims by which it secured undisputed possession, in the treaty with England in 1846 of the vast empire on the western side of the Rocky Mountains comprising the western States of Oregon, Washington and Idaho and parts of the States of Montana and Wyoming.

The citizens of Portland and of Oregon in general are proceeding in an energetic and intelligent way to get up a fair of which the Pacific coast and the whole country will be proud. The company which is to manage the fair has been incorporated and has ex-Senator Henry W. Corbett as its president. The capital stock originally set at \$200,000, was raised in two days and then it was enlarged to \$500,000. The city of Portland is to provide the site and use of two buildings. Oregon's Legislature is to be asked for an appropriation for it of \$500,000. The Legislatures of Washington, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, and British Columbia have indicated the prospect and assurances have been given that they will make liberal appropriations to it. California has manifested its interest in the idea, and is expected to contribute handsomely toward it. Congress will be asked to appropriate \$2,500,000.

It was with the Oregon Historical Society whose president is H. W. Seed, editor of the Portland Oregonian that the idea of a great fair for the Lewis and Clark centennial originated. The project made an immediate appeal to all the people of that city and State, and has been received with favor by those of the entire section west of the continental divide as well as by British Columbia. The St. Louis fair of 1904 will help the Portland enterprise for many of the best exhibits from all parts of the world will, it is expected, be removed at the end of 1904 from the city on the Mississippi to the city on the Columbia.

The Lewis and Clark fair of 1905 will have exhibits from all parts of the world, but its especial purpose will be to display the growth products, resources and capabilities of the Pacific coast and the Rocky Mountain region of the United States and of Canada, of those of the United States possessions in Hawaii, the Philippines, and other parts of the great western ocean, as well as of the resources of China, India, and the rest of the great Asiatic countries. It will thus cover a field which has not been adequately touched by any of the other expositions—a field which is constantly and rapidly growing in importance.

We eat
Malta-VitaTM FOOD
FOR
BRAIN AND MUSCLE

Malta-Vita
FOOD

PURE PALATABLE NUTRITION

Gives strength, clear complexion,
bright eyes, sound sleep, the
blessings of

MALTA-VITA

MORPHINE.

... ..

Est. in 1844 by Rev. John H. Stoddard, D.D., President, Yale

Greatest Joke of the Season

1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.10	1.11	1.12	1.13	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.17	1.18	1.19	1.20	1.21	1.22	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.26	1.27	1.28	1.29	1.30	1.31	1.32	1.33	1.34	1.35	1.36	1.37	1.38	1.39	1.40	1.41	1.42	1.43	1.44	1.45	1.46	1.47	1.48	1.49	1.50	1.51	1.52	1.53	1.54	1.55	1.56	1.57	1.58	1.59	1.60	1.61	1.62	1.63	1.64	1.65	1.66	1.67	1.68	1.69	1.70	1.71	1.72	1.73	1.74	1.75	1.76	1.77	1.78	1.79	1.80	1.81	1.82	1.83	1.84	1.85	1.86	1.87	1.88	1.89	1.90	1.91	1.92	1.93	1.94	1.95	1.96	1.97	1.98	1.99	2.00	2.01	2.02	2.03	2.04	2.05	2.06	2.07	2.08	2.09	2.10	2.11	2.12	2.13	2.14	2.15	2.16	2.17	2.18	2.19	2.20	2.21	2.22	2.23	2.24	2.25	2.26	2.27	2.28	2.29	2.30	2.31	2.32	2.33	2.34	2.35	2.36	2.37	2.38	2.39	2.40	2.41	2.42	2.43	2.44	2.45	2.46	2.47	2.48	2.49	2.50	2.51	2.52	2.53	2.54	2.55	2.56	2.57	2.58	2.59	2.60	2.61	2.62	2.63	2.64	2.65	2.66	2.67	2.68	2.69	2.70	2.71	2.72	2.73	2.74	2.75	2.76	2.77	2.78	2.79	2.80	2.81	2.82	2.83	2.84	2.85	2.86	2.87	2.88	2.89	2.90	2.91	2.92	2.93	2.94	2.95	2.96	2.97	2.98	2.99	3.00	3.01	3.02	3.03	3.04	3.05	3.06	3.07	3.08	3.09	3.10	3.11	3.12	3.13	3.14	3.15	3.16	3.17	3.18	3.19	3.20	3.21	3.22	3.23	3.24	3.25	3.26	3.27	3.28	3.29	3.30	3.31	3.32	3.33	3.34	3.35	3.36	3.37	3.38	3.39	3.40	3.41	3.42	3.43	3.44	3.45	3.46	3.47	3.48	3.49	3.50	3.51	3.52	3.53	3.54	3.55	3.56	3.57	3.58	3.59	3.60	3.61	3.62	3.63	3.64	3.65	3.66	3.67	3.68	3.69	3.70	3.71	3.72	3.73	3.74	3.75	3.76	3.77	3.78	3.79	3.80	3.81	3.82	3.83	3.84	3.85	3.86	3.87	3.88	3.89	3.90	3.91	3.92	3.93	3.94	3.95	3.96	3.97	3.98	3.99	4.00	4.01	4.02	4.03	4.04	4.05	4.06	4.07	4.08	4.09	4.10	4.11	4.12	4.13	4.14	4.15	4.16	4.17	4.18	4.19	4.20	4.21	4.22	4.23	4.24	4.25	4.26	4.27	4.28	4.29	4.30	4.31	4.32	4.33	4.34	4.35	4.36	4.37	4.38	4.39	4.40	4.41	4.42	4.43	4.44	4.45	4.46	4.47	4.48	4.49	4.50	4.51	4.52	4.53	4.54	4.55	4.56	4.57	4.58	4.59	4.60	4.61	4.62	4.63	4.64	4.65	4.66	4.67	4.68	4.69	4.70	4.71	4.72	4.73	4.74	4.75	4.76	4.77	4.78	4.79	4.80	4.81	4.82	4.83	4.84	4.85	4.86	4.87	4.88	4.89	4.90	4.91	4.92	4.93	4.94	4.95	4.96	4.97	4.98	4.99	5.00	5.01	5.02	5.03	5.04	5.05	5.06	5.07	5.08	5.09	5.10
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A **substructure** is a subset of a larger structure that is itself a structure. For example, the set of even integers is a substructure of the set of all integers. In this case, the larger structure is the set of all integers, and the smaller structure is the set of even integers. The substructure must satisfy the same properties as the larger structure. For example, the set of even integers is closed under addition and multiplication, and it contains the identity elements for both operations (0 and 1).

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SECRET REF ID: A66582

Foreign Students in Israel Study, \$3,000

Perhaps there is all information on the United States and its Marine. Perhaps the Philippines Islands (and French Samoa, Caroline and Hawaii) have separate divisions or sub-divisions in New York in the express or postal order or by which the letter is a copy placed of anything registered at New York, all of which would be of the

Thursday, July 24, 1902

Back to the Country

ONE OF THE most significant facts concerning the last 10 years comes from the Federal Reserve's study of changes in the national debt. It is shown by the percentage increase in the total principal of the mortgage for the last 10 years from what the Federal Reserve has the right, the drift from the rural regions to the town being greater and more marked than in any previous decade in our national history. In many sections of the country, and particularly in the slave States, it was shown that the white population had actually declined and the colored population had increased.

[illegible][illegible]

And for the first time, the people of the world are beginning to understand that the only way to achieve a better world is through the cooperation of all nations. The United Nations is the only organization that can bring about this cooperation. It is the only organization that can bring about the peace and stability that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the economic development that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the social progress that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the cultural enrichment that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the spiritual growth that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the human progress that the world needs. It is the only organization that can bring about the world that we all want to live in.

If, for example, a given number of families want to settle in one place, they can get together and build a house, possibly in a good locality, and the group of people can forget their old life and go together to the new place. They can build a garden and a house and a kitchen and a bathroom and a water supply and a sewerage system and a road for motor cars. By grouping together in a village they might secure for themselves the advantages of churches, schools, libraries, sanitary and lighting facilities, and many other good things not possible to individual families scattered at long distances from each other.

But due account should also be made in this consideration of factors now at work (and the possibilities of the readiness of country life which did not exist a few years ago, and which in the future must undoubtedly make strides in the rural districts much more attractive and desirable than it has been in the past. Among these are the extension of rural mail delivery and use of local telephones and trolley lines. It is Edward Everett Hale's contention that the modern post-office is one of the greatest of popular educators, and the kind of in-

cation thus afforded may be greatly promoted by a system under which newspapers and letters may be sent and received every day in remote country neighborhoods, instead of only once a week, as is now often the case.

The remarkable growth of the independent telephone system in the farming districts of Ohio, Indiana, and other parts of the country, and the general reduction in telephone rates, indicate that the time is near at hand when this means of social and business communication will be available to every citizen of the United States.

[illegible]

Government on the Rabble Theory

THE PRACTICE of relating congressional testimony from major witnesses in speeches to a congressional discussion is not the only way to do so. It is also possible to use the testimony of a single witness to illustrate a point in a speech. For example, in the case of the testimony of a single witness, the speaker may use the testimony to illustrate a point in a speech. For example, in the case of the testimony of a single witness, the speaker may use the testimony to illustrate a point in a speech.

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It is the parallel and mirrored method of filling positions

[illegible]

Common tendency to say nothing of the wages and precedents of the legislative body of which he is a member include that a representative serving his first term should be put forward as a leader of his more experienced fellow-legislators. How much a district loses, therefore, by the rotation practice in the way of power and influ-

ever in legislative matters relating to its own interests, in any manner of the form to the State of large running from, and from and participation in the public affairs and

It is far indeed, the whole theory of government as expounded at the Madison system is from any sound and rational theory need hardly be stated. The difference between them is all that existing between a government administered by a cable for a cable, where *scamper* characterizes *whiffles*, and *whiffles* are *scamper* dominant features, and a government administered on business principles for business ends where office-holding is as much and not as *whiffles* and where *whiffles* of *scamper*, *whiffles*, *whiffles*, and *whiffles* have the same weight in determining *whiffles* of *scamper* that they do in most other spheres of trust. In the light of these facts we should very much be *whiffles* of the *whiffles* that the Secretary of the Treasury has decided that after five years of service the employees of the customs department having finished their period of *whiffles* must be *whiffles* by *whiffles*.

The Plain Truck

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

THE CRITICISM that Mayor Low's administration thus far has been unfruitful of great or helpful action against the city's financial and economic ills is not only unfounded but also is largely based on a misunderstanding of the situation. The city's financial condition is not as bad as it is made out to be. The city's economic condition is not as bad as it is made out to be. The city's financial condition is not as bad as it is made out to be. The city's economic condition is not as bad as it is made out to be.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

ONE OF the most cheering signs of the progress of humanity is the growing readiness of wealthy men



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while to do so, by reason of sickness or disabilities, he who have been discharged from hospitals before receiving sufficient strength to assume their regular employments." This is the largest sum ever given by a single individual for the sick and convalescing purpose quoted. The sum of such a fund maintained by charity workers and there is no doubt that the trustees, or Mayor Wm. M. Hewitt, Edward M. Shepard, Frank K. Sturges and William Hubbard White, will administer it in the wisest way possible. They have formed a corporation entitled in honor of the donor, the Star of William Macintosh, under Hotel Kensington and will probably be associated with Hospital and Dispensary on Fifth Avenue also. An individual of considerable means, Mr. Macpherson, who is eighty-five years old, was born in this city and made his money in trading with the West Indies and South America. He is a bachelor, without near relatives and lives in a modest house in West Forty-seventh street, New York. Though he has repaid his creditors in a day he shows kindly. He is a man of considerable culture and is highly esteemed by his friends. Naturally his generosity has evoked universal praise, for as Philosopher John Johnson, of the *Trav. Press*, says: "Men like John M. Macpherson convince us that this is a pretty good world, despite all evidence to the contrary."

AMONG THE residents of the ill-fated island of Martinique is Heloise, the ex-King of Dahomey, who is held as a prisoner by the French government at Fort de France. After the awful catastrophe at St. Pierre the old monarch wrote a pathetic letter to the Minister of the colonies at Paris, imploring him to allow him to leave the island for France. He declared that he had been fairly treated, but that the shock of the eruption had brought on an attack of nervous fever, which would shorten his life if he remained on the island.

THE INTEREST taken in outdoor sports by many American youth seems to be in general wholesome and



WALTER M. HARRIS, JR.,
Winner of the nation's national law essay
competition

[illegible]

James and Miss Atkinson, who defeated Miss Banks and Miss Holtermann, 6-2, 7-3.

THE PERSONAL attack by Senator Bailey, of Texas, on Senator Beveridge of Indiana, in the United States Senate Chamber on the next to the closing day of the late session of Congress was as regrettable as it was unprovoked. It was the second occurrence of the kind during the session, the first having been the Tillman-McLaurin encounter, which created so great a sensation. After the exchange of heated words in debate but also a nod to the truth, but after the Senate had adjourned for the day, Mr. Bailey demanded that Mr. Beveridge retract certain language the latter had used. Mr. Beveridge acquiesced but firmly refused to do so, whereupon Mr. Bailey attempted to seize the Indiana Senator by the throat and threatened to kill him. Other Senators intervened and pulled Mr. Bailey away. Mr. Beveridge preserved his dignity and made no gesture and order tried to render the attack as unimportant as the matter is in reality. As his language was entirely paragonic, Mr. Bailey's conduct was without excuse. The words which Mr. Bailey uttered were an unprovoked attack.

[illegible]

in which our Mr. Herzig characterized Mr. Bailey's grossly improper use of the State Department for an alleged failure to furnish him with information in connection with the charges against the Hon. Frank Clayton, our ambassador in Mexico. Mr. Herzig thought Mr. Bailey's remarks reflected on him (Herzig) and Judge Peckfield the minister of the department and no need of a phrase quoted. Mr. Bailey said to this an astonished and he stood and demanded a withdrawal of which Mr. Herzig declined to make although demanding any intention to punish the Secretary (from) Logan.

LAST YEAR the site of the one hundred and fifty-fifth anniversary between the alumni, students and friends of Princeton University were treated to a singular surprise in the resignation of President James I. Patton, who has been at the head of the institution for thirteen years, and under whose wise and careful administration it has grown and prospered as never before. Dr. Patton's chief reason for taking this step, as stated by himself in the desire to carry on literary plans on a larger scale than he could do by retaining the presidency. He will still retain the professorship in ethics. The universal regret felt over Dr. Patton's resignation (even a post he has filled with such conspicuous ability as testified by the fact that the university is so suffering in spirit and without an executive head a successor to Dr. Patton must come



DR. FRANCIS L. PATTON AND PROFESSOR WOODROW WILSON.
The old and the new presidents of Princeton University

diplomatic class in the person of Professor Woodrow Wilson, who has won a membership of the Princeton faculty since 1909 holding the professorship of jurisprudence. Through his literary work President-elect Woodrow Wilson has been widely known for some years. While yet a student at Johns Hopkins in 1903 his book "Congressional Government: A Study in American Politics" at once attracted attention on both sides of the Atlantic and gave

never been more ably and successfully served than under the administration of Mr. Parker, and his name will rank in the history of this institution with the greatest and wisest of them all. No better future can be desired for President Wilson than that he shall prove a worthy successor of such men.

WE ARE gratified to learn, through an authoritative source that Dr. William Elliot Griffith also will



DR. WILLIAM F. CHIFFO,
Founder and Director of
Lynchburg

[illegible][illegible]

It is indeed a good deal to say of a woman that she is the best dressed in London, but this is the distortion.



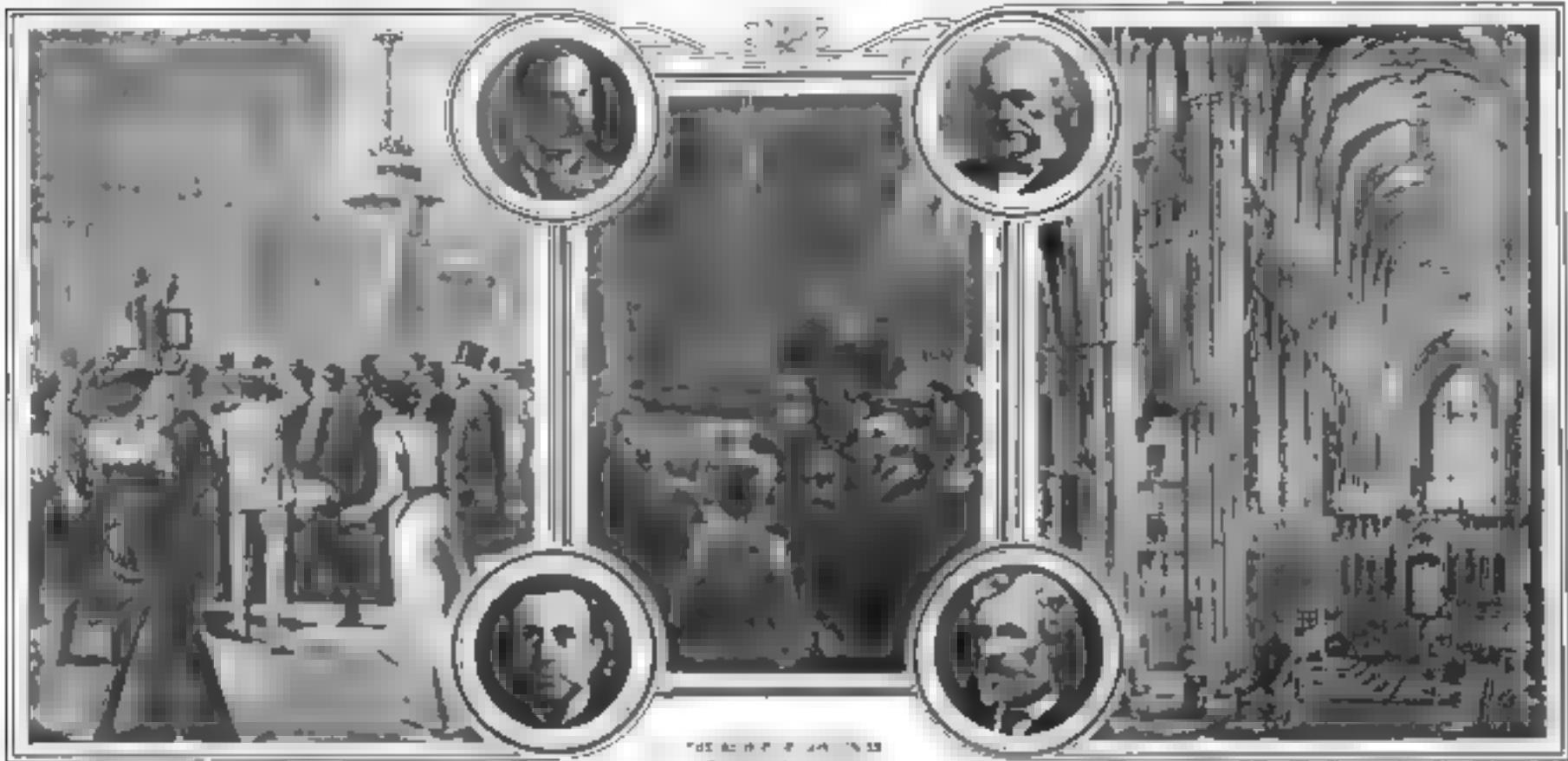
LAKE ANDERSON GOVERNMENT RESERVE
The land drive is open to the public

London, England. He is now practicing in Miami, Florida.

[illegible]

MR. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.

LOUIS BRANSON,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.



CORONATION VICTORIES EAGERLY READING THE
PULPITMAN AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

MR. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.

MR. THOMAS SMITH,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.

MR. THOMAS A. WATSON,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.

MR. THOMAS A. WATSON,
Nominally without subject, was
presented the nomination.

THE STRICKEN KING OF GREAT BRITAIN

STREET IN LONDON STREETS AND IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY DURING THE REIGN OF KING EDWARD'S ILLNESS. PHOTOGRAPHS WERE ATTACHED TO THE ROYAL PICTURE.—From Black and White.

A Notable Golden Anniversary

IN NO department of his activities has the Methodist Episcopal Church given larger or more indubitable evidence of its progressive and aggressive spirit its more and more and more and more in the great work of winning the world to the Christian faith than in the use of the press. Its employment for teaching, influencing, and instructing the people through the medium of the press, in the high character and notable efficiency of its own denominational journals and the local and general magazines which it has generally accorded to them. Certainly in religious denomination in the United States none will second us in our estimate of the value of the press in the work of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Nearly every large city and every section of the country North and South, has the Methodist Episcopal Church. There are not less than fifteen of these journals altogether, all of them under the direct direction and control of the denomination, all of them edited and published by men of conspicuous ability and great fitness for the work selected and elected to this service by the church assemblies. The influence which these journals collectively exert in the propagation of religious truth and the general promotion of righteousness in society and government is incalculable. A estimate calculated, we think of them not as a literary, financial, and brilliant spirit in our land, but as a force with the view of meritorious achievement.

We are reminded of all this by the appearance of the jubilee number of the *Northwestern*, the state journal published in Chicago, one of the oldest as well as one of the best and most influential of these denominational papers. The *Northwestern* has been specially happy and fortunate in the character and ability of its editors.

chosen to conduct it during the fifty years of its life several of them like the late Dr. Arthur Loomis being men of exceptional intellectual gifts and practical abilities who have won a national reputation in their field. How large and important a place the *Northwestern* has occupied in the religious life and thought of the day is made evident in some measure by the edition and testimonies to its power and influence contributed to the jubilee number by prominent men of all ranks, creeds and professions throughout the country. And it is not just and fair to say that in all the long and useful career the *Northwestern* has been a most valued and judiciously chosen as a force winning and gathering spirit and never so attractively printed as it is at the present time. We have heard much lately in various quarters about the degeneracy of religious journalism, but there are surely no signs of decay in the ranks of the bright, vigorous and aggressive *Northwestern* fresh and youthful in spirit in spite of its fifty years.

Have You Eaten Too Much?

Take Homebody's Acid Phosphate.

If your dinner disagrees you, half a teaspoon in half a glass of water gives quick relief.

Of course you can live without telephone service but you don't live as much as you might because telephone service saves time and time is the stuff of life. Homebody's Acid Phosphate is available from 3-34 a year New York Telephone Co. 13 Dry St. 113 W. 24th St.

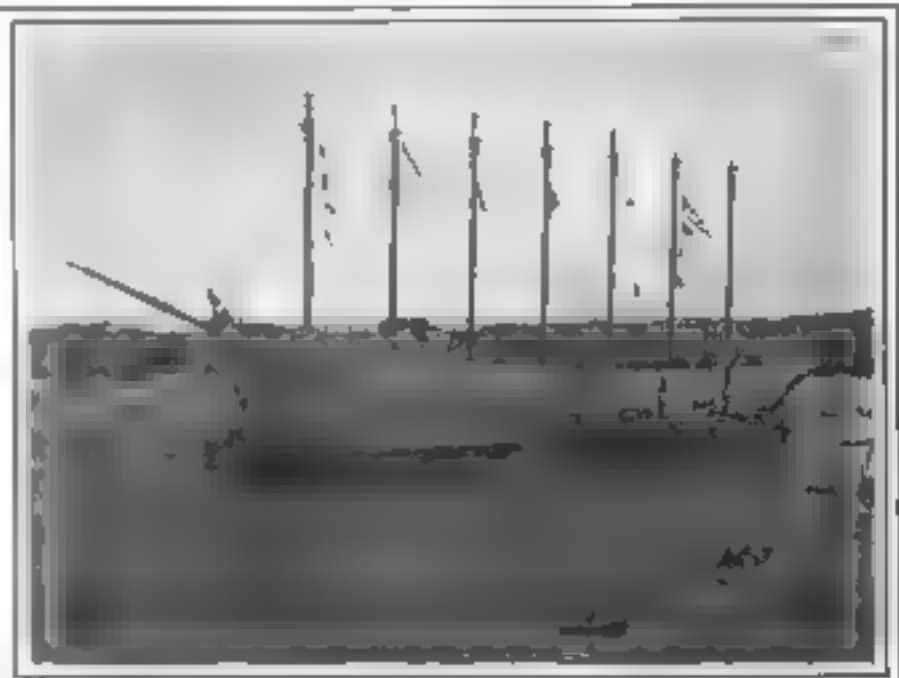
Unique Sailing-vessel with Seven Masts.

A FEW of unusual interest and importance in the building of the enterprise of Americans in the matter of ship-building was the recent launching of the *Thomas W. Lawson*, the first seven-masted schooner and the largest American sailing-vessel ever built. The affair naturally attracted a large assembly and the vessel was christened by Miss Helen Watson, a sophomore at Wellesley College and the daughter of Mr. Thomas A. Watson, president of the Fore River Ship and Engine Company. The *Thomas W. Lawson* was built for a syndicate headed by Captain John A. Watson with whom the idea of a seven-masted schooner originated. The craft is made of steel, is 400 feet long, 50 feet 6 inches wide and with a maximum draft of 18. It is said to draw twenty-eight feet. The full spread of canvas will be seven masts and 48,000 square feet and the schooner is expected under favorable conditions to make twenty-four miles an hour, equipping well to keep up speed with the fastest steamship. While the *Lawson* will be propelled by sails nearly all the work on sails, masts and cargo will be done by steam power, there being six engines aboard. For this reason a crew of only six men will be required.

The launching of the *Lawson* marked a revival of ship-building in Massachusetts and the development of a type of sailing-vessel which, it is expected, can successfully compete in many uses of trade with the steamship. The Fore River Ship and Engine Company's yard is a model one and in it are being constructed the sailing ships *New Jersey* and *Rhode Island*. The cruiser *Delaware* about to be launched and two torpedo-boat destroyers are among the vessels recently built at the yard.



MISS HELEN WATSON CHAPTAINING THE VESSEL AS IT GLIDES DOWN THE WAYS.



A SEVEN-MASTED, THE LARGEST AMERICAN SAILING SHIP ON RECORD.

A MARVEL OF AMERICAN SHIP-BUILDING SKILL.

LAUNCHING, AT THE YARDS OF THE FORE RIVER SHIP AND ENGINE CO. AT QUINCY, MASS., OF THE "THOMAS W. LAWSON," THE FIRST SEVEN-MASTED SCHOONER EVER BUILT.



MINERS AT THE SCENE OF THE EXPLOSION, JULY 20, 1902, AT THE CAMBRIA STEEL COMPANY'S MINE, JOHNSTOWN, PENN.



FATHERS OF THE DEPARTED MINERS WITH THEIR WIVES AND CHILDREN, JULY 20, 1902, AT THE CAMBRIA STEEL COMPANY'S MINE, JOHNSTOWN, PENN.



MINERS AT THE SCENE OF THE EXPLOSION, JULY 20, 1902, AT THE CAMBRIA STEEL COMPANY'S MINE, JOHNSTOWN, PENN.

ONE OF THE MOST TERRIBLE MINING DISASTERS OF THE NEW CENTURY
 ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTEEN LIVES LOST BY EXPLOSION IN THE CAMBRIA STEEL COMPANY'S MINE, JOHNSTOWN, PENN.



VIEW OF BEACH AND SEA FROM THE AMERICAN END OF THE BRIDGE.



A "HUTCH" HERE BURNED AND IN FIRE DESTROYED A
"HUTCH" AT THE OTHER END.



VIEW FROM THE BRIDGE AT THE AMERICAN END OF THE BRIDGE
HOME OF THE "HUTCH" AT THE OTHER END.



THE BEACH OF THE "HUTCH" HERE BURNED AND
IN THE OTHER END.



LOVELY SCENE IN THE "HUTCH" HERE BURNED AND
IN THE OTHER END.



THE PARADISE OF THE THOUSAND ISLANDS. A VIEW OF ALEXANDRIA BAY. Copyright, 1902, by Great Photograph Company.

PLACES OF RARE INTEREST AND ENJOYMENT
A FEW OF THE MANY VACATION ATTRACTIONS ALONG THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD.



A VIEW OF RIVERS AND LAKES AND GARDEN SCENERY IN THE CENTRAL PART OF NEW JERSEY



THE MAINTENANCE OF THE NEW YORK AND WESTERN RAILROAD AT THE CITY OF NEW YORK



ROCKLAND, MAINE, AND THE RIVER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK



THE RIVER AND THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AND THE RIVER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK



MAINE'S DELIGHTFUL SCENERY—ROCKY MOUNTAIN AND MOONHEAD LAKE, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN, LAKE CHAMPLAIN, BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN, LAKE CHAMPLAIN, THE RIVER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AND THE RIVER OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

SCENES OF BEAUTY THAT DELIGHT THE TOURIST
SOME OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SPOTS IN THE EAST AND THE WEST ACCESSIBLE BY RAIL

A Progressive Railroad's Unique Appliances for the Passenger's Comfort

IT IS the constant study of the railroads to supply to those who ride by rail all the conveniences which these persons enjoy at home—even more, if possible. So there are parlor cars, observation cars, library cars, sleeping cars, dining cars, buffet cars—all calculated to satisfy the wants and give comfort and pleasure to the traveler. The progressive Erie Railroad has gone one step further than most of them. A car runs all the way and appliances for comfort which are found in the compartment cars running in the road between New York and Buffalo, there is another and a novel device. It is a car in which a woman may curl her hair. This is a most unique and practical idea. It supplies that which is said to be quite a constant necessity and it completes the fittings of the compartment for making the toilet. The device is simply an electric heater attached to the water-tap of the compartment and is mounted near the interior. It is like a small box, covered with ornamental iron work, made to be as inconspicuous as possible. It is illustrated on the right and is seen just above and to the left of the wash-bowl. The curling-tongs are simply slipped into this heater. Then a button is turned, which turns on the electric current at once supplying heat. When the curls have reached the right temperature they may be as easily slipped out of the heater and the current may be turned off with the button. These electric appliances have already been placed in the compartments cars on the Erie and the car has rapidly won a wide popularity. It is a most unique device. But in space for a word the wash-bowls are arranged in the center of each car and the convenience of a lady who has to use the toilet of the car. Each compartment has its own set of wash-bowls and is furnished with a mirror and a small table. The mirrors of these cars have been selected from the best of the Erie Railroad and are mounted in the center of each car. The mirrors of these cars have been selected from the best of the Erie Railroad and are mounted in the center of each car. The mirrors of these cars have been selected from the best of the Erie Railroad and are mounted in the center of each car.

than one woman in a full length mirror where one may see herself or herself from head to toe.

While the railroad has made special effort in this way to supply the necessities and comforts to the habits of women, the comforts and conveniences of men who ride on the Buffalo train have very nearly not been overlooked. The railroad even caters to what are sometimes called the "features" of the human race. For on the car there is a smoking car, in the morning after the dinner is over and before time to retire it is not unusual for men to meet in a very enjoyable social way to talk and smoke after their glass. This is their custom in the hotels and in other places where men gather. This custom the railroad takes pains not to interfere with for the smoking and restaurant car is there to supply the apparatus for use and it has on the table with the white cloth where food is served. In the other end are great comfortable leather upholstered seats at each end of the car and a waiter in a white jacket and apron who will bring you anything you want to smoke or drink. The train on the Erie which has these conveniences is called the Buffalo Express. It leaves New York at such an hour that the traveler may dine before he takes the train or after. The time of starting is 7:25 p.m.

from the Twenty-third Street ferry and 7:30 from the Chambers Street ferry in New York. It reaches Buffalo the next morning at six o'clock. The train returns leaving Buffalo in the evening and reaching New York after the night's run. The opportunity to enjoy the fine scenery along the line is supplied in other ways for this being a night train does not furnish scenery. The Erie has a train from Buffalo to Niagara Falls and connects with the Detroit and Buffalo Steamship company on the Wind. A trip full of delight to the eye and repose for mind and body.

The road has provided for the wants of the people in this particular season by arranging a summer service and quick and comfortable trains for many of the most desirable summer resorts in the East. Lines extend to some of the most beautiful inland lakes and rivers and charming summer places in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Resorts of the sort but furnish the quiet and comfort of the city and the fresh air and the beauty of the city. There are places where and land and enjoy the absolute freedom and independence of the country. The Erie reaches Greenwood Lake which is the finest body of inland water in New Jersey, a lake famous through the East for its natural charms. It visits many another moving spot throughout the East some of which are pictured on this page.

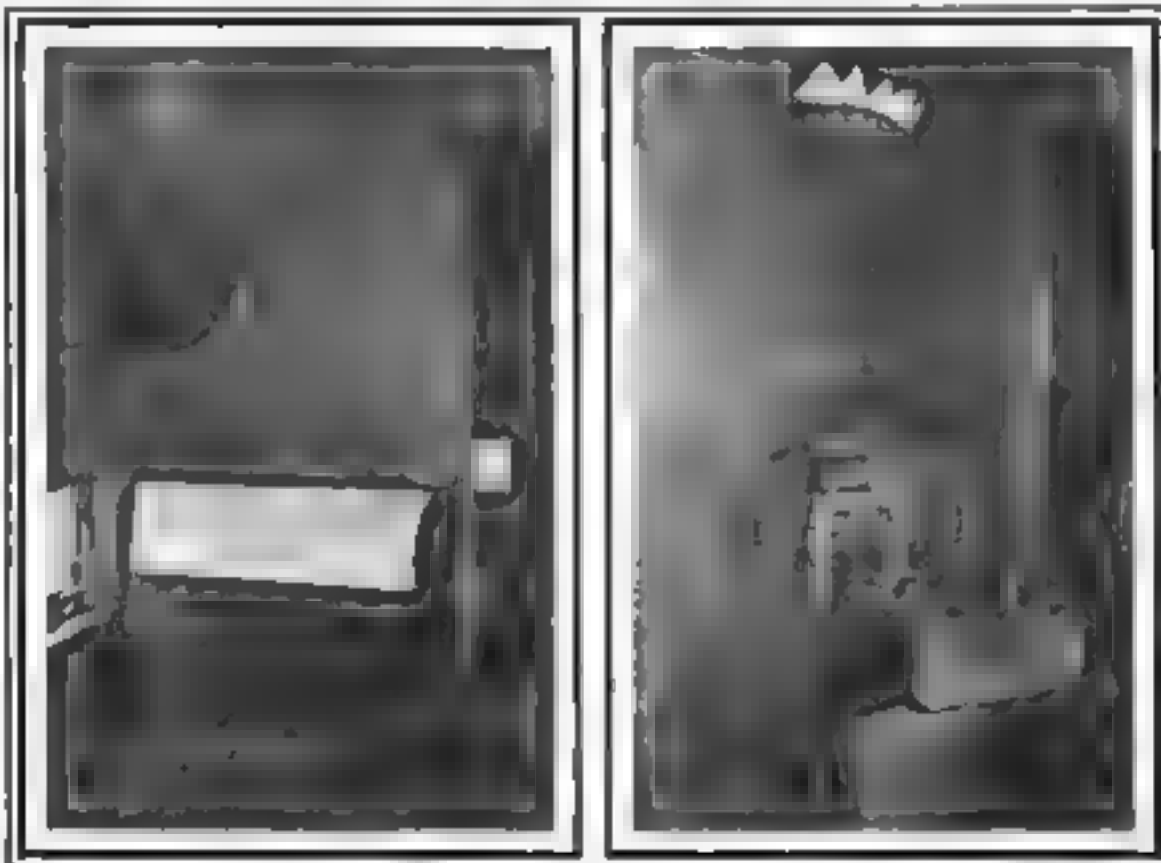
Some Washington Humor

GENERALLY the guests at dinner in Washington write their names on a menu card as a souvenir of the host or hostess. A recent dinner at Senator Foraker's, Madison Square, the wife of the Japanese minister wrote her name in Japanese characters. The menu card was next handed to Justice McKenna, of the Supreme Court. The Japanese looked at Makino's signature and, according to Senator Foraker said:

"Why, what a list! It looks like the Senate debate on the Philippines just as it is unfolding."

"No, indeed," replied Senator Foraker. "It would be better to say it resembles the debates of the Supreme court on the Insular cases."

As a health-giver no mile made capital. A doctor, he thought, Augustus Wilkes, struggles and others.



A CORNER OF ONE OF THE COMPARTMENTS. THE WASH-BOWL, SHOWING HEATER FOR CURLING-IRONS. A COMPARTMENT IN THE "HOTEL ON WHEELS" ON THE BUFFALO EXPRESS OF THE ERIE.



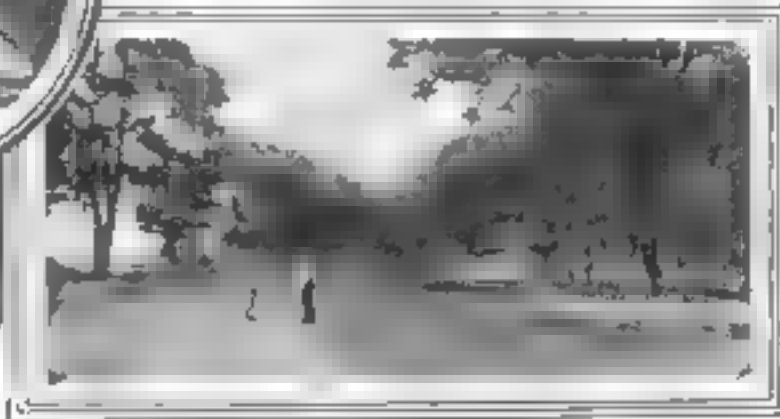
ATTRACTIVE SET OF HOTELS IN ENGLAND NEAR WHITE HOTT BURN.



GRAND FARMHOUSE, NEW OF THE WEEK OF THE YEAR.



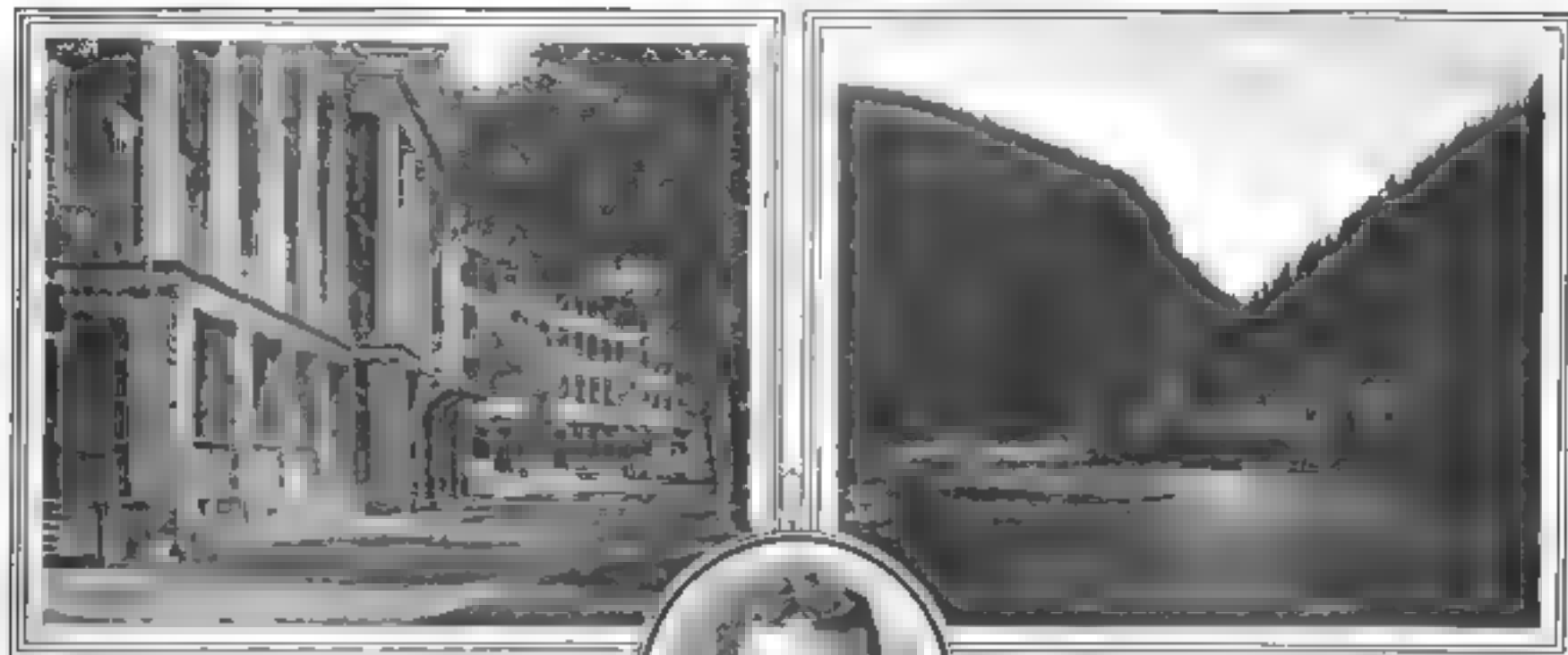
NEW JERSEY'S FINEST INLAND BODY OF WATER, GREENWOOD LAKE.



THE BEAUTY AND FINEST STREETS OF MARSHALL, THE COUNTRY FARM.

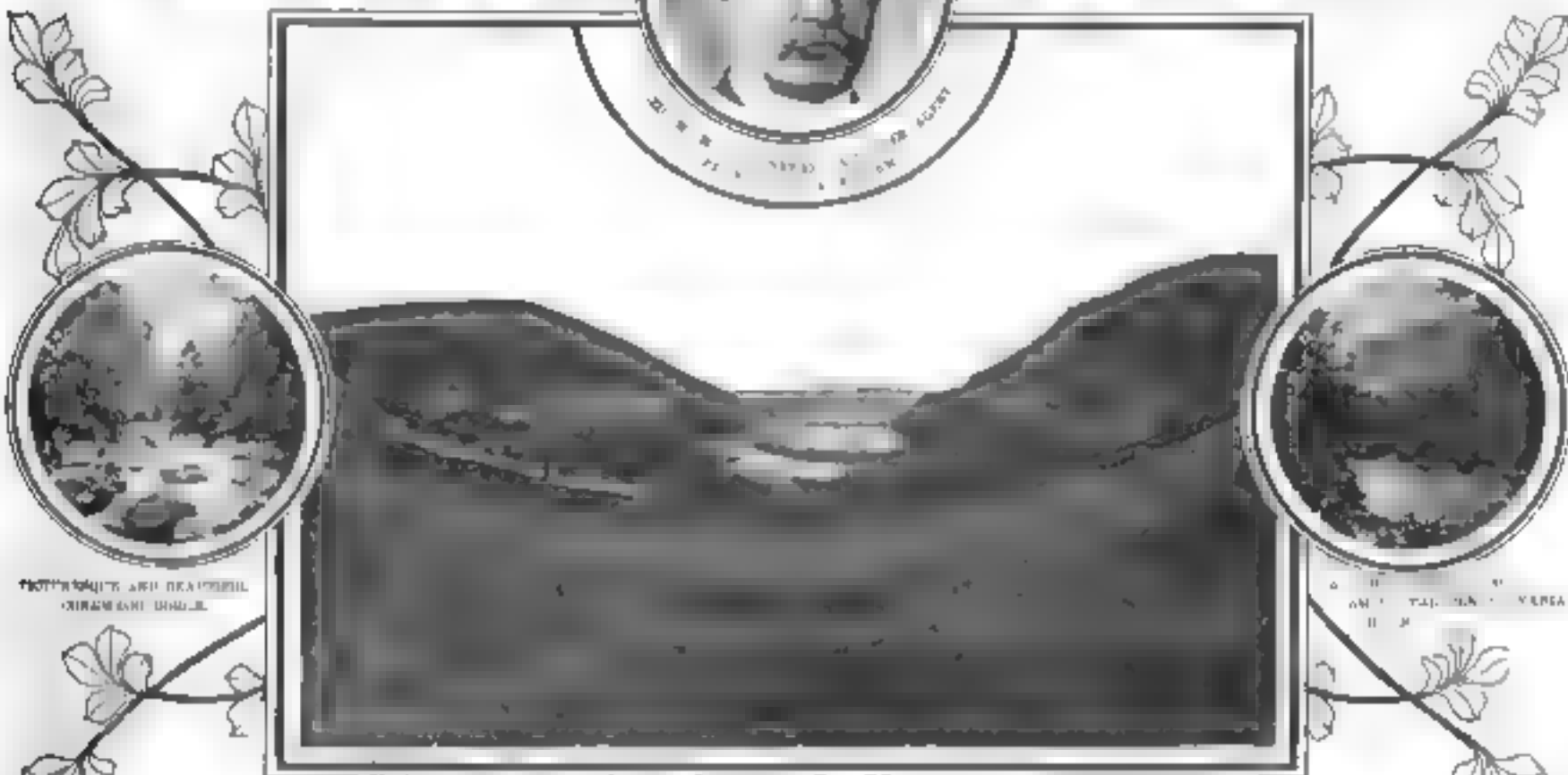
WHERE NATURE WEAVES HER POTENT SPELL.

CHARGE OF THE FORTY-FOUR ERIE THROUGH WHICH RIDE THE ERIE RAILROAD.



COOL AND HIGHLY RECOMMENDED RESORTS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

FAMOUS HEALTH RESORTS AND A PARADISE FOR THE YOUTHFUL.



SCENIC AND BEAUTIFUL
OUTDOOR RESORTS.

AMOUNT OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD SYSTEM.



THE BROAD BEACH AND LONG BOARDWALK AT WYOMING CITY, N. J. ONE OF THE FINEST BATHING PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES.—R.A.

NATURE'S CORDIAL INVITATION TO A HAPPY VACATION OUTING
OPPORTUNITIES WHICH THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD OFFERS ALONG ITS VAST SYSTEM FOR REST AND PLEASURE.

Should We Construct an Interoceanic Canal?

THE ADOPTION by both houses of Congress of the bill, and still as modified by Senator Spooner's amendments, constituted a triumph for Senator Hanna, such as has been achieved by few of our greatest statesmen, for it was owing mainly to a single masterly address by him that the passage of the measure was so promptly effected when the odds seemed against it. The act as passed, leaves it to the President to decide on which of the two rival routes—the Nicaragua and the Panama—the interoceanic waterway shall be constructed, but it gives a decided preference to the Panama route, making the choice of the Nicaragua one an alternative only in the event of his failure to obtain a good title from the Panamanian government. This shows a remarkable reversal of the decision of a few weeks ago, and the credit for it is chiefly due to Senator Hanna.

Before news of Hanna's speech, the outlook was highly favorable to the Nicaragua route. The House had passed the Hepburn-Nicaragua bill, and it seemed certain that the Senate would follow in the action by a similar majority. Mr. Hanna's speech, however, dealing with the subject in a purely practical, business-like way and championing the Panama route, profoundly affected opinion throughout the country and in Congress, and secured the enactment of the Spooner proposition. The acceptance of the latter was the first definite step taken by Congress as a whole in the direction of securing an interoceanic canal.

But although the bill has now become a law, the interoceanic canal matter is still very far from being settled. A flaw in the Panama title and inability to obtain from Nicaragua and Costa Rica the necessary concessions both possible contingencies would block the canal scheme altogether and render it no avian the shifting of the responsibility for the selection of the route from Congress upon the President. In any case, the President should and doubtless will, before going thoroughly and secured earlier fully up the bearing of his judgment as to the route. The vast expenditure now about constructing an inter-oceanic canal, \$100,000,000 at the least, expending the cost of an important war, is an all-sufficient reason for not hurrying matters to a conclusion. And in fact not only is the time as applying to a choice between the two proposed routes, but also with reference to the question of whether we should construct any interoceanic waterway at all.

Public sentiment generally in this country appears to demand the building of an interoceanic canal somewhere, and undoubtedly that demand will be complied with at an early date will prevail. But there are many thoughtful

people who are not yet convinced that such an undertaking is advisable. They recall, among other reasons for doubting its value to the nation, the strong and plausible arguments were advanced against the Nicaragua Canal scheme by the late John P. Huntington, the transcontinental railway magnate. It does not appear that these arguments have been effectively answered, and they cannot be demolished simply by asserting Mr. Huntington's selfish purpose. It will be seen that they apply with almost equal force to the Panama Canal waterway and so they deserve to be treated with careful consideration.

Mr. Huntington, in addressing the Chamber of Commerce at Galveston, Tex., in March, 1900, estimated the cost of the Nicaragua Canal at sufficient to permit transiting ships and cargo at \$2.50 per ton. He claimed that the Suez Canal offered a better route, all things considered, for commerce between New York and Asia and Australia. He expressed the belief that the Nicaragua Canal would be a flat failure as a commercial enterprise. Against the revenue from tolls estimated by friends of the project at \$6,000,000 per year, Mr. Huntington calculated an expense including interest on the investment of at least \$10,000,000, and probably \$15,000,000. The railroads, he declared, would contract to carry the same tonnage from New York to San Francisco for the same or less money and in half the time, besides insuring the goods.

Mr. Huntington also stated that if the canal, as had been proposed, were made free to both American and foreign vessels, the foreign vessels, retaining 65 per cent of the tonnage of the canal, would be drawn to the Suez waterway and the American ships would yield no income. He showed that the Suez ditch ought not to have cost more than one-tenth of what the Nicaragua Canal would cost, the digging of the latter being a comparatively easy task. The Suez Canal he said was a low level one while the Nicaragua Canal involved 230 feet of vertical lift. The power of cargo and the location of existing stations also favored the Suez Canal, he maintained. He asserted that the rainfall at Suez was only two inches annually, but the precipitation at the eastern end of the Nicaragua Canal was twenty-five feet in a single year, which usually affected the permanence of the earth works of the canal.

There was no railroad, Mr. Huntington continued, to compete with the Suez Canal, which connected great commercial and industrial nations, whereas an American canal would connect only two undeveloped ones. A railroad built to compete effectively with the Suez Canal would quickly take from that waterway.

Mr. Huntington also stated that such an undertaking is advisable. They recall, among other reasons for doubting its value to the nation, the strong and plausible arguments were advanced against the Nicaragua Canal scheme by the late John P. Huntington, the transcontinental railway magnate. It does not appear that these arguments have been effectively answered, and they cannot be demolished simply by asserting Mr. Huntington's selfish purpose. It will be seen that they apply with almost equal force to the Panama Canal waterway and so they deserve to be treated with careful consideration.

As to the canal being a military necessity, Mr. Huntington stated that the railroads would contract to transport quickly all the men and munitions of war needed across the continent to San Francisco, and could deliver 1,000,000 men in ten days, if necessary. He maintained, Mr. Huntington said, that he had studied the question after six years of study of business life and he knew only too well that the canal would be a costly mistake, and that the railroads would be a much better investment. He said that the canal would be a costly mistake, and that the railroads would be a much better investment.

The foregoing were the views of a man not widely represented, yet who experienced in his undertakings, and perfectly competent to estimate their feasibility, their cost and their utility. His statements were positive and frank and we challenge discussion and a careful consideration of the entire subject.

Our National Disease.

By W. J. ALPHEA

Physicians know that drugs will not correct the evils caused by coffee and the only remedy is a logical drinking it.

Dr. W. J. Alpheia of New York City says: "I have been a coffee drinker for 25 years and say often thought that I ought to give up coffee. But after many years of suffering with one of the most painful diseases, I decided to try the drinking of coffee and after some thought determined to try the drinking of coffee. I saw that Pepton was made entirely with directions, and found it not only very good, but also I used it only for breakfast and I found myself getting so much better that I used it at all meals and now I feel as well as I ever did. I gained 15 pounds in 4 months and my general health is greatly improved."

I must tell you of a young lady in Illinois. She had been in ill health for many years. In winter times now with but little rest. I was her doctor in the good old Pepton and she gained 20 pounds in 4 months. At the end of the year she wrote me that Pepton had truly cured her and that she had gained 40 pounds in weight and felt like her old self again."



THE GREAT BRIDGE
BUILT BY THE
PAIDERS AT
PAIDERS, N. J.



ALONG THE PEACOCKS SCENERY, AT OREGON KANSAS, N. J. (Copyright 1908 by the Detroit Photograph Co.)

GORGEOUS INLAND SCENERY ALONG THE DELAWARE AND LACKAWANNA ROAD.

THE ROAD BETWEEN THE PEACOCKS, BOUNDED BY MOUNTAIN SIDES, AND THE BRIDGE OF THE CITY'S BRIDGES IN BUNION VILLAGE, N. J. (Copyright 1908 by the Detroit Photograph Co.)



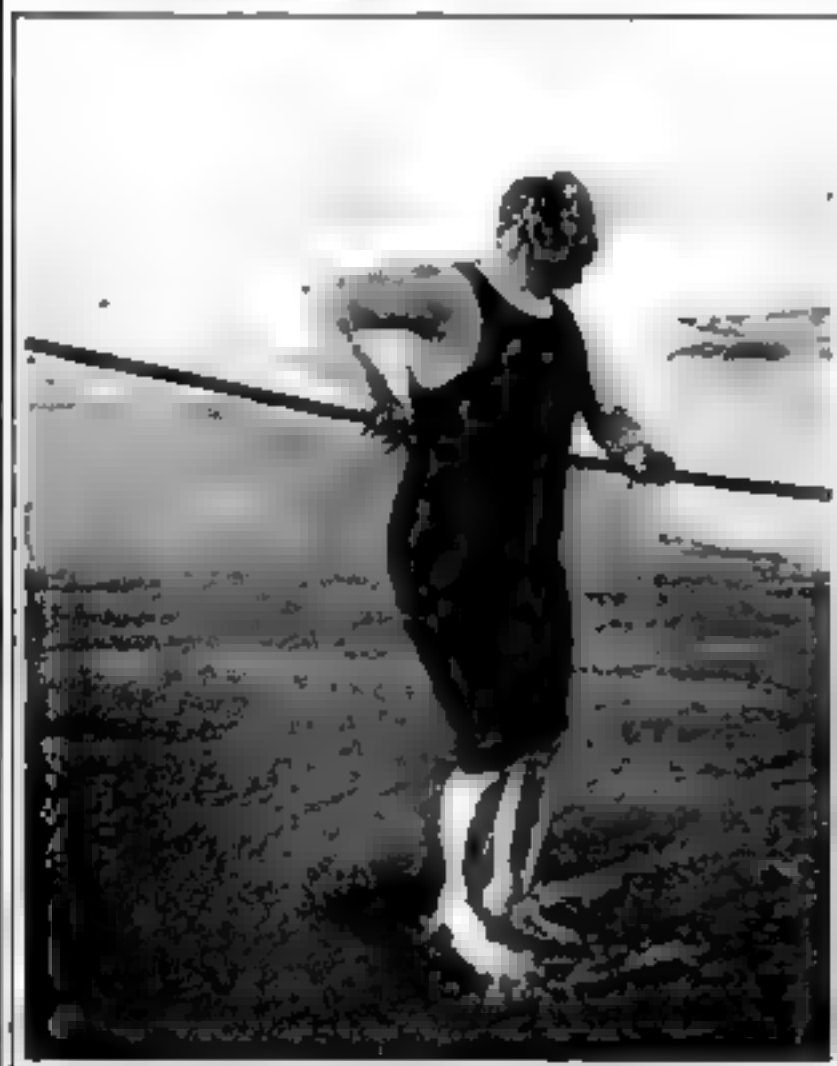
MR. HILL WITH THE BIRD WITH PROPER DIGNITY.
Copyright 1902, by Judge Company.



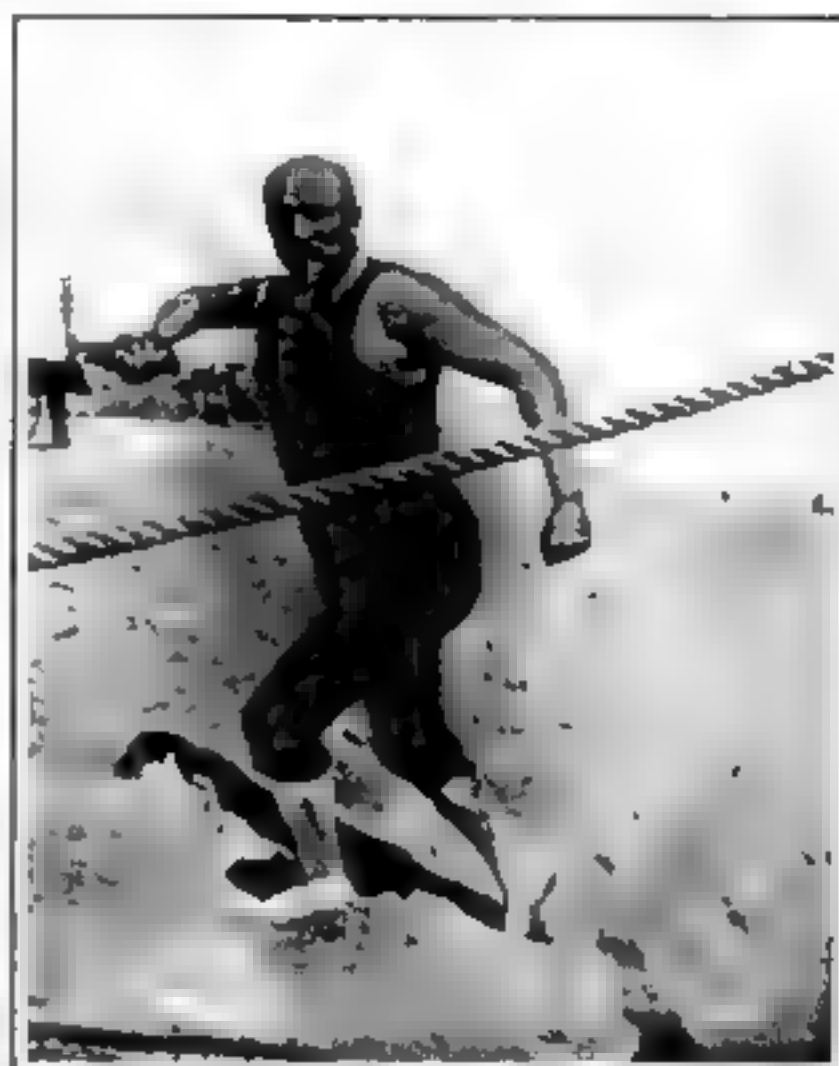
THESE DRESS ARE ONE IN FOLLOWS HIM.
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MR. HILL WITH TO ABANDONING HIS CAP.
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"CAN CLEAR THE LINE AT A LEAP?"
Copyright 1902, by Judge Company.



"I WILL NEED A SWIMMING BEAT."
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"I TOLD YOU I COULD DO IT."
Copyright 1902, by Judge Company.



THE GOVERNOR STARTS LATELY FROM THE WATER.
Copyright 1902, by Judge Company.



—AND HE IS OVERTAKEN BY A HUGE WAVE.
Copyright 1902, by Judge Company.

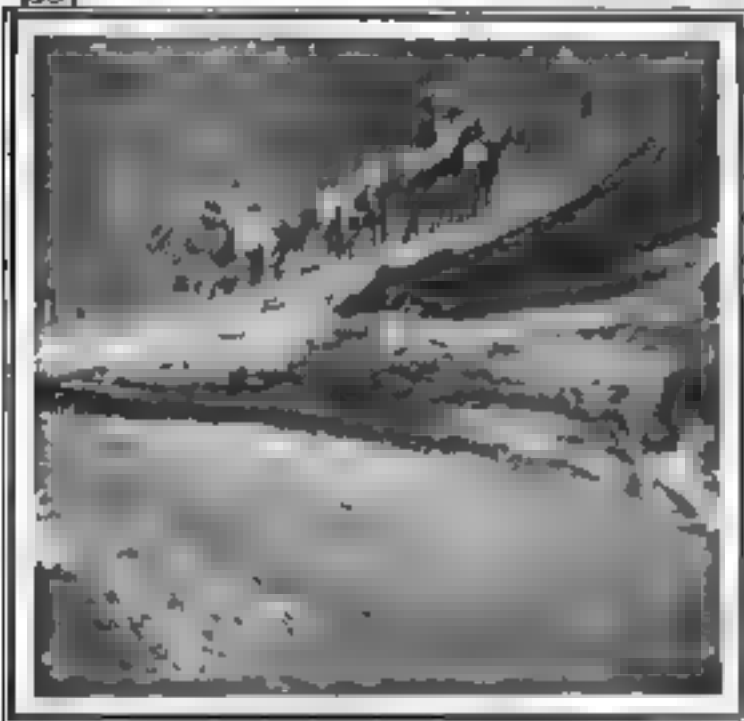
THE DEMOCRATIC LEADER, EX GOVERNOR HILL, ENJOYS HIS VACATION
SNAP-SHOTS OF THE DISTINGUISHED STATESMAN TAKEN AT THE BEACH AT NORMANDIE-BY THE SEA, SEABRIGHT, N. J.
Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company. All rights reserved.



THE BEACH AT ATLANTIC CITY. THE MOST FAMOUS OF ATLANTIC BEACHES BEACHES VIA THE PENNSYLVANIA RAIL



ALONG THE ORIENTAL RIVER NEW HEAD



A SIX INCH RAIL BRIDGE OVER A FALLEN RIVER CREEK IN CALIFORNIA. SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD. Copyright: The New York World Company. H. P. Hedges photography



THE BAY OF THE GULF AT MARLBOROUGH, MASS.—BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD. Copyright



THE GRANDER OF NIAGARA. BOSTON. HEADLINE OF



THE MULTI-COLORED MINERAL-WATER TERRACES IN YELLOWSTONE PARK.—SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL

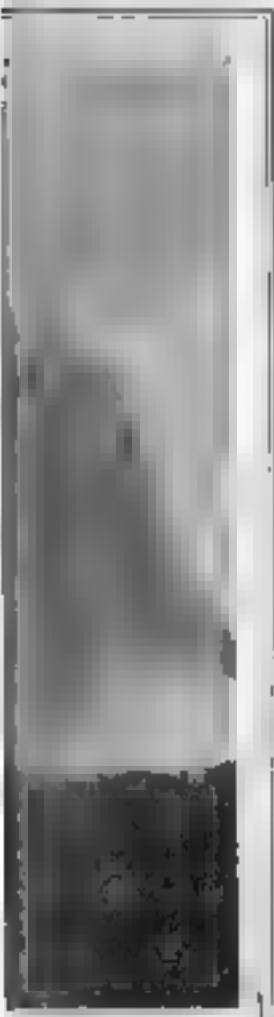


THE RAILROAD BRIDGE TO GO RAILROAD. NEW YORK DELAWARE AND DISTRICT RAILROAD

NOTED NATURAL WONDERS
PLACES OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO THE PLEASURE-SEEKER



PAVING TWENTY-FOURTH STREET



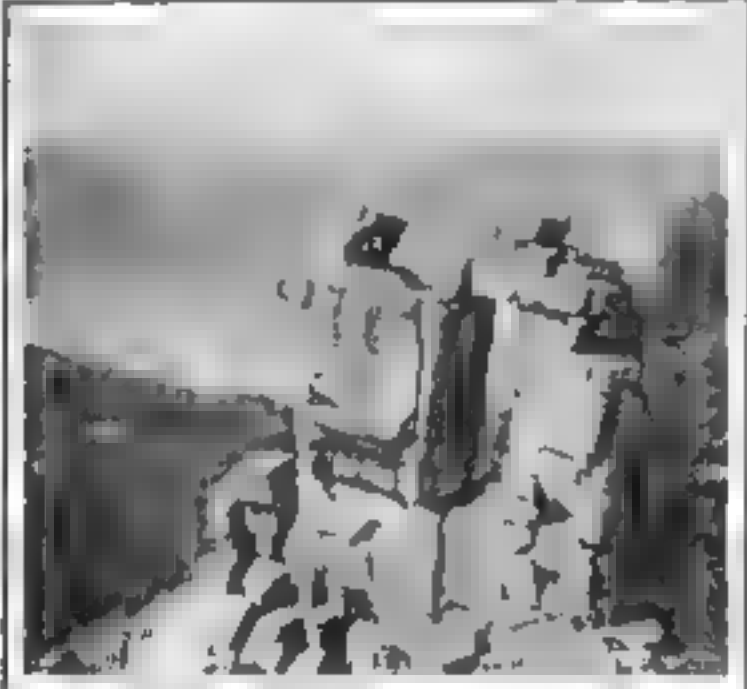
THE NEW YORK CITY



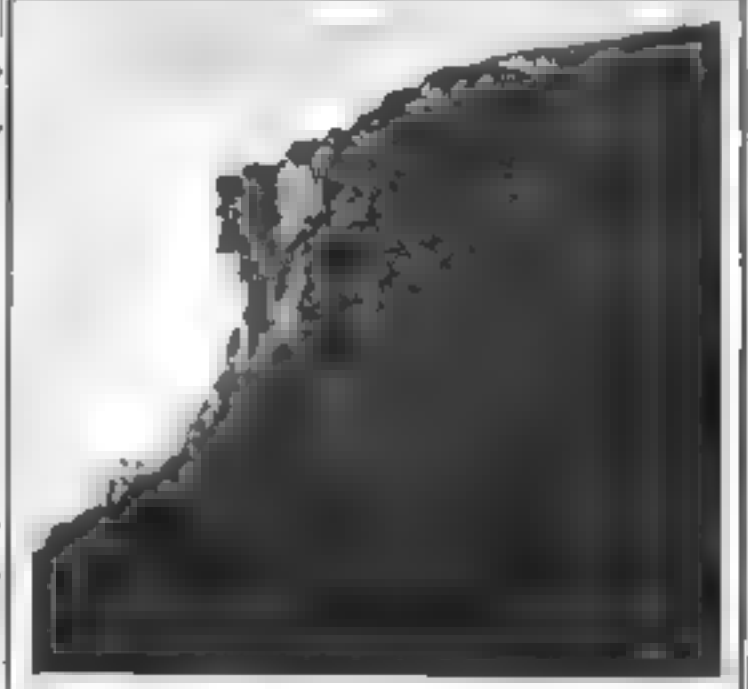
THE GRAND CANYON OF THE COLORADO



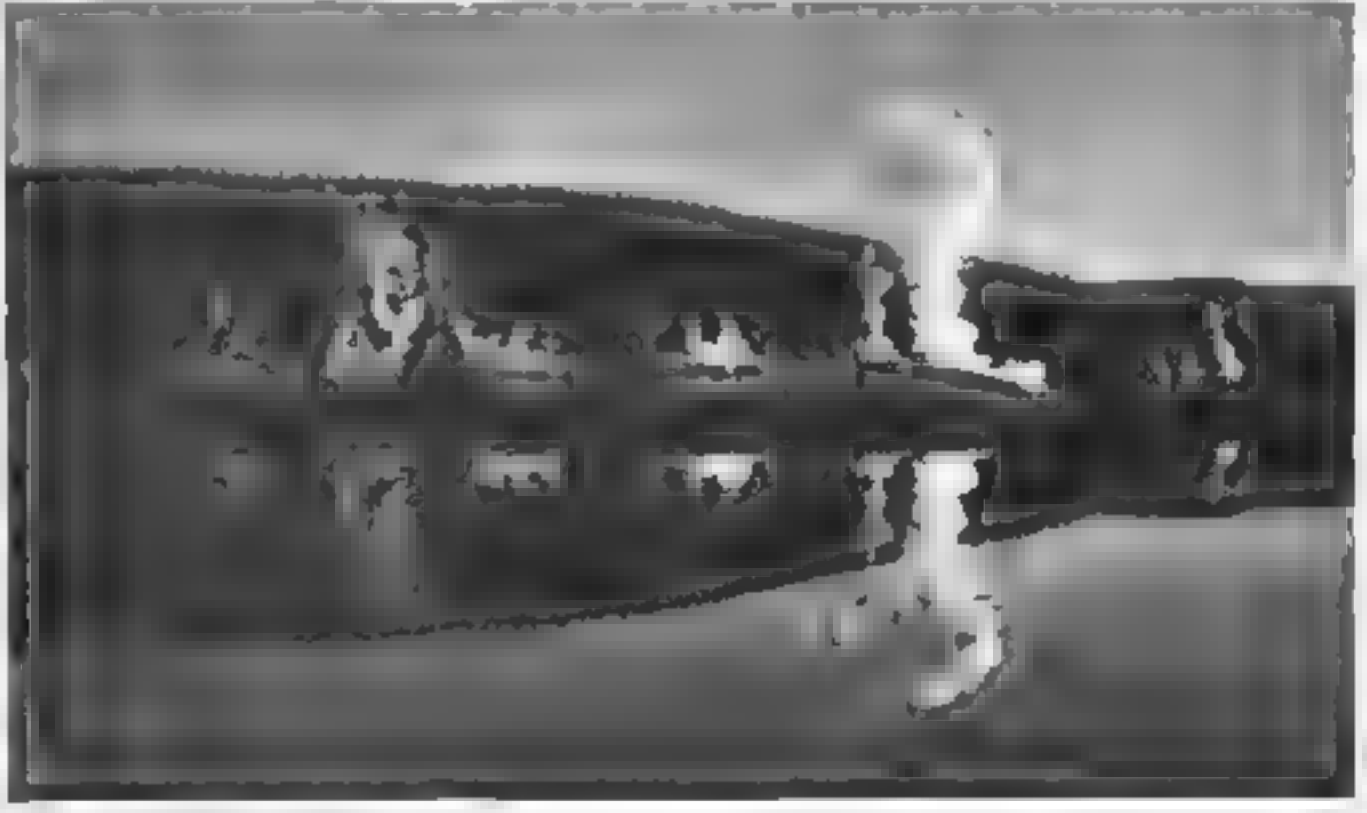
VIEW OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK



THE NEW YORK CITY

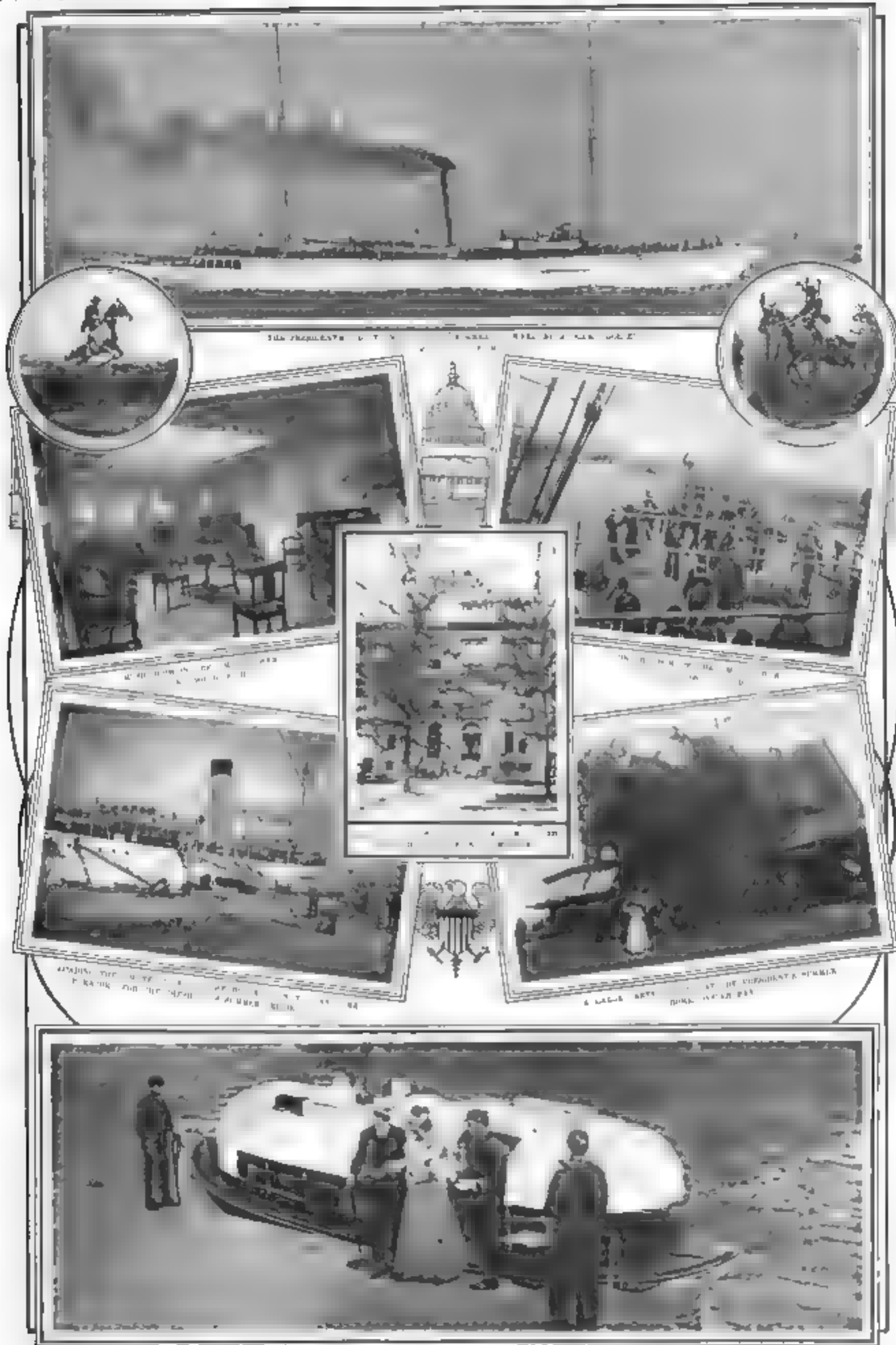


THE NEW YORK CITY



THE STRONG BRIDGE OF THE NEW YORK CITY

AND ATTRACTIVE RESORTS.
THE LINES OF OUR PRINCIPAL ROUTES OF TRAVEL.



THE VACATION OF OUR BUSY PRESIDENT

HIS YACHT AND HIS HOME AT OYSTER BAY.—WHEREVER HE GOES, OFFICIAL CARES FOLLOW HIM.—See page 7



OFFICE & HALLS BEHIND THE MAIN BUILDING OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.



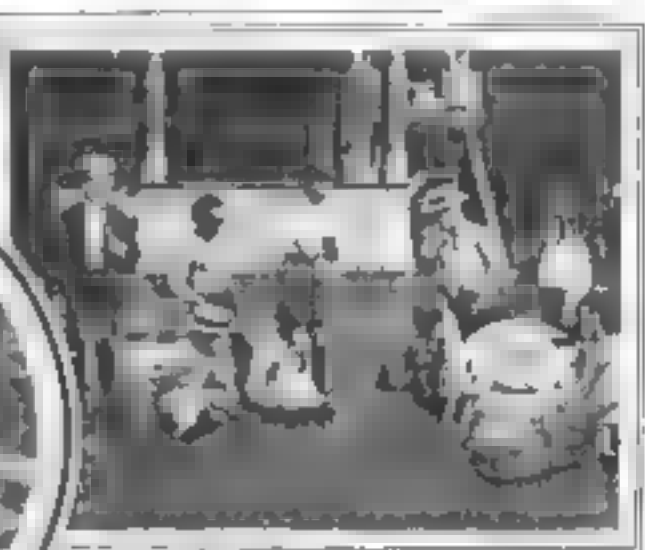
A PLAY BALL AT THE SUMMER PLACE OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.



THE CHILDREN ARE AT THE SUMMER PLACE.



AT THE SUMMER PLACE OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.



THE CHILDREN ARE AT THE SUMMER PLACE.



CHILDREN ON THE BENCH AT THE SUMMER PLACE OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.



DEPARTURE OF A FASHION PARTY FROM THE SUMMER PLACE.



ARRIVAL OF THE CHILDREN: A GROUP OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

THE HAPPY VACATION OF NEW YORK'S CRIPPLED CHILDREN
HOW THEIR IDLING IS PASSED ON THE SEASHORE AT THE BEAUTIFUL SUMMER PLACE OF THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
Photographs by our staff photographer A. H. Fisher

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 latest trade news of the country

THUNDER MOUNTAIN

U. S. MINING JOURNAL
 100 FULTON ST. NEW YORK

OFFICIAL LEGAL NOTICES

ATTENTION IS CALLED
 TO THE FACT THAT THE
 25th of July 1902 is the date
 when the Board of Directors of
 the American Mining Association
 will meet at the Hotel
 Hamilton in New York City
 at 10 o'clock A. M.
 The object of the meeting is
 to discuss the proposed
 amendments to the
 constitution and by-laws
 of the Association and
 to elect officers for the
 ensuing year.
 The Board of Directors
 of the Association
 respectfully requests
 the attendance of all
 members of the
 Association at this
 meeting.

A RESOLUTION OF THE
 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE
 AMERICAN MINING ASSOCIATION
 PASSED AT A MEETING HELD
 AT THE HOTEL HAMILTON
 IN NEW YORK CITY
 ON THE 23rd OF JULY 1902
 WHEREUPON IT WAS
 RESOLVED THAT THE
 25th OF JULY 1902
 BE THE DATE OF THE
 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
 ASSOCIATION AT THE
 HOTEL HAMILTON IN
 NEW YORK CITY AT
 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

ATTENTION IS CALLED
 TO THE FACT THAT THE
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 WILL MEET AT THE
 HOTEL HAMILTON IN
 NEW YORK CITY AT
 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
 THE OBJECT OF THE
 MEETING IS TO DISCUSS
 THE PROPOSED
 AMENDMENTS TO THE
 CONSTITUTION AND
 BY-LAWS OF THE
 ASSOCIATION AND
 TO ELECT OFFICERS
 FOR THE ENSUING
 YEAR.

A RESOLUTION OF THE
 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE
 AMERICAN MINING ASSOCIATION
 PASSED AT A MEETING HELD
 AT THE HOTEL HAMILTON
 IN NEW YORK CITY
 ON THE 23rd OF JULY 1902
 WHEREUPON IT WAS
 RESOLVED THAT THE
 25th OF JULY 1902
 BE THE DATE OF THE
 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
 ASSOCIATION AT THE
 HOTEL HAMILTON IN
 NEW YORK CITY AT
 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

ATTENTION IS CALLED
 TO THE FACT THAT THE
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 YEAR.

Hints to Money-makers.

THESE HINTS TO MONEY-MAKERS
 ARE THE RESULT OF A
 CAREFUL STUDY OF THE
 STOCK MARKET
 AND THE FACTS OF
 FINANCIAL HISTORY
 AND ARE THE ONLY
 HINTS THAT
 CAN BE GIVEN
 TO THE MONEY-MAKER
 WHO WANTS TO
 MAKE A SUCCESSFUL
 INVESTMENT
 IN THE STOCK MARKET
 AND WHO WANTS TO
 AVOID THE
 COMMON MISTAKES
 WHICH ARE SO
 FREQUENTLY MADE
 BY THE AMATEUR
 INVESTOR.

Stock to be Withdrawn

40 Cents a Share
 Thursday, July 31st

A RESOLUTION OF THE
 BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE
 AMERICAN MINING ASSOCIATION
 PASSED AT A MEETING HELD
 AT THE HOTEL HAMILTON
 IN NEW YORK CITY
 ON THE 23rd OF JULY 1902
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 ANNUAL MEETING OF THE
 ASSOCIATION AT THE
 HOTEL HAMILTON IN
 NEW YORK CITY AT
 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

The Clock That Keeps Wound

"KEYLESS CLOCK"

The United States Clock Company of New York

"Keyless Clock" SHARES are now \$7.50 each

A. E. Siegel, Secretary, The United States Clock Company
 407 Avenue Street, New York

THESE HINTS TO MONEY-MAKERS
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 WHICH ARE SO
 FREQUENTLY MADE
 BY THE AMATEUR
 INVESTOR.

Novel Courage in the Pulpit

THE PASTOR of the Congregational
 Church in New York City
 has been the first to
 announce to his
 congregation that
 he is a member of
 the American
 Mining Association
 and that he is
 a shareholder in
 the company.
 This announcement
 was made at the
 Sunday service
 and was received
 with much interest
 and approval.
 The pastor is
 a man of high
 standing in the
 community and
 his announcement
 is a great
 encouragement
 to the members
 of the association.
 It shows that
 the association
 is a legitimate
 business and
 that it is
 worthy of the
 confidence of
 the community.

FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE

W. E. WOODEND & CO.
 26 BROAD STREET
 NEW YORK
 DIRECT PRIVATE WINES.

The Real Estate
 Trust Company
 of Philadelphia

CAPITAL Fully Paid \$1,500,000
 SURPLUS AND PROFITS \$1,250,000

Solicits Current Deposit Accounts,
 allowing interest
 Boys and Girls Real Estate in and Around
 Philadelphia
 Acts as Financial Agent for Charitable
 and Religious Institutions.

FRANK L. SMITH, President

NOT THE ORDINARY
 MINING PROPOSITION

\$160,000,000.00
 IN GOLD

WINTERSFIELD & CO.
 26 WALL ST
 NEW YORK

THE COMING NAVAL MANŒUVRES—FIRING THE "KEARSARGE'S" GREATEST GUN.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Leslie's Weekly, No. 14 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2447

New York, July 31, 1902

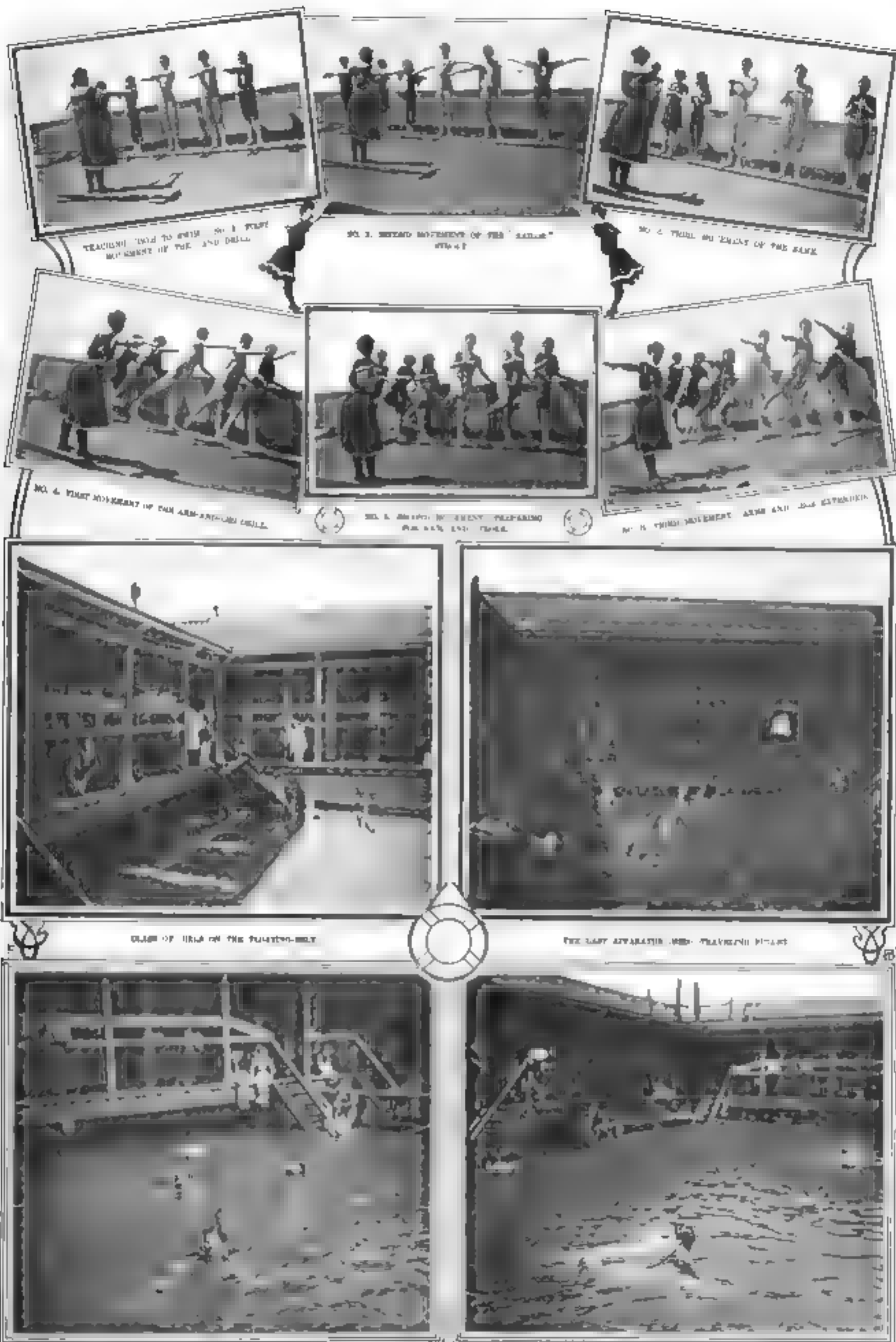
Price 10 Cents



THE GALLANT AMERICAN SOLDIER ON THE PLAINS.

A DASH THROUGH A LINE OF ATTACKING INDIANS BY SOLDIERS SEEKING REINFORCEMENTS FOR COMRADES IN A BURNING STOCKADE—A REAL INCIDENT OF THE FRONTIER. From a painting by the noted artist Barker E. Brynmor.

Copyright, 1902, by Leslie's Weekly



TEACHING CHILD TO SWIM NO. 1 FIRST MOVEMENT OF THE ARM AND DRILL

NO. 2. SECOND MOVEMENT OF THE "SAILOR" WITH A

NO. 3. THIRD MOVEMENT OF THE SAME

NO. 4. FIRST MOVEMENT IN THE ARM-EXTENSION DRILL

NO. 5. SECOND MOVEMENT PREPARING FOR THE LAST THREE

NO. 6. THIRD MOVEMENT ARM AND LEG EXTENSION

VIEW OF POOL ON THE FOUNTAIN-BUILD

THE LAST ATTEMPT MADE—TEACHING CHILD

RESUME WORK—TEACHER SWIMMING WITH A CHILD ON HER BACK

PEOPLE LEARNING TO FLOAT

NEW YORK'S UNIQUE FREE SWIMMING-SCHOOLS.

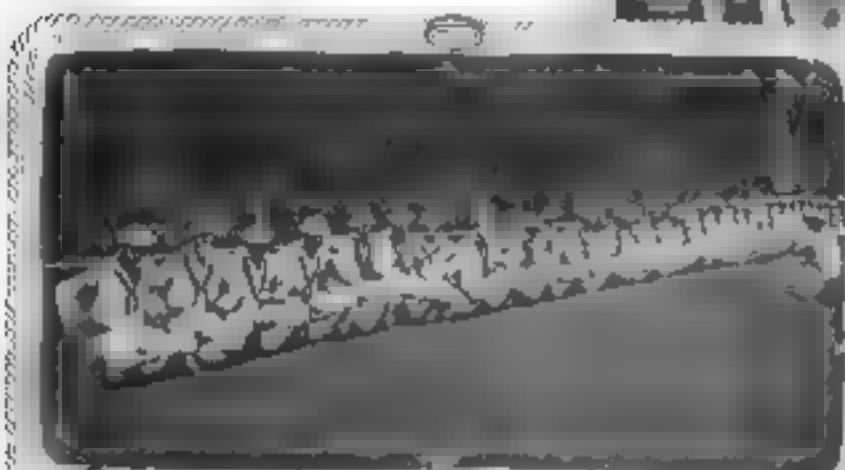
THOUSANDS OF THE CITY'S POOR CHILDREN ARE GIVEN INSTRUCTION IN THE PUBLIC FLOATING BATHS.
 Photographs by our staff photographer, G. B. Leiby



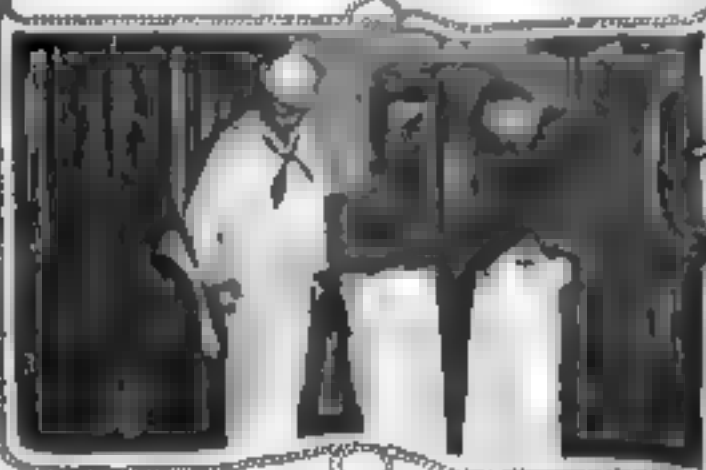
PHOTOGRAPH OF APPLICANT FOR ENLISTMENT



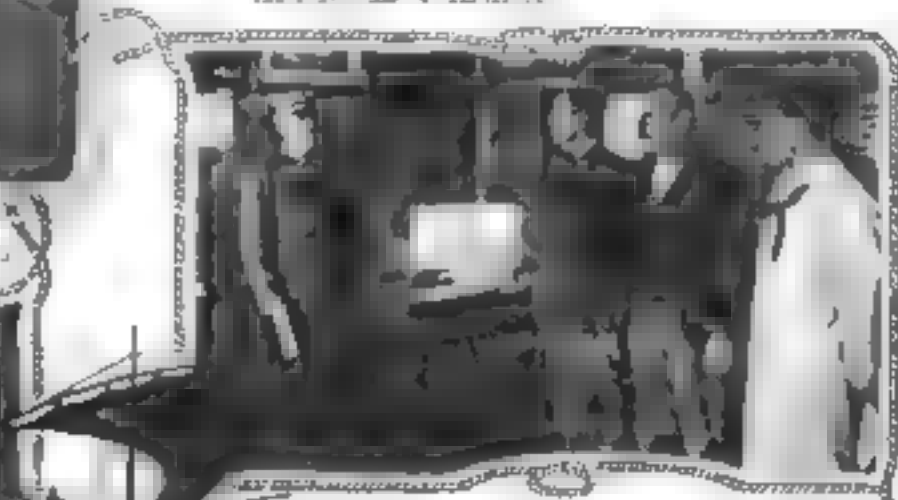
THE SAILOR'S CLUB



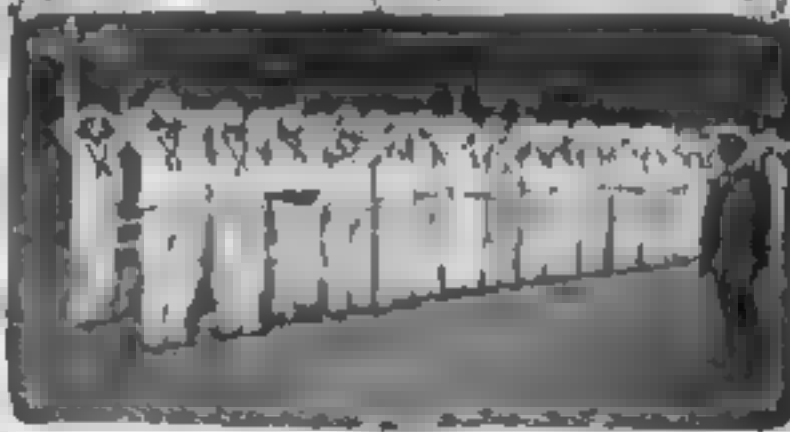
VIEW OF THE FIRST FLOOR OF THE NEW BUILDING



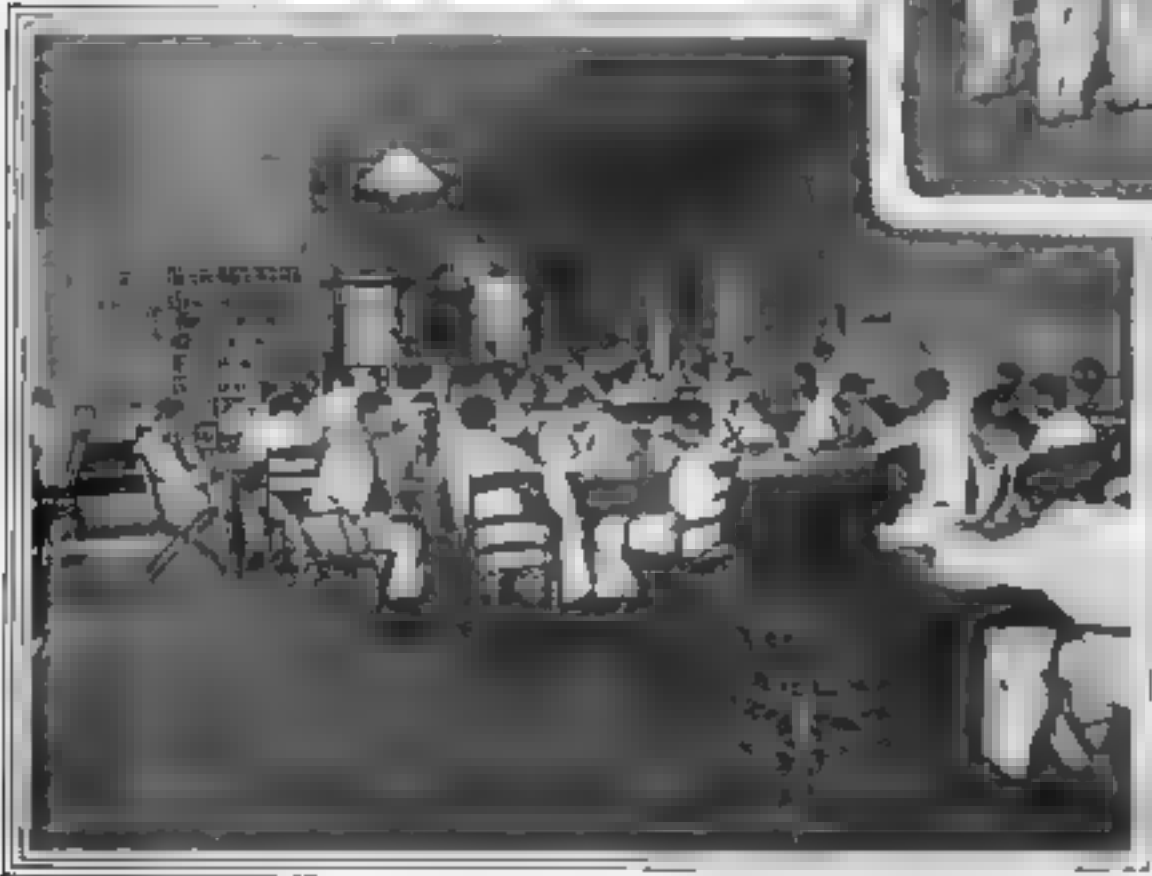
NEW BUILDING RECEIVING DELEGATION OF SAILORS



RECEIVING DELEGATION OF SAILORS



A BUSTED PICTURE IN THE BATHROOM



THE FROMAN'S SCHOOL—SAILORS LEARNING CLERICAL WORK



ONLINE FIRST SELECTING MEN OF COLORED RACE

UNCLE SAM'S YOUNG "JACK TARS."

THE NAVAL SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION AT THE BROOKLYN NAVY YARD — Photographs by our staff photographer, G. B. Leroy

By ~~Walter~~ Everett

It is probable that in view of the temporary nature of the plan which is certain to expire when this new dominion is opened to settlement it will be necessary for the government to request to the jury plan of distribution which operated so satisfactorily in connection with the recent distribution of Kluane and Comanche lands in the Indian Territory. As

[illegible]

The general supervision of the opening of the new season of amusements will be under the direction of the State of casual office department of the interior Washington D. C. with which may be obtained the blanks to be filled out is application to the the blanks. It is advised to send them in at least one to be properly reviewed and be in the hands of a register and receiver where it is distributed the money. The receiver will have to be a person of our own in the purchase of the tickets and receipts of the same which are the money's worth of the tickets. It is advised to be

It is indicated that the reservoirs labels will be changed to better show Department 25 - Forest, Fish and Game and Mountain Valley Studies in being extended from Virginia, State, to Mountain which is on the edge of the town is the town area. This road will be completed shortly after September the road will be the only all-weather route to the town and the reservoir. From the where the lake begins, to the town of effort, Kentucky, is a short distance and of human health and Mountain Water. The road is under construction and the project will be completed soon after the town which can be reached by rail. The design for the reservoir, if that system is used, will take place in the future.



There are more persons of foreign birth in New York than in Springfield, Philadelphia and Boston combined. Manhattan has not one Assembly district even on the upper W. 42d where the number of foreign-born residents is below 25 per cent. There are only three other cities of more than 25,000 inhabitants in the State of New York in which the foreign-born population is in excess of that percentage. These are Buffalo, Rochester, and

Nobly Risked Their Lives for Others

THE FRONTIER days when soldiers and the Indians fought frequently for the supremacy of the plains, were filled with thrilling incidents of heroism, self-sacrifice, and narrow escapes from death. Some of these have been immortalized by the brush of the artist, Charles E. Schreyvogel, who loves to paint their most characteristic and picturesque scenes in American life. The story

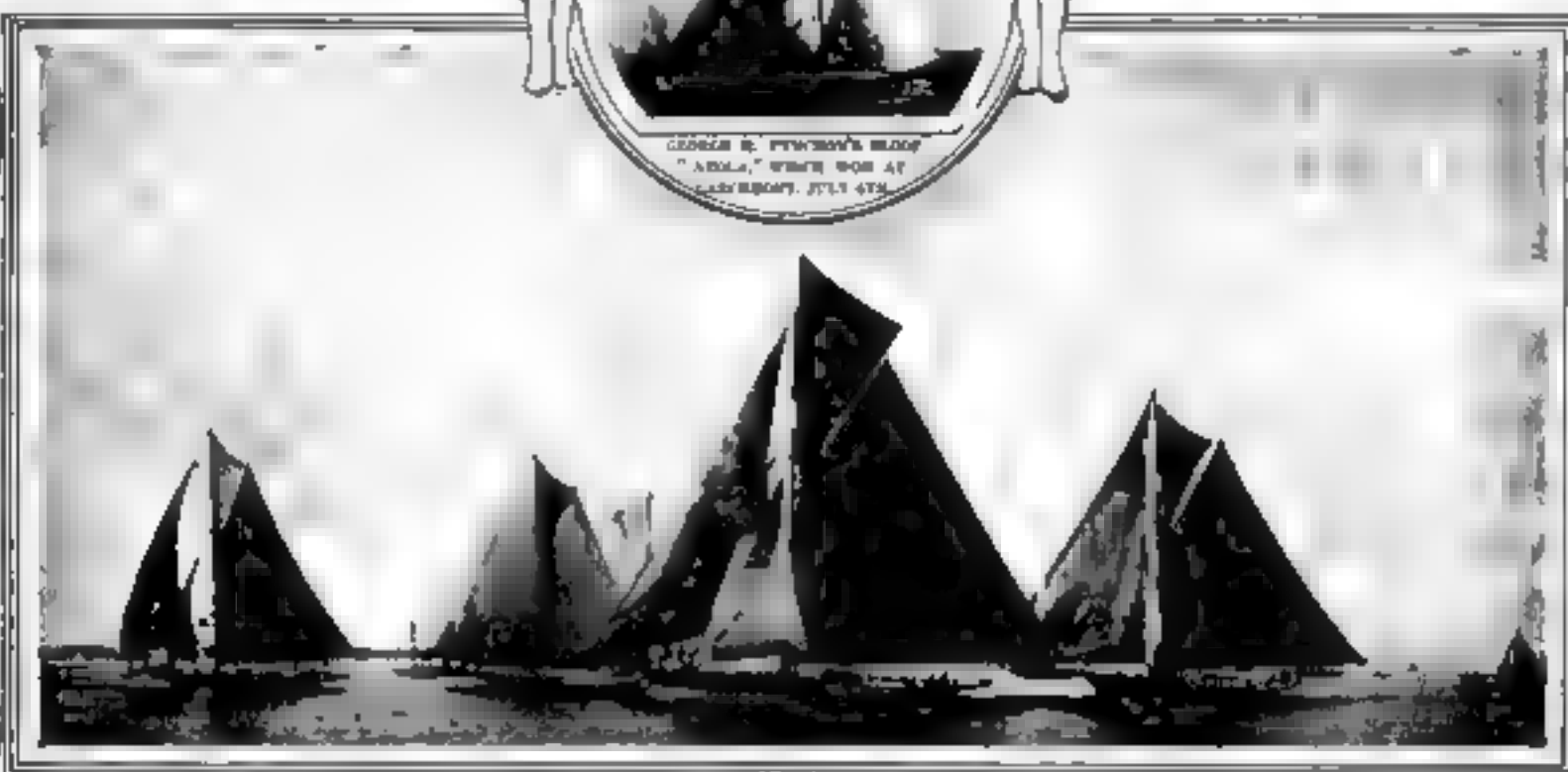
He Didn't Cross the Sea in a Hect

MR. C. F. HANBERRY relates in *The Barrister* many stories of Tom Nolan, the counselor who for years kept the New York bar laughing at his eccentric and almost insane behavior. Tom Nolan was arguing a case on behalf of clients who were madmen, and while in the midst of an extraordinary display of forensic military maneuvers he was interrupted by the judge. "How common it is," said the judge, "to find a man with knowledge of the law." "How do you think?" responded Nolan, "that I came over in a hack?"



STARTING OUT TO BOARD THE YACHT & SET THE CREEPER.

A CREW HURRY "MAKING READY" FOR A RACE.



THE "DUMMA," OF E. G. BOYER, ONE OF THE BOATS AT THE LARCHMONT RACE.



AMONG THE FLEET OF YACHTS AT THE LARCHMONT CLUB DOCK, ARCADES BAY, JULY 28.

HEIGHT OF THE YACHTING SEASON

THE INVIGORATING SPORT OF THE WEALTHY WAS NEVER MORE POPULAR THAN NOW

Photographs by J. B. Flaherty



THE NEW COMMANDER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST

GENERAL ANNA S. CHAPTER, WHO IS COMING FROM THE PHILIPPINES TO TAKE CHARGE AT GOVERNOR'S BELLEVUE.

How to Regulate the Trusts.

(Continued from page 10)

character. And again, it would tend to remove the incentive or abnormally increase the price to the consumer in order that dividends may be declared upon a capitalization greatly in excess of the actual amount of the capital invested. The contemplated enforcement of a policy of publicity with reference to all corporations engaged in interstate commerce has at least the merit that it cannot be construed as a radical step and in my opinion this is important, since it is essential that the national government in whatever direction it may seek to deal with the subject of capitalistic combinations shall proceed with conservatism. Any drastic measure would be very likely to open conditions in the business world and in all probability therefore would do more harm than good.

It must also be remembered, moreover, by persons who have under consideration the attitude of the national legislature in this matter, that congress has jurisdiction over corporations only when they enter the field of transportation or the extent of participating in interstate commerce. The national law-making body can scarcely be expected to correct all the evils involved in the operation of corporations if it has not the co-operation of the

governments of the various states and certainly not if some of the states continue to manifest a willingness to encourage the organization of corporations of almost any character and with scarcely any limitation upon their powers so long as the state is enriched by the money paid for the privilege.

Comparatively limited as the jurisdiction of the national government might appear in the case I named, yet I am at this time in favor of a constitutional amendment broadening the power of congress in this respect. I would first exhaust our constitutional power under the interstate commerce clause. Hundreds of attempts have been made to amend the Constitution of the United States and in only fifteen cases has success crowned the effort, so that it will readily be seen that the chance of securing remedial action in this direction is comparatively slight. Success, even with a promise of the certainty of the passage of such an amendment, the lapse of time necessary before it would come into operation would constitute a serious drawback. It will be remembered that the minority easily succeeded in defeating a very conservative amendment on this same issue during the last Congress.

I doubt if there is in labor circles any deep-seated opposition to combinations of capital. The sentiment of the private citizen on the subject will be determined by the effect upon his pocket-book. If the trusts are able

to supply the necessities of life at a lower cost than it has heretofore been possible to procure them they will win favor toward decreasing opposition. But if on the other hand they by stifling competition and over-exploitation, impose grievous and unjustifiable burdens upon the consumer, vigorous agitation for legislation on the subject must be expected as a natural sequence.

(Reprinted by request, from Leslie's Weekly of March 29th, 1903.)

If You Are Tired

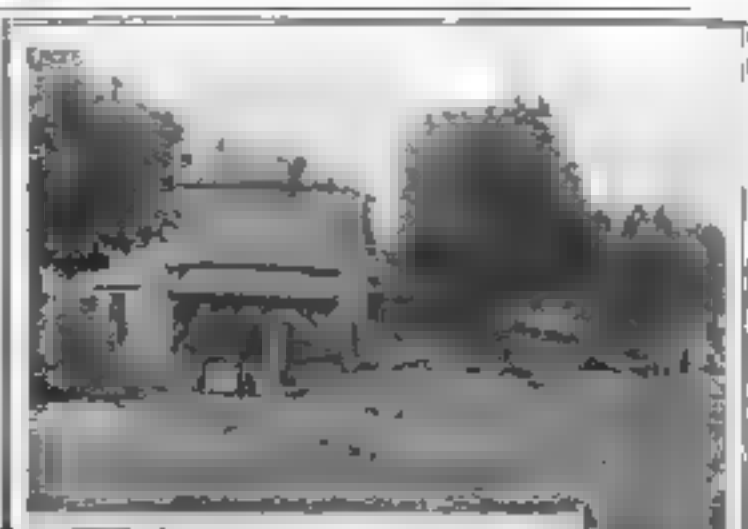
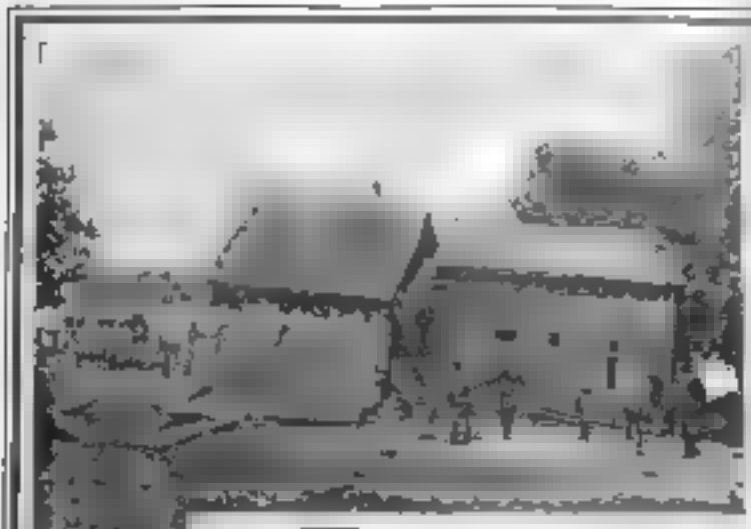
DR. HOBART'S AND PROMATE

DR. M. H. HENRY, New York says: "When completely tired out by prolonged wakefulness and overwork, it is of the greatest value to me."

Pure Cow's Milk

made sterile and guarded against contamination, from beginning to end, is the perfection of substitute feeding for infants. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has stood first among infant foods for more than forty years.

TELEPHONE SERVICE saves time. Time is the stuff of life. Have telephone service at your home as well as at your office and save time at both ends of the line. Rates in Manhattan from \$16 a year. N. Y. Telephone Co.



BAHNS EXIST BY THE BAHNS WATER AND DRAIN WITH THE FLOODS. NEITHER THE CUT FLOOD FROM ENGINEERING AND MADE THROUGH BY THE FLOOD.

OUTSIDE OF THE AREA AND THE AREA OF THE FLOODS. THE FLOODS ARE IN THE FLOODS.



WIDE SECTION OF RAILROAD TRACK CARRIED A QUARTER OF A MILE AND THE FLOODS AND THE FLOODS ARE IN THE FLOODS.

ANYWHERE THE FLOODS ARE IN THE FLOODS. THE FLOODS ARE IN THE FLOODS.



DAMAGE TO THE RAILROAD IN THE CENTER OF THE FLOODS, WITH THE FLOODS.

A STEEL RAILROAD-BRIDGE LAMINATED IN A FLOOD-ORIGIN.

STRANGE FEARS OF A DISASTROUS WESTERN FLOOD.

CURIOUS FEATURES OF THE FOURTH INUNDATION WHICH HAS DEVASTATED THE TOWN OF DECORAH, IOWA

Photographs by Frank Miller and J. C. Thomas. See page 102



DISCHARGING A MONSTER GUN ON
FIRST PICTURE EVER MADE OF THE INSIDE OF A SUPERIMPOSED TURRET AT THE MOMENT



BOARD THE BATTLESHIP "KEARSARGE."

BE FIRING A THIRTEEN INCH CANNON. *Drawn especially for Leslie's Weekly by T. Dart Walker. See page 200.*



WEDDING DAY
AT THE
HOME OF
THE BRIDE



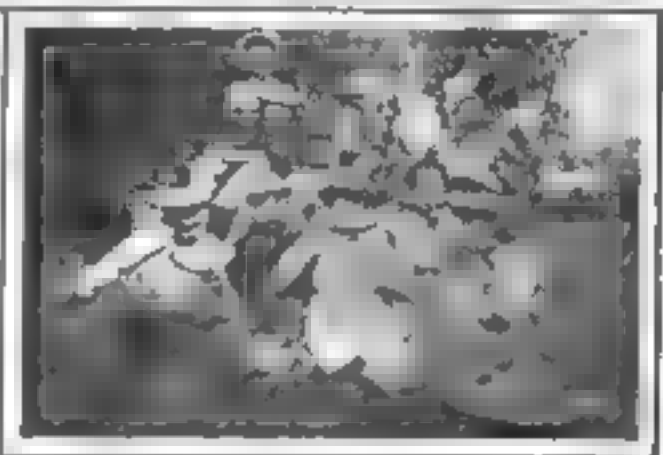
THE HOTEL AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE
GUESTS



WEDDING DAY
AT THE
HOME OF
THE BRIDE



A GROUP OF CHILDREN AT THE
HOME OF THE BRIDE



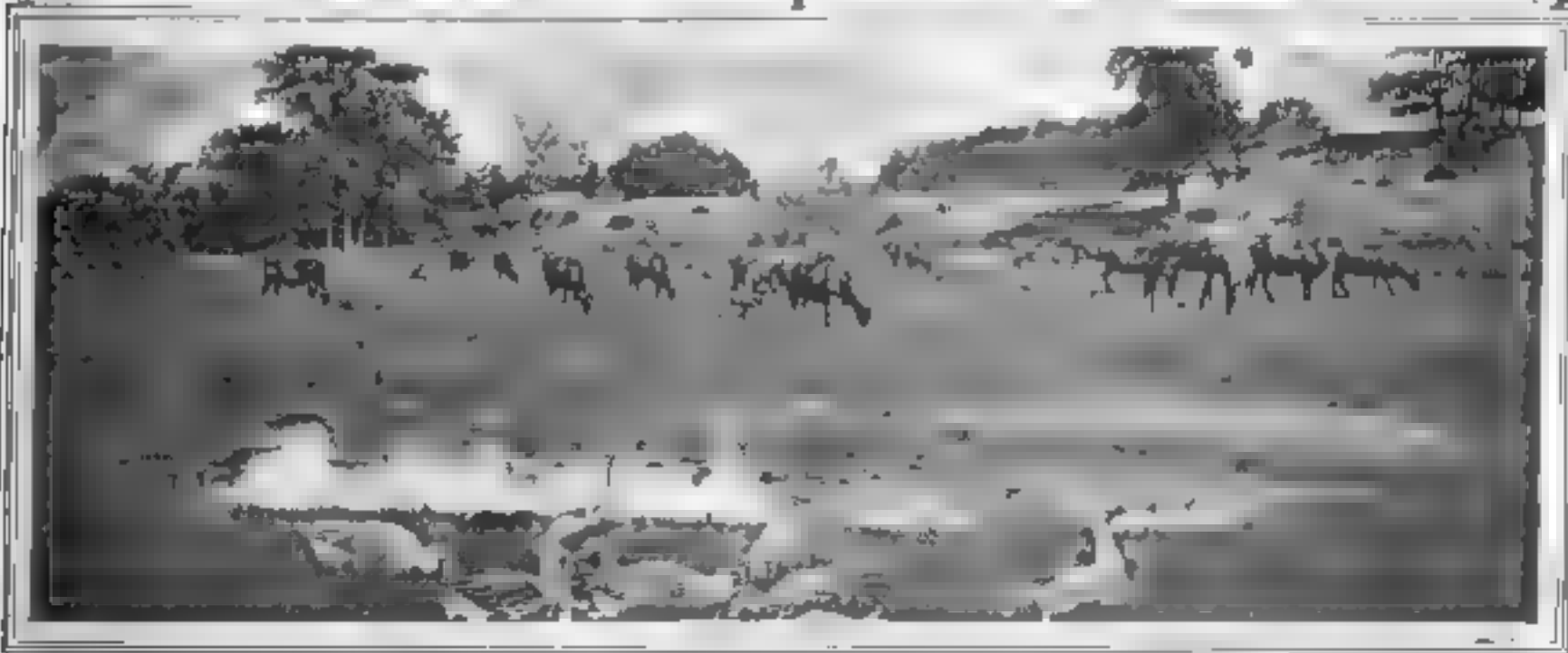
A GROUP OF CHILDREN AT THE
HOME OF THE BRIDE



HUNDREDS OF GUESTS AT THE
HOME OF THE BRIDE

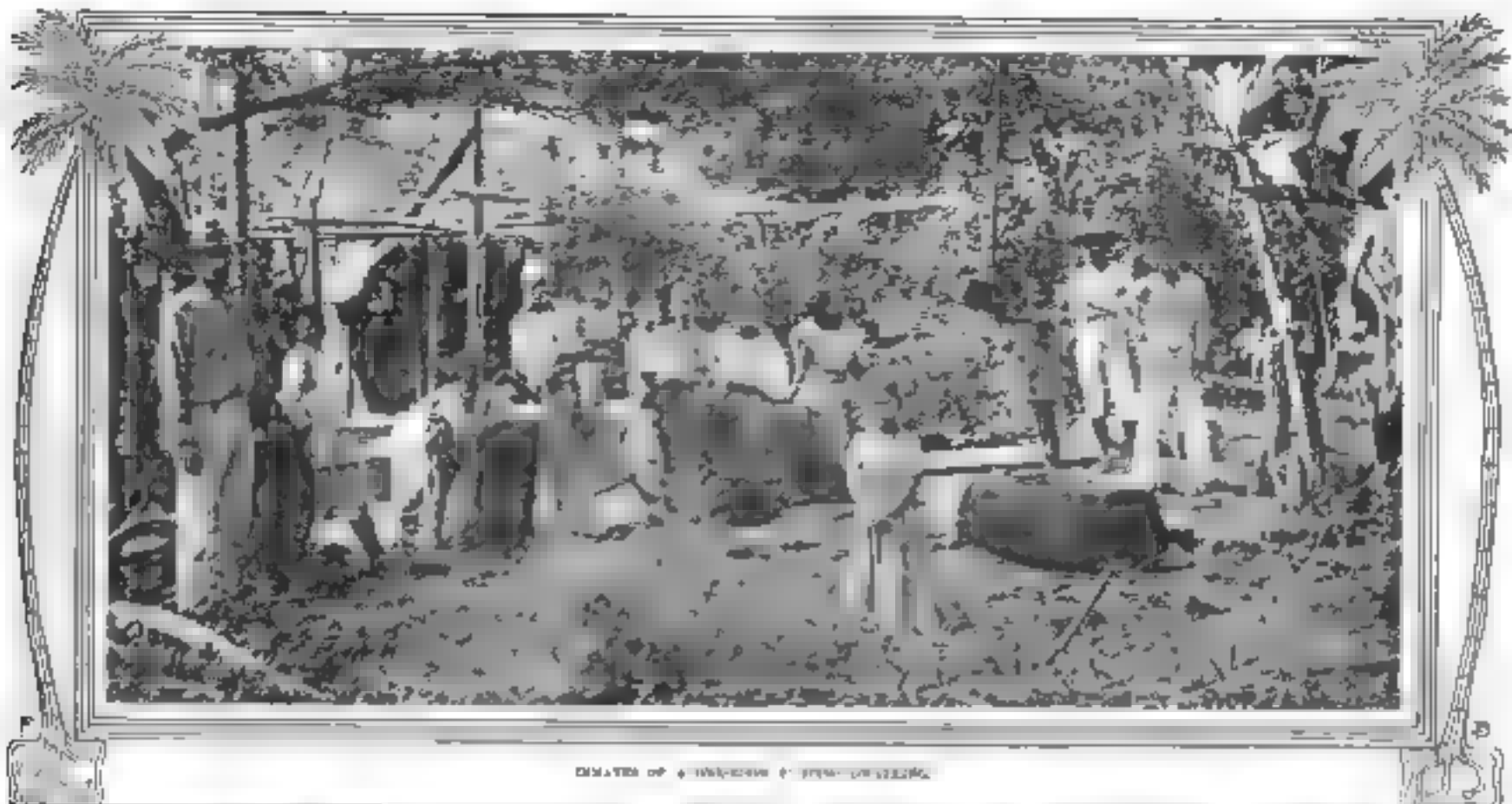


A GROUP OF CHILDREN AT THE
HOME OF THE BRIDE

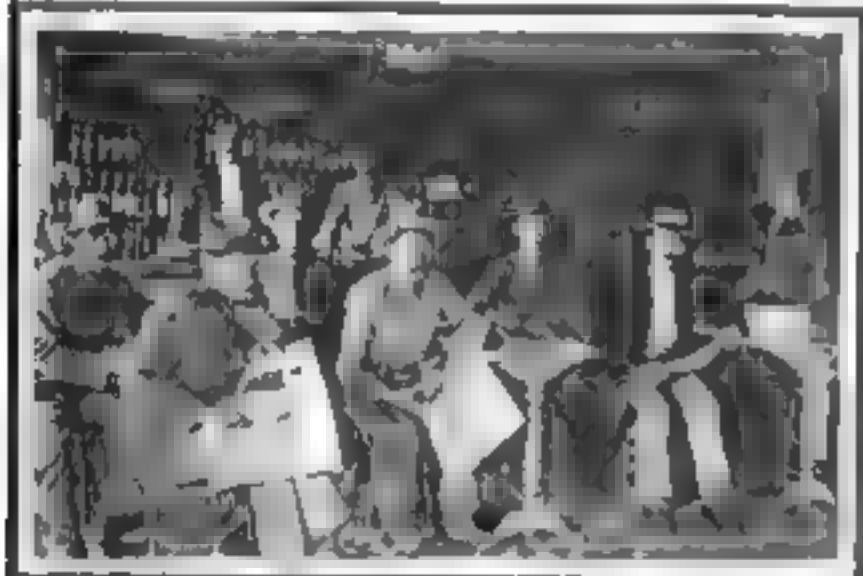


(FRIED-WHEEL) THE BEACH AT ATLANTIC CITY
—J. W. Sperry (The Long R.)

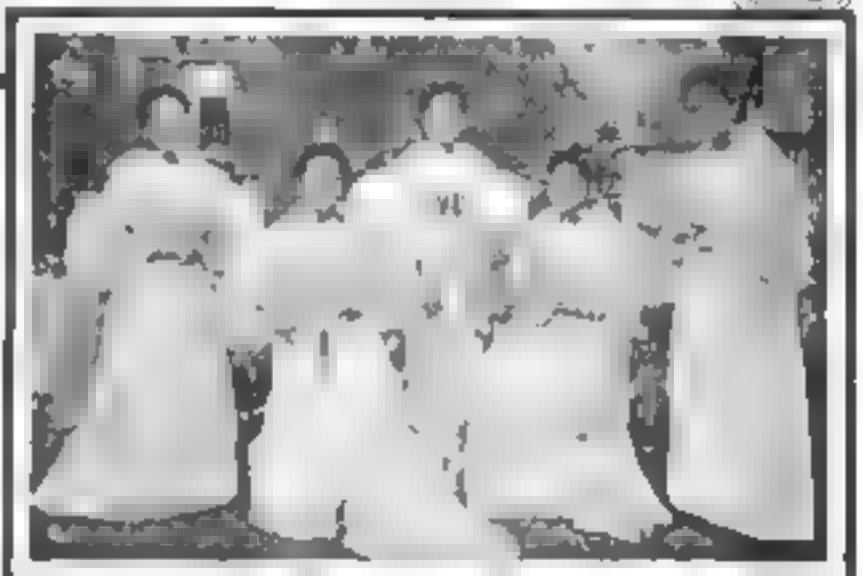
OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST RHODE ISLAND WINS
VACATION DAYS IN THE FIELDS, ON LAKE AND SEASIDE, ILLUSTRATED BY SKILLFUL AMATEURS.



CHIEF OF THE TRIBES OF THE LOWLANDS



WOMEN OF THE TRIBES OF THE LOWLANDS



WOMEN OF THE TRIBES OF THE LOWLANDS



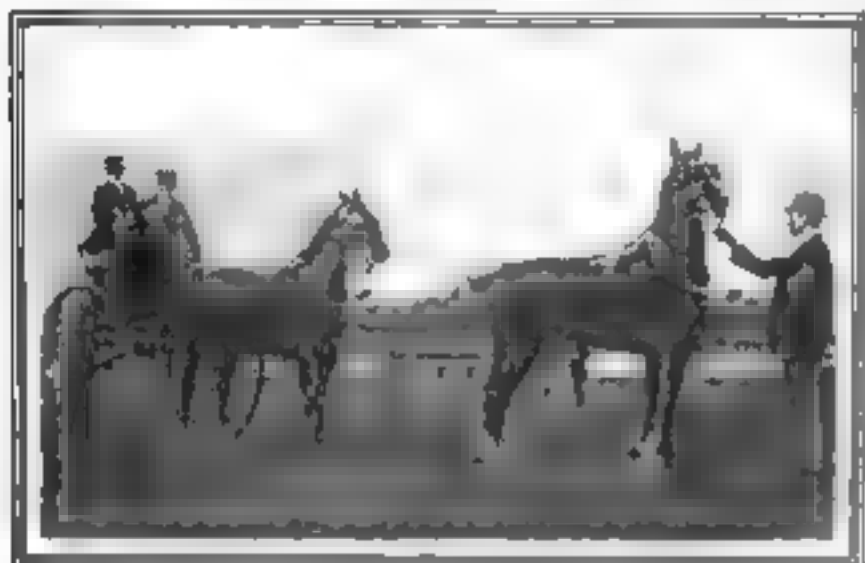
NATIVE GIRLS CARRYING WATER IN DOMESTIC BASKET RECEPTACLES

STRIKING GLIMPSES OF FILIPINO LAND

SCENES OF PECULIAR HUMAN INTEREST IN OUR FAR EASTERN ISLANDS. — Photographs by W. J. Fern, Bureau Industry, Manila.



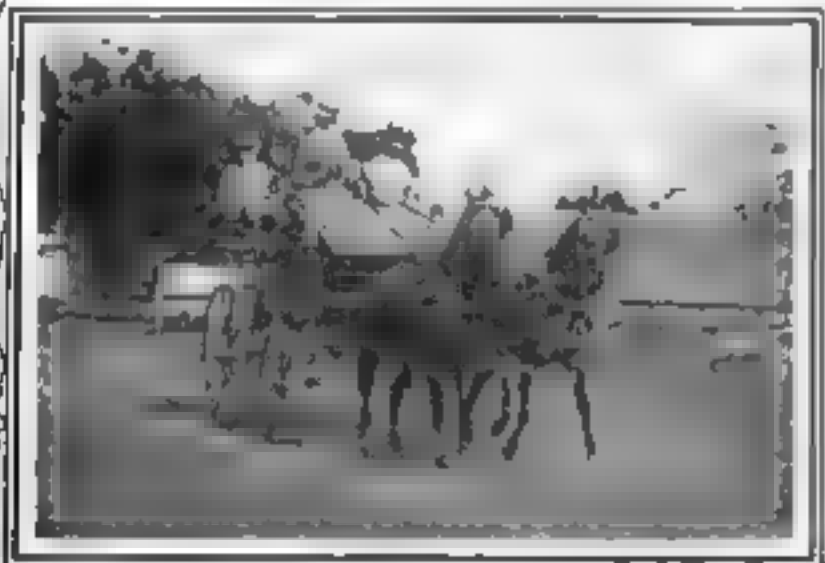
MRS. HAVER, DAUGHTER OF C. C. HAVER, SITTING FOUR-IN-HAND.



MISS FLORENCE H. STOKES AND HER TANDEM TEAM.



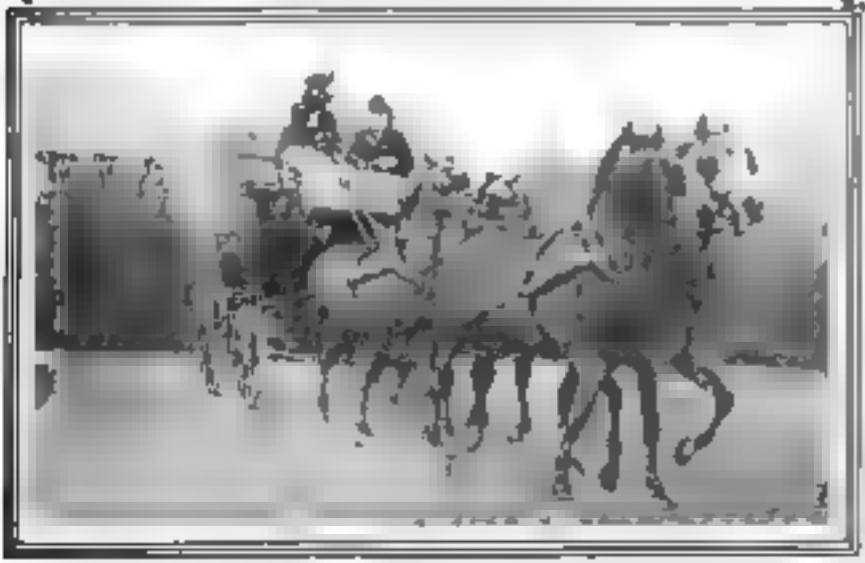
MRS. JOSEPH L. WHEELER AND HER HANDSOME "WHITE-FOOT" PAIR.



MRS. JOSEPH L. KERMOCHAN IN HER COACH.



MRS. DANIEL C. LANTRY DRIVING "SUGAR" AND "PAVE."



MISS MELLA, DAUGHTER OF OGDEN MELLA, AND HER SMART FOUR-IN-HAND.



MRS. GEORGE F. SOUTH DRIVING IN HER BEAUTIFUL SAUTING-CAR WITH MRS. E. L. AGAR.

SOCIETY'S EXPERT HORSEWOMEN.

SOCIAL LEADERS IN NEW YORK WHO CAN HOLD THE REINS PHOTOGRAPHED IN THEIR FAVORITE TURNOUTS.

Photographs by E. M. Merrill.

LESLIE'S

WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company. No. 100 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2448

New York, August 7, 1902

Price 10 Cents



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AND GOVERNOR MURPHY ARRIVING AT SEA GATE, N. Y.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

AMONG THE members of the American delegation who went over to London to attend the convention



1944年 10月 10日
 1944年 10月 10日 10月 10日 10月 10日
 1944年 10月 10日 10月 10日 10月 10日

son, is a veteran of two wars. Having served with distinction in the 4th Air Cavalry, he came to the rank of Major-General and also saw the last conflict with Vietnam, in which he commanded the 1st Air Cavalry Division. He is now a lieutenant of Colonel in the reserves of the Army. He is where he should be.

[illegible]

M. DE WITTE.



M. MATHIAS DE ALMEIDA.

[illegible][illegible]

THE PUNCH devotionists of Mr. Leonard Kimball, president of the American Standard of character of Paris on the night of July 31, of the annual banquet was one of those orgies which appear as darkness hid to the just a little while and again a paradise of those present knew and and gave and whether there and the Marcellus as he was gathered together. When Monsieur Kimball finished speaking of marriage prepared the grand room of the Legion of Honor on the ground floor and Kimball, on each side. He then began remonstrated for this and started to the guests afterward that his participation was being infringed upon, and estimated that of Kimball's behavior were only possible to show that he would stop for whole Kimball. Mr. Kimball as a guest in the grand banquet and the marriage firm of Marcellus Kimball, was taken to the subject.



PLATE 1125,
Front of the House, no. 3, corner of 4th Avenue and 8th
Street, New York City.

[illegible]


THE AMERICAN people will have an opportunity this fall to determine the degree of the damage and destruction that have been inflicted on the lives of the Negro and his family when it is told the exciting story of Robert Kennedy's first assassination who was killed in the last 100th anniversary of the conflict and the witness is the man who in the most gifted man among the Negroes as the integrity of the nation.

[illegible]

82 4 47 4 41 40 4

A PATHETIC interest attaches to the gift of \$92,000 which John D. Rockefeller recently made to the City of New York as part of his pledge of \$300,000. The receipt of this check completed the \$200,000 endowment movement for which the late "millionaire" John D. Rockefeller valued so essentially in the last year of his busy life.

ONE OF the most remarkable political antagonisms ever known in this country within the ranks of a single political party was that recently concluded in the re-nomination by the Republicans of New York Governor La Follette as the choice of Murrison, the most singular foe now of the anti-trust agitators in the fact that the choice of Governor La Follette in answered himself was hotly and even bitterly opposed by almost the whole Republican press of the State and also a great of the leading politicians of New York State, ranked it



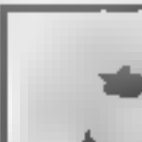
HON. ROBERT S. LA FOLLETTE,
Governor of Wisconsin, 1901-1905.
Elected by the Republican vote.



BOOK REVIEW BY L. L. PILLAY, JR.,
 Editor, *Mathematics*, *Journal of the American Mathematical Society*,
 1991, 4, 1, 1-10.

[illegible]

ONE OF Lord Salisbury's pet anecdotes is the story of a fugitive of Portsmouth who, in 1844, was up the station's line placed the wire on the wooden pier cut, but with the same result as Lord Salisbury's story.



■ 1997年 10月 17日 第171号

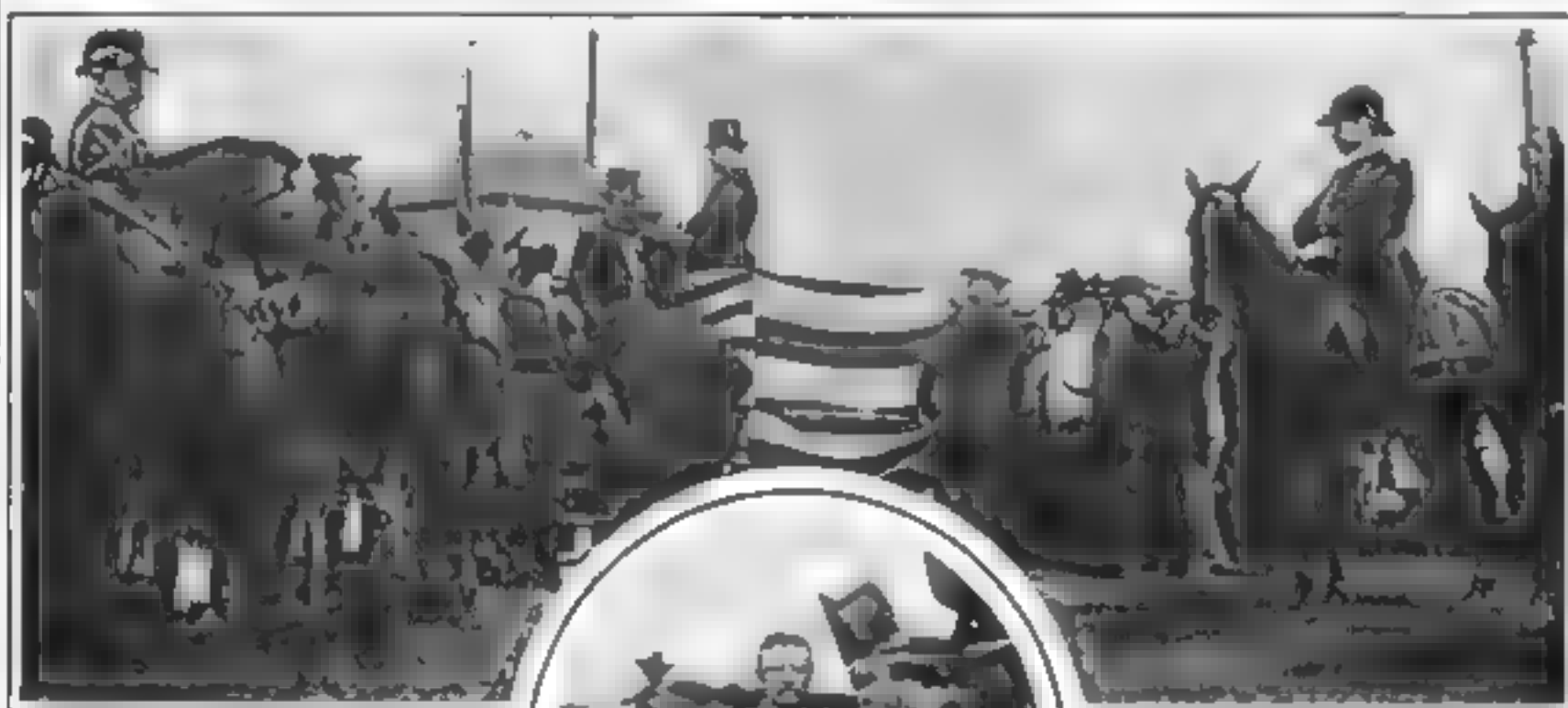
[illegible][illegible]



THUNDER AT ADMIRAL PARK STATION TO MEET THE PRESIDENT'S TRAIN.



THE PRESIDENT AND GOVERNOR MICHIGAN FOR A RIDE—THE PRESIDENT AND GOVERNOR MICHIGAN.



REVIEWING THE STAND BEHIND THE PRESIDENT.

REVIEWING THE STAND BEHIND THE PRESIDENT.



THE RECEPTION AT THE FIELD DURING THE PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

NEW JERSEY'S WELCOME TO ROOSEVELT

THE PRESIDENT REVIEWS THE GALLANT NATIONAL GUARDSMEN AT THEIR CAMP AT SEA GIRT

Photographs by our staff photographer G. E. Lacey.



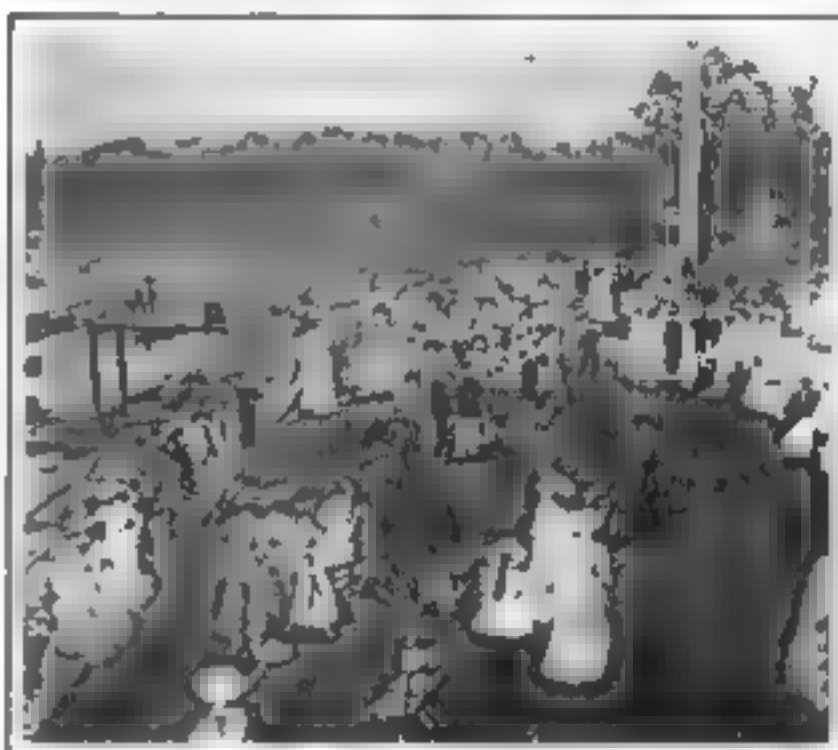
THE KAYERS AT THE START OF THE RACE.



START OF THE RACE. NOTICE HOW THE KAYERS ARE POSITIONED AT THE START.



THE AMERICAN MIDLAND IN FRONT OF THE LARCHMONT HOTEL.



AMERICAN MIDLAND IN FRONT OF THE LARCHMONT HOTEL.

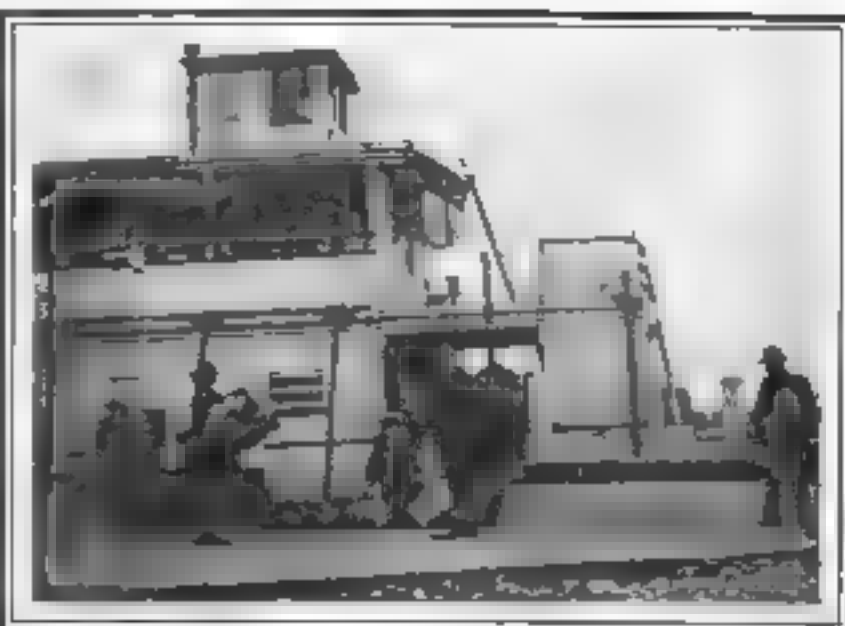


THE KAYERS AT THE START OF THE RACE.

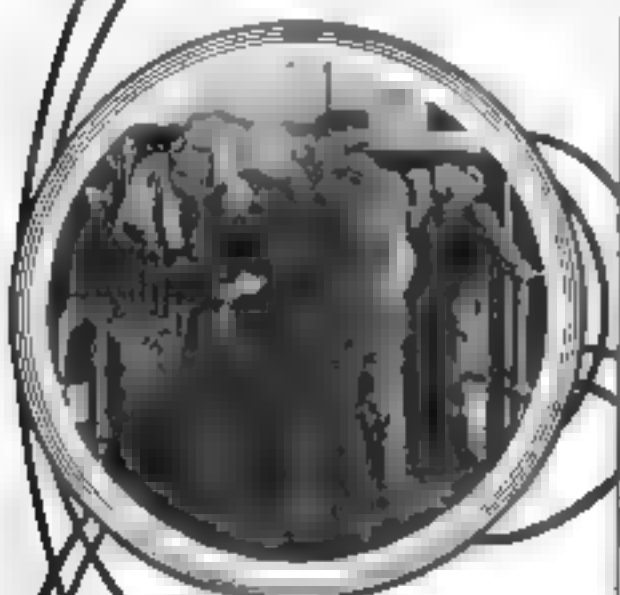
EXCITING SUMMER DAY'S CONTESTS AT A FASHIONABLE RESORT
THE AQUATIC SPORTS ON "LADIES' DAY" AT LARCHMONT, A FAMOUS SUMMER SETTLEMENT OF WEALTHY
NEW YORKERS.—Photographs by our staff photographer, G. B. Loring.



MAIN BUILDING OF THE ELLIS ISLAND IMMIGRATION STATION



IMMIGRANTS GREETING THEIR FRIENDS FROM A CRUISED SHIP, AFTER A SHORT VOYAGE



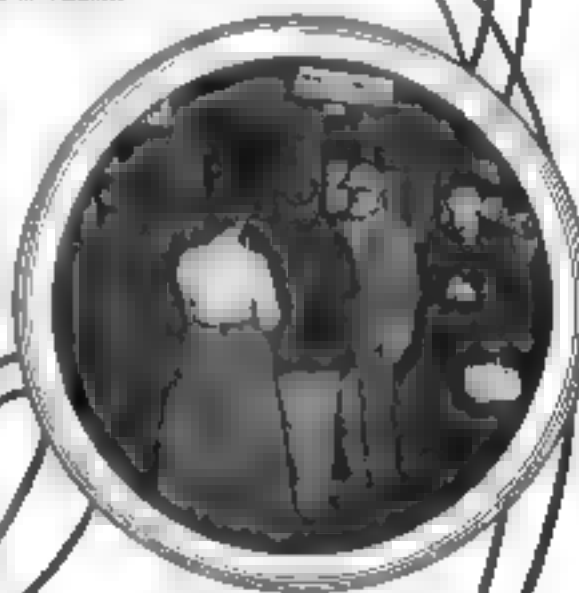
PARADE OF THE ELLIS ISLAND IMMIGRATION STATION



A GROUP OF IMMIGRANTS WHO ARE BEING HELD IN THE ELLIS ISLAND



A GROUP OF THINGS IN A WAITING ROOM, ABOUT TO BE INSPECTED



IMMIGRANTS WHO ARE BEING HELD IN THE ELLIS ISLAND



IMMIGRANTS WHO ARE BEING HELD IN THE ELLIS ISLAND



IMMIGRANTS WHO ARE BEING HELD IN THE ELLIS ISLAND

MULTITUDES OF IMMIGRANTS HURRYING TO AMERICA
ELLIS ISLAND, WHERE NEARLY HALF A MILLION ALIENS LANDED DURING THE PAST FISCAL YEAR

Photographs by our staff from G. E. Lantry



ONE OF THE WORLD'S COSTLIEST GROUPS OF BUILDINGS.
TOWERING BUSINESS STRUCTURES IN NEW YORK'S INSURANCE DISTRICT, WORTH MORE THAN \$20,000,000.
Photograph by George P. Hall & Son - See page 128



WEEKS HERE AT NEW YORK TAKE TO THE HIGH FIVE FASHION FIFTH AVENUE'S NEW YORK



WHERE AMATEURS NEW LORENS BLANK FROM BUNNY IN THE MASON'S FINANCIAL CENTER—BROAD STREET

GLIMPSSES OF LIFE IN THE
WHERE NEW YORKERS PILE UP FORTUNES AND WHO



THE GREAT HALL OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE



THE GREAT HALL OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE

GREATEST AMERICAN CITY.

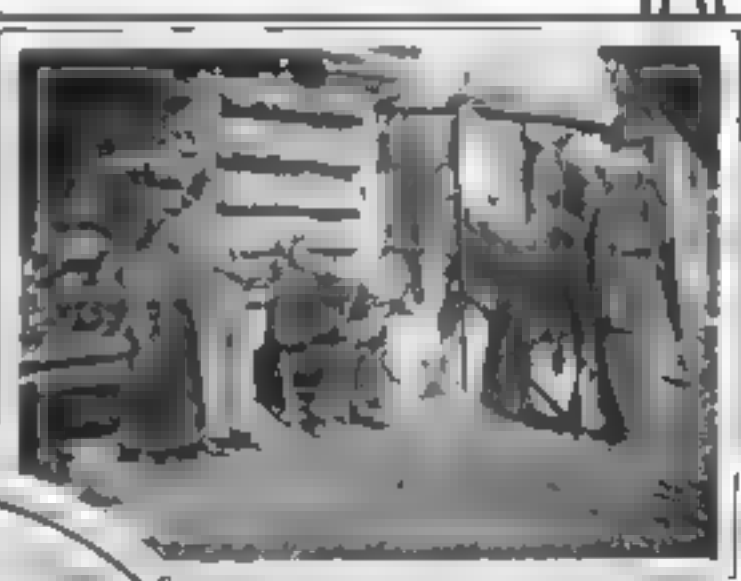
THEIR MONEY IS SPENT.—*From panoramic photographs by Falk.*



(PRIZE-WINNER) ANNUAL TURNOUT OF 24,000 MASSACHUSETTS AT THE FANEUIL HALL, BOSTON. William L. L. L. L.



PORT SPANISH, CALIF. A VIEW FROM THE PACIFIC OCEAN. Mrs. C. H. H. H.

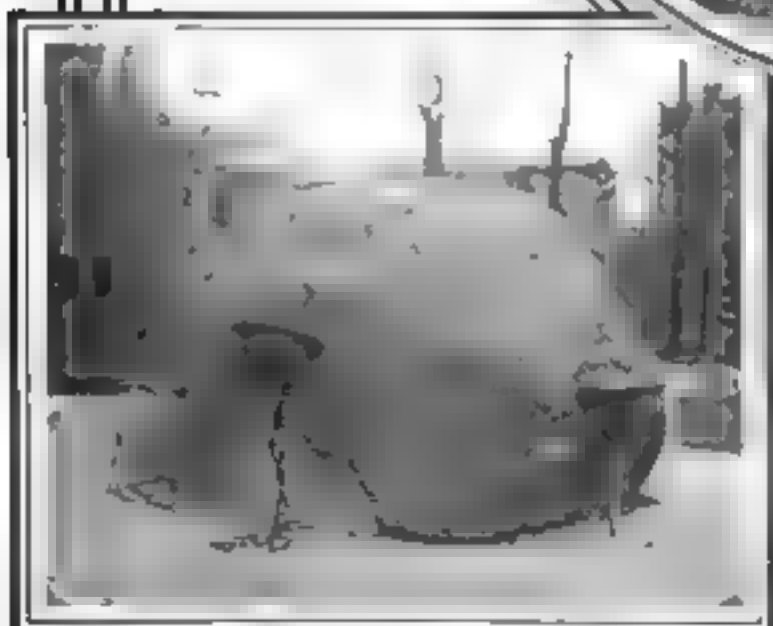


A GEORGIA-PACIFIC BUILDING, SEATTLE. Mrs. C. H. H. H.

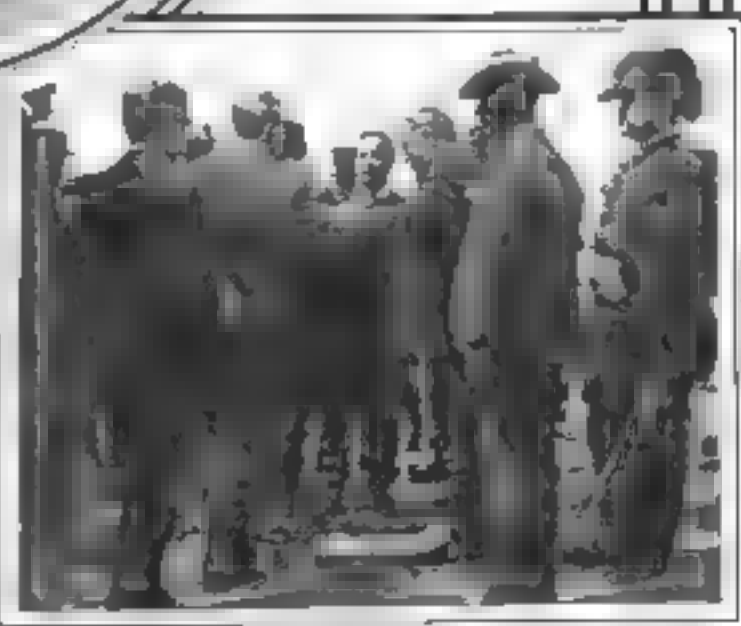


A GROUP OF PEOPLE ON THE PACIFIC OCEAN. Mrs. C. H. H. H.

THE PACIFIC OCEAN. Mrs. C. H. H. H.



BRIDGE TOWN, MADE FROM AN AIRSHIP, IN WASHINGTON PARK, CHICAGO. Mrs. Charles E. Miller, Rochester.



RECEIVING COMMISSIONERS, AND STAFF AT THE DEDICATION OF THE GREAT FIRST STATE RESERVATION, JULY 1898. E. C. & Co. Seattle, Washington, D. C.

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—MASSACHUSETTS WINS.
A LITTLE GALLERY OF PICTURES, VARIED AND ATTRACTIVE, BY ARTISTIC FOLK.



QUEEN ALEXANDRA THE CENTRE OF ATTRACTION AT THE BAZAAR

IMPERIAL CORONATION BAZAAR, LONDON'S GREATEST SOCIAL EVENT—BEAUTIFUL WOMEN OF TITLE AND POSITION PROMINENT AS PATRONS AND STALL-HOLDERS

American Women Grace London's Fair

THEIR REMARKABLE part in which so many American women proved by organizing and making supervision of public fair open of new spirit was put to the test in London during the coronation period with results that surprised and delighted society in the British capital. The Coronation Bazaar, which was opened on July 25th and which lasted for several days, was the largest under-taking of its sort ever set on foot in England. It was held for the benefit of the hospital for sick children in Great Ormond Street, in which no other than the King and Queen are deeply interested. The fair was organized chiefly through the efforts of Mrs. Blair, Mrs. Chaute, wife of the American minister, and other prominent American women, and they were also active in its management. The bazaar was held in a structure covering 25,000 square feet in the Botanical Gardens, Regent's Park. More than 1,000 tickets at a guinea each were sold in advance and the affair was opened in semi-state by Queen Alexandra in the presence of a large assemblage of nobles.

After the formal opening of the bazaar the Queen inspected the stalls which numbered nearly forty. As the American court, Mrs. Chaute and Mrs. Whitehead Reid accompanied the Queen on the round of inspection. The court included eight magnificent stalls presided over by American women whose names and the articles they offered for sale were as follows: Duchess of Marlborough, embroidery and American books; Mrs. Bradley Martin, American preserved fruits; Mrs. Eaton, rambles; Mrs. Ronalds, the American bar; the Countess of Oxford and Mrs. Ralph A. van, parrots and ferns; Countess of Stafford, old silver; and Mrs. Arthur Paget, jewelry.

Mrs. Paget's stock in costume would have done credit to a large wholesale house for it was valued at \$5,000,000. Some splendid jewels had been loaned simply for exhibition especially by Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan. For the

the Royal 20-carat diamond seen at the Buffalo exhibition and the Great Southern, now valued at \$50,000,000, was asked. Mrs. Chaute, Mrs. Reid and the women of the American nobles were in charge of the American dresses, still whose were displayed a set of art and fancy articles. The Duchess of Marlborough had in her stall 1,000 worth of china donated by Emperor William. Among the other stallholders were the Duchess of Devon, the Duchess of Northumberland, the Duchess of Somerset, the Duchess of Wellington, the Duchess of Wexmouth, Princess Alice, Princess Margaret, and Princess Beatrice. The fashion section was presided over by Lady Strathmore, wife of the Canadian High Commissioner, and Lady Macdonald. With such an array of royal leaders in its support the bazaar was handsomely patronized and the financial returns were very large.

Do Tobacco and Cheese Cause Cancer?

OF ALL the ailments that flesh is heir to there is none more fully dreaded than cancer, a painful and lingering disease for which no adequate remedy has yet been found. It will be remembered that in an address before a medical congress a year or so ago King Edward of England expressed the hope that a diligent effort would be made to discover some means of checking this dreadful malady. Recent investigations point to the conclusion that one of the causes of cancer is improper food and drink. That cancer of the lips and mouth are caused by excessive smoking is now a fact established by the case of General Grant and others and it has been intimated that cancer themselves have been found in certain vile-smelling foreign cheeses for which some fashionable people profess to have a great liking. So far as the malady is treatable to cause like these the remedy to be applied is simple and easy, viz. to smoke moderately, if at all, and to let all stews and degraded articles of food alone, no matter if gourmets pretend to like them.

Granny Did It

KNEW THE FORM OF THE FURNISHED PITCH.

A GRANNYMAN by studying the proper selection of food saved herself of stomach trouble and severe headaches. Later on she was able to save her little grand-daughter some of her knowledge of food.

She says: "When baby was five months old she was weaned because of the severe illness of her mother. She was put on a prepared baby food but soon lost flesh and color because babies need and fretful. We changed her food several times but with no permanent benefit. At last her stomach rebelled entirely and threw up nearly every thing she took. She would be wet with a cold perspiration after feeding and would cry pitifully with pain. That is a dangerous condition in a small baby and in this extremity I remembered how beautiful Grape-Nuts had agreed with me and suggested we try the food for baby."

We began very carefully with it giving two small teaspoonfuls at a feeding softened with boiling water and fed in sterilized milk, warmed. The experiment was a perfect success.

She has been on the food five weeks and can now eat other food, for the change in this food has been wonderful. She has gained over three pounds in weight, has rosy cheeks, bright eyes, and she has the appearance of a substantially nourished and thriving child.

The reason that Grape-Nuts will agree with adults and infants is that the starch of the cereals has been transformed into grape sugar in the process of manufacture, and when introduced into the stomach it is ready for immediate assimilation and does not tax the power of the organs of digestion. The result is always beneficial and the food has saved thousands of lives.

It comes in many nice hot-weather dishes in each package of Grape-Nuts.



Pears'

All sorts of people use it
all sorts of stores sell the
most perfect soap
Pears' Soap



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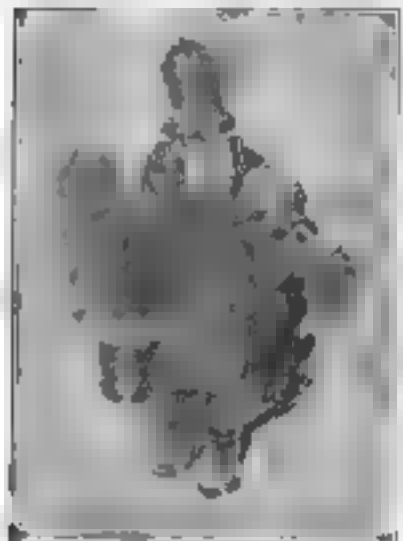
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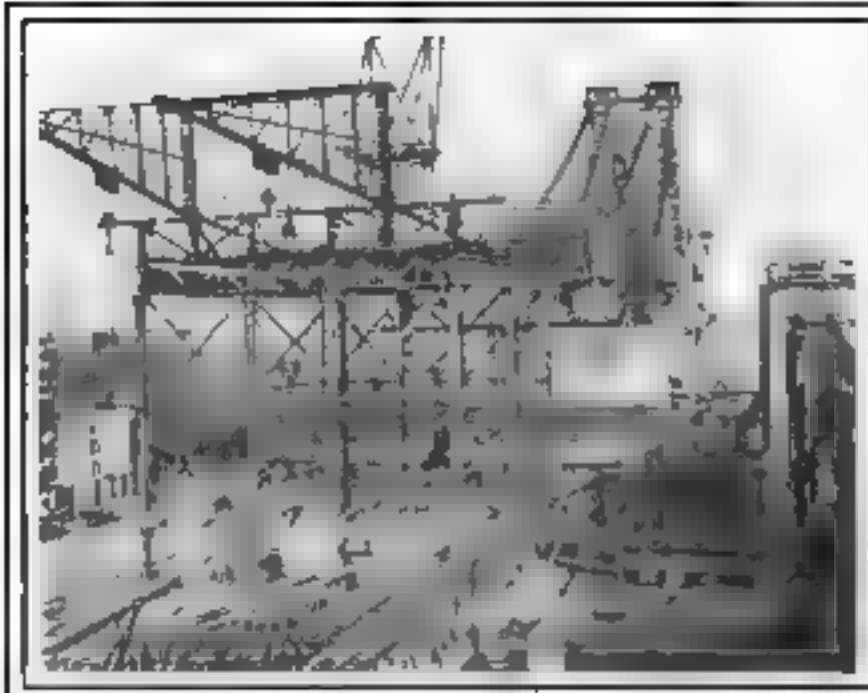
Vol. XCV. No. 2449

NEW YORK, AUGUST 14, 1914

Price 10 Cents

UNIQUE VIEW OF THE GREAT EAST RIVER BRIDGE FROM THE NEW YORK END. *Duggan*

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PUSHING FORWARD THE COMPLETED STEEL-BEAM TOWARD THE TERMINUS IN MANHATTAN.

COMPLETED SECTION OF THE BRIDGE-WORK ON THE LAND SIDE OF THE MANHATTAN TOWER.

A GRAND EXAMPLE OF MODERN BRIDGE BUILDING SKILL.

THE GREAT WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE, OVER THE EAST RIVER, NOW RAPIDLY APPROACHING COMPLETION. Photographs by R. L. Hays.

What the Building of a Big Bridge Means.

THE ISLAND of Long Island is one of the world's great bridges. It is an immense and difficult undertaking of which most people have an inadequate idea. To be a successful bridge-builder on a large scale requires the highest engineering skill and the capacity to assemble and coordinate the various agencies of material and the faculty of efficiently directing the efforts of a regiment of men. It is proof of all this New Yorkers do not have to go far for the line in the new East River bridge, and the latest example of the art of construction in this line.

The Williamsburgh Bridge, for such is its official name, has of late been advancing toward completion with remarkable rapidity. The first contract on the structure was let on October 20th, 1903, and actual work was begun soon afterward. The expert opinion is that the bridge on which 100,000 men are employed will be finished and ready by October 1st, 1904. It will cost about \$20,000,000, considerably more than the Brooklyn Bridge, but it will be larger and more complete than the latter. The bridge will be 7,200 feet in length between the terminals and it will be 1,600 feet wide. The main span will be 1,000 feet long, and the height above high water for 200 feet on each side of the center of the main span will be 115 feet. The center of the cables at the top of each tower will be 165 feet above high water, and the tops of each tower will probably reach up to 250 feet. The bridge is to be a double-decker with carriage ways, tracks and six or eight lanes on the first level and four tracks and four or five lanes on the second. The main span will be the approach on the Manhattan side will begin at Union and Broadway streets and the Brooklyn terminus will be at a place just beyond Throgs Neck and connected to the city by South Street, Flushing Avenue, and Broadway.

The four huge cables from which the main body of the bridge is to be suspended have already been spun and workmen are now engaged in wrapping them tightly with wire preparatory to fastening on to the rings from which the suspension rods will hang. It being the custom in their previous stage took only seven

months and it is claimed that the work was done three times as rapidly as any similar work has been performed. Each cable is 14 1/2 inches in diameter and contains 7,700 wires each 1/16 inch long making 17,000,000 wires in the four cables. There have a total weight of 25,000 tons, but the load they will have to sustain will not much exceed 10,000 tons so that there is a vast margin of safety. Some 40,000 tons of steel structural and cable will be used in constructing the bridge and the approaches at the two ends will absorb mountains of building stone. In the Manhattan side thirteen blocks of buildings have been condemned and had to make way for the approach. The people who were thus obliged to seek homes for where wandering maps the approach. The same thing but on a lesser extent has taken place on the Brooklyn side. In fact nothing has been omitted in the way of making the new bridge a safe and convenient passage-way and it is believed that when it is completed the congestion in the passages, particularly between Manhattan and Long Island will be materially relieved.

A Great Oil Cusher on Fire.

ONE OF the most spectacular oil fires ever seen in the United States took place recently in the Jennings oil field in Louisiana. A 120-barrel tank was struck by lightning and both it and an adjoining tank of the same size were speedily consumed. The derrick at the Jennings No. 2 well soon ignited from the blazing tanks and at once the oil flowing from the well caught fire. The flames shot up seventy-five feet while gas explosions sometimes went even much higher and the dense smoke rose in great volumes about 1,000 feet making of the place a miniature Mount Vesuvius.

Firemen present were taken to have adjacent property. A man carrying a chemical engine and several experienced oil men hurried to the scene from Jennings. It was decided to use steam as the extinguishing agent and steam engines were sent to the spot. The steam engines were in such abundance in quantity was feared on the scene, and the latter were extinguished.



HEAVY OFFICIAL WATER FROM PIPES OFF COAL COMPANY PROPERTY.

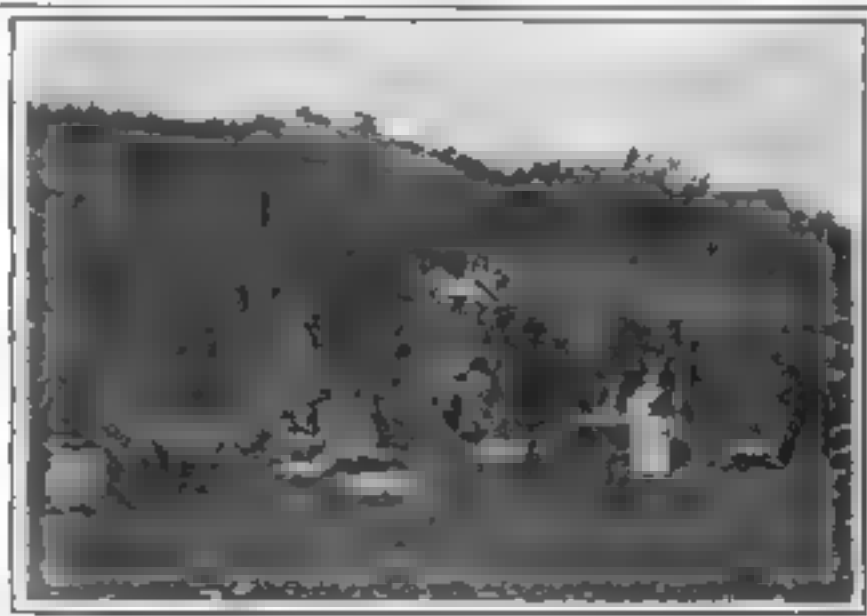
The Coal Strike Trouble.

LOST EMPLOYED though it was, the day. (able) before the strike came to its end. The coal regions of Pennsylvania the other day when a mob of enraged workmen at Henshaws attacked a deputy sheriff who was escorting a man whom named to the colliery, and precipitated a fight in which hundreds of shots were fired, scores of persons wounded and three men fatally shot. Within six hours after the two national guardmen were on the scene, and within twelve hours two regiments and part of a third, with a troop of cavalry under command of Brigadier-General J. P. H. Smith, had converged in Henshaws. Peace has been restored by the presence of the troops. Coal operators say the coming of the soldiers marks the beginning of the end of the big strike. The union leaders assert that the situation is in no way changed, and that the workmen will win.

A health-giver and a health-preserver. Abbott's Old Original Anker-Pain-Expeller. At druggists.



MINE-WORKER EMPLOYED AT A STEAMBOAT MOOR—AND THAT REMAINS OF THE WORKMEN.



PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL GUARD VETERAN CAMP AT SCENE OF DISTURBANCE.

OUTBREAK OF VIOLENCE IN THE COAL REGIONS

PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN AT HENSHAW, PENN., TO WHICH THE GOVERNMENT SENT TROOPS TO PRESERVE ORDER.



THE GREATEST OIL-WELL FIRE ON RECORD

GUSHER NO. 2 IN THE JENNINGS (LA.) OIL-FIELD, STRUCK BY LIGHTNING, SENDING UP FLAME AND SMOKE LIKE A VOLCANO.—Copyright, 1902, by Samuel Brodsky

Why Hanna Hates General Wood

IS THERE AN AMERICAN DREYFUS CASE?



REDACTED-GENERAL LEONARD WOOD.
Photograph, Copyright 1902 by Penta

THE ASSEN
T C S by friends of Senator Hanna that he would bitterly oppose the appointment by the President of General Leonard Wood as manager of the construction work on the Panama canal, in the event of the government's getting control of that property has divided attention away from the cause of the Senator's hostility to the general who is as close to the President as a friend is believed to be an outgrowth of the treatment given him in the case

by Major Kate's. Redaction Senator Hanna's friends and formerly director general of posts in Cuba under the military government. If Major Redaction's statements are well founded, his case requires serious treatment suggestive of the Dreyfus affair. He has made charges against General Wood, who was strictly military commander of Cuba, which are as grave and specific as to warrant investigation by a committee of Congress or a military court of inquiry.

Major Redaction after discharging the duties of director general for a time with seeming acceptance was suddenly accused of incompetency in office. He was tried at Havana by a Navy and Army court on the charges of conspiracy to defraud and of mismanagement of the postal revenues of the island. He was found guilty and was sentenced to ten years imprisonment and a fine of more than \$25,000. Major Redaction claimed that he was innocent and that the trial was grossly partial and unfair. President Roosevelt, on the opinion of Senate friends, directed that a new trial be held on appeal but since about the business an independent republic. The Cuban Congress passed an act granting amnesty to all Americans im-

prisoned in Cuba, and under this statute Major Redaction was released. He does not seek comfort with easy freedom, however, but demands that something be done to remove the stain from his name. He returned to his country just before the adjournment of the late session of Congress, seeking a vindication, and his petition for



MAJOR KATE'S, FORMERLY DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF THE CUBAN POSTS.

an investigation was presented by Senator Teller but was not acted upon probably for lack of time.

Major Redaction alleges that he proceedings resulting in his conviction were suspicious and illegal, influenced and controlled by the military government General Wood through various official orders and instructions to the

trial court the judges of which were the Governor's appointees and that the disposition was thus dictated, yet the same court directed the execution of the defendant. A most serious charge is that in the Dreyfus case General Wood authorized the military to admit no evidence in the prosecution of such defendants which in the Dreyfus case resulted in a Secretary of War's order excluding such defendants.

Major Redaction also maintains that he was not allowed sufficient time to prepare his trial on the charges on which he was finally convicted, and that he was convicted on charges greater than those on which he had been indicted, the original indictment having been amended after it was sent to the trial court. He declares that even the State's principal witness and virtually the only witness against Redaction did not testify at the trial under oath. Redaction also says that a defendant was not required under the laws of Cuba to swear to be affirm his truthfulness as his statements and could not be punished for perjury if his testimony was false. Major Redaction says that during the trial certain contradictory testimony given by him in the previous proceedings was admitted. Major Redaction insists that he was convicted on insufficient evidence his convictions resting almost entirely on the testimony of a single witness, whose testimony was contradicted by that of many Navy and Marine.

In thus holding General Wood responsible for the verdict and the injustice of the trial Major Redaction has taken a bold step. General Wood's high standing has added weight to his plea and the case against him the President will tend to weigh against the major's allegations. But the latter's case is a man who prior to his trial the only one requested as one of the most fearful of public officials. He could write but while he was sentenced imprisonment he could have no access to newspapers and he speaks his presentation of the latter's conviction against which he urges vigorous protest and to which he appeals as a matter of fact. Arguments from such a source as this cannot lightly be ignored simply because of the judgment of a court which is claimed to have been impartial. The fact that United States Senator Hanna should not have been as he is has been Major Redaction's chief and most notable champion would weight to be imposed demand for an investigation.

The country will deplore another miscarriage of justice involving one of its prominent men. But if it was fitting to pay to General Wood the same consideration which was paid to Dreyfus, it would be fitting to pay to General Wood the same consideration which was paid to Dreyfus.



CENTENARY BANQUET OF THE LIVERPOOL AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, AT WHICH THE HON. WHITELAW REID (X) WAS GUEST OF HONOR.

*MAY KING EDWARD'S BIRTH ON ONE OF WHICH CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE HAVE AND NOT COUNCILS OF WAR, WAS THE TOAST PROPOSED BY THE DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN HONORARY. Photographed for Leslie's Weekly by Augustin Mackay.



MANOEUVRES OF OUR SPLENDID NAVY

THE NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON SALUTING A FRENCH MAN OF WAR AS THE GUNS ARE FIRED THE AMERICAN BATTLESHIP ON THE RIGHT IMPRIS THE TR COLOR OF FRANCE, WHILE THE FRENCH BATTLESHIP RAISES THE STARS AND STRIPES

Scenes from London's Weekly As if they were from the history of the United States Participation

Reproduction



THE SEAM OF THE Ghetto—THE STREET MARKETS, WHERE FOOD AND ALL THE

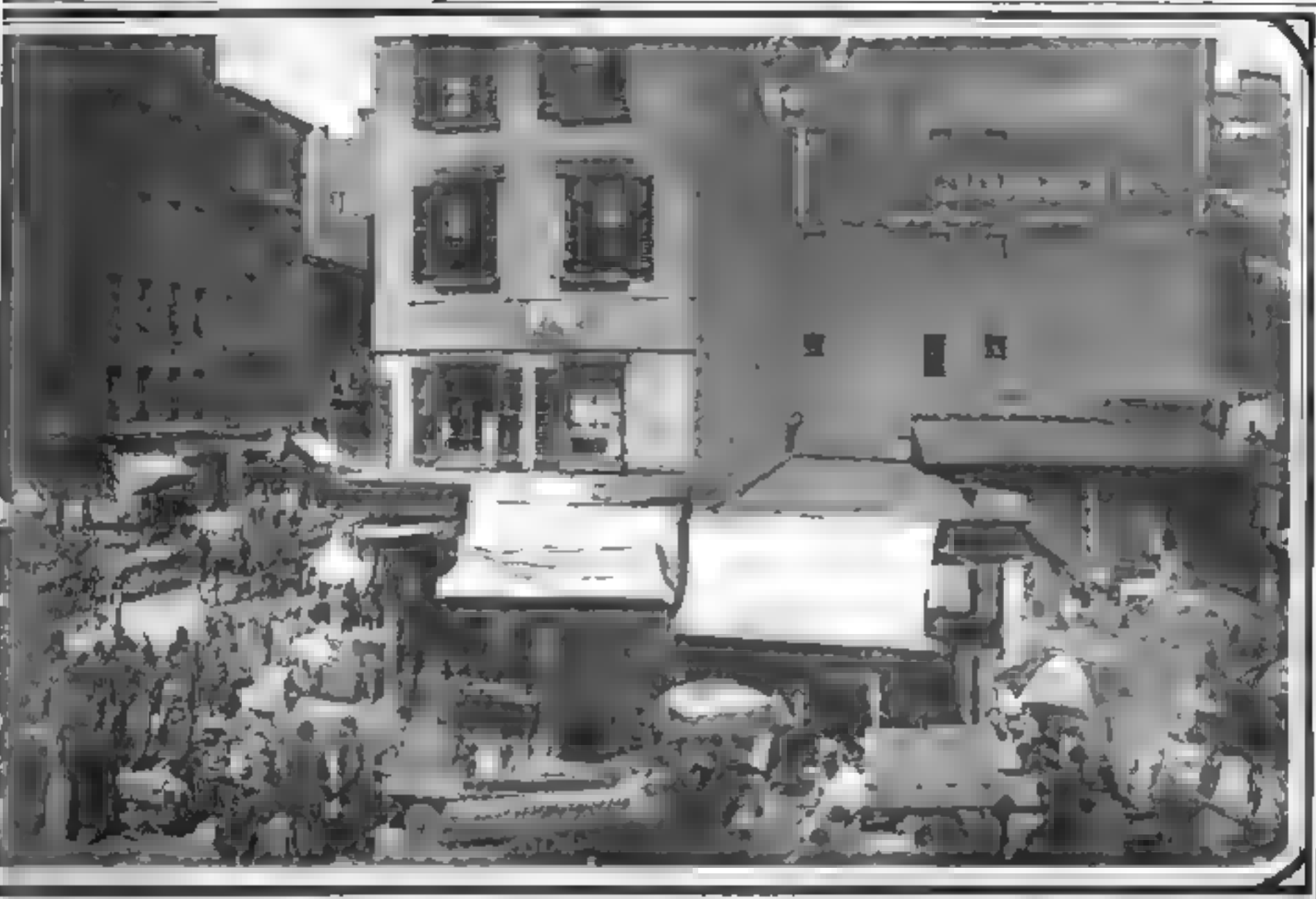


THE DIRTY COURTS, WHERE CHILDREN PLAY IN THEIR "FRONT YARD." G. B. Loring.



A TENEMENT KITCHEN—COFFIN AND A LOAF OF BREAD.

THE MOST CROWDED
A GLIMPSE OF THE POVERTY STRICKEN JEWISH QUARTER OF THE EAST



THE NEW YORK CITY HALL AND THE NEW YORK CITY HALL.



A FAMILY DEPARTING BY THE FERRY.—G. E. LEVY.



VIEWING CORNER OF THE NEW YORK CITY HALL IN THE GROUND—ON FIVE DAYS OF THE WEEK THERE IS WAITING ON THE CORNER.—G. E. LEVY.

CORNER IN THE WORLD.

SIDE, NEW YORK. THE MOST DENSELY POPULATED SPOT ON EARTH.

The Mystery of the Trained Goose

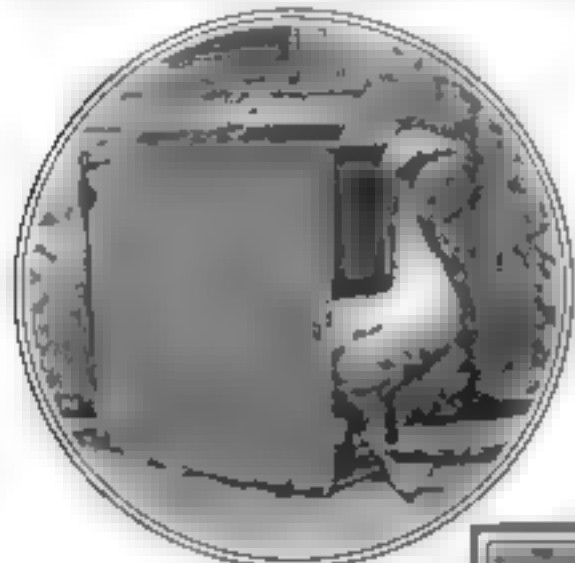
Explained . . . By Oliver Shedd



THE mystery of a goose which has been trained to perform a number of tricks and to walk on its hind legs has been explained. The explanation is that the goose is a very intelligent animal and that it has been trained by a man who has been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.

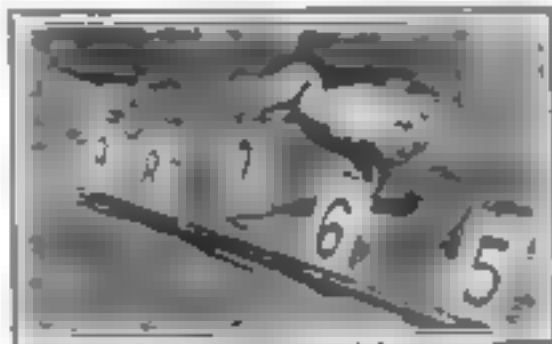
It is not known whether the goose was trained by a man or a woman, but it is known that it has been trained by a man who has been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.

and it will walk on its hind legs. It will also perform a number of other tricks, such as standing on its head and walking on its hind legs. It will also perform a number of other tricks, such as standing on its head and walking on its hind legs.



ENTER WALK

All eyes of the audience were turned to the goose. It was a very intelligent animal and it had been trained by a man who had been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years. It was a very intelligent animal and it had been trained by a man who had been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.



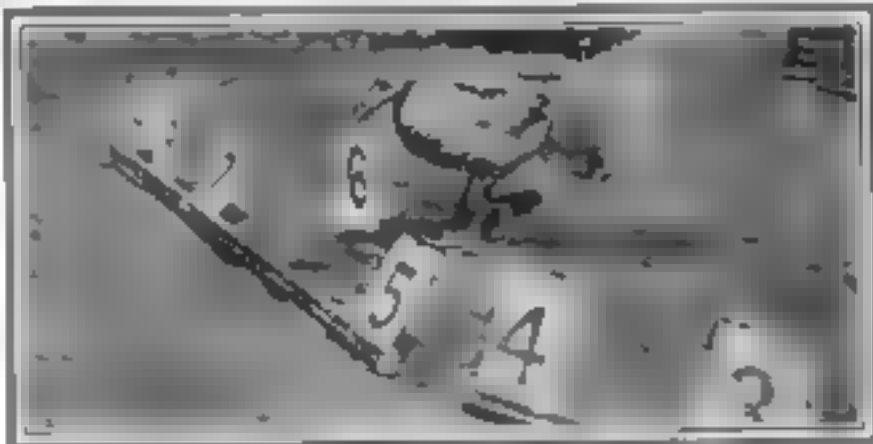
WALK AND GO ON TO THE NEXT TRICK AND ON

It is not known whether the goose was trained by a man or a woman, but it is known that it has been trained by a man who has been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.



A TRICK OF PATRIOTISM

Perhaps the most interesting trick which the goose performed was that it would stand on its hind legs and walk on its hind legs. It would also perform a number of other tricks, such as standing on its head and walking on its hind legs.



"NOW TELL THE TIME"

her early history when she is in prison, so that she will appreciate the moral lesson. It is not known whether the goose was trained by a man or a woman, but it is known that it has been trained by a man who has been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.



"THE GOOSE HAS BEEN TRAINED BY A MAN"

a certain day but by turning the foot's head quickly with his hand. Then he saw to it that after the goose had started for any number she should continue in the right direction. He followed the wandering bird at a

house for the night during the last twenty years, and taught with his whip. He was a very intelligent man and he was a very intelligent man. He was a very intelligent man and he was a very intelligent man.



THE REWARD FOR GOOD WORK - A NIGHT OF SWEET DREAMS



"NOW TELL THE TIME"

exceptional for a goose. It is not known whether the goose was trained by a man or a woman, but it is known that it has been trained by a man who has been studying the habits of the goose for a number of years.

An American Diplomat's Mistake.

THE RULES of official etiquette are very exacting, especially in a court like that of Spain where punctiliousness in all such matters is regarded as a national virtue and much may be justly granted under such conditions to a diplomatic representative who is bound to maintain himself in local usage so far as possible in dress and conduct and has to avoid all personal eccentricities. But notwithstanding all these outside claims it seems to me that the French ambassador at the recent ceremonies in Madrid, might have drawn the line in the right fight given up in honor of the occasion. Bull-fighting is a relic of medieval cruelty and barbarism, a brutal, bloody and revolting sport and its present survival in Spain is a burning disgrace to the country and a standing suspicion of the low and backward state of its civilization. The court officials in Spain had no more sense of the fitness of things and no more knowledge of the prevailing sentiment among civilized people elsewhere in

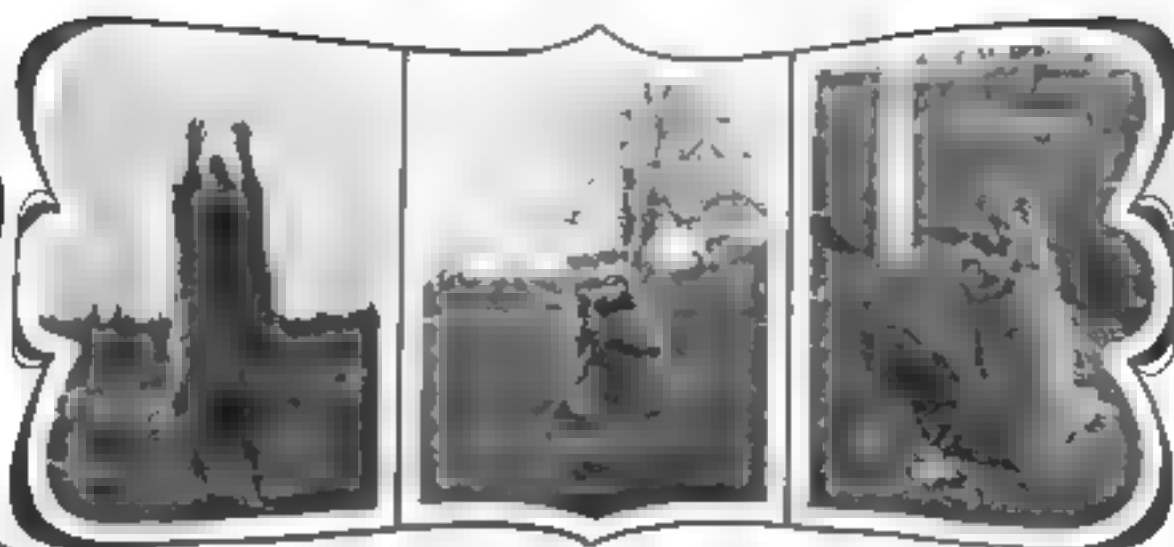
regard to the disgusting pastime than to expect our representatives to take it in as a part of the regular programme. The quiet attention of that gentleman from the feature of the festivities would surely have been severely profitable. He might at least have refrained from taking his wife to be shocked and terrified at the bloody spectacle.

Learn How

To Free Yourself SCIENTIFICALLY

It is easy to see good food and get well and keep that way but a person must go about it. A lady says: "I had a dreadful time of it before I learned how to feed myself properly. I suffered with stomach trouble for about ten years and finally got so bad that terrible pain would set in followed by nauseating sickness in the stomach and bowels. Sometimes I would blast up and would have to lie

flat on my back. My stomach finally got so bad that it would turn up everything I ate and of course I lost weight and strength very rapidly. I became pale, blood was out of order and looked like a skeleton finally. One day I managed to get in the stomach and liver and I went right down to death's door. I got so bad that even warm water was thrown off the stomach which would hold absolutely nothing until I began taking Grape-Nuts as a small quantity. "He has had been accustomed to Grape-Nuts and knew of the value of the food and began giving it to me. I immediately began to improve and the stomachs required no food and digested it. I gradually grew well again and now I can eat a hearty dinner of almost anything. I have gained thirty pounds in weight. My hair is now a beautiful white and my eyes are bright and clear where I used to be dull and with lacklustre eyes. I owe something to Grape-Nuts. Please do not publish my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



THE LITTLE FAIRY GIRL WAS A BIT OF PURE ANGELOUT BAPTIST AND THEN TAKEN A JUMP FROM THE BAPTIST.



THE LITTLE FAIRY GIRL WAS A BIT OF PURE ANGELOUT BAPTIST AND THEN TAKEN A JUMP FROM THE BAPTIST.



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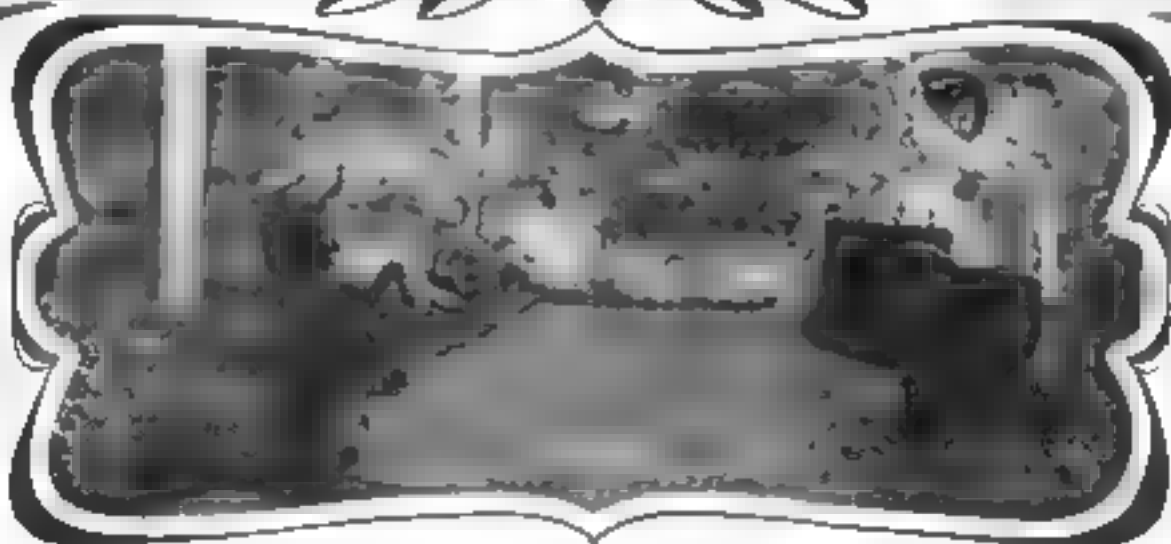
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A FAIRY GIRL SITTING AND THE PHOTOGRAPHER.

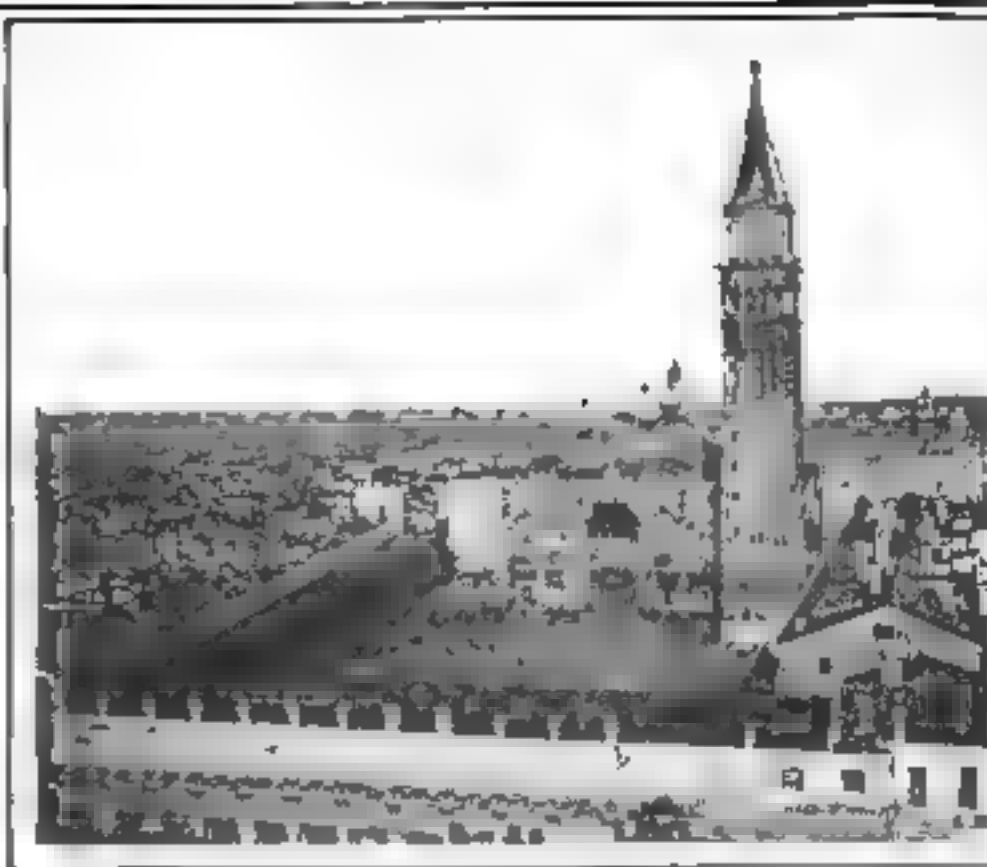
OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—WISCONSIN WINS.

UNIQUE AND STRIKING PICTURES OF ANIMAL LIFE.

[SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ANNOUNCEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THIS ISSUE.]



THE PLAZA OF ST. MARK'S, VENICE, BEFORE THE FALL OF THE CAMPANILE.



ST. MARK'S AND ITS BELL-TOWER, AS SEEN FROM A BRIDGE.



St. Mark's Tower.

The Bridge Polce.

SCENE OF THE FALLING TOWER. Photograph by Charles Heilmann Bode.

DESTRUCTION OF AN HISTORIC LANDMARK

THE CAMPANILE OF ST. MARK'S, WHICH WITH LITTLE WARNING, FELL IN RUINS ON THE SPOT WHERE IT HAD STOOD FOR CENTURIES.

Emperor William and Peace.

EMPEROR WILLIAM of Germany has been charged on numerous occasions with an intention to the Empire with being an egoist and an isolated person, indifferent to all change or to extension of German interests at home and abroad without regard to the rights of others. It is in doing things and things, and, however, that the Emperor has been recognized and distinguished in history was, and that he is, on the contrary, a man of remarkable sagacity and far-sightedness, and that his policy on the whole is of a peaceful and benevolent character. That the Emperor himself has been cognizant of the feeling entertained toward him in some quarters is made clear by his recent speech in reply to the address presented to him by the permanent committee of Alsace-Lorraine, thanking him for the abolition of the "fortification clause." Speaking of the period of his accession, the Emperor referred to the groundless though sincere mistrust which was entertained of him abroad, because it was assumed that he was striving after the laurels of victorious war. It was, therefore, his task to convince foreign countries that the new German Emperor desired to devote his energy and his power to the maintenance of peace. The foreign people now know along which road I have journeyed to this, or to welfare. His princes stand loyally by his side with their counsel and their deed. Foreign countries so far from discerning in us a menace to peace are accustomed to count upon us as a bulwark of peace firm as a rock. All this is of course perfectly true. The German Emperor understands, with a vividness that is most remarkable the absolute and imperative need of his empire for peace.

It is indeed the feeling that peace must be secured at all costs that has made his disposition toward this country often so hospitable. But to keep the peace is because of the German Emperor means to prevent the growing up of conditions which would render it easy or possible for Russia to go to war with Germany. As long as Russia and England can be kept at loggerheads Russia can have neither leisure nor inclination to think about a cause for quarrel with Germany.

We Are Progressing.

PESSIMISTS of the American school and those few determinate among us who are always insisting that we are in a deplorable state as to almost every phase of our moral, industrial and political life will find it hard to stand up against the astonishing figures recently put forth by the Treasury Bureau of Statistics relating to our exports to Asia and America. In 1892 our exports to these countries were \$20,000,000. At the end of the last fiscal year they were \$1,344,000,000, nearly a hundred per cent increase in ten years. In 1892 we sent \$5,743,497 worth of exports to 1892 they had increased to \$25,000,000,000, surpassing the general rate for a considerable time. To Japan the increase has been from \$1,200,000,000 to \$1,200,000,000. This is a rapid pace, but who shall say that it will not be more than proportionally increased in the next ten years with peace in the Philippines and the prospect of early completion of an isthmian canal. And it is to these influences is added generous promises by the government for up-building of our merchant marine; the rate of progress will be greater still.

Suspicion

LEADS TO THE HEAL LAXER.

THE question of coffee disease is, without doubt, the corner of the greatest importance when we are thrown on our own resources. Many a nation when suddenly left without means of support can make a comfortable living of health restore.

A lady from Woburn and in Boston, Kansas says: "I feel that over you a lot of for the good Postum coffee has done me. For years I was a great sufferer with nervousness, without ever suspecting the cause. Ten years ago I was down with nervous prostration. My work was light but I could not do it. I could not even read or read."

My sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I suffered intensely and it seemed only a matter of time till I must lose my reason.

My mental distress was as great as my physical when one day a friend brought me a trial of Postum coffee and urged me to use it instead of coffee in a few days saying that Postum had cured her of over trouble and sick headaches. I replied that I thought I could not give up coffee. I had always used it as a stimulant, however, the Postum food coffee proved to be pleasing to the taste and I used it and was surprised to see that I was not up and going better.

My husband bought several packages and insisted on my using it altogether. Gradually but not the less surely I fully recovered. I never used coffee afterward, and when I was left a widow a year later was able to open a dressmaking shop and support myself and three girls." Name given by Postum Co. Battle Creek Mich.

In Watermelon Time

When the sun is shining so bright,
 The watermelon is in season;
 And when the sun is shining so bright,
 The watermelon is in season;
 And when the sun is shining so bright,
 The watermelon is in season;
 And when the sun is shining so bright,
 The watermelon is in season;

The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;

Both the watermelon and the watermelon;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;
 The watermelon is in season;

By Mrs. J. J. J.



A PECULIARLY AMERICAN ENJOYMENT.

THE PLEASURES OF THE WATERMELON SEASON AT ITS HEIGHT.—PHOTOGRAPHS BY RAY-ASHFIELD, N. Y.

THE NAVAL MANŒUVRES AND OUR COAST DEFENSES

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Price 10 Cents



THE FLATIRON OF NEW YORK FROM THE FLATIRON BUILDING.
THE WHIRLING CENTRE OF TRAFFIC AT THE INTERSECTION OF BROADWAY, FIFTH AVENUE, AND TWENTY THIRD STREET, PHOTOGRAPHED FOR THE FIRST TIME FROM THE ROOF OF THE IMPRESSIVE AND CONSPICUOUS NEW "FLATIRON" SKY SCRAPER. By our staff photographer, G. J. Loring. See page 17.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

A MARKED indication of the healthy and sensible change of view coming over social circles in England



CAPT. FRANK,
The American captain who has
opened a fashionable laundry
in London.

and America with respect to one's sources of income and methods of earning a livelihood is seen in the large number of women of high social standing in both these countries who have in the past few years embarked in business for themselves and have not apparently suffered thereby in a social sense. For example, one English noblewoman, whose fortunes have become impaired through no fault of her own, has endeavored to make good her loss by opening a first-class laundry shop in a fashionable quarter of London, and another practical wife and sensible lady of the same class has ventured into the confectureary business with the same object in view. And

now comes the announcement that the countess of Essex, formerly Adeline Grant of New York, is seeking to repair her family fortunes by joining with Mrs. Hilda Williams in starting a fashionable laundry, holding out the special inducement of having its customers brought over from Mrs. Lady Essex, whose taste in dress is considered to be of the highest, is consulted by Parisian on new styles, and gets a handsome fee for such service adding materially to her means from that direction also.

THE POLLY of being too outspoken on important matters in the informal private letter has been demonstrated many times in the

cases of prominent public men in this country. The latest American of date to get into trouble in this way is General E. S. Hogg, our new consul-general at Havana. General Hogg was installed in office but a few weeks ago and yet he has already succeeded in disturbing the self-complacency of the entire visiting republic of Cuba. He is accused of saying in a letter to his wife which she showed to gossip persons, that "Uncle Sam might as well try to make a whistle out of a pig's ear as to try to do anything with the Cubans." The general denies using the exact language but admits that he said that when Uncle Sam got through trying to make a whistle out of a pig's tail he would report whether he could make an Anglo-Saxon out of a Cuban. This uncomplimentary remark, however, is also uncomplimentary to the Cubans, and it is not surprising that they are given a hearty and are demanding the general's recall. The latter may yet have to resign in order to prevent the relations between the United States and Cuba from becoming strained. But whatever the outcome of the controversy, General Hogg is likely to be more careful hereafter in writing letters.



COUNTESS OF ESSEX,
Whose unguarded tongue has
shocked the Cubans.

IT IS rare that any public official merits special notice by reason of simply doing his duty but Mr. Joseph W. Folk, circuit attorney of the city of St. Louis, is a notable exception to the rule.



HON. JOSEPH W. FOLK,
Father-in-law of Judge John H. Phipps.

Mr. Folk's name never of little prominence was elevated in November, 1900, as a competitor to an office whose duties corresponded to those of the district attorney of New York. Nothing more was expected of him than performing his duties in a perfectly way. But within eighteen months he has, by shrewd management and indefatigable labor, brought about the indictment of sixteen persons, eight charged with bribery, four with perjury, one with corruption in office, and three with subornation in office. One of these cases is a professional lobbyist seven were members

of the municipal assembly, three are business men of high financial and social standing, and two are city officials. One of the indicted men is Edward Butler, who for twenty years has dominated local Democratic politics. One prominent man has been sentenced to the penitentiary for three years for attempted bribery of the local Legislature, and another, who was abroad, has never dared to return home. Two of the indicted assemblymen fled the country. The indicted persons were all accused of being concerned in the alleged attempt of a street railroad

company to secure its proposed routes, valuable franchises from the municipal government. Mr. Folk's action aroused a storm of denunciation from his party associates and for a time he was in danger of personal violence. But he went about his duty fearlessly, undaunted by threats and by money influences, with the result that to-day St. Louis has a clean and able municipal government.

FEW MEN in the present United States Senate are further "up" to modern English literature than Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, and he has something more than a passing acquaintance with Wordsworth, Tennyson, Carlyle and Ruskin. For Henry Van Dine, author of the philosophy of clothes, he has a special thing and Ruskin's "Stones of the Years" is one of his favorite works. The senator is rarely without a book in his pocket. In railway journey he always takes up a book as soon as he has finished looking over the newspaper. Thus it will appear that Mr. Quay is not as far from versed in the general public exclusively instructed in politics.

THE PLECK Kite of denoting Germany and the United States into closer and more cordial relations, suggested by the visit of Prince Henry to this country, has been continued by groups of European Williams, who that even yesterday he got of a statue of Frederick the Great to the city of Washington and kind of all by the act of conferring the order of the Red Eagle upon Mr. Henry.



PRINCE HENRY, who was conferred the order of the Red Eagle.

While in Berlin where they went in company with Mr. Morgan, they were introduced to the order of the Red Eagle upon Mr. Henry. The order of the Red Eagle was founded by the Margrave of Brandenburg in 1705, and after several transformations was adopted in 1792 by Frederick William II of Prussia in connection with the general amnesty. The present design of the decoration is quite different from those of the original order. The badge is an eight-pointed cross having in the center a medallion with a red eagle bearing in its beak a laurel wreath. The ribbon is striped orange color and white.

STRANGELY ENOUGH Vermont alone the only State in the Union which has not at one time or

another been carried by the Democrats, supposes the political sentiment of the year through a split in the Republican party. The division in the latter organization is not over national but over state matters. Vermont, General J. C. McLaughlin of Burlington, the regular Republican member in running on a platform which favors a popular vote on the question of whether the existing prohibitory law shall be continued or a local option law adopted. Mr. Percival W. Clement, of Rutland, who hailed the Republican State Convention, has been nominated as an independent candidate on a liquor tax platform. He and his followers allege that voters have improperly used in the campaign which these McLaughlin delegates and that given corruption is practiced in the systematic prosecution of liquor sellers and drinkers. Mr. Clement's candidature is an expression of the growing opposition among Vermonters to the prohibitory system with its attendant hypocrisy and injustice. The statute has admittedly been enforced in a lax and inefficient manner. The substitution for it of the liquor tax plan would add to the revenue of the State and to the respect of its people. Whether or not the desired change will result from the campaign now on, it is certain to be effected at no distant day. The present system does not suppress the liquor traffic in Vermont and it has led to a system of bribery as bad as that which has rendered Tammany Hall so infamous.

THE SONS of "Old Eli" have now reason to rejoice and be glad over the latest contribution to their beloved alma mater which has come in the shape of a gift of not less than a million dollars from Frederick W. Vanderbilt, of the class of '39, the sum to be used for the establishment of a dormitory system for Yale's famous scientific school. The directors of the school have already purchased almost an entire city block in New Haven, adjacent to the university, for the purpose of erecting the dormitory which Mr. Vanderbilt will build and for use

in locating more dormitories. Mr. Vanderbilt recently gave Yale \$25,000 for the mechanical fund. His brother, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, erected a dormitory for the university but cost over \$1,000,000. Frederick and Alfred, the sons of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, are also doing much for Yale.

THAT LIFE in the Philippines still has its perils is proved by the fact that it is now known that

the four American school teachers recently reported missing in the island of Luzon have been found. These young men left the capital of the island on July 14th for an outing up the hills and ended in ruins. Nothing was heard of them for weeks but on July 23rd the War Department received definite news that the missing men had been captured, rescued, and numbered by some of the Indians and giving up portions of the sum of the ransom money of the teachers and greed of the native guides were Clyde A. Francis, of Boston, Dr. John H. Wells, and Lewis A. Francis, of Providence R. I. and Frank Rogers of Philadelphia. These teachers were received by the native guides who had killed the leader of the missionaries and arrested eight of his followers. The arrested teachers were all college graduates and had been doing good work in enlightening and training the ignorant Filipinos. Everybody in this country will regret the untimely ending of the mission of these men and their families, and definitely the better class of the people of this island sincerely deplore it. It is hoped that this will be the last case of its kind in the Philippines.



CLYDE A. FRANCIS,
One of the American school teachers who were missing in Luzon.

THE RENAISSANCE of Mr. Hon. Andrew A. White, American ambassador to Germany, which has been



HON. ANDREW A. WHITE,
Who has brought the cause of international law to Germany.

seen in the recent and which will go into effect on November 7th. Mr. White's seventieth birthday, will permit to private life one of the ablest and most highly respected public men of this country. Mr. White does not give up his excellent reputation as a diplomat at Berlin and St. Petersburg which will without doubt prove intensely interesting, and in addition to complete writing a history of

the German press conference, of which he was an important member. Other valuable works will doubtless be composed by him if his life is spared, for his mental activity is notable. Mr. White, after his return from Europe, will, it is believed, reside at Ithaca, where he has a home on the campus of Cornell University of which institution he was formerly president. In view of his long years of honorable public service, his fine character and his well-known intellectual gifts, Mr. White has an enduring title to the esteem of all his fellow-countrymen.

SKILLFULNESS in action and more valued as an auxiliary to the service of both physicians and sur-

geons and surgeons of a certain kind it may be fairly regarded as equally indispensable. It is doubtless therefore not too much to say that King Edward of England owes his early and rapid recovery from the operation performed upon him to the ministrations of Mrs. Tarr, his chief nurse during his recent illness. Mrs. Tarr was a hospital nurse in South Africa during a part of the Boer war and while there naturally acquired a great deal of invaluable knowledge concerning the dressing of wounds. This in the first place it is said that King Edward has ever had occasion to avail himself of professional nursing. During his terrible illness in the autumn of 1897, the then Prince of Wales was nursed entirely by his devoted wife and by his sister, Princess Alice. He had had a great deal of actual experience during the course of the Franco-Prussian War.



MRS. TARR,
Who nursed King Edward during his illness.

JOHN W. MACKAY, the Irish-American multi-millionaire, who died recently in London, had a fine tribute paid to him once by a friend "Mackay," said he, "is one of the few rich men I should like to know if he were poor."



A LITTLE COUNTRY FAIR FROM THE OCEAN'S BATH.



VEHICLES FROM A SEVERED FARMER WHEELED FROM THE BEACH.



A CROWD OF BEACH BATHING-MAKERS TAKING A SEA-BATH AND ENJOYING THE BEACH.

ANNUAL SALT-WATER DAY OF 8,000 NEW JERSEY FARMERS.

A HOST OF JOYOUS TOILERS FROM THE INLAND ACRES MAKING MERRY ON THE SEASIDE AT SEA GIRT, N. J.

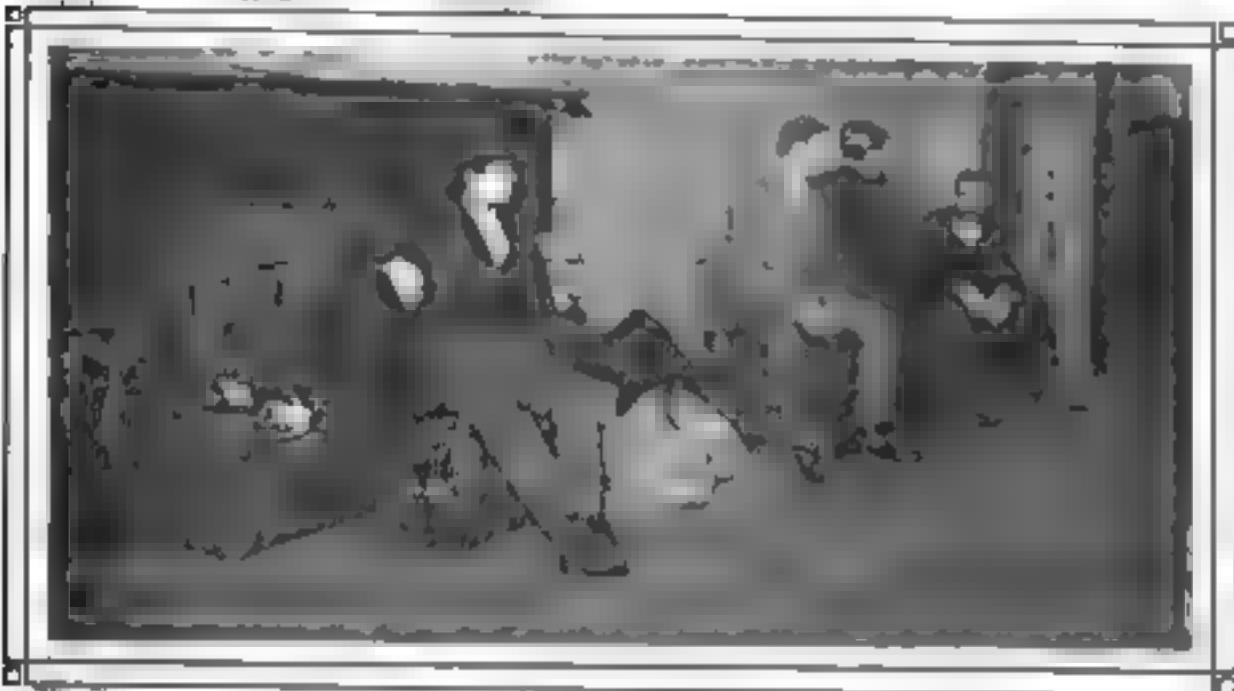
Photographed by G. E. Ledy.



MEN TO FIND WORK - MEN ON THE STREETS OF THE REMOVAL OFFICE



BLACK BOARD BEHIND THE LINE AWAITING GOOD NEWS



MEN WHO HAVE FOUND EMPLOYMENT READY TO PLACED THE YETTER NEW WORK



THE NEW YORK AND THE NEW YORK



WAGON LOAD OF EAST-BORNE LEAVING NEW YORK FOR WORK IN THE WEST

UNIQUE INSTITUTION TO HELP THE POOR

THE INDUSTRIAL REMOVAL OFFICE OF NEW YORK AND ITS WORK OF FINDING EMPLOYMENT FOR NEEDY BWS

Photographs by our staff photographer G. B. Leroy.



CROWD OF LOYAL SUBJECTS IN FRONT OF BUCKINGHAM PALACE.



THE ELABORATE DECORATIONS ON WESTMINSTER BRIDGE.



FAMOUS LONDON BRIDGE WEARS BOLDLYE ADORNMENTS.



GRAND ARCH CONTINGENTLY CANADIAN LLOYD'S LOYALTY.



BEAUTIFUL COLUMBIAN ARCH AND THE HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT.

PREPARING FOR THE KING'S CORONATION

SCENES IN THE BRITISH CAPITAL ALONG THE ROUTE FROM THE PALACE TO THE ABBEY

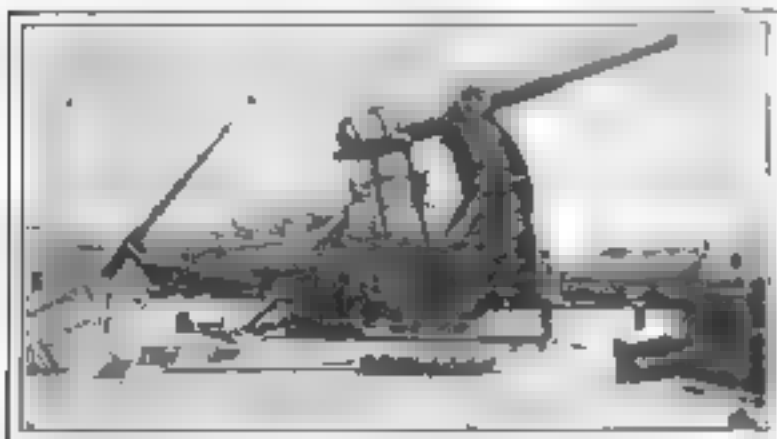
Spending \$50,000,000 for Our Coast Defenses

By Walden Fawcett

THE PREPARATIONS for the coming war game along the New England coast to be participated in by army artillerymen and the navy have aroused new discussion as to the adequacy of our coast defenses. It has been alleged that a real state of affairs prevails in these fortifications, the men in them being insufficient in number and poorly trained, and some of the guns being defective.

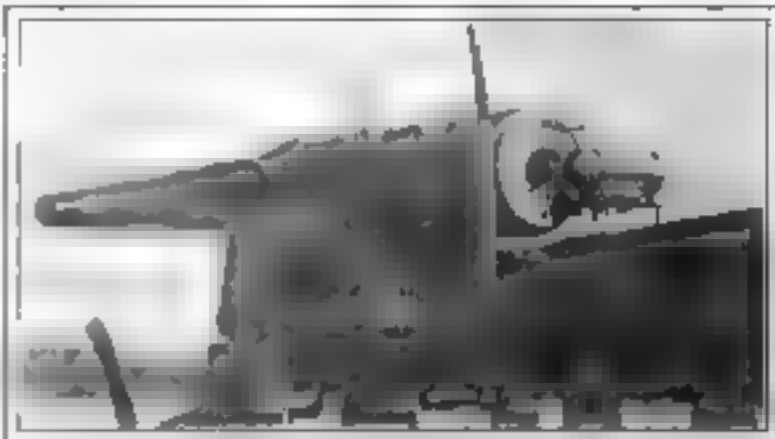
and granted appropriations commensurate with the magnitude of the undertaking, the spending of the century nevertheless finds the whole great system fully one-half completed. More than two dozen of the principal ports on our oceanic frontier have a sufficient number of heavy guns and mortars mounted to enable an effective defense to be made against the heaviest naval attack.

were characterized by their extremely heavy armament and great thickness of armor. With the rapid development of the quick-firer, however, and the tremendous increase in the resisting power of armor by reason of the discovery of the Harvey and Krupp processes, there has followed a material change in ship construction which has naturally necessitated a corresponding revision of



A 12-INCH RIFLE ON PNEUMATIC DISAPPEARING CARRIAGE IN POSITION TO BE FIRED AT A MOVING FLEET.

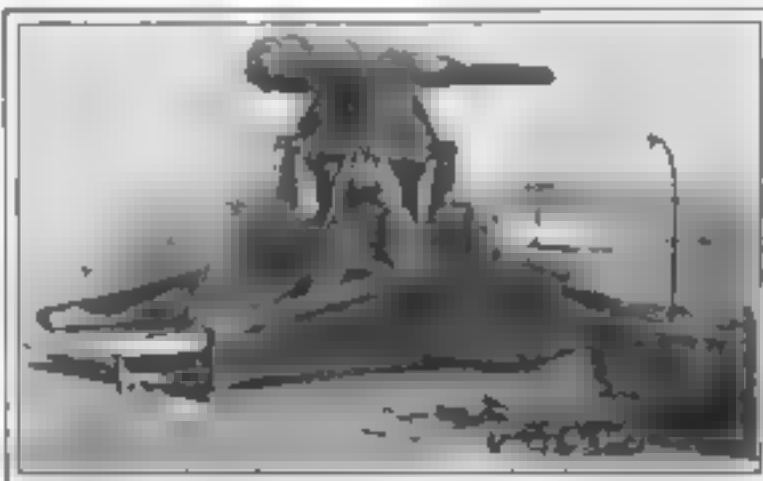
When, some few years hence, the nation is in a position to forcibly resist any displacement of the ship on its shoulder considerably more than two thousand tons mounted back on all fronts from the submarine and actual, along its coasts. The truthfulness of the statement is so general in fact of years for me.



TWO 12-INCH RIFLES ON GRAVITY RETURN PROOF CARRIAGE, ABOUT TO BE LOADED WITH 35 LB. PROJECTILES.

But General Randolph, head of the artillery corps, while not claiming that the defenses are at present capable of successfully resisting attacks by foreign fleets, maintains that they will give a good account of themselves. He admits that the coast artillery force is composed mostly of green men, who have enlisted during the past year, but he says that they are gaining in efficiency as rapidly as conditions will permit, Congress having made too small provision for practice with the guns. The fault found with the big cannon relates mainly to the disappearing carriages, which he said to be unreliable at critical moments. Congress is expected, as a result of the war game, to make more liberal appropriations for the coast defenses.

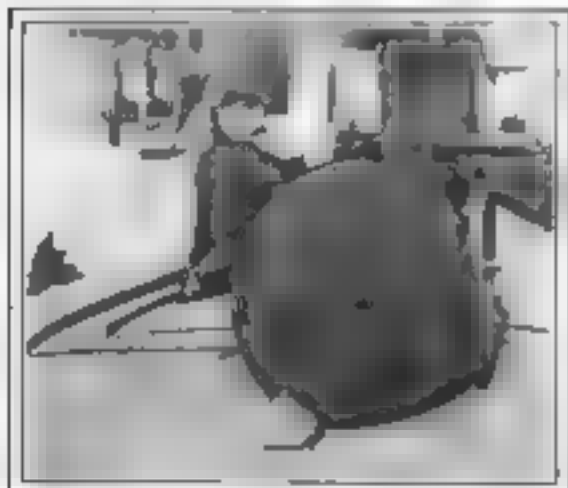
In fact the close of the first decade of the new century is likely to find the United States strengthened by the most perfect system of national defense ever devised by any nation. It was more than a dozen years ago that the popular project for guarding the greatest coastline in the possession of any country on the globe was first proposed. The war with Spain



DISAPPEARING CARRIAGE FOR 12-INCH RIFLE ON COAST DEFENSES.

opinion with regard to the character of coast defenses.

When the distinguished army officers who had been entrusted with the work of mapping out the new coast defenses for the United States first entered upon their task years ago they thought that it would be quite the thing to mount a considerable number of the heaviest guns at the most important harbors, in protected works. As the contest for the reduction in caliber 4 heavy guns grew apace, and the successful disappearing carriage for the 12-inch gun was devised, however, they gradually came to the conclusion that there ought to be a way of serving to the desired end. With proverbial Yankee foresight the American officers arrived at this conclusion much more quickly than their European abroad, and as a result the scheme for armored defenses was abandoned as unnecessary at a time when practically all the European governments still stood committed to armored coastworks and batteries for their land defenses. The military authorities of the Old World have since, however, followed the judg-

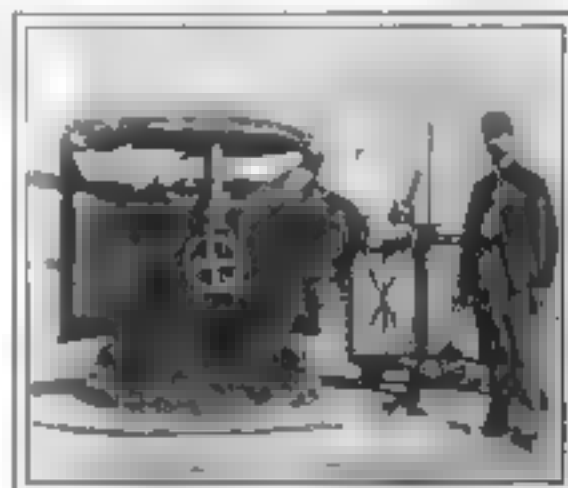


A 12-INCH RIFLE ON DISAPPEARING CARRIAGE, WITH BULLETS THROTTLED BY BOLLERS FROM AN ENEMY.

pending war will ultimately cost Uncle Sam more than \$50,000,000, even if the present programme is not enlarged and no provision is made for defending our own coastworks.

In order to give any invading host with a steady plentiful shower of masses of iron and steel it has been planned to mount heavily armored guns of the heaviest type, about eight hundred and fifty rapid-fire guns, and upward of a thousand mortars. Congress has already set aside the money to pay for about half of this formidable array, although of course it is not nearly all in position yet. This armament, with which our national water front is to be better included a wide variety of weapons. The heaviest guns include calibers of 12, 10, 12 and 16-inch caliber, while the rapid-fire range all the way from six-inch to guns of 16-inch caliber. The collection of gun-carriages is almost as varied in its make up. There are turret carriages, disappearing carriages, barbette carriages, gunboat carriages, rapid-fire pedestal mounts, rapid-fire carriages and various other kinds. Each has been chosen for reasons of an especial adaptability to its special location.

At the time the scheme of coast defense was first formulated the rapid-fire gun was up its infancy and stage



A 12-INCH RIFLE ON DISAPPEARING CARRIAGE, WITH BULLETS THROTTLED BY BOLLERS FROM AN ENEMY.

was a most excellent thing, in its way for the efficiency of the American defensive system. Thus it necessitated a compromise arrangement of the kind of gun, the main object but it gave the work an invaluable fund of experience and, more practical still, has provided a chain of entirely reversible temporary defenses which can now be held in reserve for an emergency and from which the armaments may later be transferred to permanent works. Finally the whole effect of the war has been to hasten the work on the coast defenses.

Although the inauguration of the modern system of coast defenses only dates a really from 1891 and it was fully half a dozen years later the Congress came to the importance of the project



A SINGLE CHARGE OF SMOKELESS POWDER FOR THE 12-INCH GUN.



THE 12-INCH GUN—READY FOR ACTION.

ment of the revolutionists on the side of the Atlantic.

With the reduction in the number and caliber of the heavy guns and the reduction of the number of mortars the rapid-fire gun—that weapon of terrible and pure war destruction—came into its own in America. In 1890 the officers in charge sketched a definite programme as to the quick-firing armament to be installed at the various fortifications, and since that time every effort has been made to get it in place just as rapidly as possible. The American fighting men regarding an adequate equipment of these active little "dogs of war" as an essential of the first importance. Constant improvement is being made in the rapid-fire gun, and

Continued on opposite page.



UNCLE SAM'S MOUNTED CAVALRYMEN FIGHTING KODAKS AND KODAKS OF THE CITY'S
PRINCIPAL STREET.

[illegible]

REPRODUCTION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN IN PUNJAB: CASE REPORTING THE RISK OF A HEALTHY CASE

FREE AND PROSPEROUS PORTO RICO'S FOURTH OF JULY

city of Rome, on July 30th, indicating that reports concerning the military situation were accurate and that the

\$50,000,000 for Our Coast Defenses

[illegible][illegible]

That there is still much work to be done before the situation now in reference to the world stage for nations which it is stated that a number of serious considerations will remain to be required before the proposed project for universal defense can be carried out in its entirety. It is estimated that at least half a million dollars will have to be expended in bringing the former project into the hands of the government knowing the important steps yet to be required are one in Berlin Harbor and another in the southern province in New York Harbor. Other parts of land which the War Department is accumulating is critical, including two in the Pacific area will have to be required by comprehensive proceedings which are bound to be slow and tedious. I am not expected however that how delays will materially retard the simplification of the whole great system within the time required.

[illegible]

and Porto Rico. A detailed plan for the defense of San Juan, Porto Rico, at a cost of nearly two millions dollars has already been laid out and the engineers are at work on the gas batteries for the work at Hetchetula.

I have been given time to think about the use of the book and agree in time it will make sense with a thoughtful person perceiving what the pressing social problems are and the place in the national imagination as portrayed by society on thousands of these book's shelves every week. The job of education also particularly with this matter that a thoughtful person will understand better.

Perhaps the most interesting features of the United States arms defense are found in the various forms of equipment which have lately been introduced. Among these are the "range weapon," the "high lightman gun" for the destruction of which targets approximated \$10,000, but which when tested proved a complete failure. That the United States particularly regards its position in the policy of making a thorough trial of high explosives in case defense is evidenced in the large appropriations made in 1939 for the installation of its major batteries. Work has already commenced on the installation of a number of these powerful weapons at Forts Fort and where are being made to provide similar batteries at Fort - Island New York. Fort Island is 400 miles from New York City, and great efforts are being made to equip all fortresses with a full complement of complete military and the other apparatus necessary for autonomous action. Indeed it is stated by the officers in charge that there is not even a single instance of an improvement that is not prepared to make a quick and efficient defense by the United States.

Initially, the police officers would have expected such interest in the competition but not its vast media coverage in what is not only the largest and most cost a piece of cardboard in the United States, but is probably the most plentiful waste in the world. That is the 16-inch strip, paper which has been reintroduced as the Waterslow service and which is as large as a new building. Owners had to be convinced to accommodate it. The cost of the material was in the neighborhood of \$130,000, and the cottage on which it was to be mounted will cost nearly as much more. The bag gun weighs over one hundred and twenty-five tons and will hurt a waste of time unless future clean air of the old-style glass its extreme range being estimated at approximately miles.

The Optum Curse in China

THE STATEMENT that a German firm has offered the Chinese government \$25,000,000 annually for the exclusive rights to sell opium throughout the empire is significant for the evidence it affords of the hold which the opium habit has upon the Chinese people. It is quite an extraordinary fact for the Germans to assume a monopoly of the enormous traffic in the future, not to say for the English to agree it open to them in the first place, and in doubt even as the transaction creditable to a predominantly Chinese nation. The use of the enormous dollar weight of opium per year will go far toward offsetting all the good that all the monetary forces of other nations can do in China, and the fact that a traffic in the thing of such dimensions can be carried on successfully is not a hopeful augury for the future of the republic.

Man Houskeeper

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1998-01-01	16:10	100	100
1998-01-01	16:15	100	100
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1998-01-01	16:25	100	

THAT is the way an outlaw who is a man has a good easy time of it while his wife is away and she calls the law.

...and, therefore, make it necessary for me to leave England for a month to pursue his herbaceous as best he could. He resolved to give George Kute a warning, just as he had for years been subject to hidden attacks and disturbances.

During my absence he gained in weight and his health seemed perfect therefore I give you the the benefit of suffering with in particular and women in general. I propose for he will play four teaspoonfuls of cups. Not quenched with a little salt and covered with good cream, one slice of bread and butter one large cup of Postum cereal coffee (made according to directions) and all be from be wanted.

He worked during the four time hours a day and there realized he possessed a stomach. This diet my friend naturally recommended for other men, students, and all people of sedentary habits especially and let me tell it in all time this meal can be prepared by an inexperienced person as young men or daughter have been saving yourself hours of labor. Try it will make you a regular your pastimes your only health and all of you happier." Native given by the Montana Co. Battle Creek Mich.



A HATRED WHEN IN A HOLLOWED HOLE



ABUNDANT COLUMBIA, WHICH WITH THE



PAVING VIEW OF THE HOLE SHOWING OF THE HILL HOLE. ALSO



THE FAULTED MONARCH, A HONEY TREES IN THE TOWERING VALLEY USED FOR PARADE PURPOSES BY THOMAS F. BIRTH CAVALRY UNITED STATES ARMY. Copyright 1900 by Southern Pacific Co. B. C. Elliott, photographer.



THE CRISPER GANT, A HONEY COLUMBIA, SURROUNDED BY A GROUP OF

ONE OF THE WORLD'S GRI
THE OLDEST LARGEST, AND MOST IMPOSING TREES ON EARTH TOWERING REDWOOD



IN HIGH MOUNTAINS.—A. P. Hill, photographer.



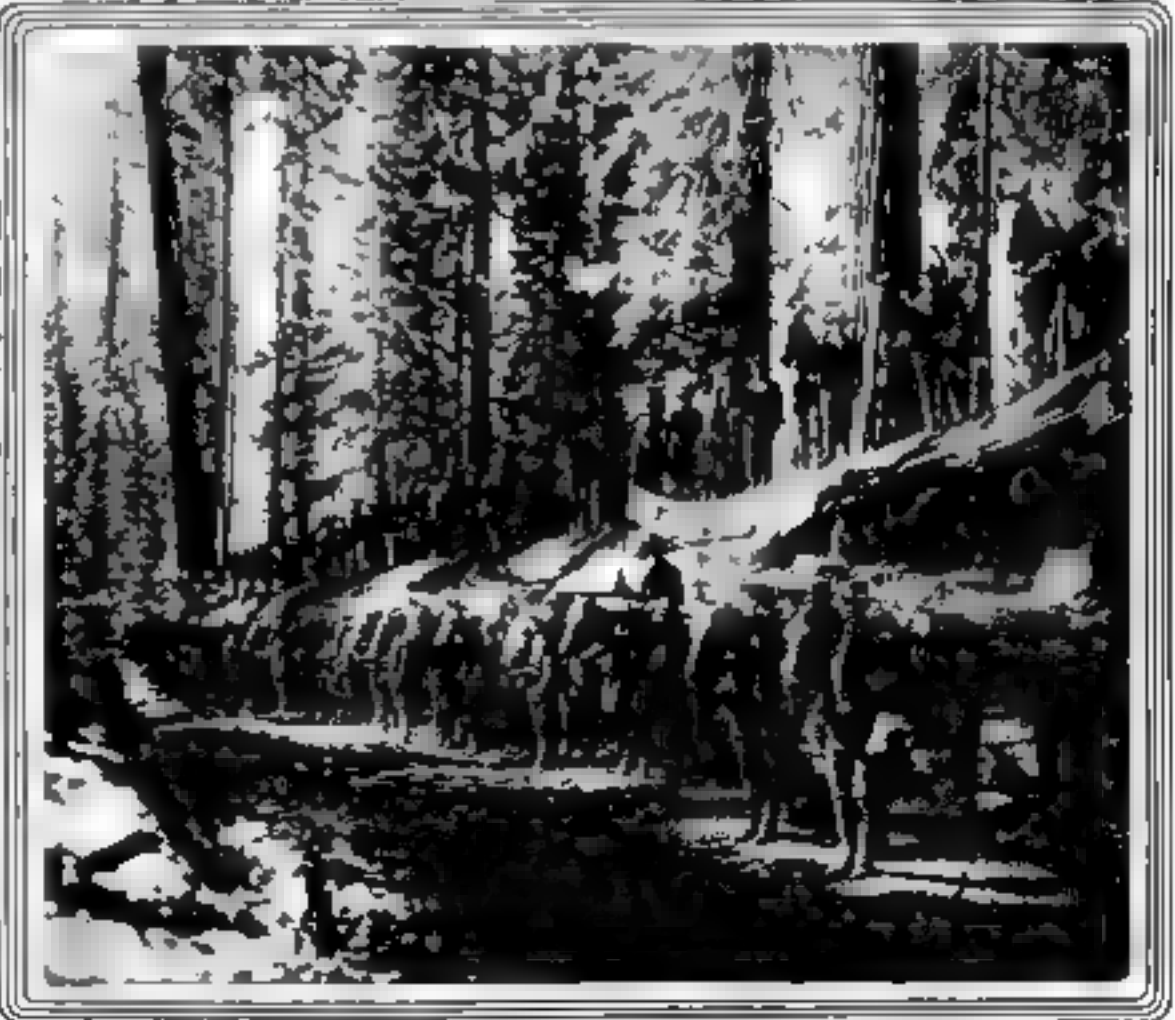
ONE TREE WHICH SURVIVED THE ENORMOUS AMOUNT OF 184,000 FEET OF
TIMBER. A. P. Hill, photographer.



GROWN IN AN SEVEN-MILE STATE PARK.—A. P. Hill, photographer.



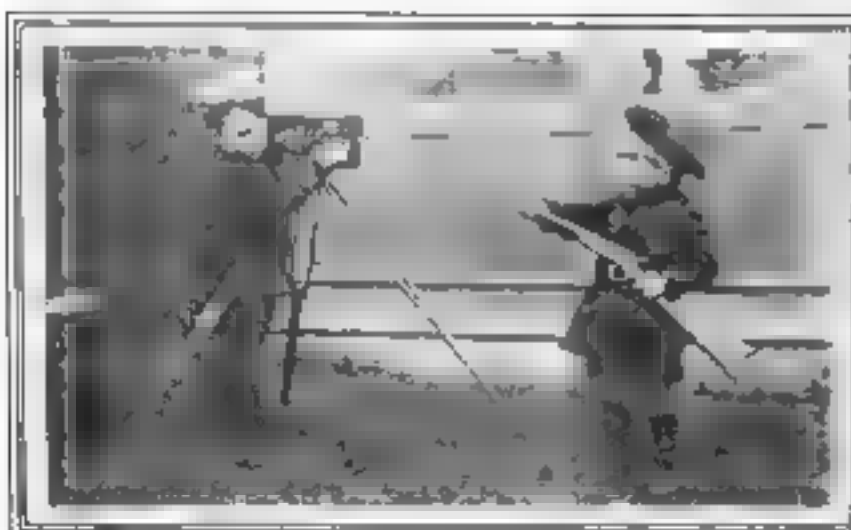
Copyright 1908, by Southern Pacific Co. H. C. Tidwell, photographer.



NEARLY TWENTY MEN AND WOMEN WERE FORGOTTEN—STAYING HERE FOR ONE YEAR.—Copyright 1908, by Southern
Pacific Co. H. C. Tidwell, photographer.

BEST NATURAL WONDERS.

CALIFORNIA, HUNDREDS OF FEET HIGH AND THOUSANDS OF YEARS OLD—See page 182.



MAKING THE WAY WITH FISHING TACKLE



THE BARN AT THE NEW YORK



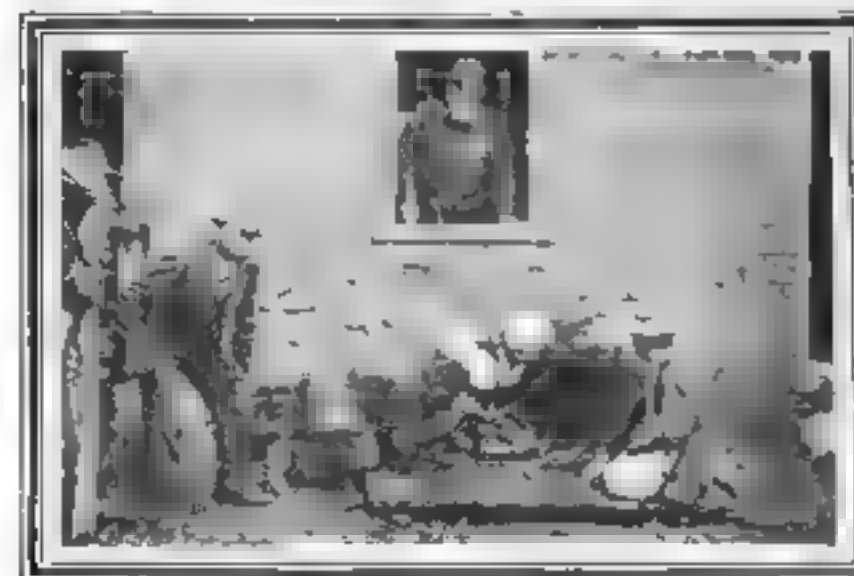
THE BARN AT THE NEW YORK



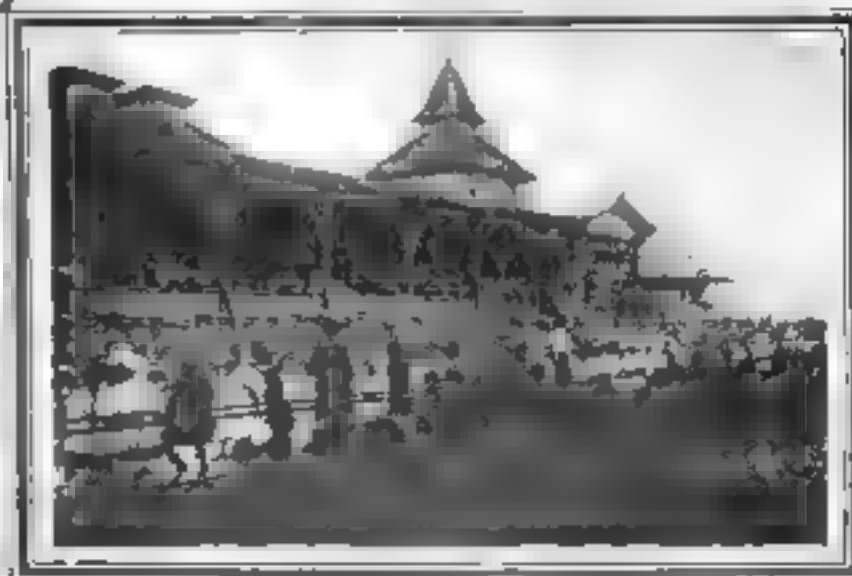
STUDY OF INTERESTING LIFE IN



STUDY OF INTERESTING LIFE IN



THE CONSTRUCTION OF A FARM—Robert D. Gray, Portland, Me.

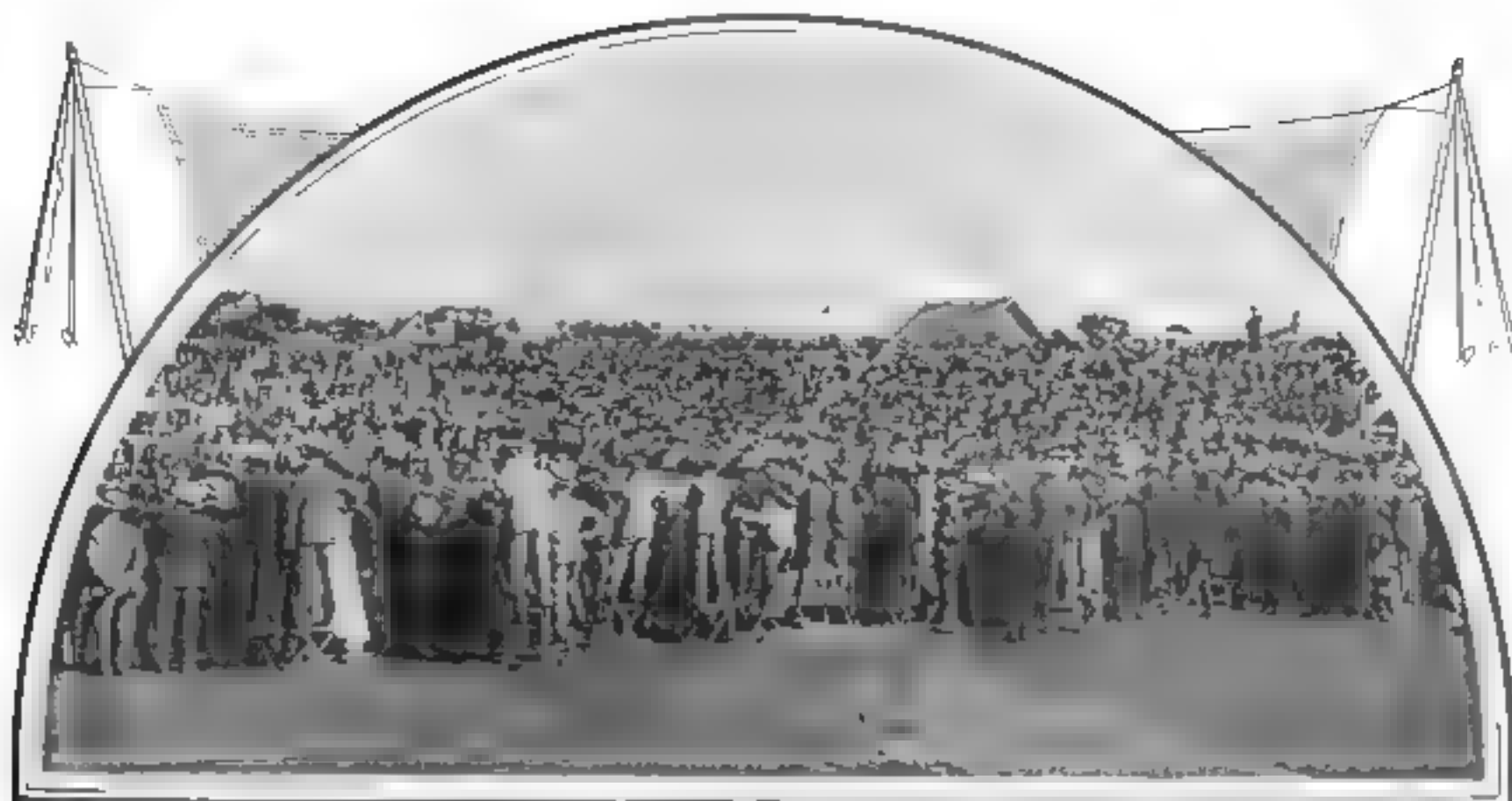


CROWD AT BARKHART'S BEACH ASKING THE DOLL OF THE TWENTY-THIRD REGIMENT. Arthur Dwight, New York City

OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC PRIZE CONTEST—MISSISSIPPI WINS.

PLEASING GLIMPSES OF LIFE CAUGHT BY VARIOUS PICTURE MAKERS

(SEE OFFER OF FARMER SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ANNOUNCEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THE ISSUE.)



MANY THOUSANDS PERSONS WATCHE THE GAME WITH UTTERING INTEREST



WITNESSES THE PLAY OF THE MOST NOTED EXPERTS ON THE COURTS OF THE CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB, AT BAY RIDGE, L. I.



THE PLAY OF THE MOST NOTED EXPERTS ON THE COURTS OF THE CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB, AT BAY RIDGE, L. I.



WHITEHEAD PUTTING UP A FINESTROKE GAME AGAINST R. P. BENDIS. WHITEHEAD AT THE LEFT.

THE HOTLY CONTESTED INTERNATIONAL LAWN TENNIS CONTEST
 FEATURES OF THE GREAT CHAMPIONSHIP PLAY BY THE MOST NOTED EXPERTS ON THE COURTS OF THE CRESCENT
 ATHLETIC CLUB, AT BAY RIDGE, L. I.—Photographed for Leslie's Weekly by H. P. Kellie, with Camera Lens



The Pioneers of Arizona

and the Romance of the White Horse Mine *By*

By E. C. Rensch



THE HISTORY of that portion of Northern Arizona which was organized as Yavapai county in the first session of the Arizona Legislature in 1893, occupies an important place in the romantic story of the conquest and difficult and dangerous process of winning the great Southwest. The courage and endurance of those men of iron who first flung the story "to Arizona" were not barren, and, defining every strategical of their work is also for the fortunate ones of later days is a tale which could, if fully told, would rival in exciting interest the annals of King Arthur's medieval knights, or the adventures of the immortal "Three Musketeers" of France. The elder

The fathers of Yavapai whose daughters plowmen who lived out standing-rooms in an unknown and inhospitable wilderness, depicting his ground shod by such with savage tread and still more so, as now, were given issue so unfine him to contemplation, and is probably never occurred to them that the daughters' episodes of their daily lives would one day be the substance of uniform generations.

But for a first historical glimpse of the region now embraced within the boundaries of Yavapai County, we must glance back far beyond the advent of the American pioneers. More than 374 years have passed since the first European set foot on the soil of what is now Yavapai County. From 1517 to 1541 four separate expeditions of Spanish explorers traversed these familiar mountains and plains. Fortunately these ruthless invaders made no permanent settlements for they found no profitable populations which they could enslave, and they did not propose to do any work themselves. They wondered greatly however on finding numerous remaining ruins and other evidences that the land had been occupied at some distant date by a numerous and industrious people. We wonder at the native ruins today only for white settlers still of the past to tell us the history of this vanished race.

They were undoubtedly a peaceful people and of a type that was subsistent rather than warlike. Remnants of their culture are to be seen in every fertile valley and by every water course. Their constructed wall systems of striding mounds and built stupas and water wheels, but have our knowledge of them ended. The former driving his plow across the broad valleys of Yavapai, gave up polished implements of stone and highly glazed and decorated pottery but stopped the work of the ancient Indian. He prospered but he is no longer known of chronic historians while he went that distance in time and his remains have gradually and gradually gotten out of the gleaming walls of prominent canyons. The departed race has left no message that we can read. Their voices are heard in the silence of the desert.

However, we cannot doubt that this entire southwestern region was once densely populated and if we only judge from the number of ruined habitations that can be seen on almost every square mile of Arizona, the population of this region in that unknown past was far in excess of its present numbers.

Present itself as believed to be built on the site of a prehistoric city and many relics of its former inhabitants have been unearthed. In Chino valley, twenty miles to the north, many interesting stone ruins are still extant and several human skeletons have been exhumed from well as a number of large old earthen jars, a charred canoe beam. The doors and windows of dwellings are of the same size as the openings in buildings, but in nearly every case they have been up by horizontal planks. Some have been thus walling up at the doors and windows by that these people were afraid for the land which was visited by the tremendous volcanic mudflows deluged the entire region with rivers of fire. That stuff with he heat the natives called it into their houses and died of suffocation.

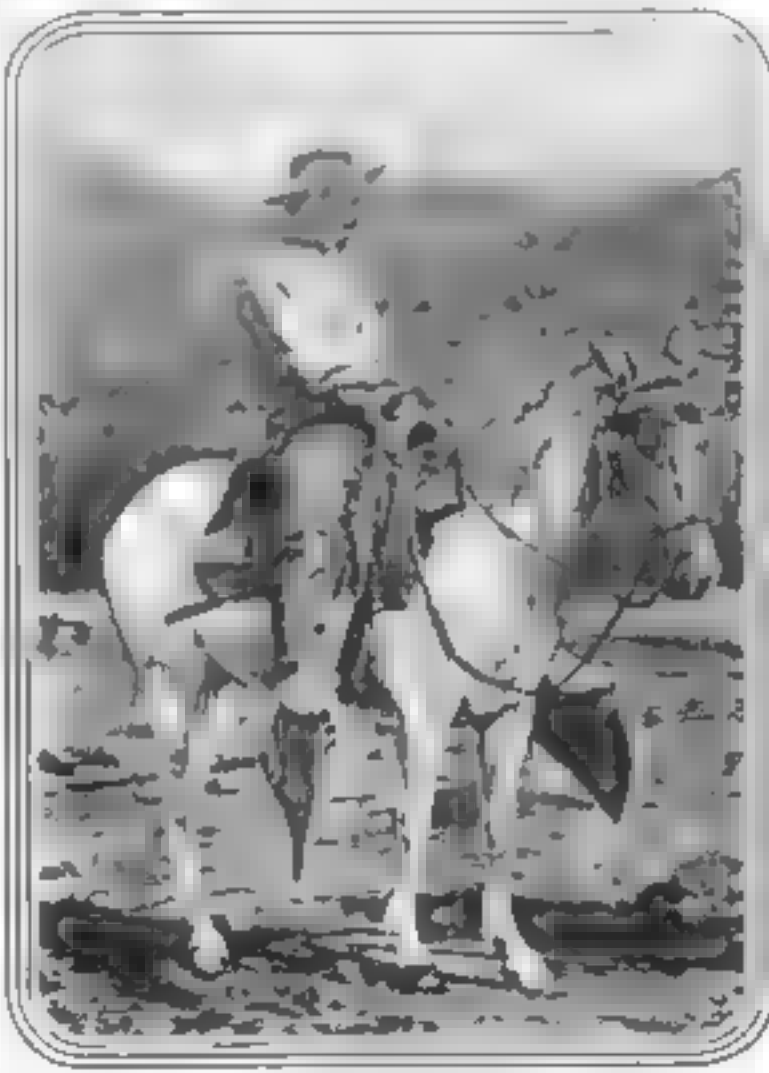
Many theories have been advanced by ethnologists and historians as to the identity and origin of these ancient dwellers in the land; and numerous have been the conjectures as to the mysterious agency that so completely blotted out this numerous and powerful race. But in spite of all, their history remains so carefully hidden as the riddle of the Sphinx. Speculation on the matter though fascinating is utterly fruitless.

How interesting the thought that at that distant day—a century before he grim Pilgrim Father landed on their bleak New north Rock—the broad level stretches of China valley resounded to the clank of mail-clad cavaliers, advancing armed in hand and spearpoint on shoulder, mounted on their armored steeds, while black-robed Jesuits, journeying through the valley of the Yanki, crossed themselves as they glanced fearfully up the shadowy cañons on either side.

Happily for the nineteenth-century pioneers and for us of the twentieth century the Moody Squirrels and the City Priest did not bother to exploit the hidden treasure.

of this smiling mountain land. The department was not wont to prospect for tin—ore that could only be obtained by toil. He counted its riches copper and tin, and to his fastidious prospect for pearls, who always found the gold and tin, he merely took it upon them. I have it now that when our American prospectors arrived there found the gold and silver treasures of which gold mountains were all composed.

4. One old-timer puts it: There was no "desert garden" in those days to keep a man from getting all and going to bed! Here, for instance, is a little episode in the every-day life of the first Creek society that was too closely a part of the routine to exist more than a momentary ripple of excitement. In the winter of 1903-4 there were started on horseback from the Granite Creek settlement on the plateau at Lusk Creek. The men were Dr. J. F. Sharp, S. J. Miller and Tom Weaver. As game was plenty on the mesa just this side of Lusk Creek basin and there was no deer to the bottom where they were to camp, they dismounted and drawing their double-barreled muscovedrilling guns, of these a bundle of feed for the animals during the night. While there employed a party of 3 persons stacked up (stamped?) their horses and simultaneously another portion of the (now) spotted line on their at a distance of less than fifty yards.



1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

Of course there was nothing to do but wait for the rear set lining a few rods distant, and there they stood off the shaking too successfully for an hour or more dropping meanwhile two or three men out of their saddles.

that this state of affairs was not to be endured further and as the sun dropped out of sight and the air began to get chilly Sam Miller proposed to the others that they should make a break for the creek bottom where there was an old war cabin of his in which they could be much more comfortable. Miller had already received a bullet wound just above the knee and though he was feeling pretty sick he did not let up in his arrangements for fear of adding to his discomfiture. They made a successful rush for the cabin but found it burned up from the inside, and there they were, a good team for the Indians who were not more than fifty or sixty yards behind them, yelling like fiends and keeping the air filled with whistling arrows and an occasional musket shot for variety. The cabin was a shag-bark tree partially split in the trunk and as Miller had found it he took it in paper. Telling his companions to hold their ground a moment he ran up the steep hill-side got on the roof and climbed down the side stair chimney. In a few swift paces he had selected the best a dove and admitted his two companions. Here they were comparatively safe though the Indians still kept up the attack. Sam Miller and Dr. Mack knotted our chunks between the legs and gave the attacking party better than they sent. Finally the boys working at Miller's place camp three miles up the creek hearing the shooting and suspecting the cause came down in a body and the Apaches with yells of rage, retreated. Before this happened, how-

ever Sam Miller had the pleasure of dropping a big right hook from off the first block since which had been stolen from old man Monroe when they were first jumped. The cops had not come out too quickly for Sam Miller was used to the lot of fellow "circumstances" and he had longer when he had had to be paid up on it. Just as he was paid over his \$100 and had his up-coming work

Though the word was the harbinger of civilization, a stranger to this it found it was supposed that all of her citizens would down a gun or knife from a tin can of powder. Most of them were armed and all through the distribution in parcels of one or two packages for each man feeding his fire between them. Doubtless some parties of emigrants were constantly driving to keep up the population. Lusk Creek was one of the first places ever discovered and the quantities of coarse gold obtained there created quite a stampede in that direction. A creek called its name though an out-let of the Miller with a lagoon on its bank not far from the present site of the White Horse mine. Mr. Miller says he almost striking along the creek met one who told him that it was the site of the Lusk toll on the banks and they all said that Mr. Miller thought they had run forward to turn a corner in the road and would

locked up there the temperature kept rising by the wind and it was impossible to keep it off. He finally solved the problem by leaving the his prisoner while the food was yet scattered in the wind and passing there back through the herd.

In 1944 the Army had the honor to provide the equipment for the first of the 100th Central Postal Directory in England. The equipment was sent in the form of a large box. The box was made of wood and was painted in the colors of the American flag. The box was marked with the words "100th Central Postal Directory" and "U.S. Army". The box was sent to the 100th Central Postal Directory in England. The box was opened and the equipment was found to be in good condition. The equipment was used by the 100th Central Postal Directory in England. The equipment was used for the purpose of providing mail to the soldiers of the 100th Central Postal Directory in England. The equipment was used for the purpose of providing mail to the soldiers of the 100th Central Postal Directory in England.

[illegible]

For a distance of five miles they kept to the Imperial road, then struck into the mountains. After about an hour on a winding mountain trail, the discovery was made which led to the richest of all strikes of the year. One side of a high gradually sloped to the west a fissure of almost two miles in length in three sides ranging about six hundred feet above the sea was crisscrossed by the different horizontal ledges upon which white sulphur could be picked with tapping up and down into the slope of the mountains. A natural spring of water appeared from the rock and nearer under no immediate juniper tree. White had pitched his tent. Here was a picture here exhibited. Now says White "I will show you my new find. Hooray I have nailed your prize. White I now tell you there is where I strike my old white horse and there is where he sprang from. I have found him. I set him in a sack it contains more gold than all western folk in the Territory and all I have to do is pack it up. This was found in a mineral field all over for a great part of the surface was a veritable network of veins showing free gold. An old stream had been diverted, and in the crude manner White was producing gold to such an extent that it fairly staggered his visitor. This night White's visitor was hurrying east to consult with his associates. Since then a corporation has been formed, mining machinery is at work developing the property and west to old juniper tree is a whole row of substantial houses occupied by the miners. Everything is changed excepting to name the corporation taking the title "World Horse." New companies are being formed on adjacent properties now in the White Horse City may rival its prosperous neighbor Prescott.



Hints to Money-makers



WINTER. The appearance of autumn in the north is the signal for the money-maker to turn his attention to the south. The south is the great market for the north, and the money-maker who can secure a foothold in the south can secure a large and profitable business.

EVERY MAN SHOULD KNOW. The money-maker who can secure a foothold in the south can secure a large and profitable business. The south is the great market for the north, and the money-maker who can secure a foothold in the south can secure a large and profitable business.

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the greatest. A track that will possibly be the most profitable of the season. The money-maker who can secure a foothold in the south can secure a large and profitable business.

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showed. The domestic exports of merchandise and agricultural products are the largest and most profitable of the season. The money-maker who can secure a foothold in the south can secure a large and profitable business.

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FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE
Our Book,
"A Glimpse at Wall Street and Its Markings,"
as well as Extension reports issued to persons interested in the subject.
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FAVORITE TOYS.
"Baby them."

Established 1823.

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ARE THE BEST
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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
DANIELA, NEB.
CINCINNATI, OHIO
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
MEMPHIS, TENN.
HOT SPRINGS, ARK.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NASHVILLE, TENN.
ATLANTA, GA.
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

AND THE PACIFIC COAST
Connects with all the railroads for the
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Fast and Handomely Equipped Steam-Heated
Tourist Sleeping Cars, Pullman Dining Cars,
Sleeping Cars, Parlor Sleeping Cars.

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Chicago Office.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY, August 21, 1904.

FOR MEN OF BRAINS
Cortez CIGARS
-MADE AT KEY WEST-

These Cigars are manufactured under
the most favorable climatic conditions and
under the mild breeze of Havana to-
bacco. If we had to pay the imported
cigars at our brands would cost double the
price. Send for booklet and particulars.

CORTEZ CIGAR CO., KEY WEST.

CALIFORNIA

THE
OVERLAND LIMITED
MOST LUXURIOUS
TRAIN IN THE WORLD

ELECTRIC LIGHTED THROUGHOUT

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN
UNION PACIFIC AND
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAYS

Exclusively from the California Agent

3 TRAINS DAILY.

GOUT & RHEUMATISM
Grand Remedy
BLAIR'S PILLS
Solely from the California Agent
Distributed by the California Agent



It is a season of the year when the hair
shows the effects of a winter's growth, to
remove the dust and cinders that collect, and to keep the
scalp in a healthy condition.

For cleansing the face and scalp, nothing equals Williams'
Shaving Soap.

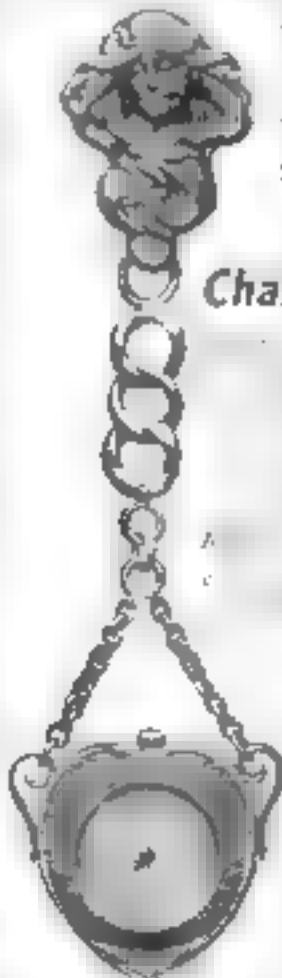
A small piece of the soap produces a great mass of thick,
creamy lather which covers the face and neck, and
keeps the hair soft and pliable.

Williams' Shaving Soap is refreshing and healing,
and delightfully cooling and refreshing. Wash your face with this
soap and your skin will be healthy.

Williams' Shaving Soap is suitable for all toilet purposes.
Package of 6 tablets by mail for 25c. If your dealer does not supply you,

THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., Danbury, Conn.

NEW ENGLAND
Belt Watches



One of
the styles
we make
for
**Ladies'
Chatelaines**

THE MAIN POINT is this:—If
you pay more than \$2.50 for
a good Goodyear Welt Shoe,
YOU PAY TOO MUCH! Ask
your retailer for shoes bearing
this trademark!



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THE JAMES MEANS SHOE CO. BOSTON, MASS.
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BOMBA COFFEE
GOOD INCOMES MADE
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DO YOUR FEET SWEAT?

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120 N. Main St., Boston, Mass.

Chicago's Theatre Train—12.10 MIDNIGHT—NEW YORK CENTRAL.

THE NAVY'S FAVORITE TOAST "SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES," ILLUSTRATED

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company, No. 10 Park Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2451

New York, August 28, 1902

Price 10 Cents



A NEW MIDSUMMER SPORT IN MID-OCEAN.

THE LATEST INNOVATION ON PACIFIC OCEAN STEAMERS. Photographed for Leslie's Weekly on the "Doris" by H. G. Postley.

(The tank is made of canvas and hung by the fore and hatch, in front of the bridge. It is fifteen feet long, twelve feet wide, and five feet deep, and is a source of great amusement and pleasure on shipboard. No danger from sharks.)

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The Evolution of the Codfish-cake

AS SEEN AT GLOUCESTER, MASS. ILLUSTRATED BY SNAP-SHOTS

By Randle Meeker



A GLOUCESTER TYPE.

TO INVEST with curiosity of the nature of the business which the Gloucester fisherman pursues, one must first get a clear idea of the nature of the fish which he catches. The fish which he catches is the codfish, and it is the codfish which is the basis of the Gloucester fish business.

When the fish is taken out of the boat and the deck from deck, the fish is taken to the boat where there are a great many fish. The fish is then taken to the boat where there are a great many fish. The fish is then taken to the boat where there are a great many fish.

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WHEN TAKEN OUT OF THE BOAT.

And once you have realized the importance of the small fish which you see every day in Gloucester—and not only small fish, but that they live a long useful life and die there, really, all the glory of all the fish of all the earth seems concentrated there. With that fragrance in your nostrils you are convinced not only that Gloucester is the most important fishing town on the Atlantic coast, but that it is the only one—anywhere. If I had language strong enough to convey a real idea of that smell, this page would have to be disinfected. And if this sounds like exaggeration, it only proves that you have not been to Gloucester.

But strong as is the fish smell, the interest of the fisherman is not in the fish, but in the money which he gets for it. And you will not be satisfied simply to watch from the Cape Ann shore the big fishing schooners glide in and out of the bay, bound to and from the Banks, to hear Gloucester fishing statistics from your fellow-passenger, the learned professor, to read "Captains Courageous," by Kipling, and "The Fisherman's Boy," by Mrs. May, both dealing with the fishery of the coast, and finally to go down to the wharves of Gloucester and watch the fisherman at work. The fisherman is not a fisherman, but a man of business. He is a man of business, and he should be according to the nature of his work.

Now you will want to go yourself into Gloucester and visit the wharves—the fisherman's wharves, where every fisherman will show you the fish which he has caught, and where you will see the fisherman at work. The fisherman is not a fisherman, but a man of business. He is a man of business, and he should be according to the nature of his work.

When the fish is taken out of the boat and the deck from deck, the fish is taken to the boat where there are a great many fish. The fish is then taken to the boat where there are a great many fish. The fish is then taken to the boat where there are a great many fish.

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The First Dining-car and Sleeping-car

Described from personal observation.

Look a rail up just on the other side of the Mangum bridge. When we struck it the cars simply flew over each other and curved bottom side up.

"And what about the robbers? Did they get the money?"

"Nary a cent. They had done more mischief than they had intended to. I guess they thought it wasn't safe to show up for the money."

The first dining car was called the "Delmonico," of course. It must have resembled our present beautiful diners but slightly. Built by the Pullman Company at their power works in Chicago, it was put into service in 1832, and after a short but distinguished career it was retired to the position of a freight car. It was a great improvement on the old dining cars, and it was a great improvement on the old sleeping cars.

The first of the new was the "Delmonico," and it was a great improvement on the old dining cars, and it was a great improvement on the old sleeping cars. The first of the new was the "Delmonico," and it was a great improvement on the old dining cars, and it was a great improvement on the old sleeping cars.

The most interesting thing, however, about the "Delmonico" was the fact that it was the first dining car to be built in America.

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Special Prizes for Amateur Photographs.

Leslie's Weekly offers a special prize of \$100 for the best amateur photograph of a fisherman at work. The prize is open to all amateur photographers, and it is a great prize for a fisherman. The prize is open to all amateur photographers, and it is a great prize for a fisherman.

The prize is open to all amateur photographers, and it is a great prize for a fisherman. The prize is open to all amateur photographers, and it is a great prize for a fisherman.

Annual Cruise of the Millionaires.

THE GRAND was sailing at the beginning of his city the annual cruise of the New York Yacht Club, a combination of pleasure sailing and business. The cruise was held from New York to Newport, R. I., to Annapolis, Md., and then to Philadelphia, Pa. The cruise was a great success, and it was a great success for the New York Yacht Club.

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A Chance for Americans.

ACCORDING to the latest papers a new electrical newspaper has been formed in London with a capital of \$100,000. The newspaper is to be published in London, and it is a great newspaper for Americans. The newspaper is to be published in London, and it is a great newspaper for Americans.

American Trade With Canada

HOW IT MAY BE INCREASED

By Hon. John Charlton, Member of the Canadian Parliament and the Joint High Commission



THE importance of the American trade with Canada is a subject which has of late years attracted much of the public attention. It is a subject which has of late years attracted much of the public attention. It is a subject which has of late years attracted much of the public attention.

While attention is directed to China and the Philippines, and to various other foreign lands, the commanding importance of a market near at hand seems to have been, in a large measure, overlooked. It will be found, upon examining the statistics of American trade, that Great Britain is the largest customer of the United States producers for but a small portion of the goods which they export. The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries. The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries. The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries.

Canada is a degree of liberality in commercial affairs somewhat approaching the character of the Canadian policy toward the United States. Canada will be driven to the adoption of a policy expressly designed as it is believed was the case with the policy of the United States toward Canada, to decrease the volume of imports from that country, and if the United States desires to retain the trade which it has acquired from Canada, it must adopt a policy which will proceed with marvelous rapidity a change in the American policy toward this country must be made. It is a policy which will proceed with marvelous rapidity a change in the American policy toward this country must be made.

The adoption of Canadian natural products into the United States free of duty would not produce any appreciable effect upon prices here, because the importation from Canada for consumption would be an exceedingly small fraction of the domestic production of the United States. The Canadian farmer and manufacturer do not live upon the American market, not for the purpose of depressing American prices, but for the purpose of enabling the Canadian producer to add the duty to the price he receives. Only of the near future will be either reciprocity or a trade war. The Canadian farmer and manufacturer do not live upon the American market, not for the purpose of depressing American prices, but for the purpose of enabling the Canadian producer to add the duty to the price he receives.

The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries. The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries. The United States exports to Great Britain and Germany in the aggregate more than it exports to all other countries.

The Utilization of Public Buildings.

WHILE the public buildings of the United States are generally well adapted to the needs of the people, it is a fact that many of them are not properly utilized. It is a fact that many of them are not properly utilized. It is a fact that many of them are not properly utilized.

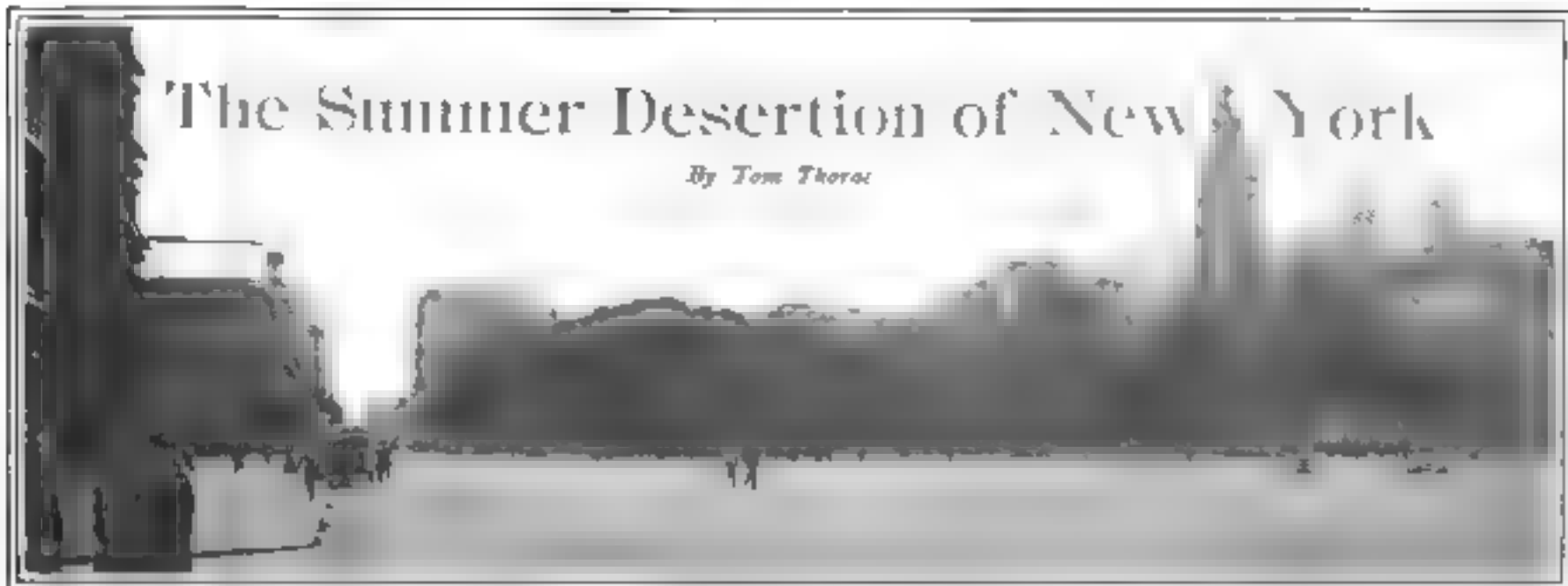
It should be sufficient to know that the uses to which the public buildings are put are not always the best. It should be sufficient to know that the uses to which the public buildings are put are not always the best. It should be sufficient to know that the uses to which the public buildings are put are not always the best.

Out of Sorts.

PLEASANT WAY TO DRIVE AWAY THE PAIN. A soup that will bring back health and easy sleep to the sick as well as please the palate of the healthy is a pretty good food to know about. A lady in Minneapolis says, "I am such an enthusiast upon the subject of Grape-Nuts."

The Summer Desertion of New York

By Tom Thorpe



doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0142020.g002

[illegible][illegible]

But only a few miles away where the stage splatters against the rocks he is screaming—the road the circus was playing. There now singing and butchered steel shouting cheer now hoarsely and butchers, flags and butchers—horribly life and freedom all in whether getting to locations age parent as one what has happened to New York.

Alone and a stranger I wandered into a labyrinthine miniature street early one July morning. It was much smaller than it seemed, than at the same hour in town, for although the sun had risen in the sky for many hours the shaded walks, the gravel roadways, were empty. The harbor was filled with a mass of water craft, yachts with their sails furled lanchons swaying with the waves, and row boats rocking more rapidly than the others. Emotionally I would see some one moving about on board one of the yachts. Along the shore were a few boys, small boys not over twelve, playing up on the rocks. On the deck of a small catamaran I observed three persons, two young men and a girl. The men were busy with the ropes and sails, the girl was reclining deliberately where the full beams of the hot sun beat upon her face. Her head

was born and to meet her father for the first time. I thought that here was a case of the "strong" doing his best to help the "weak" understand things. But there is a great deal of the human being appreciative of the wisdom of a poet and of a teacher. Perhaps this accounts for the general popularity of the complexion tanned by the robes of a new scholar.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

The caption also read: "LAWLESSNESS IN THE
MIDDLE EAST HAS BEEN THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE
PROBLEM. IT IS THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE PROBLEM
AND IT IS THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE PROBLEM."
The caption also read: "LAWLESSNESS IN THE
MIDDLE EAST HAS BEEN THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE
PROBLEM. IT IS THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE PROBLEM
AND IT IS THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE PROBLEM."

The main ingredients of the sludge were collected in three lanes. The left lane contained the organic debris, the debris washed and oil greases, and the substantial solid-free oil of good viscosity. The middle lane contained the debris as floating objects. In the right lane, I placed all the materials, I saw in my own experiment. In the bottom of the bottle, I saw the substantial debris-free bands of foam driven to the surface. On the right

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Water had leaked in the stern and filled the darkness with a thousand lights. I seemed to look through endless windows marked with yellow lanterns. The harbor was a vast plain illuminated. The strict and softness of the air was the same as I had in some elevating the spirit. A man was going through. "Hurry who started about nothing or to the - - - nothing quietly. For some time he moved then spoke. All our feet were moved. Behind me I could hear a faint glow. I was in a room that had the same light of the light and a more

^a "Ish, I should have to live it up with you."



AT ADVOCATE QUARTER IS NOTED—ABSOLUTELY NO ONE IN SIGHT, AND DOORS LOCKED UP.—SEVENTY-SETH STREET, LOOKING EAST.

not reply only a
 long silence. A
 distant tremor in
 the pulsed in-
 breathing a long
 burst of noise
 the next time
 Howard exclaimed
 the voice behind
 me and then it
 faded "I love to
 have flowers in my
 garden every day but I
 carry them in
 it is so I don't
 know." The
 sentence was never
 finished as I was
 was lost it had
 melted into the
 softness of the
 night. The voice,
 instead of weak
 humanely softly.
 The other one,
 when a knee was
 present over
 inclined by the
 influence of the
 Continued on page 20

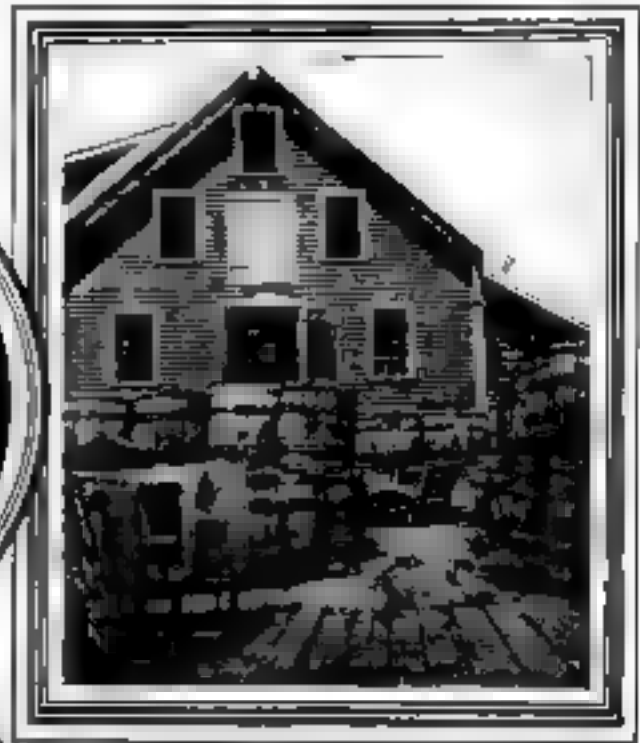
செய்தியைப் பற்றித் தகவல் தருக



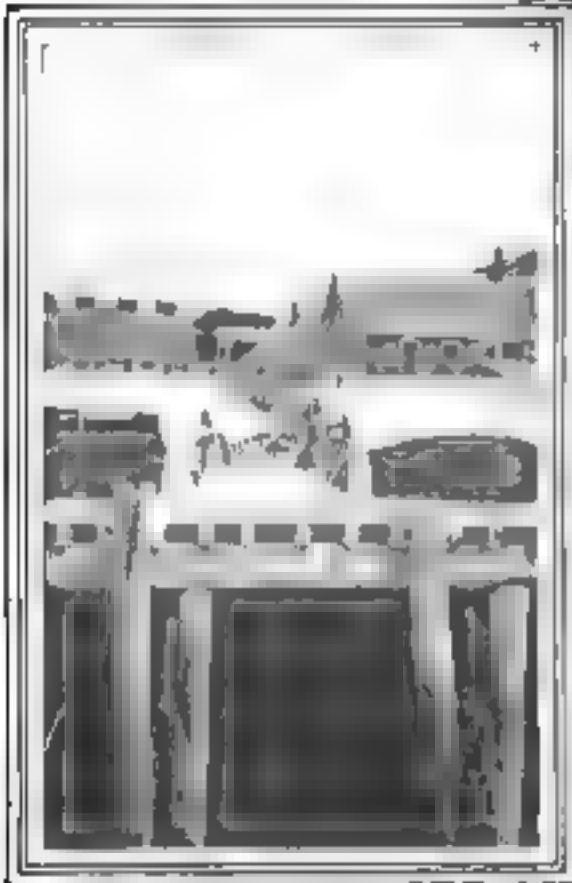
1—FIRST DITCH FOR THE THREE WEEKS' PRODUCT DOWN ON ICE NOT SALTED, AS USUAL.



2—NEXT, THE FISH ARE THROUGH THE WASHES.



3—THEN THEY ARE PACKED IN BARRELS OF MEATS.



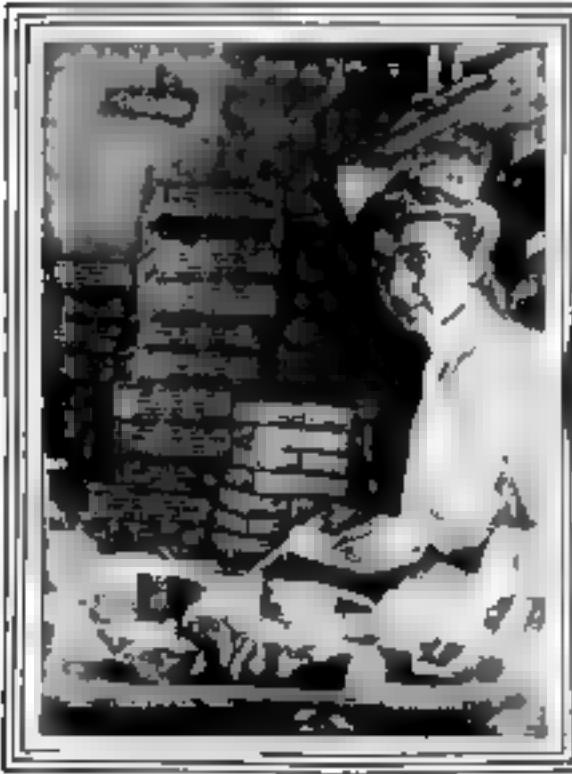
4—THEN THEY ARE PLACED ON THE DRYING-FRAMES.



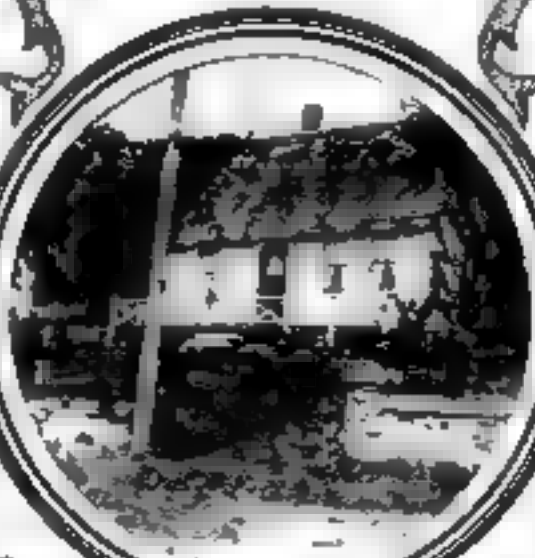
5—NEXT, THEY ARE TAKEN INTO THE SUN-DRYING ROOM TO BE DRIED AND CURED TO MAKE AND COLORED.



6—THEN THEY ARE DRIED AND BOUND BY SPECIAL OPERATORS.



7—AND, FINALLY THEY ARE CUT INTO "Cakes" (as the small squares are called), packed and shipped.



A TYPICAL FISHERMAN'S OUTLOOK.



THE LIGHT-HOUSE ON KAPTEEN ROCK, CAPT. AMY, WHOSE IN THE "HOME LIGHT" TO FISHERMEN RETURNING FROM THE "HARVEY."

EVOLUTION OF THE CODFISH-CAKE.

THE INTERESTING STORY PICTORIALY TOLD BY THE CAMERA, IN A SKILLFUL WOMAN'S HANDS, AT GLOUCESTER, MASS.

See page 20.

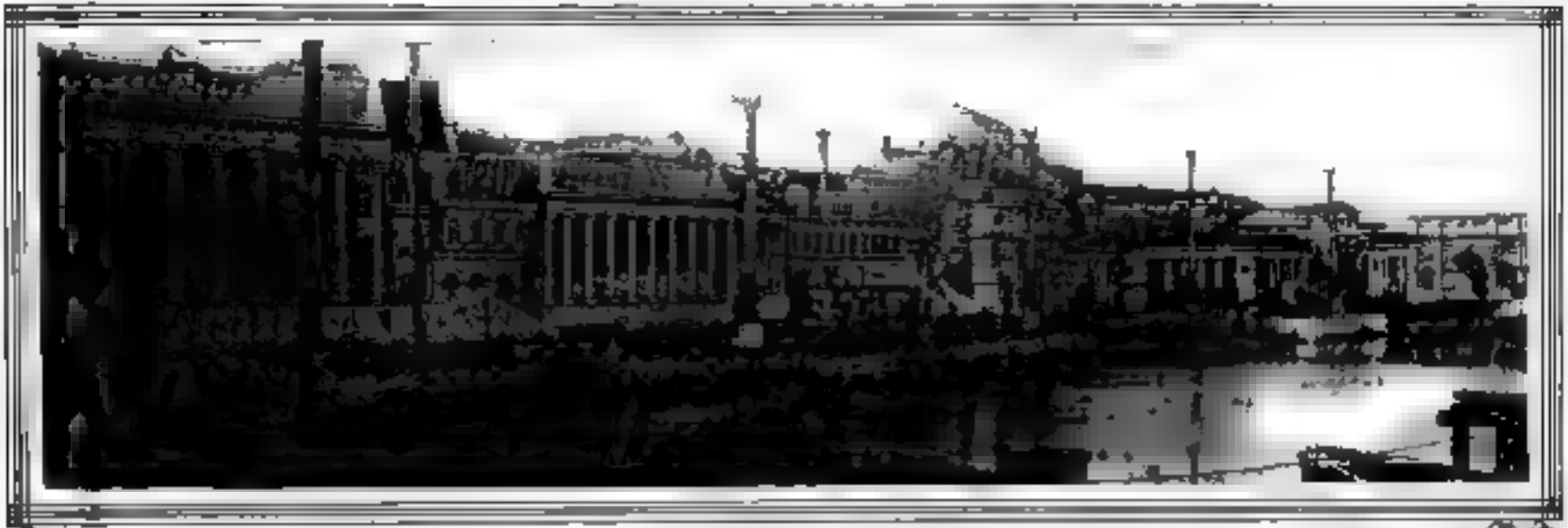


"SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES" FAVORITE TOAST OF OUR NAVY

JUNIOR OFFICERS SAT TODAY NIGHT MESS, ON ONE OF ADMIRAL HIGGINSON'S SHIPS, DRAINING THE TOAST:

"TO OUR SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES. MAY OUR SWEETHEARTS BECOME OUR WIVES, AND OUR WIVES EVER BE OUR SWEETHEARTS."

Picture supplied by Mrs. Emma's Family by T. Hunt Walker.



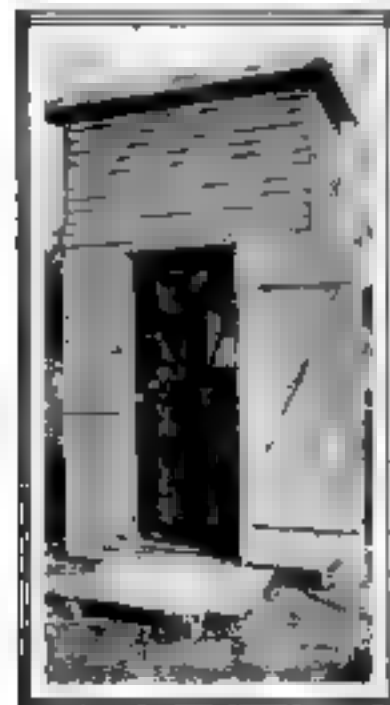
A VIEWING OF ANCIENT BARR FOR THE BARKING SPECTACLE AT MANHATTAN BEACH



PUTTING THE FLASHING TOGETHER TO THE BRILLIANT EFFECT.



PEOPLE DANCE WITH PAPER PARACHUTES WHICH MIMIC CREATIONS OF COLOR AND FLOAT A LONG DISTANCE.



A DANGEROUSLY ISOLATED ROOM-CARDINAL HOUSE, WITH OPERATOR IN DOORWAY.



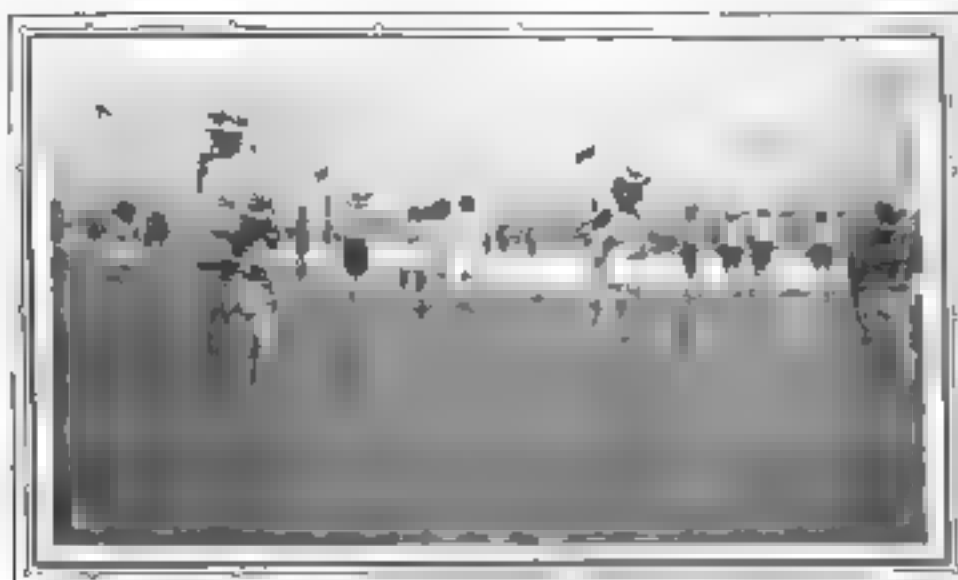
CONFERENCES VIEW OF THE FIREWORKS VILLAGE.



MAKING BIG BOMBS THAT SEND FORTH SHOWERS OF RADIANT STARS.

MAKING FIREWORKS AMID MANY HAZARDS.

A LITTLE VILLAGE NEAR MANHATTAN BEACH, WHERE THE PYROTECHNIST PRODUCES WONDERFUL PIECES.



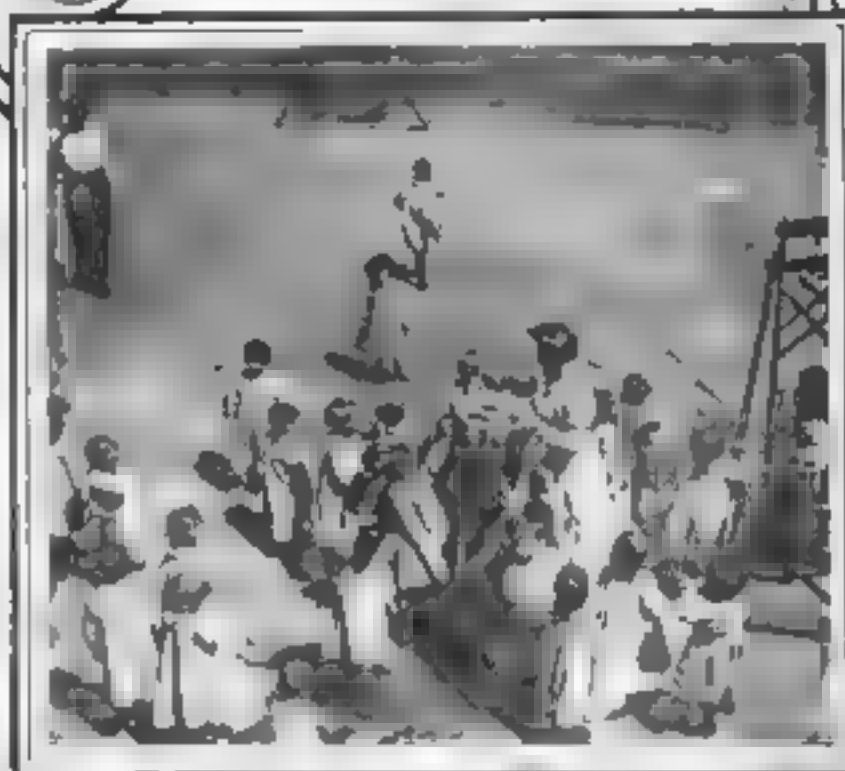
THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR ENJOY THEMSELVES AT THE PLAY GROUND.



THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR ENJOY THEMSELVES AT THE FIRE POND.



THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR ENJOY THEMSELVES AT THE CAROUSEL.



THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR ENJOY THEMSELVES AT THE CAROUSEL.

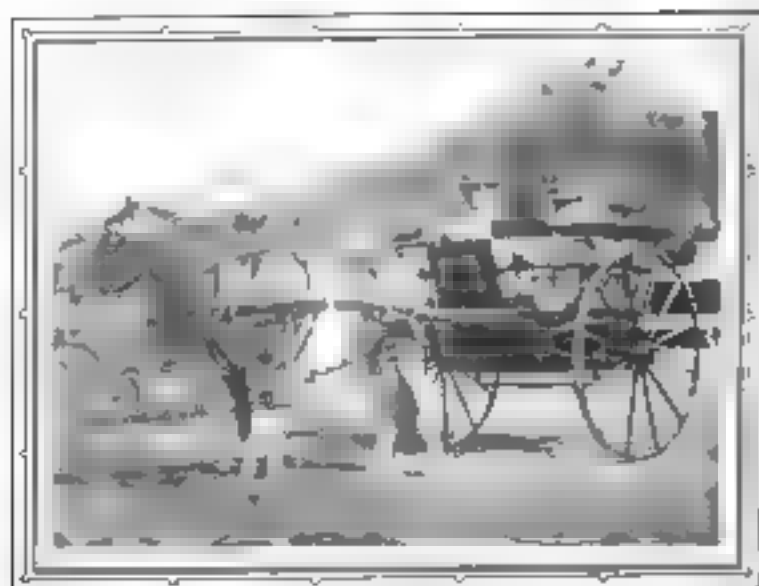


THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR ENJOY THEMSELVES AT THE FIRE POND.

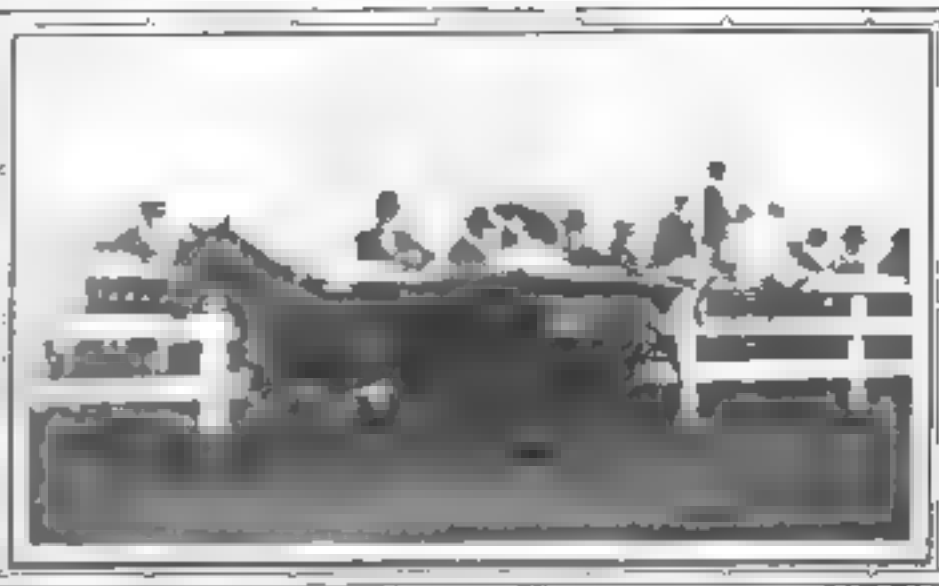
SUMMER PLEASURES OF THE CHILDREN OF THE POOR

HOW THE YOUNG PEOPLE UNABLE TO LEAVE NEW YORK CITY ENJOY THEMSELVES DURING THE BROILING MONTHS.

Photographs by J. B. Porter



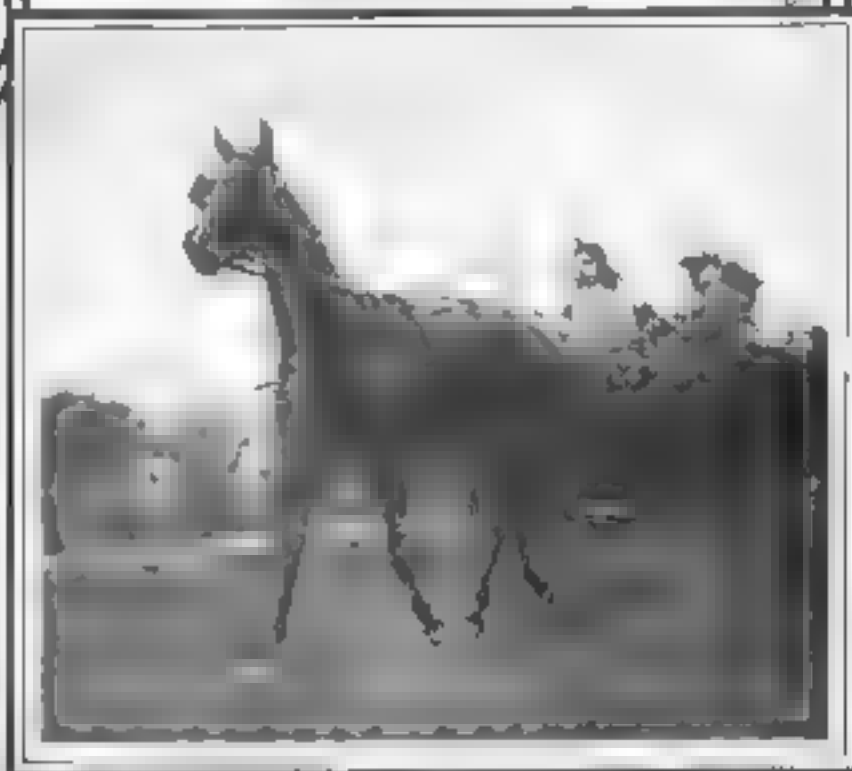
TWO BOYS & MEN IN A CARRIAGE ON THE RAILROAD
ROADS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK



ENTERING THE PARK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
THE CITY OF NEW YORK



A HORSE & CARRIAGE IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
THE CITY OF NEW YORK



A HORSE & CARRIAGE IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
THE CITY OF NEW YORK



ENTERING THE PARK IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
THE CITY OF NEW YORK

ENJOYMENTS OF NEW YORK'S SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF WEALTH
CHILDREN OF THE FINANCIAL KINGS DELIGHTING IN THEIR HANDSOME PONIES AND CARTS.—Photographs by R. M. BROWN



PLANNING PARADIGMATIC VIEW OF BALANCE, LOWER CALIFORNIA, MICHIGAN--E. C. Moore, Esq.



JULY 1968
POST OFFICE BOX 1000
MADISON, WISCONSIN



CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE PROTECTIVE ORDER AT LAURENCEVILLE,
 NEW HAMPSHIRE, P. 1



HEAVY MAINTENANCE OF THE THREATENED SPECIES AT
LAWSON, PHILIPPE ISLAND
T. J. WILSON, TOWN MANAGER, 1982-83



A GIRL AND EARLIEST LITTLE CAME AT THE AL PIRROO CLUB.
Between March Street



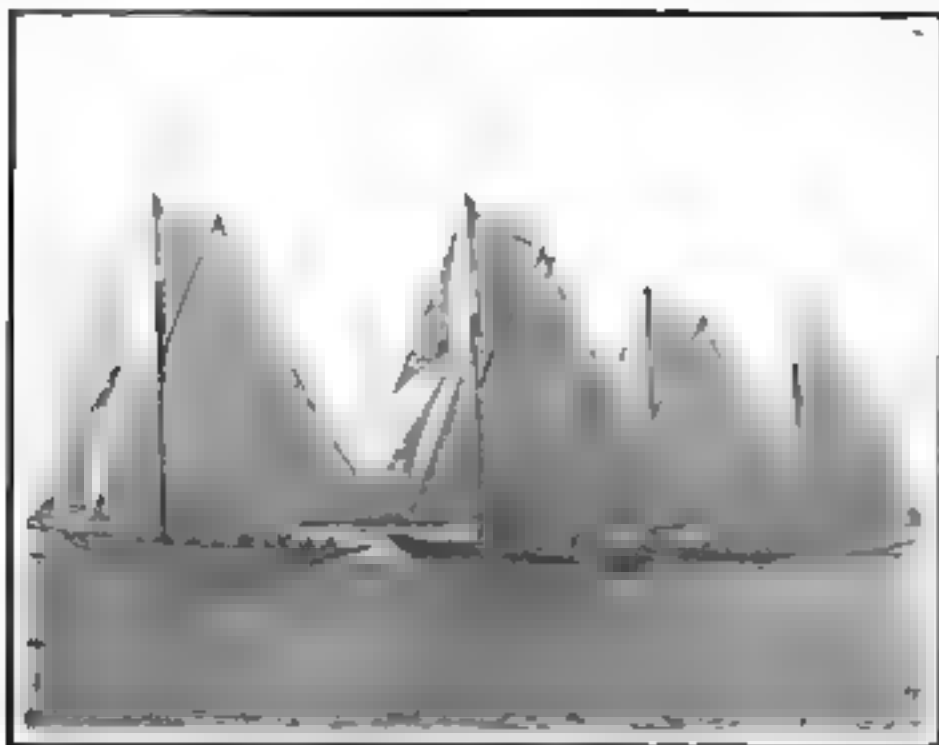
(PRIZE-WINNER. CAMP STREET OF 'INFANT 4, TWELFTH PENNSYLVANIA REGIMENT, AT
BOOTH OF 'OAL MONK'S' STICKS, SHELDON, VERM. / I X Master. Sheldon, Free



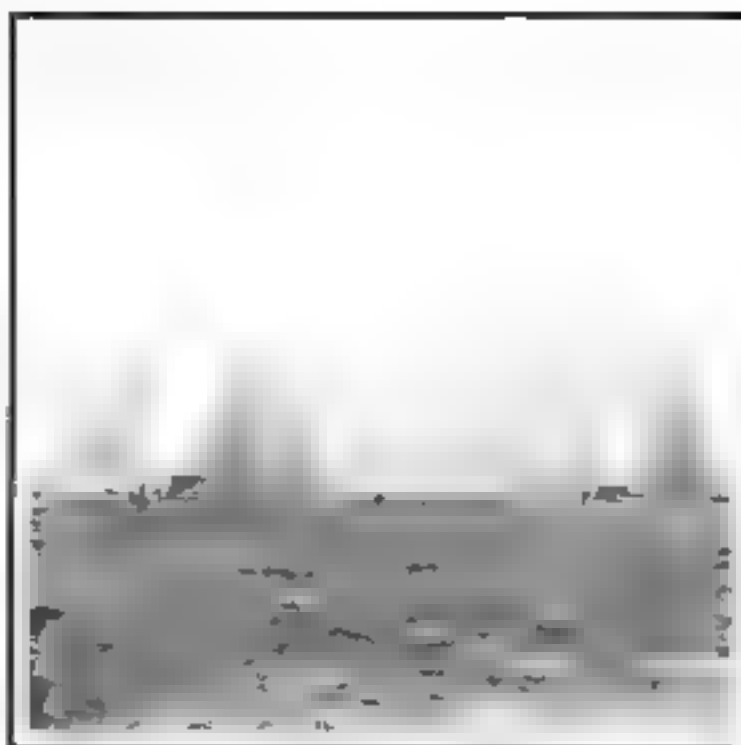
FORNOSTI SQUARE AT WILMINGTON, BALTIMORE REPORT MECHANICAL, FROM. MINE OF MINEY
MINE. — J. T. Moore, Shamokin, Pa.

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—PENNSYLVANIA WINS
PLEASEING PICTURES SENT BY SKILLED OPERATORS OF THE CAMERA AT HOME AND BEYOND THE SEA.

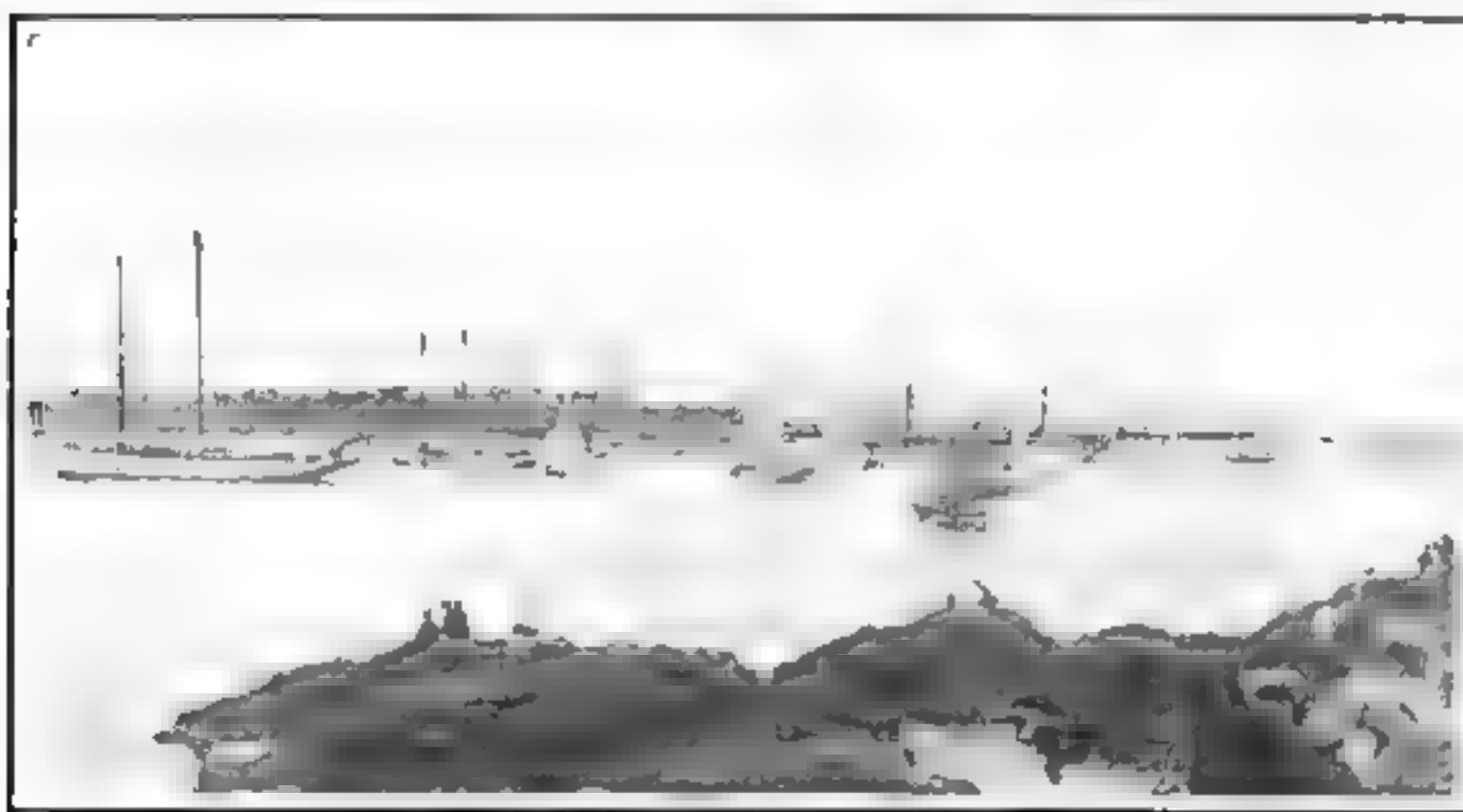
1986 RELEASE OF THIS DOCUMENT IS AUTHORIZED BY THE FBI IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES RECORDS MANAGEMENT ACT AND ITS REGULATIONS.



THE FIRST DAY'S RUN—THE YACHTS, UNDER FULL SAIL, STARTING FROM NEW LONDON FOR NEWPORT.



J. ROBERTS BAXTER'S "TANAGER" AND AUGUST BELMONT'S "MINNOLA" IN A CLOSE AND STRENUOUS RACE—THE TANKER, WUM.



A FLEET OF DECEMBER YACHTS AT THE ANCHORAGE AT HARTFORD.



CAPTAINS OF THE 100 YACHTS ASSEMBLED ON THE FLAGSHIP "CERES", CAPTAIN MOORE LEWIS' CUM LIEUTENANT, IN NEW LONDON HARBOR.

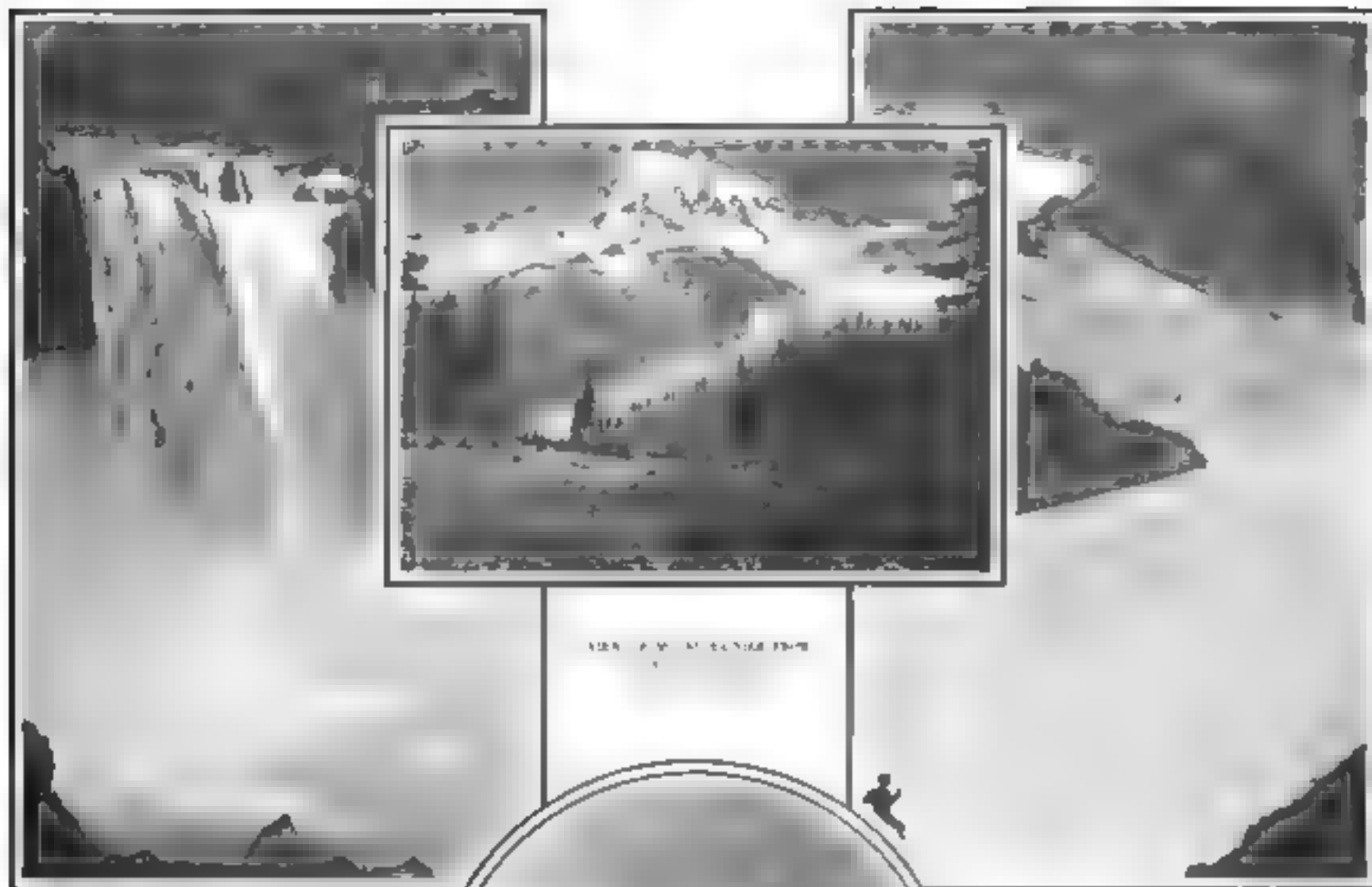


THE FLEET LEAVING NEWPORT FOR VINEYARD HAVEN IN A STIFF BREEZE.

A MIDSUMMER DIVERSION OF OUR MILLIONAIRES.

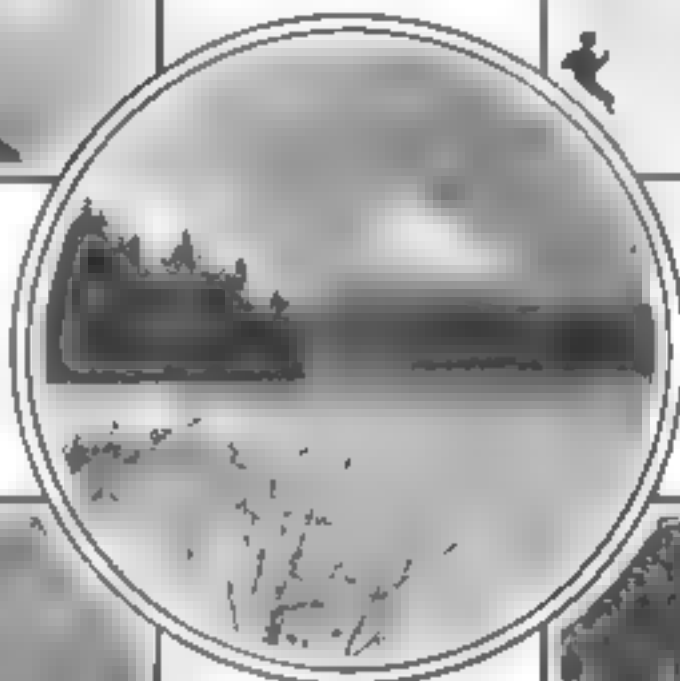
THE NOTABLE ANNUAL CRUISE OF THE NEW YORK YACHT CLUB FROM NEW LONDON, CONN., TO PROVINCETOWN, MASS.

Photographs by Burton—See page 207.

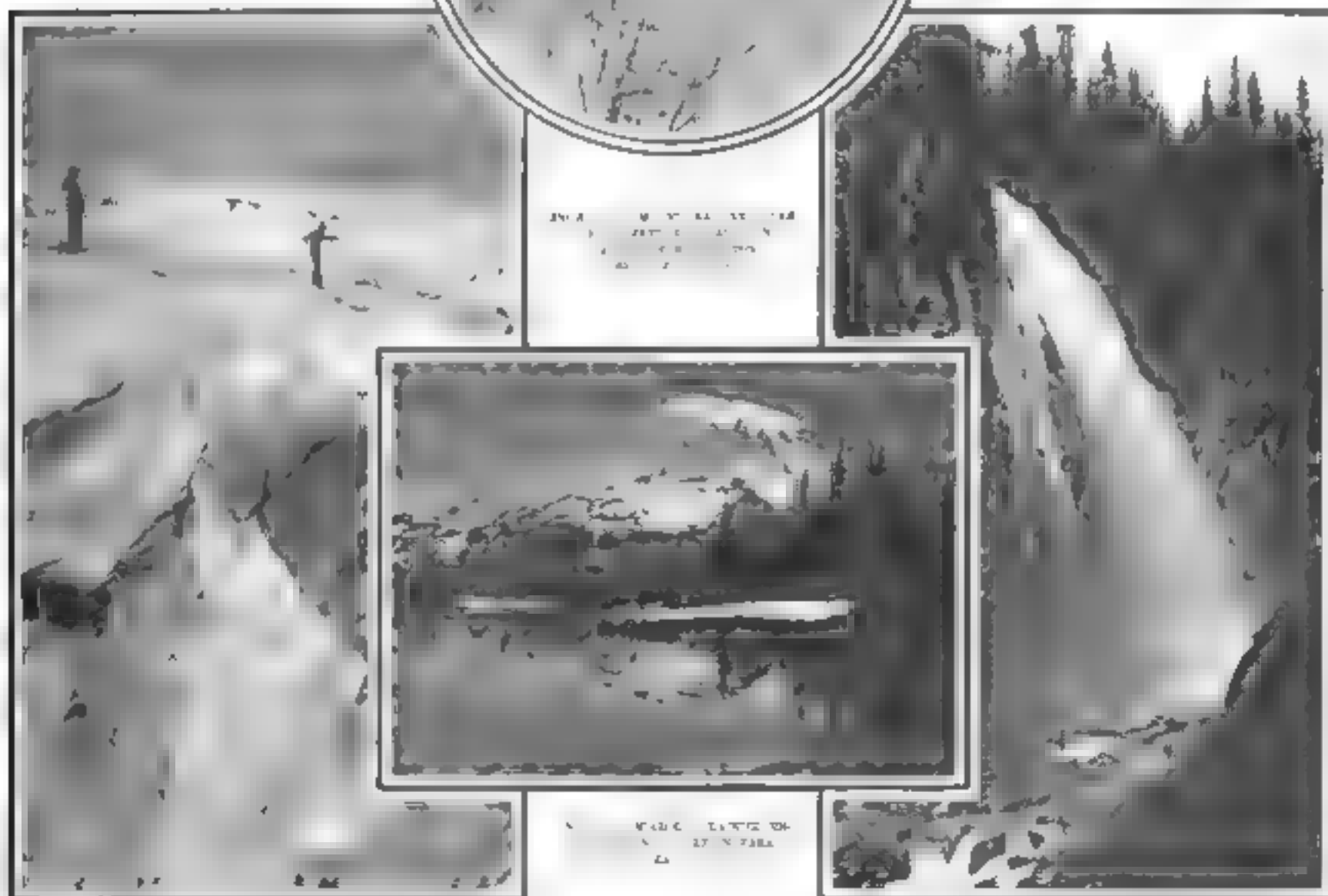


VIEW FROM MOUNTAIN TOP

VIEW FROM MOUNTAIN TOP



VIEW FROM MOUNTAIN TOP



THE GREAT AND IMPOSING COLUMBIAN GLACIER. —Drake

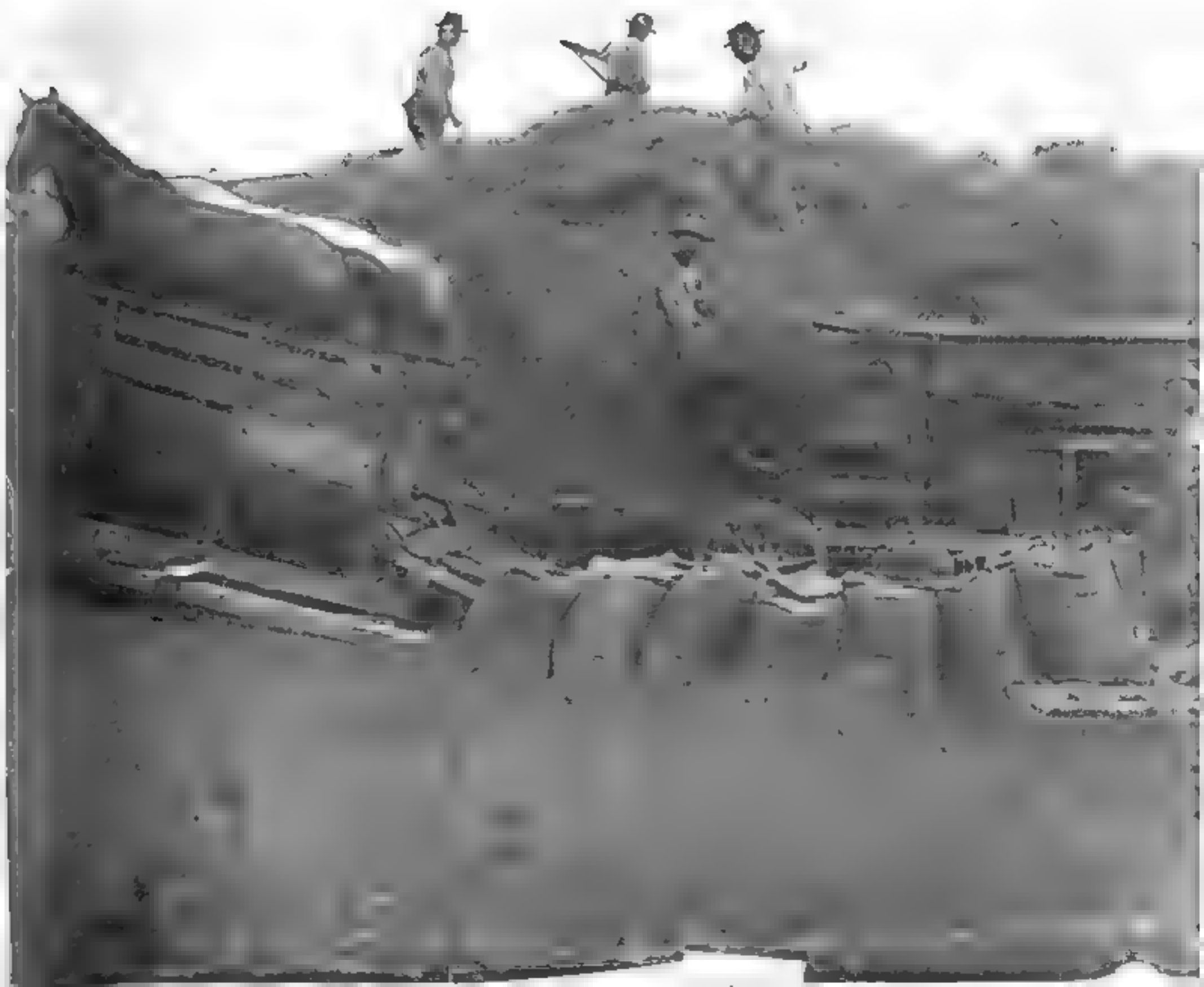
BEAUTIFUL MARION PASS, ON THE PARADISE RIVER. —Drake

WONDERS OF NATURAL SCENERY ON THE PACIFIC COAST
 THE LOFTIEST PEAK IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, A REMARKABLE GLACIER, A BEAUTIFUL LAKE, AND
 IMPOSING WATERFALLS.

PRICE 10 CENTS

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

HARVEST NUMBER



LESLIE'S WEEKLY

THE OLDEST ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY IN THE UNITED STATES

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY JOURNAL OF STRATEGY STUDIES

MEMBERS OF THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS
THE LORDS OF THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

100-000 100000 200000 300000 400000 500000 600000 700000 800000 900000 1000000 1100000 1200000 1300000 1400000 1500000 1600000 1700000 1800000 1900000 2000000 2100000 2200000 2300000 2400000 2500000 2600000 2700000 2800000 2900000 3000000 3100000 3200000 3300000 3400000 3500000 3600000 3700000 3800000 3900000 4000000 4100000 4200000 4300000 4400000 4500000 4600000 4700000 4800000 4900000 5000000 5100000 5200000 5300000 5400000 5500000 5600000 5700000 5800000 5900000 6000000 6100000 6200000 6300000 6400000 6500000 6600000 6700000 6800000 6900000 7000000 7100000 7200000 7300000 7400000 7500000 7600000 7700000 7800000 7900000 8000000 8100000 8200000 8300000 8400000 8500000 8600000 8700000 8800000 8900000 9000000 9100000 9200000 9300000 9400000 9500000 9600000 9700000 9800000 9900000 10000000

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DISCUSSION

Foreign Students in United States, \$2,000

[illegible]

Thursday, September 4, 1902

How Strikes Affect Politics

[illegible]

For most of the decade prior to 1970, the majority of the political elite in the city resided in the French Concession, but in the 1970s they began to move to other places. Hong Kong and the Republicans were the dominant party in the congressional election of 1978. The first in-party congress was held some time after the strike, the Republicans were beaten.

in the strike on the Gould system of railroads, in 1914, which lasted many weeks, and which was under the direction of Martin Form. great destruction of property took place and many cities, including St. Louis and Kansas City, were struck and that was during the same time that the same movement was in the United States who were hit them. In the congressional election of that year the Republican did not carry Congress, but they reduced the Democratic majority to comparatively small figures. Some of the Democrats afterward said that the strike of 1914 had something to do with Cleveland's defeat for re-election in 1916.

[illegible]

When the unionists first and the employers of the Pullman Company differed began their strike in the early half of 1894, in Cleveland's second term, the question of business suddenly darkened for the Democrats, who controlled Congress as well as the Presidency. The fate of the Republicans in the strike of 1892 was sealed in 1894 as an omen of the things which were to come to the Democrats when the people went to the polls in that year.

the west of the great industrial fields of the interior of the West Virginia, a stalwart Republican, says that the strike may cost his party three congressmen in his State and several in Pennsylvania. With the drift, as it is, against the H. P. which is not at all surprising, the Republican party is far from being easy. The combination lock-out may register itself in politics in November with a result which may surprise the country and wound the Republican party.

Railroads a Great Factor in Prosperity.

THERE IS not in the United States a more competent, able, and eloquent discoverer on railroad matters than Mr. George B. Davis, general passenger agent of the New York Central, whose utterances on any phase of the subject are always, as they should be, listened to with the greatest interest. In his recent address before the American Association of Railway Men, Mr. Davis made a very able and comprehensive report on the material development of the railroad industry, and the propaganda that surrounds it. He said that the railroad industry is the backbone of the nation, and that it is the duty of the government to maintain it in a state of efficiency. He also pointed out the need for a more efficient system of transportation, and the importance of the government in this regard. He concluded by saying that the railroad industry is the backbone of the nation, and that it is the duty of the government to maintain it in a state of efficiency.

Mr. Munkle spoke of the extensive railway mileage and the high quality of the service. He said that the railroad was a great asset to the community and that it was a great source of employment. He said that the railroad was a great source of revenue for the community and that it was a great source of pride for the community.

[illegible][illegible]

Possibilities of Agriculture

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Krapotkin shows that this expense is not so great as many suppose, and that in the end, market gardening by this method may be made excessively profitable.

[illegible][illegible]

The Plain Truth

THE PROPOSITION that the farmers of the country combine in a sort of trust or national co-operative exchange, with a capital of \$50,000,000, to buy, sell, and deal in grain, provisions, live stock, and produce, through elevators, and do a banking business, shows how strong a hold the trust idea has taken on the public mind. It will be an interesting experiment, if carried out, and everybody will hope that the scheme will be of value to the farmers who undertake it. For as the prominent journalist James H. Ketch, of the Troy Times, says: "Whatever helps the farmer helps the country in the long run."

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

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PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

N 1/2 of the mass external contingents of the British army in South Africa during the recent Boer war.



LIBRARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

[illegible]

THE D. MAN did not official etiquette as a court like that of England gave a map of a world and some of his hat it is not as much as before that even King Edward had well attended to the many things that were not as before in these things, should occasionally be caught napping. Much a slip on the part of the King is not to have received severely on the occasion of a royal reception. When his Majesty made the rounds of the court circle he passed close to the Duke of Gloucester who made a careful observation. Either the King did not see him or he was preoccupied. He was not it was, the King, without personal feeling, the circumstance mentioned is more the story and directly behind the duke and asked him to move the private royal support. The person mentioned happened to be making an error with the Duke of Gloucester who was the fifteenth duke of that name. The duke died from 1844, was very rich, and went home and wrote a letter, saying he regretted his over-weening now it is directed him to publicity. The King's secretary answered the letter saying it was all a mistake and that he might speak but he must not say so as he might break was asked. The affair is an illustration of how important is a matter of etiquette where royalty is concerned.

ALTHOUGH THE result of the present Chinese quarantine at Washington, the vivacious and gregarious, but much misunderstood, Mr. Yang Fung has escaped her lot. The regime throughout the United States has not been kind to her, but she is as capable to run her own store as any people. Her two sons, Mr. Ching and Mr. Liang, both young men, began her business in connection with the Chinese settlement in San Francisco, where they have been for some time. He was interested in the country, being a graduate of Yale University and he will be business regarding it, not can be otherwise and is thirteen years of age and is a well-bred, honest and able man. He is doing now for his family connected with the Chinese location in

Washington, and he has served as special minister to Europe and elsewhere. He obtained his high post as a reward for his services as director of the special mission which took him London to attend Queen Victoria's jubilee. He is a man of progressive ideas, and it is likely that the cordial relations now existing between the United States and China will be emphasized during his term as minister. The fact that his appointment pleased the Americans resident in Peking, is an assurance of his suitability for his new position. Before assuming his office at Washington Sir Liang will make a visit to China, so that Minister Wu will remain at his post for four to six months longer.

THE BOAST of the Briton that life in his country is conducted so rationally that public and business men retain their vigor and working capacity until they are very

[illegible]

THE ENVELOPE is a ground-breaking and innovative publication designed to make it easier for you to manage your business.



DOI: 10.1002/for

Frederick Gilchrist. The young couple were brought up together in Newport and New York. The Northams have a home up Fifth Avenue, another at Lenox, and one in Newport.

[illegible]

THE HON. J. H. HARRIS, P. C.
1000 - 1000 - 1000
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[illegible]

IT WAS not, perhaps, an unusual mistake which one of the daily papers made the other day when it said that among President Roosevelt's children at Oyster Bay was Father Peter MarQuinn. As Mr MarQuinn is a young Georgetown-born lawyer he is a rare case of name as error. It is an honor to put his name with others of the past few years in *Fortune* and *Success* the subjects of Howson. Mr MarQuinn has rendered valuable

and distinguished service as a correspondent of LEADERS WEEKLY and of various American papers in China, South Africa and the Philippines his letters from these fields of activity being always spicy, instructive and entertaining. Just after his call on President Roosevelt Mr. Matthews started on an extended trip through the West Indies, and will return in 1914.

THE RESIGNATION of Justice Bruce Gray, of the
 10th and 11th Superior Courts, and Attorney at Law.



THESE RESULTS WERE OBTAINED BY THE
USE OF THE FOLLOWING DATA:

After the war, he returned to his home in the town of
Hartford, Conn. He was a member of the American Legion
and the Veterans of Foreign Wars. He was a member of the
Hartford Chapter of the American Legion and the Hartford
Chapter of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. He was a member
of the Hartford Chapter of the American Legion and the
Hartford Chapter of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. He was
a member of the Hartford Chapter of the American Legion
and the Hartford Chapter of the Veterans of Foreign Wars.

NO 228R among the editors of religious weeklies in this country at the present time is better known and more popular to the fraternity than Major Marshall B. Haight, who has been chief editorial writer on The Christian Worker for nearly thirty years. Major Haight was his military title as a reward for gallant conduct in the Civil War in which he was a member of the 9th of General Thomas and saw much hard service in Kentucky and Tennessee. As a writer the major is noted for his terse, business-like style, his broad views, and cooler reserve. His technique is hard study and the collection of Napoleons. He is a brilliant conversationalist, a capital raconteur, and a great favorite in social circles. The major is unmarried and lives at Terrytown.

THE 45-UNT and honorable game of chess is one of the finest diversions of Governor Hall, and while he is by no means a great expert in the game, he plays well enough to make it highly interesting for an opponent.

THE APPOINTMENT of Cardinal Sotgiu to succeed the late Cardinal Lercaro, as primate of the Pro-

made at Rome has received the praise even that his equipment and spirit was perhaps worthy for the important and responsible task although he apparently seemed questioned by his superior officers from reports of his over-zealousness and his ambition. He is fully qualified in the ecclesiastical position of he head of the Mexican Catholic Church, and would make a suitable successor to the great and learned Don Xim. He is already well known through out his church as a diplomatist and for his knowledge of canonical law. Cardinal Gotti was born in Genoa in 1834, and his father was a dock labourer. Through the efforts of his mother he was enabled to study at a Jesuit college. When he was sixteen years old he entered the cloister of St. Anne as a member of the Order of the Carmelites. He distinguished himself as a student by his power of clear exposition in recitation and the depth of his learning. After graduation he taught not only theology but by his own request, became an instructor in mathematics in the Institute for naval cadets at Genoa. Many of his pupils now command vessels in the Italian navy. In 1870 he attended the council at the Vatican, and two years later became the general administrator of his order. In 1882 the Pope sent him as his personal agent to Brazil for the purpose of reorganizing the church there. He spent three years in Brazil and on his return to Rome was created a cardinal taking for his title church St. Maria della Scala, which is the property of the Carmelites order.



CAMPBELL, DUTCH

The man in a dark interior who may be the new Pope

How To Get Garden Seeds Free

By Walden Foxcroft

THE CITIZEN of the United States, even though he reside in a locality too isolated to share the benefits of rural free delivery, has each year an opportunity to secure direct return for the money which he contributes in taxes to the support of the national government. His only chance to secure grains from the State's contributing tangible and of appreciable value comes at the time of the annual governmental seed distribution and because every person who owns or rents a plot of ground or even a window ledge sufficient to grow a flower or vegetable garden may share in the bestowal of seeds there will naturally be exceptional interest in the fact that the United States government will this autumn inaugurate the largest seed distribution yet undertaken. Not only will there be a more lavish distribution of native and foreign strains, but an improved system of selection will be introduced whereby the country will be divided into six districts and seeds and plants particularly adapted to each district will be distributed to the residents of that section much earlier in the season than ever before.

Still other improvements are planned for this year's seed distribution which in heretofore will be conducted under the direction of the committee of congress. For instance, whereas there will be no direct distribution of miscellaneous vegetable seeds there will in addition be given out a limited number of packages of fruit seeds. This is, certainly, rather a new turn of it in history and of previous years, and growers will no longer be disappointed if some of these provisions will find their way into every nursery in the country.

The miscellaneous seeds will be put up in five packages in a package for each Senator, Representative and delegate in congress will have twelve thousand of these packages for distribution among his constituents. Each congressman will also have for distribution five hundred packages containing just one special package being made up of five packages. Each bundle of the seeds just back

as novelties will be accompanied by a circular describing the varieties and giving full instructions as to their culture and use. Finally, each one of the national lawmakers will have at his disposal five hundred packages of flower seeds and these packages are the very best made up in such fashion that these five-hundred who represent city constituents may if they wish secure seeds especially adapted for use in window boxes and small courtyards.

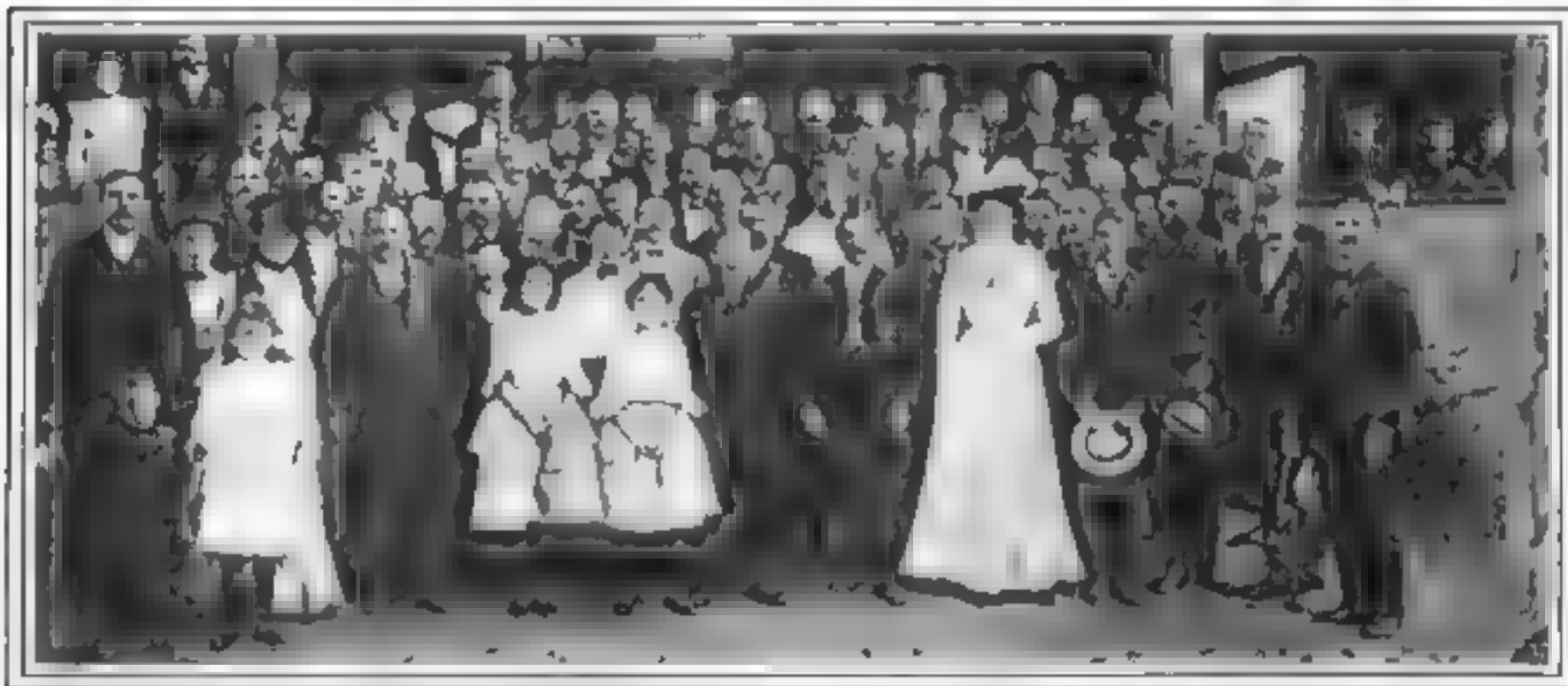
The figures given do not in all cases indicate accurately the lack of seeds at the disposition of a congressman. Many of the members from its district who have left to go to sea for vegetable seeds effect exchanges with congressmen from the farming districts who have generally no call for flower seeds, and thus it comes about that many a legislator from the townships is enabled to grow out of his farm from twenty to three hundred thousand packages of garden seeds, whereas the city congressman who is an energetic horticulturist may manage to accumulate a stock of several thousand packages of flower seeds and thus make happy a proportionally larger number of his constituents. Each Senator and Representative will also have in his credit thirty bundles of lawn grass seed and a small collection of strawberry plants and grape vines. Each has with one hundred trees.

The great annual seed distribution is one of the best known governmental activities and is a procedure of great magnitude. For conducting this one of enterprise congress annually appropriates the sum of \$2,000,000 and the total distribution this year will amount to about four million packages which it is estimated will reach more than one thousand tons. Besides the distribution by congressmen great quantities of seeds are sent out by the Department of Agriculture to farmers in various parts of the country who agree to report up to the degree of success which attends their use.

In this connection it may be noted that such reports

satisfactory results are likely to follow this year's seed distribution than attend any of its predecessors. This is due largely to the fact that Frederick Watson, who is now at the head of the Agricultural Department, is a practical farmer and having given his personal attention to the seed distribution which he is making regards as a personal project. He is at present in the office for the year's experiment a gift was sent to seedlings without regard to the character or quality of the goods, and the result was that many experiments put up a fine display of perfect packages containing only seed without the slightest regard as to who they would be adapted to the localities to which they were to be sent. Happily this oversight of affairs will not in future be repeated for the government will now be dealing with contractors and will make purchases through its officials direct from the private seed markets of the country. All purchases will be made under the supervision of the government plant and seed inspectors and all seeds will be subjected to a thorough test before they are accepted or paid for.

It has been a long time since a tremendous growth in the number of requests for the government seed packages. Last year the government alone furnished more than half the demand and it is indeed true that the big question in the State's seed supply no person will have to be turned away. Likewise, there has been found a remedy for the conditions of future years when miscellaneous complaints have been received that the free seeds are not so good for use. Not only is the work done in the way of earlier this autumn but the seeds will be packed in the greatest facilities each of which will fill and seal in a perfectly airtight envelope, a quantity equal to that of seeds or right of the girls who formerly performed this work. Finally, it has been decided that work shall be carried on day and night in order that the task may be still further expedited.



THE ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF NEWSDEALERS, BOOKSELLERS, AND STATIONERS OF AMERICA

GROUP OF THE DISTRICTS OF CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE TAKEN AT THEIR TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL MEETING, WHICH RECENTLY IN SOCIETY.—THOMAS MARTIN, PRESIDENT

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION, OF THE BEST. (Special Photograph by

The Plow-boy of the West.

A "Rock for workers, level fields
Mrs. Smith's solemn son,
Hunger a child of cold in brown,
The plow-boy's come to run

CRISOLATE children of earth behind,
Long miles of toil before
Whirling in mid the sun's clear light
All looks that shepherd men

PAN. No in mountain's forest head
Laying his eye on brow
Every word of his shining share
Means more than the plow-boy saw

BEYOND the growing days to come,
Beyond the nightingale's song,
For harvest of a world's delight
Wait no his sturdy foot

BREATH and rest and happiness,
Forlorn spirit can gain,
Crisolite meet and measure day
By blooming bands around

ALL these and more are the rewards of
That roll to on his shining share
A ribbon brown where the plow-boy tods
O'er the rough or smooth hay

—HAROLD MONROE HARRIS

Skill of British Naval Gunners.

IN THE issue of LESLIE'S WEEKLY of July 31st mention was made of the wonderfully accurate practice with the thirteen-inch guns in the turret of the United States battleship Kentucky. It was stated that four shots were fired in five minutes at a target one mile away and that the

marks were hit three times and grazed at the fourth discharge. This was declared to be a world's record for the caliber and distance. These statements have called forth an interesting letter from Mr. W. R. Shute of Halifax, N. S., who is apparently familiar with matters of this sort. Mr. Shute writes that the Kentucky's guns may have made a world's record for thirteen-inchers but he relates some other very notable feats of naval gunners. Mr. Shute says:

"On board the British battle-ship Empress of India, five years ago, four rounds were fired from her 13.5-inch sixty-eight-ton guns in six minutes with a projectile weighing 1,250 pounds at 1,600 to 2,200 yards while the ship was steaming at eight knots. Three hits on the target were scored. With hydraulic breech mechanisms the same caliber guns on the Royal Sovereign fired seven rounds in twelve minutes making six hits on the target at a distance of 2,200 yards, while the ship was steaming at eight to ten knots. The twelve-inch fifty-ton guns on the British ship *Blonde* with an interval between two rounds of forty-nine seconds fired six rounds in one minute and forty-seven seconds and the pair of twelve-inch guns in one turret on the same ship fired eight rounds in two minutes and ten seconds. This you will see was an equally quick record.

These facts are certainly highly creditable to the British navy showing that its war-ships are well equipped and that its gunners are expert. The publication of them should incite our own naval gunners to attain to even higher proficiency and skill.

A Prince Insured for \$900,000.

THAT IS at least one royal personage in Europe who has bought an anchor on windward, as to speak, to the idea of a possible assassination. It is Prince Henry of Prussia, who has a policy of \$900,000, which sum is payable only in the event of his being taken off by a dynamite or some other creature of that sort.

For Torpid Liver

Howson's Acid Phosphate.

Take it when your complexion is sallow and you are troubled with constipation, malacia and sick headache. It stimulates healthy life activity and improves the general health.

Baby's Diary.

A compact and handsome publication wherein to record the important events in baby's life has just been issued by Borden's Condensed Milk Co., 71 Hudson St., New York. It is not given away but is sent on receipt of 10 cents.

TELEPHONE SERVICE is the twentieth-century means of communication. Rates for residence service in Manhattan from \$45 a year. New York Telephone Co., 15 Bay Street, 141 West 28th Street, 215 West 25th Street.



NAME OF PHOTOGRAPH IN MIDDLE-CLASS SCHOOL OF STUDENTS PLAYING WITH BALLS IN ROOMS



THE NEW A. PHASE OF THE WAR BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS OF THE WORLD. THE WAR IS A FIGHT FOR THE FUTURE OF THE WORLD.

EXHILARATING SPORTS OF MID OCEAN

HOW THE NEW A. PHASE OF THE WAR BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONS OF THE WORLD. THE WAR IS A FIGHT FOR THE FUTURE OF THE WORLD.



FAMOUS TAKU FORTS, DISMANTLED BY THE ALLIED FORCES

THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN FORBIDDEN TO RE-BUILD THEM, THE GREAT WALL OF CHINA, EXCEPT TOWNS AT PORT AT TOWNS. Photograph by Leslie's Weekly by H. G. Poulton.

the almost incredible efforts in railway extension that the imperial government of the Czar is putting forth.

RAILROAD MAY IN THE CABINET OF THE Czar

It is a fact not generally known that the two men who are nearest to the Czar of Russia, and who, perhaps, have a greater influence than any of the others in shaping the commercial policy of the present government of that great empire, are M. de Witte, the Imperial Minister of Finance, who, sixteen years ago, was a station-agent at a small town on one of the railways of Russian Poland, and the other is Prince Michel Nikoff, who, when little more than a boy left St. Petersburg to seek his fortune, learned mechanical engineering in the city of Philadelphia, and who is to-day the Imperial Minister of Railways of the Russian empire, and a member of the Cabinet of the Czar.

CHINA JOINS THE ARMY OF FINANCIAL

More than twenty years ago one of the Imperial Ministers of China, in a report to the Emperor and Empress, urged upon them the construction of a system of railways from their principal ports to the interior of the empire. In his report he used this significant sentence: "Japan, which is a mere speck upon the map, is building railways, and her people are being benefited thereby. Should not your Celestial Empire, which comprises one-twelfth of the land area, and one-quarter of the population of the globe, do as well as this handful of people among the nations of the earth?"

To-day this suggestion is being carried out, and railways are being constructed in a dozen different directions in China.

RAILROADS REFINED IN CHINA

One hundred years ago the Governor of the great State of New York advised his friends not to invest their money or waste their time in building railroads, expressing the opinion that while it was possible that improved methods of communication and perfected machinery might in the remote future enable the people to move upon a railroad at the rate of five or six miles per hour, he did not believe that they could ever be made of material value to the people, and that they might be liable to transport passengers and freight by railroad, from one part of the country to another, might result in endless rebellions and wars. The Governor died in the belief that the canal was the only means of communication for a great empire.

Notwithstanding his prediction, the railroads have grown in such vast proportions that to-day there are in the United States more than 200,000 miles of steam railroads.

The building of the Erie Canal, extending from Buffalo to Albany a distance of 363 miles, was commenced July 4, 1817. It was completed in 1825 at a cost of \$1,000,000. In 1826 the State of New York appropriated \$4,000,000 for enlarging and improving this canal, and a few figures from the State report on canals may be of interest in this connection.

Reliable statistics of its traffic are not obtainable for the earlier years of its operation, but in accordance with the annual report of the Superintendent of Public Works of the State of New York we find that the tonnage of all the property carried on all the canals in both directions in 1837 was 1,712,000 tons, valued at \$61,800,000. The tonnage and the value increased until 1872, when it amounted to 5,073,370 tons, valued at \$220,913,221.00. From 1872 the tonnage and the value of the property carried decreased, until in 1897 there was only 3,612,804 tons carried, with a value of \$99,063,338.00.

This, in face of the fact that the receipts of grain and flour at Buffalo had increased from 1,184,935 bushels in 1837 to 2,423,403,306 bushels in 1897.

INCENSE OF ANGELO

The greatest number of new boats registered as operating on the canals in a single year was in 1862, when there were 427 new boats. In the year 1897 there were only 16 new boats registered. You will wonder what has caused the abandonment of water travel in the State of New York, and the steady decline in the commerce passing through the Erie Canal.

There are three general causes for these results. The first is the great reduction in the rates of freight by the railroads in the United States, and notably in the State of New York. The second cause is the marvelous development of the motive power and rolling stock of the American railways. Less than a quarter of a century ago, upon the average American railroad, the capacity of a freight car was twenty thousand pounds; the capacity of a freight engine was from twenty to thirty of such cars to the train.

To-day on the New York Central, whose six tracks run alongside the Erie Canal for the entire distance from Buffalo to Albany, the capacity of the grain cars is from sixty to sixty-six thousand pounds, and a locomotive of the latest type will haul from seventy-five to ninety such cars loaded to their full capacity. It is not an infrequent occurrence for a single engine to haul through the Mohawk valley, beside the Erie Canal right, five to sixty thousand bushels of grain in a single train. The same engine will haul from one hundred and ten to one hundred and twenty-five empty cars. When you consider that in the busy season there are from twenty-five to one hundred such trains a day passing over the New York Central alone, you will get some conception of the situation.

EXPRESS TRAINS KEEP THE FAST TIME

The third cause of the failure of the canals is the general demand of the American people for quick time. A shipper

At that time Rochester's only means of transportation was the Erie Canal, and the difference between the insignificant village of Rochester in 1822 and the magnificent city of Rochester of to-day is the difference in its transportation facilities, and this difference is graphically shown by a comparison of the canal packet used by a mule at the rate of four miles an hour and the Empire State Express thundering through the Genesee Valley at a speed of sixty miles an hour.

IMPORTANCE OF RAILWAY ADVERTISING

American railway management is always alert and ready to embrace every opportunity for extending the commerce of the country, and railway men are among the very first to seize upon each branch of enterprise. Within a week from this day, but the Paris Exposition Universelle, which, since 1889, the American railways had ordered, an engraving of its flags to include the West Indies, the Hawaiian Islands, and the Philippines. The description of the beauty of our American lakes and valleys, the magnificence of our rivers, the grandeur of our mountains, the fertility of our soil, the wealth of our natural resources, and the superiority of our manufactures, with which our railroad advertising is filled, has been of immeasurable value to the export trade of the United States. I have secured thousands of foreigners to visit every section of our country who otherwise would never have come here. It has been the means of the investment in the United States of untold millions of foreign capital. It has been one of the strongest aids to the expansion of American commerce in every direction.

A CENTURY OF MAN-MADE

Henry Timmerman said of the nineteenth century that it had added more to the sum of human knowledge than all the centuries that have passed. The twentieth century bids fair to keep pace with it, if not surpass it, the nineteenth.

A few examples of the achievements of American railroads in a little more than half a century and many of them within the last twenty-five years, should be as appropriate.

Before the railroads were built it took a week to go from New York to Buffalo, nearly three weeks from New York to Chicago, and at that time no man would have thought of making a trip from New York to the Pacific coast, even a few of the hardiest pioneers, and when on such occasions the good-byes were said it was expected on both sides that it would be forever. If to-morrow night you should place a letter in the Pacific and Oriental mail train which leaves Grand Central Station, New York, at 9.15, you may be sure that your correspondent in San Francisco will be reading it next Saturday night, four days from New York.

You can to-day take your lunch in New York, barely park your bag and, taking the train at Grand Central Station at 2.45 p. m., be in Chicago at 9.45 the next morning, a distance of 580 miles in just twenty hours.

The framers of our Constitution would have considered a man brave indeed who would have suggested such a possibility.

WHAT THE RAILROADS HAVE ACCOMPLISHED

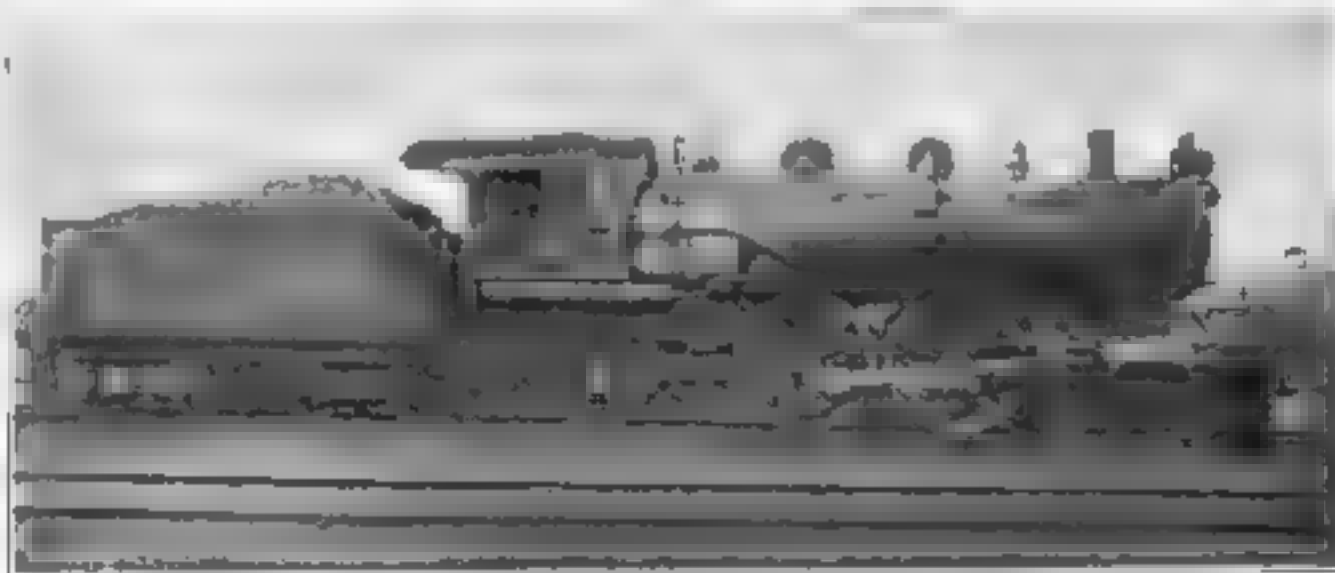
In 1874 the States east of the Missouri River were sending food and clothing to the starving people of Kansas. Thanks to the facilities afforded by the railroads, they exported the corn crop of Kansas for 1892 to be a bumper crop—eight million acres have been planted, and at the present average per acre would yield something over 300,000,000 bushels.

It seems a very few years since I made my first trip to Colorado, and stopped on my way at the home of Buffalo Bill at North Platte, Neb., on the Union Pacific. At Ogallala, fifty-one miles west of North Platte, the Sioux Indians were camping over the prairie and making preparations for the warriors who ventured so far out of the beaten path of civilization.

The Nebraska corn crop of 1902 covers nearly eight million acres, and is expected to yield forty bushels



A MODERN FREIGHT-TRAIN, LOADED WITH GRAIN, PASSING BY A GRAIN ELEVATOR, ON ITS WAY DOWN THE RIVER VALLEY. THE TRAIN IS ON THE NEW YORK CENTRAL.



THE NEW CENTRAL ATLANTIC TYPE LOCOMOTIVE PULLING THE THROUGH PASSENGER TRAIN OF THE NEW YORK CENTRAL.

having a hundred thousand bushels of flour or a million bushels of grain for export, must move it from Buffalo to New York within a specified time, and he cannot risk the slow process of the canal.

A short time ago the lake steamer *Algonquin* arrived in Buffalo on Friday evening with forty thousand bushels of grain, while the *Corn of the White Star Line* was at her post in New York about to end with water for ballast unless she could get a cargo of grain. The grain from the *Algonquin* was quickly transhipped at Buffalo to the cars of the New York Central, left Buffalo Saturday evening and was in the hold of the *Corn* shortly after noon on Monday. The dispatch with which this grain was handled makes a record that has never been equaled by rail, and of course could not be approached by canal.

RAILROADS ESSENTIAL TO PROGRESS

In a recent address before the Chamber of Commerce of Rochester, N. Y., I cited the illustration of the difference between modern railway transportation and transportation by canal.

In 1922 Theodore Wood, one of the great newspaper men of his day, wrote of what is now the city of Rochester as follows:

Rochester is a straggling village containing about half a hundred inhabitants, but it is a go-ahead place and from its advantages is destined to become an important inland town.

to the acre, or in the neighborhood of 300,000,000 bushels.

In the banner year of 1895 Colorado planted a 200,000 acres of corn and produced 280,000,000 bushels, or about thirty-eight bushels per acre.

Previous to the completion of the Northern Pacific, the Great Northern, Northwestern, St. Paul, Burlington, Rock Island, and other railways, the traverse of this wonderful region known as the wheat belt, there was nothing to be seen but prairie grass and an occasional band of uncultivated sage.

Wheat raised in North and South Dakota in 1904 shipped 220,000,000 bushels of wheat. The prospects for the present season at present are very encouraging although it is doubtful if it will exceed the crop of 1908.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE PACIFIC WEST

In 1840 there came across the continent reports of the discovery of gold in California but the only means of reaching its golden mine was by sea around Cape Horn or the long and perilous journey which was across the plains, including what was then styled in our geographical the American West and through the hazardous mountain passes of the West.

The completion of the Pacific railroads changed all this, and opened new fields for all kinds of enterprises, upon unexplored territory stretching over more than two thousand miles to the west, northwest, and south of the Mississippi River the products of which region were practically valueless until the means of transporting them were provided by the railroads.

The wheat crop of California in 1908 was 22,000,000 bushels. The largest crop ever produced in California was in 1900, when, owing to exceptionally favorable weather conditions, that State produced 48,000,000 bushels.

The mineral products of California for the year 1908 amounted to \$33,000,000.

The value of the orange groves of California would be practically nil if the value were not for the fact that the railroads, by their trains of refrigerated cars, enable the grower to ship his fruit to the great markets of the world. The value of the orange groves of California for the year 1908 was \$1,000,000.

California also produced 27,000,000 pounds of wool in 1908 and 48,000,000 feet of lumber.

It seems but yesterday that the railroads were completed into Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. and it is marvelous that for the year 1908 there was exported from the Columbia River valley 17,000,000 bushels of wheat and from the Puget Sound region 16,000,000 bushels.

Oregon and Washington form the northwest corner of the territory of the United States south of the line of British Columbia, and directly on the route to our extreme northwest possession, Alaska.

The wheat crop of the States of Oregon and Washington for the year 1908 was 51,000,000 bushels.

Colorado, which, with its inexhaustible mines of gold, silver, lead, iron, and coal, forms almost an empire in itself, produced in 1908 of gold, \$28,000,000; of silver, \$1,000,000; of lead, \$7,000,000; in addition to a magnificent crop of wheat, fruit and vegetables.

Thanks to her railroad facilities Montana is to-day the richest mineral region of its size in the world.

The value of the precious metals won by the mining, milling, and smelting of the ore and gravel mined in Montana during the year 1908 was the largest in its history and amounted to \$68,000,000.

The State of Montana produced in that year 23 1/2 per cent of the copper product of the world, and 51 per cent of the copper of the United States. It is said that mineral development in Montana is in its infancy, and that what

it has already produced is but a bagatelle of the output of the future.

I am indebted for the statistics regarding the great States referred to, to Mr. J. C. Nelson, traffic director and Mr. H. Campbell, assistant traffic director of the Union and Southern Pacific Railroads. Mr. J. M. Hanna, first second Vice-President Northern Pacific Railway; Mr. Thomas Miller, freight traffic manager Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway; Mr. Paul Martin, second Vice-President Wisconsin, Tazewell and Santa Fe Railway; and Mr. A. S. Hughes, general traffic manager Denver and Rio Grande Railroad.

Without railroads Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Colorado, California, Oregon and Washington would still be the home of savages.

SENTRY OF AMERICAN RAILROADS

It is beyond question that American railroads to-day furnish the best service in the world at the lowest rates of fare, at the same time paying their employees very much higher wages than are paid for similar service in any other country on the globe.

In the United States the first-class passenger fare in 1908 averaged 1 1/2 cents per mile, although on some large railways the average was several cents less than two cents per mile. In England the first-class fare is four cents per mile, third-class fare for nearly identical service is two cents per mile, but only on certain passenger-staff trains.

In France the first-class fare is three cents per mile, in Austria, 3 1/2 cents per mile, and in France 3.35 cents per mile.



THE SITUATION ALL THESE YEARS OF DEPRESSION FOR AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES—IN A WORD, ALL THE INDUSTRIES OF THE GREAT PLAINS OF THE UNITED STATES, PREVENTS THE ADVENT OF THE RAILROAD.

The passenger cars excel those of foreign countries in all that goes to make up the comfort and convenience of a journey.

Our sleeping and parlor car system is vastly superior to theirs. Our baggage system is infinitely better than theirs and arranged upon a much more liberal basis. American railroads carry 150 pounds of baggage free while the German roads carry only 35 pounds free.

The lighting of our trains is superb, while the lighting of trains on most foreign lines is wretched.

SOME FURTHER EXAMPLES

I may be pardoned for citing a few examples of what I mean by the unsurpassed passenger-train facilities of American railroads.

A single locomotive recently hauled a passenger train of sixteen cars, nine of which were sleeping and parlor cars from New York to Albany, a distance of 143 miles, in three hours and fifteen minutes, which is 41 miles per hour and is the regular schedule time of this train. The train weighed 1,000,000 pounds and was 1,212 feet, or nearly a quarter of a mile long.

The Empire State Express was placed in service October 26th, 1901, and since that day it has been the most famous train in the world.

For years this train has been making the run from New York to Buffalo 400 miles in eight hours and fifteen minutes, at an average speed of 53 1/2 miles an hour, including four stops, two of them for changing engines, and twenty-eight slow-downs, on account of running through incorporated towns and cities.

For more than 216 miles of the 440 miles it makes the run on every trip at an average speed of more than 60 miles per hour. For one stretch of 70 miles the regular schedule time is 68.33 miles an hour.

The weight of this train is 605,000 pounds, and it has a seating capacity of 248 passengers.

On June 15th, 1902, the New York Central placed in service the Twentieth Century Limited, which now runs every day in the year between New York and Chicago, 940 miles in twenty hours, an average speed of 47 miles per hour, including all stops and slow-downs and saves the business man a day.

On June 10th, his train of five heavy cars ran a distance of 139 miles in 13 minutes on the Mahanoy division of the New York Central, that is an average speed of 63.66 miles per hour.

Recently the Twentieth Century Limited on the Lake Shore covered the 134 miles between Cleveland and Chicago in 13 minutes. From Cleveland to Toledo the engineer pushed along over the 113 miles in 103 minutes, reaching a speed of 90 miles an hour at some points.

These are some of the achievements of American railroads in passenger service, and in my opinion it is a fair estimate of the character that have made it possible for the United States to expand its commerce with such astounding rapidity.

The fact that American passenger service attracts the attention of people of every other country who, and our ships is demonstrated, is the desire of all foreigners to ride on the Empire State Express and the Twentieth Century Limited, the fastest long-distance train in the world, and the further desire to examine the magnificent machines that haul our great trains.

RECENT OF AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT

The extent of our commerce, both domestic and foreign, may well astonish the representatives of other lands who tell us for the first time, and the extent of the territory of the United States made possible by the development of the Empire State Express and the Twentieth Century Limited, the fastest long-distance train in the world, and the further desire to examine the magnificent machines that haul our great trains.

We thought before the purchase of Alaska that our territory was large but what

we have gained

since we have gained ourselves to us we can contemplate the fact that it is 2,440,000 square miles.

Alaska is

St. Michael's, Alaska, where an empire is being built, a development by American capital and energy, and that it is 120 miles from San Francisco to Manila Island of Japan and that this is only one of hundreds of rich islands that await similar development. It contemplates the development of our domains we should not overlook the Hawaiian and other islands which lie in our new ocean highway.

You will be interested in knowing that the Manila and Pacapan Railroad on the island of Luzon, which is the principal one of our Philippine group, is laid upon mahogany logs, the road passing through forests of valuable wood and over inaccessible beds of coal and other rich minerals. Shall we wonder then that American railroads are seeking connections that will secure a portion of the commerce that must come from the development of this rich region, which has so recently been added to the territory of the United States?

THESE FURTHER ARE FACTS

It is true that each follows the flag, then with co-operation and reciprocity between the great transportation interests of the United States and the consumer and industrial interests of our republic, and with proper encouragement go into American shipping, by the Congress of the United States, our commerce should be as developed as are the products of our soil, our mines, and our mills, and our export trade should reach every part of the earth, and should flourish on every sea and river where vessels ply. For since the almost miraculous events in Manila Bay and off Santiago, we may paraphrase the sentiment of Joseph Miller in regard to Colorado and say of our flag, "It floats forever in the sea."



AMONGST THEM ON THE WALK WAS J. J. ARKINSON (DOWN FROM VIA RAIL)



PANORAMA OF THE WHITE ROCK WATER WORKS



A HOST OF JOLLY BATHERS AND SPECTATORS ENJOYING THEMSELVES NEAR

THE MOST FAMOUS SEASIDE RESORT
ON MANY MIDSUMMER DAYS A QUARTER OF A MILLION VISITORS



THE TOWARD THE BEACH AND THE BEACH.—COURTESY, THE BEACH.



THE BEACH AND THE BEACH.—COURTESY, THE BEACH.



THE BEACH AND THE BEACH.—COURTESY, THE BEACH.

THE BEACH AND THE BEACH.—COURTESY, THE BEACH.

THE BEACH AND THE BEACH.—COURTESY, THE BEACH.

The Haunted Housewife

By Elliott Flower



HE told the story himself, and it certainly has a truthfulness to it. In fact it is difficult to believe that we could imagine so haunting an experience.

His wife, he said, had a woman's heart occasionally. When he sent her to do errands about the house and washing and the woman had an appetite. In that way he began to be troubled. One day when she was due home early, not

to work but to eat, and she stayed late, also not to work but to eat. I took her an hour or more to begin to go ready to go to work and another hour or more to begin to get ready to quit. She was there for breakfast, lunch and dinner. If there was only a half day's work, it is done it made no difference.

It was not until one day that she came home with a package. It was a box of soap. She said she had bought it at the store. I took it and found it was a box of soap. She said she had bought it at the store. I took it and found it was a box of soap.



"I thought you must have lost my children," she said, simply.

dispose of them. Thus all the rest of the family got together after which she would ask if she could not take the rest of the family home. Now in the course of time this system of collecting in all day's pay for a half-day's work in order to get more than one's money was common and it naturally followed that there was trouble the night time. The woman would and drank seven cups of coffee. In the interests of economy the members of the family lay down in coffee once a day in the morning and it certainly did seem as if the woman was working the thing in the morning of seven at night.

So one again, I went to the housewife and in such places, at length, I got up close to her. I was glad to see that the woman had only for her work and also to wait for her, leaving guests from her own and her children's work. I was glad to see that the woman had only for her work and also to wait for her, leaving guests from her own and her children's work. I was glad to see that the woman had only for her work and also to wait for her, leaving guests from her own and her children's work.

Here he placed the advertisement in her hand, and she was the only one who did come.

"I thought you must have lost my children," she said, simply.

Well, I hadn't," replied the housewife, pointedly. She said the woman, and she took off her bonnet and shawl and prepared to go to work.

Well, the work had to be done, and she was there on the grocery and meat bills were allowed to make their customary jump. But a stop-order was put on the coffee line up was the limit for dinner. In other ways things went very much as before.

Well, I said the housewife to her husband that night. I was worried over things. I'll not advertise again. But I do want to get hold of a good woman to come here occasionally.

So the next time she left word at a neighboring intelligence office where they made a specialty of furnishing manum for that kind of work, and they promised to send her one.

They did. The woman of the seven cups appeared promptly.

I think you ought have sent to my house," she said, reproachfully, but it was all right any way.

But I didn't want you," protested the housewife. "Oh," said the woman as she returned her bonnet and shawl.

Oh, excuse it, she was late to get another thing, and the work had to be done, so the provisions bill had another jump.

It seems as pretty to have her," said the housewife, and I wouldn't mind so much if she only did her work quickly and well, but it was a nuisance to have things dragged out so. Apparently the only way to hurry her was to change the dinner-hour. It was could have dinner at three in the afternoon now.

Why, then, interrupted her husband, we would have to have a late supper and she'd hang on for that.

True, admitted the housewife thoughtfully. She simply will not do.

Here the plot gets very, very thick. The housewife inspired among her neighbors and got a list of three women who were out by the day. Then she gave to her husband one evening.

Let one of them," she said. "I cannot be out about at this afternoon but I was too tired. If one of them can come that'll surely be able to tell you of what one who can. But I don't want the seven-cup woman. Her behavior that."

"You let I will," he answered, rapidly.

As he was paying the bill, he had reason to be content. Then he walked forth with his little list. The first woman he found was sorry, but she could not come. Her regular patients occupied all her time.

Do you know any one I could get," he asked.

Why yes, she replied. There's Mrs. Hallenbach.

"Must do," he returned hastily and perceived up Mrs. Hallenbach was the seven-cup woman.

The next afternoon was unable to come, and she also offered to get Mrs. Hallenbach.

"Can we never have that woman?" growled the man. She was to be the only one who kept plants to do. Perhaps her appetite works with others as it does with you.

But with the third lady came success. This woman also was busy, but her sister-in-law would come. Is her name Hallenbach?" asked the man.

Heavens no," replied the woman.

Let me see her," said the man. Mrs. Hallenbach might have snuffed again in the last week, and he was taking no chances.

The man returned home jubilant.

"I've got one," he announced, "and it isn't the seven-cup woman."



NOT TO WORK, BUT TO EAT

An advertiser asked the wife. "Butter," she said, "I'll not advertise again. But I do want to get hold of a good woman to come here occasionally." "Well, the next morning the seven-cup woman appeared for breakfast. The woman who had been engaged had a child who was born with its night. So she asked the woman to come in for the night. "Oh, I wanted some one else," protested the woman to the advertiser.



"What," he said, "for not one, we arranged. And it was the seven-cup woman, after all."

"Was ever any one so stupid?" asked the housewife.

This is not necessarily the end of the story, but it brings it up to the present day. The future alone can tell what the finish will be.

High Prices for Authors' Manuscripts.

WHEN IN 1899 Walter de la Mare's page of "The Woman in White" was undoubtedly recognized as the best of its kind, it was sold for a very high price.

The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price. The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price. The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price.

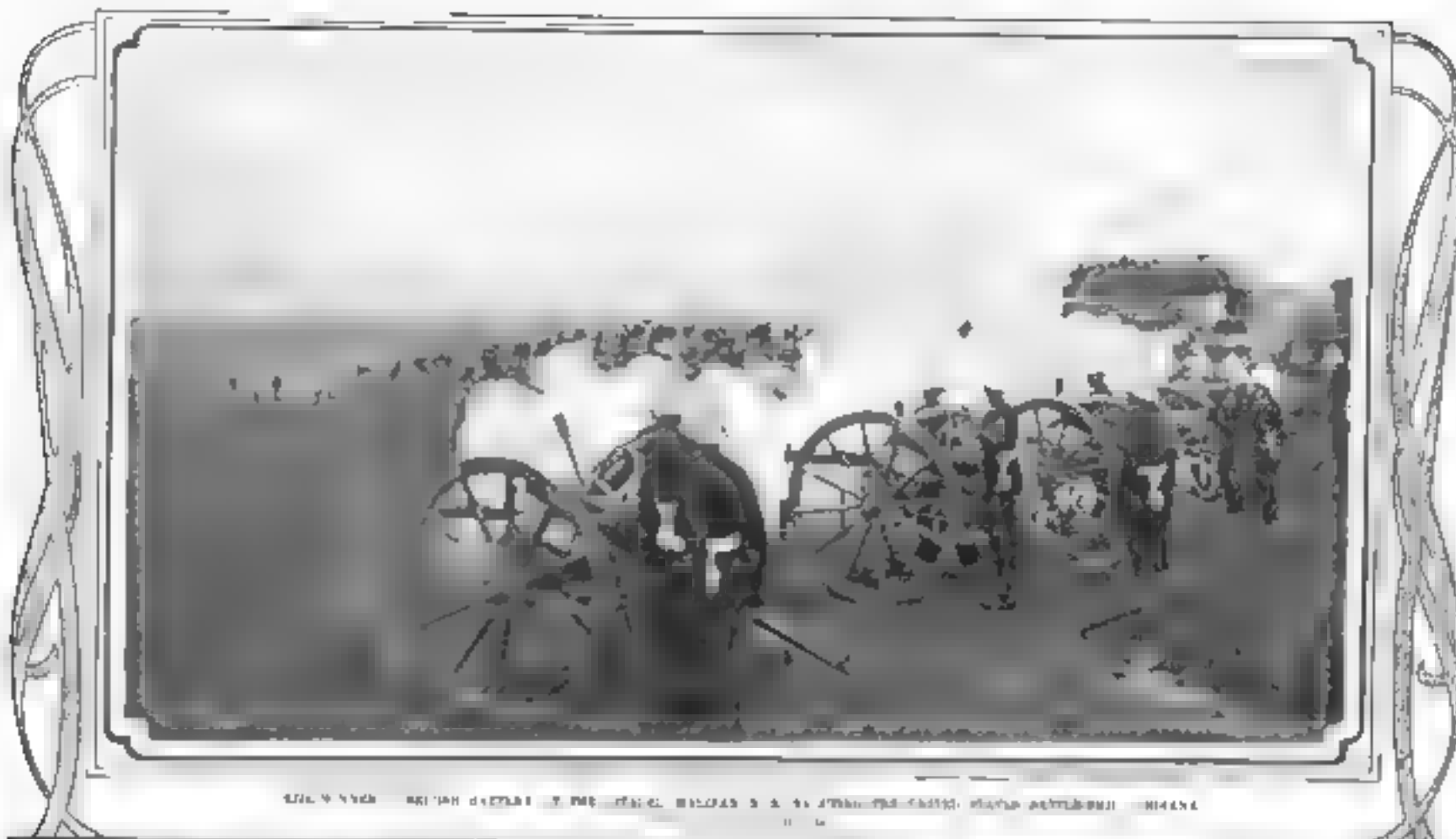
The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price. The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price. The manuscript of "The Woman in White" was sold for a very high price. It was the best of its kind, and it was sold for a very high price.

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THE NEXT TIME SHE LEFT WORD AT A NEIGHBORING INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

the very considerable sum of \$2,400.



VIEW OF THE GREAT EASTERN HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY, FROM THE EAST SIDE OF THE STREET



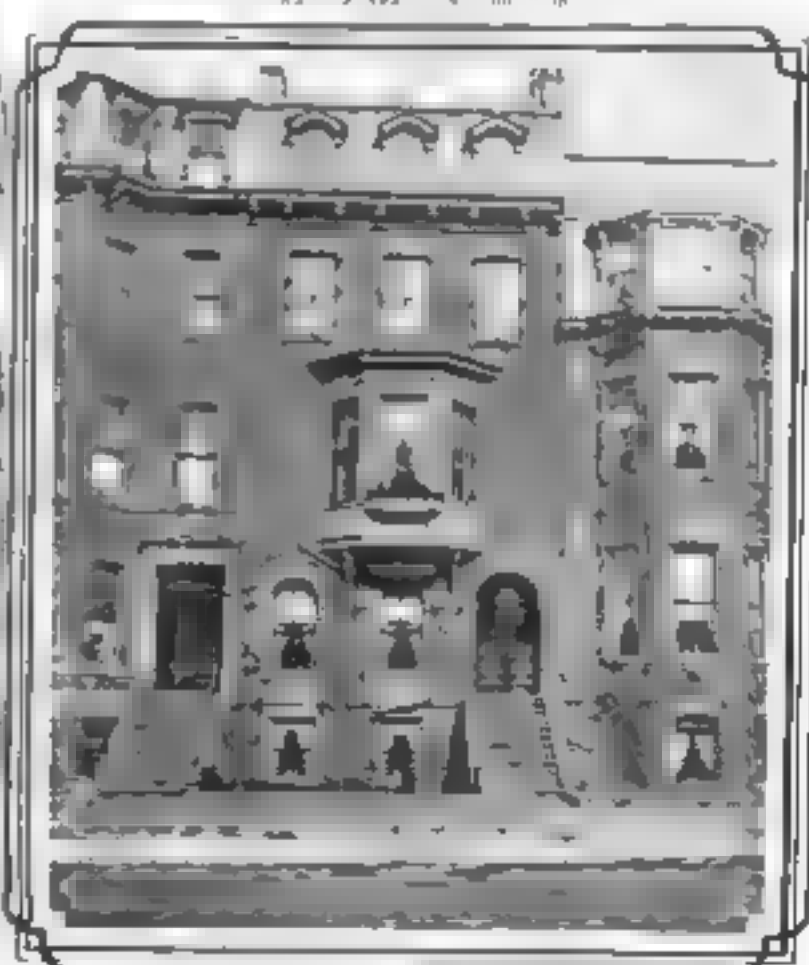
A STREET VIEW OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK



GROUP OF PEOPLE IN THE PARK, NEW YORK CITY



A TALL BUILDING IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK



THE GREAT EASTERN HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY, FROM THE EAST SIDE OF THE STREET

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST NOVA SCOTIA WINS
INCIDENTS AND SCENES OF TIMELY INTEREST PORTRAYED BY THE SKILLFULLY HANDLED CAMERA

(SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ADVERTISEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THIS ISSUE.)



A FIELD OF FORTY-FIVE STARTING IN A RACE AT THE HIGHTON BEACH TRACK

In the World of Sports

"NOVELTY" TRICKS ENCOURAGE FRAUD FASHIONABLE WOMEN AND THE TURF DANGERS OF AUTOMOBILING

VICTORIA BEASTON IN THE TRICKING TRICK. While a firm will encourage the breeding of the running horse, the jockey and the driver and while training has been on unfair practices on the track, the sport has gone. At the same time I think it is necessary to call attention to reprehensible tricks in order that needed reforms may be enacted. Though there must necessarily be more or less from where gambling exists openly, I never believed that trick races were so numerous as many people assert they are. The purses and stakes offered today, on the running and trotting turf, are in themselves sufficient inducements to compel owners, trainers, jockeys, and drivers to do their best to win. When all are crying to win, there can be little fraud. The recent meeting at the Brighton Beach track gave New Yorkers their first chance of the season to see some first-class riding contests. The meeting was a success as far as the horse held in September at the Empire City track promises to be also. The "Novelty" races introduced at Brighton, however, are not likely to be popular. There never has been a better system arranged for enticing the public. As soon as a horse wins a heat he receives the second heat, winner also retires, and the next spring in the last heat. The winner of the fastest heat gets the major portion of the purse. The temptation to "lay up" a heat when the odds do not suit the owner or driver was so apparent that the judges were kept busy watching the drivers. A horse at long odds who was hardly beaten in one heat would suddenly become an odds-on favorite in the next heat for no other reason than that the "win money" had been sent into the ring. When this happened the favorite invariably won. While Emerson, the champion trotter of them all, did not appear at Brighton, strenuous efforts are being made to induce George B. Ketchum, his owner, to bring him to the Empire City track. This Patch did not succeed in running down the world's pacing record, 1.59, held by Star Pointer, but he paced the mile in 2.00 on a day too chilly and windy for record-breaking time, and later on he is eventually sure to better this performance.

FASHION AND THE RACE-CAR RACE. It is no new thing for women to conduct racing stables, though it must be admitted that they are seldom successful. The announced meet that "Mr. Emily," which means Mrs. Harry

Payer Whitney and Mrs. H. H. Dwyer, would put a racing stable in the field caused much comment, and some people seem to think that it means the flocking to the running turf of more women high up in the social scale. Mrs. Whitney and Mrs. Dwyer are both of the thoroughly bred and have at times shown good judgment in the selection of animals both for speculation and for ownership. Their friends trust that they will be successful. Certainly nobody wishes such fair and wealthy women all failure. The meeting at Saratoga has been the most successful in the history of that famous track which unfortunately has passed out of the hands of the Wallingford-Gutteridge

can be no crowding that caused on some by the officials. Standard distances are run and when a man wins the national five-mile championship race he is the national champion for that distance for the following year. The national champion, Frank L. Kramer, won his title by winning the majority of the points at the different distances. The amateur competition is conducted in the same way. Hurley found his most formidable opponent in King of Boston. Those who follow the wheelmen would like to see Hurley among the professionals. Kramer and Taylor might beat him, and again they might not.



EXPERTS PLACING IN THE GOLF TOURNAMENT ON THE LINKS OF THE ULSTER COUNTY CLUB, WESTCHESTER, N. Y. Photograph by Special From left to right—Frank A. Thompson, James J. Grier, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. H. H. Dwyer.

clubs into those of our spectators. The raising of the price of admission again illustrated the unpopularity of the sport. While the crop of two-year-olds this season do not appear so exceptional as those of last year, still there are some good ones, or many of them have been reported, and the animals that are considered are good, no matter what the critics say. Intensity and class go pretty close together.

INDUSTRIES AND DANGERS OF AUTOMOBILING. Fatal accidents are inseparable from many sports of the thrilling sort when they are in these vehicles. Our heads must not lose sight of the dangers of the automobile and being careful are written after each accident which makes him familiar with the subject grows so anxious at the stupid and unorthodox alleged evidence dashed up to the general public. The unfortunate death of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair showed in a case of point. Singularly enough, most of the severe accidents which have happened at home and abroad during the last year took place when an amateur was at the wheel of the machine. Most of the millionaire owners of automobiles quickly learn to send the machines along at a great speed without fear. It takes time, however, for a novice to learn how to look quickly in an emergency. Had a professional been at the wheel at Exeter, when the Fairs were killed, the chances are that the machine would have been brought to a stop in a few yards and nobody would have been seriously injured. It is the quick thinker who reacts in all sports. To keep cool and act promptly in an emergency comes naturally to some men, and can never be acquired by others. The element of danger is present in the most popular sports, but the percentage of fatalities grows increasingly less each year. Learned men have said that football is really more dangerous than prize-fighting, and it is so on a trained man or box.

RACE CHAMPIONSHIPS NEXT ARRANGED. There would be less gambling over championships in general in the sporting world if the finals were arranged with the city and fairness which characterize the championships in the horse world this year. The races for professionals are run in heats until only two or three men are left in the final. This involves a chance in every man, as there

THE WARRIOR BASEBALL LEAGUE. Baseball, of course, is not with its birth of another season the present war fare between the two major leagues will have been brought to an end. Philo's retirement of Andrew Freedman from the control of the National League will be received with relief. His long-time opponent John T. Brush has not always acted with the best interests of the game in view. He is a fighter when war is on, and is sure to prove a detriment. He does not weigh much more than a light protection, but he has tried to become

JOHN T. BRUSH.

A Monster Fish.

TICK WENT ON RECORD FOR MONSTER FISH. was taken August 24th at Astoria. Captain James H. T. Kendall, of Peas, Oregon, who thought to pull over a light basket one boat and a monster "jellyfish," as the black sea bass is locally called, weighing 410 pounds. The largest of these monsters caught last season weighed 354 pounds. The exploit is that remarkable when a man realizes that the fish was with a net, instead of being a monster as it was in the case of a net. The fish is a twenty-four pound fish with a lifting capacity of forty-eight pounds, about the size of a man. The fish was not to be put up quickly. The fish weighed sixteen pounds and yet a fish weighing one-fifth of a ton was hauled in and however without an evening struggle. The accompanying photograph shows the record-breaker and in the foreground the infant son of Dr. H. J. Macomber, also of Peas, who was with Mr. Kendall on the launch Fortune when the fish was made.



JOHN H. MURREN, JR., AND HORACE WITTERBOX, OF HARVARD, TWO YOUNG AMERICAN ATHLETES.



BLACK SEA-BASS WEIGHING FOUR HUNDRED AND MONSTER FISHES. LARGEST EVER CAUGHT.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S TOUR THROUGH NEW ENGLAND

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company, No. 136 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2453

New York, September 11, 1902

Price 10 Cents



ONE OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S RECREATIONS AT OYSTER BAY

LIKE GLADSTONE THE FAMOUS ENGLISH STATESMAN OUR STURDY PRESIDENT FINDS RELAXATION
IN TREE FELLING AT HIS SUMMER HOME ON LONG ISLAND SOUND. Copyright 1902 by Judge Bates.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

THE DISPOSITIONS of the late Cecil Rhodes appear to have had even a broader scope than was indicated by the early reports of his will.



THE DISPOSITION OF WARREN
in which it is reported that Rhodes left
\$1,000,000 to the cause.

It is now reported that the contents of his will be devoted to the cause of the Warrents in South Africa which have been sold for \$1,000,000. The information is however that this was not a mere personal bequest. Mr. Rhodes evidently expected the proceeds of the property to be devoted to charitable work. The estate has been active in philanthropic work and is said to have been active in the establishment of the law which was able to interest Mr. Rhodes in their plans to benefit the world. Lady Warrent's specialty in charitable work has been the raising of funds for the training of women. Rhodes House at Reading, Eng., was founded by her with this purpose in view. She selected a colonial department in the establishment in which women are taught cooking, housework, sewing, and drawing. She has been active in the cause of the Warrents. It is probable that it was this feature of Lady Warrent's work which most deeply impressed Mr. Rhodes who was always ready to support any project which in his opinion, tended to help along South Africa. His legacy to Lady Warrent could be utilized in no better way than in promoting South African women who expect to migrate to the West Indies in large numbers. The conditions of his will and estate are said to be almost phenomenal.

SECRETARY MAY is a student of the gentle art of singing and is quite successful in the practice of it as he is in diplomacy. Fishing is his favorite recreation during the summer days which he spends in New Hampshire, and few early days pass without without a good catch of trout as the result of his prowess. As a fisherman his luck is said to be almost phenomenal.

ALTHOUGH SECRETARY KIMBLE has gone to Europe for a well-earned rest, the affairs of the Warrents are still being directed by a New York or and in the most satisfactory manner.



COLONEL WILLIAM CAREY SAWYER.
Among the Warrents.

Colonel Sawyer was appointed Assistant Secretary of War by President McKinley in 1901. He was prior to that for many years concerned with military affairs in this State. He was sent abroad in 1900, under instructions from Governor Roosevelt and Secretary Root, to investigate the British auxiliary force system. Adjutant-General Tillamouth of New York, detailed him to Chattanooga to report on the first mobilization of troops during the Spanish-American war.

Afterward Colonel Sawyer was promoted major at Camp Black on Long Island. Colonel Sawyer served for three terms in the Legislature, where he made a splendid reputation as a man of talent and the highest integrity.

A NUMBER of new and diverting anecdotes of the Prince of Wales, now King Edward relating to that gentleman's visit to the United States in 1900, are told by General Thomas L. James in the *Week*. One of these relates to a little incident which happened when the prince was visiting at Richmond, Va. Henry A. Wise was Governor of that State at the time and his son John afterward a member of Congress, was then a cadet at West Point. The prince's duties led to visiting West Point during the royal visit and the subject of interest related the Virginia capital. While engaged in the occupation, the prince came to the public square in which stands the equestrian statue of the Father of the Country. The prince at once ordered his hat and stood under the statue of the first President. At this moment a gentleman who had been sitting around watching what was going on came up and said to the prince: "John is the Prince of Wales?" "Yes," said John and then, turning to his royal Highness and pointing up at the statue, the cadet added: "Saying that a few men that there's your father's statue." The prince laughed heartily and replied: "I agree, but a true."

THE PERSONAL popularity of the leading generals of the former War army appears to have been increased rather than diminished by their defeat and surrender. Generals Barba, De Wet and De la Rey are the way these exponents of the lost cause in South Africa have been popularly welcomed in the people. At the time of the prince's visit to South Africa, the prince and his family were given a great welcome. Each was given a carriage by the city and a cheering crowd in the town hall where the prince was met and where General De la Rey made a speech which was well received and which he delivered with great skill and grace. The prince and his family were given a great welcome in the town hall where the prince was met and where General De la Rey made a speech which was well received and which he delivered with great skill and grace. The prince and his family were given a great welcome in the town hall where the prince was met and where General De la Rey made a speech which was well received and which he delivered with great skill and grace.



GENERALS BARBA, DE WET AND DE LA REY.
Who were welcomed by their defeated people.

Later a daughter of the prince, Princess Victoria, The crown prince and the princess were warmly welcomed by the people. The prince and his family were given a great welcome in the town hall where the prince was met and where General De la Rey made a speech which was well received and which he delivered with great skill and grace. The prince and his family were given a great welcome in the town hall where the prince was met and where General De la Rey made a speech which was well received and which he delivered with great skill and grace.

A LOST manuscript of Queen Byla, the Queen of Romania, has been found by some fishermen in a boat near Venice. The subject was "Philosophical Thoughts About Woman's Destiny," which was much praised by Pope Leo, to whom the Queen read several chapters one evening in Venice.

A TYPICAL American life of self-made man was included in one of the parties entertained recently by President Roosevelt at his summer home in Oyster Bay, namely Senator Pritchard of North Carolina. Congressman William Alden Smith of Michigan, and Hon. J. B. Williams, chairman of the Republican State Committee of Louisiana. Each of these was engaged, at an early age, to fight the battle for freedom and to struggle for success. A twelve-year Senator Pritchard was working a place on a farm where he could earn his bread and butter. Subsequently he became a printer and a teacher and at last a publisher, an editor, a political leader and a Senator and it is to him, more than to any other man, that the Republican party must now look for leadership in North Carolina. Congressman Smith, at the age of twelve, was a newsboy on the streets of Grand Rapids, Mich. He has lived to become a successful lawyer and the president of the Grand Rapids Herald Company, whose papers he formerly peddled on the streets. Chairman Williams, his father's fortune having been swept away in the Civil War, was clad as a boy to seek a place in the army service of a railroad, at the hardest kind of manual work. Mr. Williams is now one of the largest owners of cotton and wool in the United States. When he called to pay his respects to President Roosevelt at Washington.

some time ago and when he President asked him what he wanted Mr. Williams replied: "a suit making about a thousand dollars a day and I don't think there is any job in your gift that would have inducements for me." The success achieved by these three distinguished Americans is not the repetition of the story of thousands of others.

THE HERENT marriage of the granddaughter of the late General E. S. Grant to a cousin of President Roosevelt was an event which attracted millions of people.

The bride was Miss E. S. Grant, daughter of Mrs. E. S. Grant, and the groom was Mr. E. S. Grant. The ceremony took place in St. Peter's Episcopal Church at 10 o'clock and was followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's mother. There was a large attendance of both friends and relatives, including Mrs. U. S. Grant and other prominent persons. The church was beautifully decorated, and the bride was given away by her mother. A gown of exquisite beauty was worn and a veil in which there was a small cluster of orange blossoms. The wedding cake was a masterpiece of art and was carried by a group of white-robed girls of the valley.



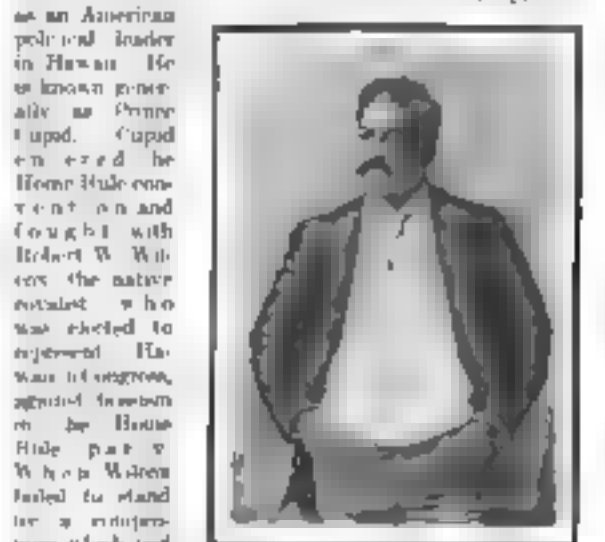
MISS E. S. GRANT.
Who married the son of General Grant.

Miss E. S. Grant is a beautiful girl and is the daughter of a prominent family. She is the daughter of a prominent family and is the daughter of a prominent family. She is the daughter of a prominent family and is the daughter of a prominent family.

M. HANSEN, a Danish politician, has been elected to the Danish Parliament. He is a member of the Danish Parliament and is a member of the Danish Parliament. He is a member of the Danish Parliament and is a member of the Danish Parliament.

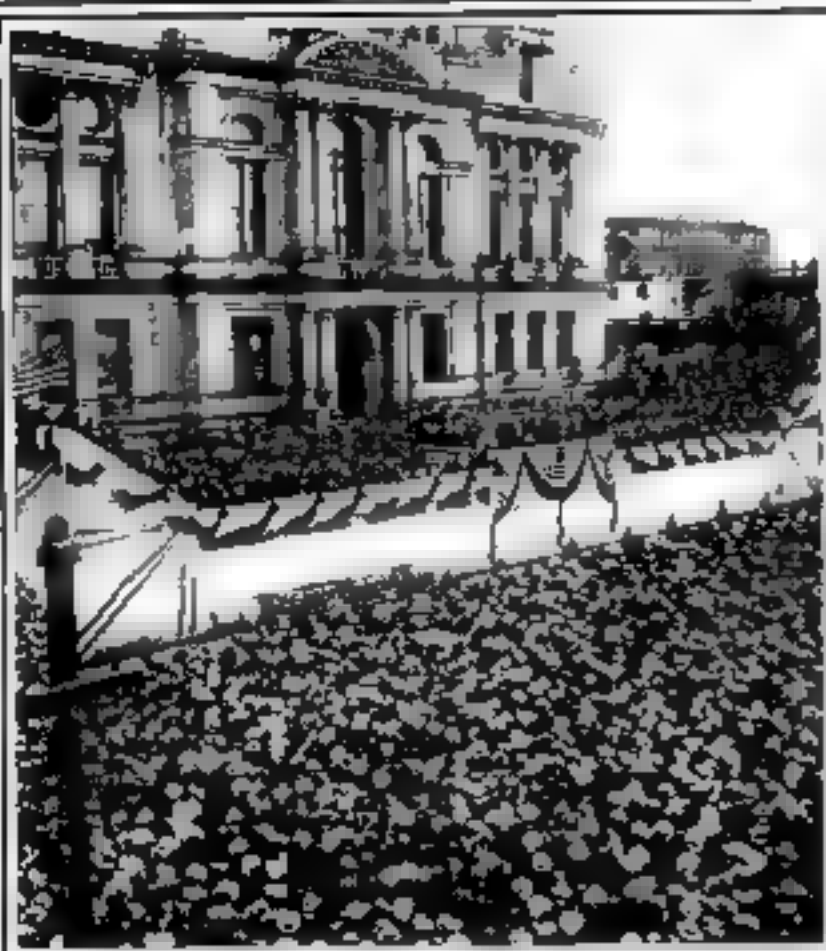
His young wife is in demand and gracefully "need not apply." Perhaps Mr. Hansen has been infected with the "new thought" which holds that no one need ever grow old.

PRINCE JOSIAH KA ANEAKA, the best prospect to be Hawaiian prince, has suddenly appeared as an American political leader in Hawaii.

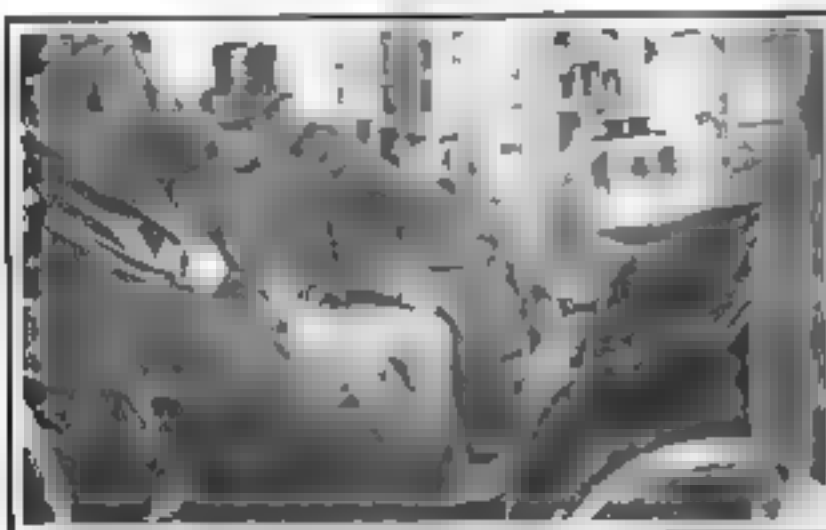


PRINCE JOSIAH KA ANEAKA.
Hawaii's new political leader.

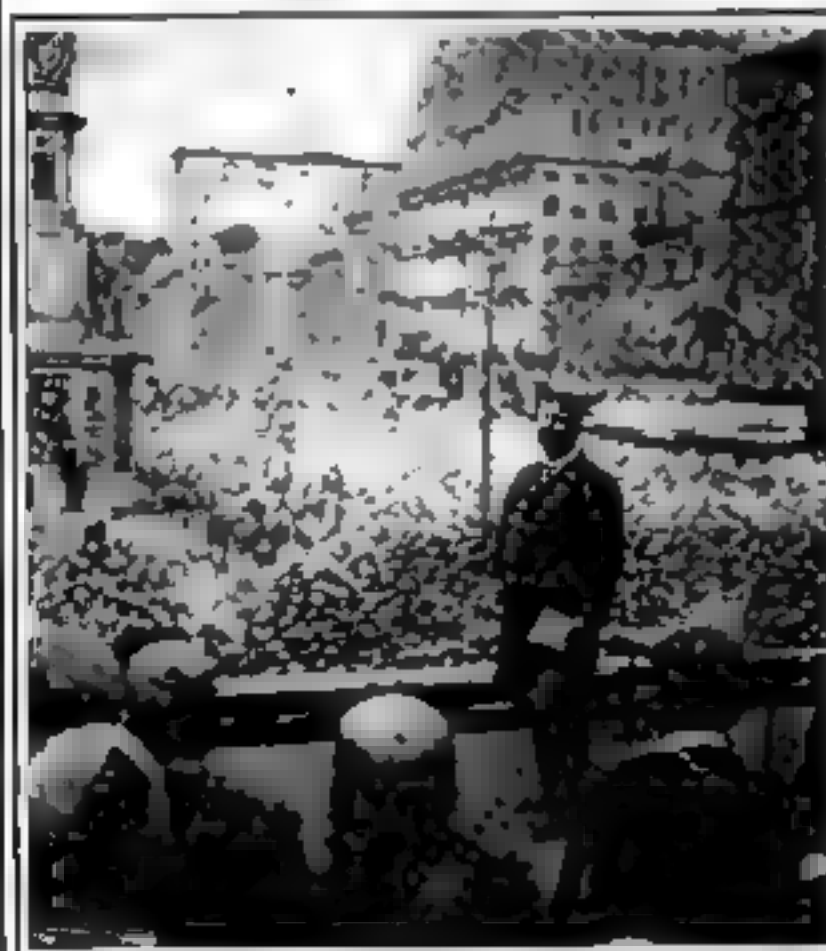
Prince Josiah Ka Aneaka is a graduate of the University of Hawaii and is a member of the Hawaiian League. He is a member of the Hawaiian League and is a member of the Hawaiian League. He is a member of the Hawaiian League and is a member of the Hawaiian League.



ADDRESSING A VAST MULTITUDE OF THE TRUST GENERATION AT THE CITY HALL IN PROVIDENCE.



TAKING A RIDE IN AN AUTOMOBILE AT EASTFORD.



ADDRESSING SCENE AT PROVIDENCE, WITH THE PRESIDENT AT THE IMPERIAL CENTRAL FRONT.



ADDRESSING SCENE FROM THE KRAH PLATFORM AT NEW HAVEN.

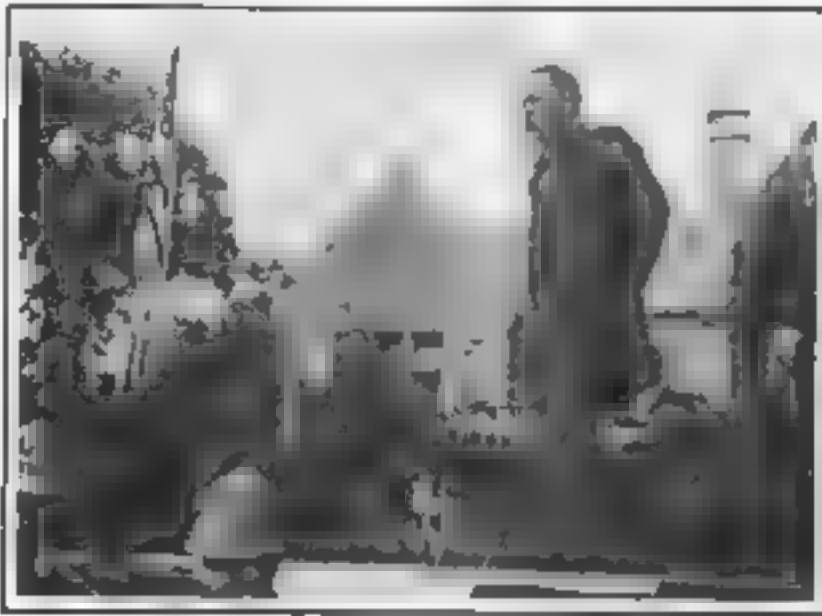


A SCENE AND BARTERFUL SPEECH OF NEW.



THE SPANISH SQUARE SQUARE AT PROVIDENCE PACKED WITH AN ATTENTIVE AUDIENCE.

CHEERING MULTITUDES GREET THE HEAD OF THE NATION
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S STIRRING SPEECH-MAKING TOUR THROUGH THE STATES OF NEW ENGLAND.—Photographs by our staff
photographer, G. A. Lacey, with the Presidential party



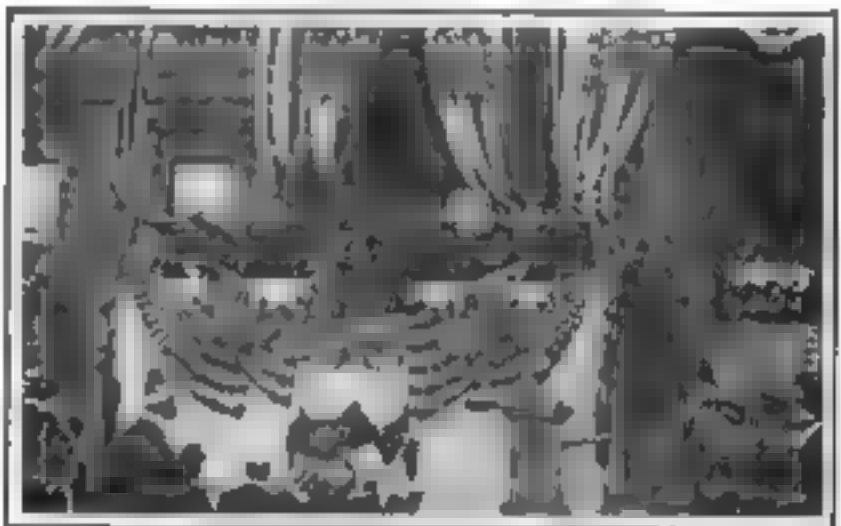
CONTINUING TO A SPEECH OF ORATION AT BARNSTABLE, MASS.



ACCOMMODATING THE CROWDS OF THE PEOPLE AT BARNSTABLE, MASS.



CONTINUING AN ADDRESS IN HIS SPEECH AT BARNSTABLE



PREPARING FOR A DEVOTED SERVICE AT BARNSTABLE



MAGNIFICENT SUPPORT AT BARNSTABLE, MASS. IN HONOR OF THE PRESIDENT



DELIVERING AN ADDRESS AND INSPIRING PARADE

FORCEFUL PERSONALITY OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT
 HIS CHARACTERISTIC ATTITUDES AS HE APPEARED BEFORE GREAT CROWDS IN THE EASTERN CITIES

Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. Lusk, with the Presidential party.



GENERAL F. D. GRANT WITH HIS STAFF. THE GENERAL IS SEATED IN THE CENTER, WITH HIS STAFF STANDING AROUND HIM.



THE REGIMENTAL BAND OF THE ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES, WITH THE GENERAL'S STAFF, AT THE SURRENDER OF GUEVARRA.



THE SURRENDERING ARMY OF THE PHILIPPINES, WITH THE GENERAL'S STAFF, AT THE SURRENDER OF GUEVARRA.



THE ARMY CAMP OF GENERAL GRANT, WITH THE SURRENDERING ARMY, AT THE SURRENDER OF GUEVARRA.

THE END OF STRIFE IN WAR RAVAGED SAMAR.

SURRENDER OF GUEVARRA, THE LAST INSURGENT LEADER, WITH ALL HIS FORCES, TO GENERAL F. D. GRANT

Photographs by Captain Alexander, Eleventh Infantry.

The Newest Stage Success

BRANDON TYNAN, THE YOUNG PLAYWRIGHT, MAKES A HIT



BRANDON TYNAN.

TO BE CREDITED as to accomplish that which one starts out to do. Mr. Brandon Tynan, a young Irish actor has succeeded. He has won an audience in the story of the Irish patriot, *Robert Emmet*, in the production of his drama, *Robert Emmet*, at the Theatre, where the play is given, is packed every night, the young writer and actor is every night warmly and confidently applauded, and called before the curtain again and again. A reception like him in an New York theatre means fame and money for the here of.

Mr. Tynan is a success. In the admiration and enthusiasm which are given to him there is an element which does not attach itself to the success of an actor and playwright. To Mr. Tynan on the stage is given in abundance the love and loyalty which all Irishmen feel for their land and

The situation simply is this: Mr. Brandon Tynan, scarcely more than half-way through his twenties, hitherto unknown, has written a play into which is concentrated the wit and the sentiment of the Irish character; the play presents the dramatic and pathetic story of an Irish hero; it has at once made a deep impression on those whose blood is stirred through the channels of a common sympathy in the misfortune of their race. The story is enough to pack the theatre and besides, Mr. Tynan is young and handsome, he is the hero in the play, and acts in a manner that wins friends. The consequence is a series of the most favorable "reviews" in the dramatic columns of the newspapers, large box-office receipts, and a bright future.

In the story of the young Irish patriot are three very striking melodramatic circumstances. His loyalty to his



MR. TYNAN IN THE FINAL SCENE OF "ROBERT EMMET."

248

friends and his country, his love for a beautiful young woman, his betrayal and execution through the treachery of one whom he had trusted. Into his interpretation of the story the young dramatist has infused his own ardent spirit.

Was waiting for Mr. Tynan in his dressing-room after the first act and it was gratifying to observe that he had retained in his sudden prominence and success had stamped within him a feeling of gratitude.

If had written the play myself," he said, "the managers would never have let me take the leading part. They would have said that I was too young and small. You are an actor doesn't usually arrive until he is older than I am. This is not only true of men, but of women also. But the audience doesn't seem to think that I am too small or too young."

Wasn't Emmet supposed to be a very young man?" I suggested.

"Oh yes," replied Mr. Tynan, "and he was a little fellow too." Now Mr. Tynan is one who is usually called a "little fellow." He is about the medium height, graceful and well proportioned, with good regular features, a straight nose, deep at the bridge, mouth well formed, a pleasant chin and hair that is in a wave on his forehead. His eyes are somewhat clear and intense, with a note of tenderness in it that suggests that under his high forehead of intense feeling, he will give up and break. He was born in Ireland and is familiar with its legends and traditions. He was educated in the Catholic schools in the country, and has been in the city since coming first to New York in a dramatic school, then working as a "super" wherever he could, gradually getting then small parts in the East. Last year he was a member of David Warfield's company in "The Aqueduct" and "The Last of the Mohicans" and has no other explanation than that he was stage-struck. He says, "Like all the rest of them,"

"It would be difficult for me," he continued, "to go on as though I wasn't affected by the success of my play."

The house was jammed last night and it was the night of his first. "I was very happy," he said, "I never any play before that," he repeated. "No, it's the first, and that is another thing that makes the success of it more surprising."

Why the President Fosters Expert Gunnery

IT IS characteristic of the typical American to aim at a high degree of excellence and skill in doing those things in which he is vitally interested. This is a trait which has served to make our nation progressive and powerful in the pursuit of power in competition in general competition. It is also the cause of our successes in the art of war. In land and sea our victories over hostile forces have been largely due to the expert marksmanship of our soldiers and sailors, secured through arduous and intelligent practice. The marksmanship of the army during the late civil war and the well-trained gunners of our navy of vessels during the Spanish-American conflict demonstrated the immense value of this kind of aptitude in a nation's defense. Three teachings of our own experience are strengthened by the instance of the Boers, who by superior shooting ability held us long at bay the overwhelming numbers of the British troops.

First, taking these facts into account, President Roosevelt, a man of vigorous frame and stevedore nature, a keen soldier and himself a professed marksman, should, as a statesman-like chief, seek, as he is doing, to encourage the men in the military and the naval service to attain to greater expertise in the use of firearms. Such large and small, was naturally to be expected. While he was Assistant Secretary of the Navy, his able foresight taught that religious practice of gunnery aboard our warships which brought us very triumphs at Manila Bay and Santiago. The lesson he taught with such magnificent results in his lower office the President is not slow to enforce with the widest emphasis of his executive position. There is now, as well as then, no war-tired on the national horizon. But the President is aware that the Boers and crews of other nations are there currently, and ever before, cultivating the art of gun-firing, and rightly he proposes that our own people shall find the country unprepared.

As a specific step toward raising the standard of efficiency of the men behind the guns, the President recently offered a prize of \$25 for a target shot to be participated in by the gunners of the *Mayflower*, the armed official yacht of the President of the United States. The President himself was an eager witness of the shooting, which in the main was highly creditable to the contestants and drew from him hearty commendation, coupled, however with exhortations to acquire much greater skill. The prize was won by Gunner O'Donnell and the crew of No. 8 gun, whose men would not have shamed any body of gunners. The action of the President has had a salutary effect on the *Mayflower's* men, and it is certain to have a stimulating influence on the crews of every other vessel in the navy. His forceful remarks to the men, in particular, will arouse new ambition in the heart of many a gun-painter and spur him to a more ardent devotion to duty.

President Roosevelt, in commenting on the *Mayflower's* gunnery recently said to the crew speaking with great earnestness: "I want to do everything I can

for the enlisted men on the ship, for men who have shown the fellows. The gun pointers has got to be taken with a national respect for his sort of thing. Training won't give him the gift but if he gets it, and then has the training he becomes a winner. It is in with the spirit in the field. The man who is a winner as a hunter while another sits. It is a difference has the spirit and got it. Having been lost to get a good thing. This got the American people have in fact degree, in many respects and I want to see it cultivated all the while."

It is in the same spirit and with a like end in view that the President has proposed to do all in his power to make a success of the International Olympic games of 1912 in which he will send teams of soldiers and sailors to take part in shooting contests open to similar representatives of all other nations.

The Status of Women.

IT IS RARELY that a more original, interesting and controversial question of the much-discussed question of the proper status of women and of the marriage relation is presented than that contained in a recent address by Dr. Felix Adler of New York at a meeting in Carnegie Hall. He repeated the issues maintained for so many years that emphasized the difference between the sexes as fundamental with the negative idea of the mental inferiority of women. Equally false and untenable in his opinion is the idea that the essence of the sex which came later regarding sex as purely accidental and incidental and refusing to be guided and governed by difference. The truth as he regarded it is a mixture of these two extremes, a sort of middle ground, a certain fundamental difference between the sexes without the assertion of inferiority along this line. As was shown in debate to make the question clear in the nature of things, it was absolutely unresolvable.

The latter position had a great danger in coming about in the attitude of civilization was a on the whole without its chief feature being an effort to inspire and induce women's life and take away the moral impulse and spiritual character of her being. He attained a high value to domestic science and the study of child nature as elements in the making of happy, healthy and contented homes for the great majority of women in the future as in the past, must be house-keepers. The house-keeper, however, concluded by Adler must take part in the life of the world not with an idea of merely getting away from home from her tasks that makes the gradual approach of when we have enough examples today. But she will get out into the world with the idea of her world in order that she may improve and elevate her home life. The new woman is all the more the object of reverence and the compass of her children when they are grown men and women.

Not all may be able to agree at every point with the opinions thus expressed by Dr. Adler but all fastidious persons will at least give him the credit of having very clearly to the truth all about the fact.

Drugs were rare, herbs necessary to the spirits and strength to the body—Abbott's Angostura Bitters.

The Antidote to the Greed for Wealth

PHILIP PATTON, of Princeton, declared before the recent convention that our national conscience is in imminent danger on account of the greed for money and wealth which is pervading this country to the detriment of all other attributes. It cannot be denied that prosperity has its perils and that a falling of the conscience as to the means and not ends of gaining wealth must be feared among them. I would venture that he never published statements of the vast sums of money accumulated by certain individuals in these days and the still vaster amounts represented in the exploitation of certain lands and "ventures," have the effect upon some minds of arousing discontent, inordinate desire and reckless ambition. The remedy of all this would seem to be not to make an end of prosperity or even to large accumulations of wealth, since these things, on the whole, work for good rather than evil, but to point forward those strenuously who even in the enjoyment of higher wealth among men, in the enjoyment of sound morals and pure religion, by which men are taught that the highest and most enduring happiness comes not through riches but through right living. If we are to satisfy ourselves as a nation and a people against the materialism of the past, we need a good religion and sound commercialism, rejecting out of the possession of wealth and its luxuries it can only be by a still greater insistence upon finer forms of education making for the development of the spiritual nature.

An Old War

Pharm. Neak Time to Stop

Wouldn't it make your friend mad to tell her she was an invalid a drunkard? Of many women are drunkards who merely from the use of coffee which makes their nervous system and they seem unable to reform.

A lady in Philadelphia, Penn., was very badly affected by coffee causing her to have nervous prostration, and she finally woke up to the fact that she was in reality a coffee drunkard. Her doctor had told her that she must give up coffee but she seemed unable to do so.

One day she read an advertisement about Postum Food Coffee and thought she would give it a trial. She says: "Coffee had such a strong hold on me that at first I did not make it all Postum, but added a tablespoonful of coffee. After a while I quit putting coffee in at all, and soon found I felt much better. Continued use stopped my headaches and biliousness and I soon noticed that my nervousness had evidently left me for good. Now I could not see any thing but the smell of coffee makes me sick."

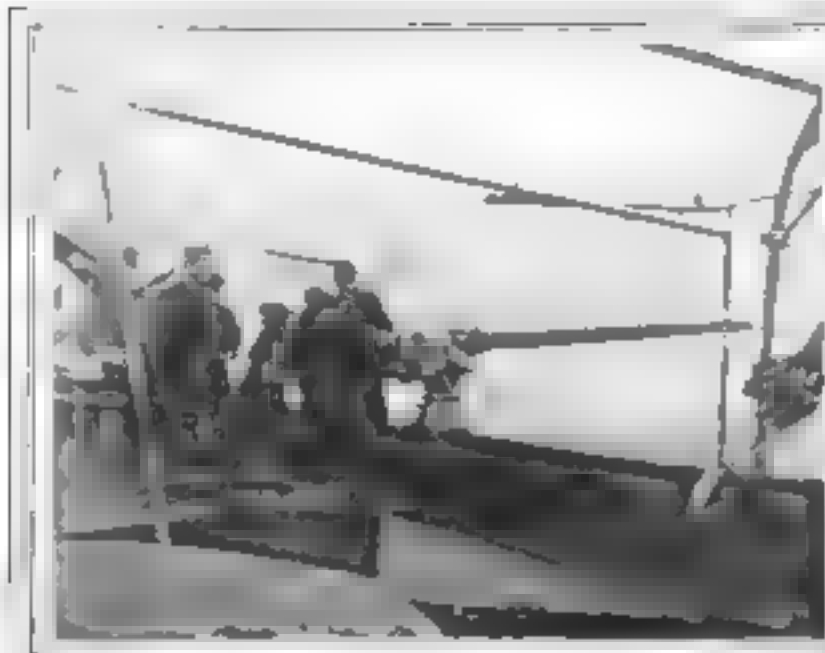
"I am using your Grape-Nuts also, and think it a wonderful food. I could cure an attack of indigestion by eating nothing but Grape-Nuts and drinking Postum for two weeks, and now I can eat solid food and feel no distress." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



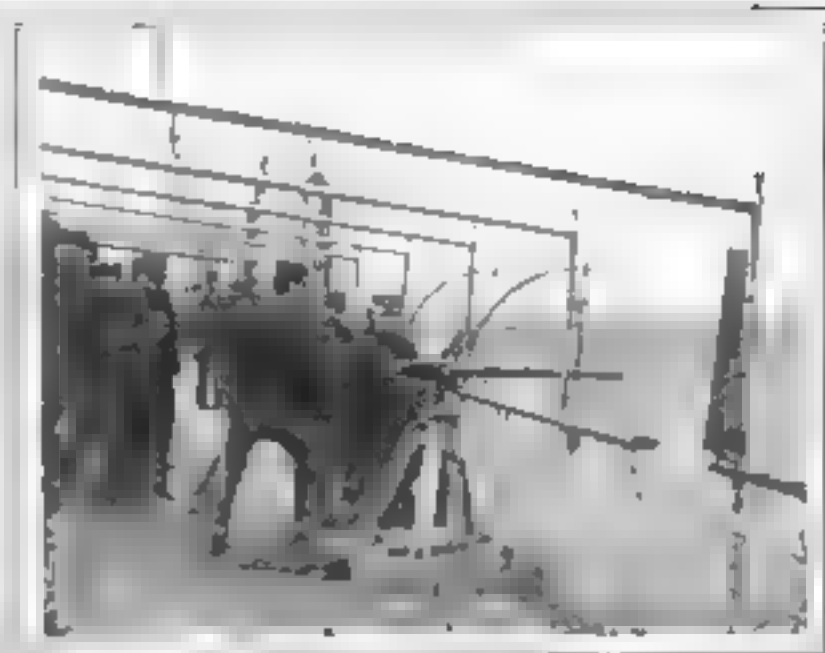
A NAVAL SCENE THAT IS SELDOM WITNESSED BY OUTSIDERS

THE UNITED STATES SHIP - KEARSARGE," ADMIRAL HIGGINSON'S FLAG-SHIP, TAKING IN AMMUNITION FOR THE THIRTEEN-INCH GUNS FROM STEAM BARGES AT MIDNIGHT

Drawn for Looker's Weekly by T. Edgar Waller and the Navy's Artistic Squadron



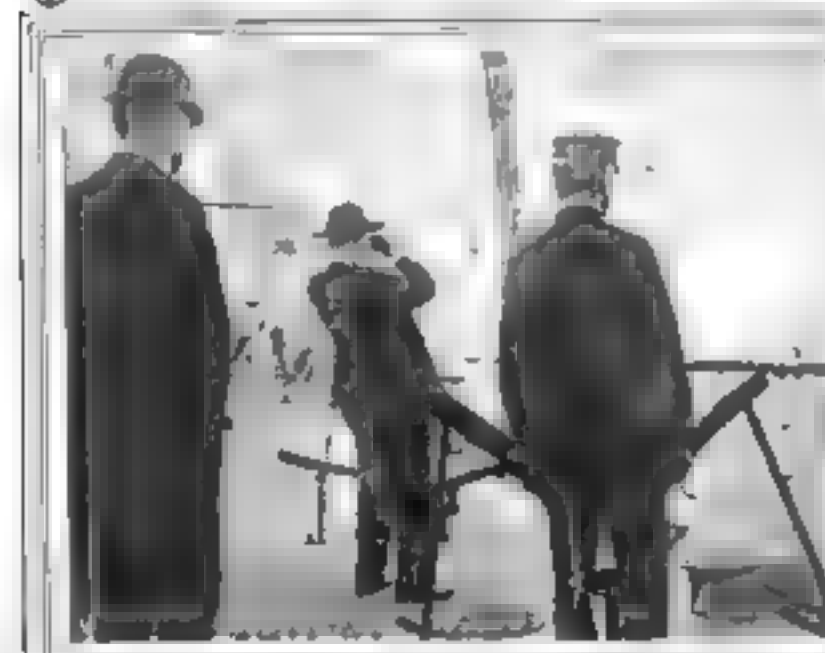
ARMYMENT DOWN ABOUT THE DECK OF THE MAYFLOW



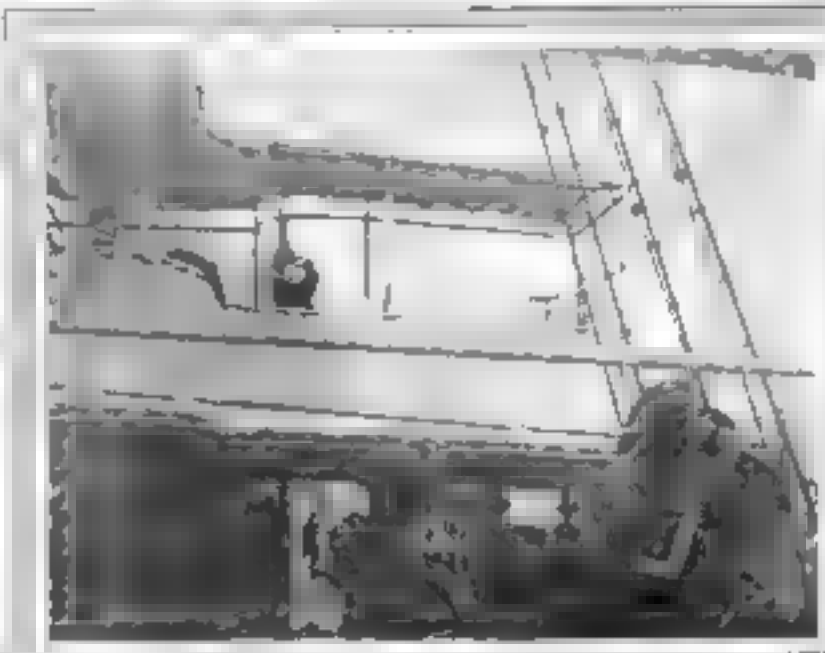
THE MEN AND THE VESSEL MAINTAIN THE TARGET



THE PRESIDENT ON THE DECK OF THE MAYFLOW



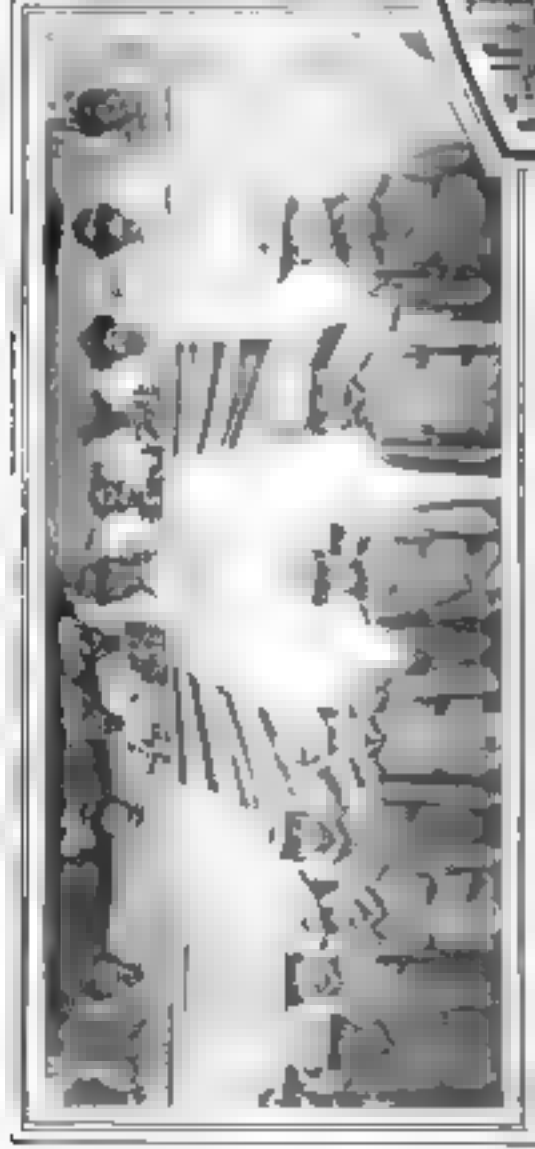
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, INTENSELY WATCHING THE FIRE, PATRICKS REGULAR AND MR. CHAD IN THE FOREGROUND.



THE PRESIDENT ON THE DECK OF THE MAYFLOW, INTENSELY INTERESTED IN THE SHOOTING.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT INSPIRES THE MEN BEHIND THE GUNS.
CANNONERS OF THE UNITED STATES SHIP MAYFLOW COMPETE IN A TARGET SHOOT FOR THE PRESIDENT'S PRIZE

see page 250



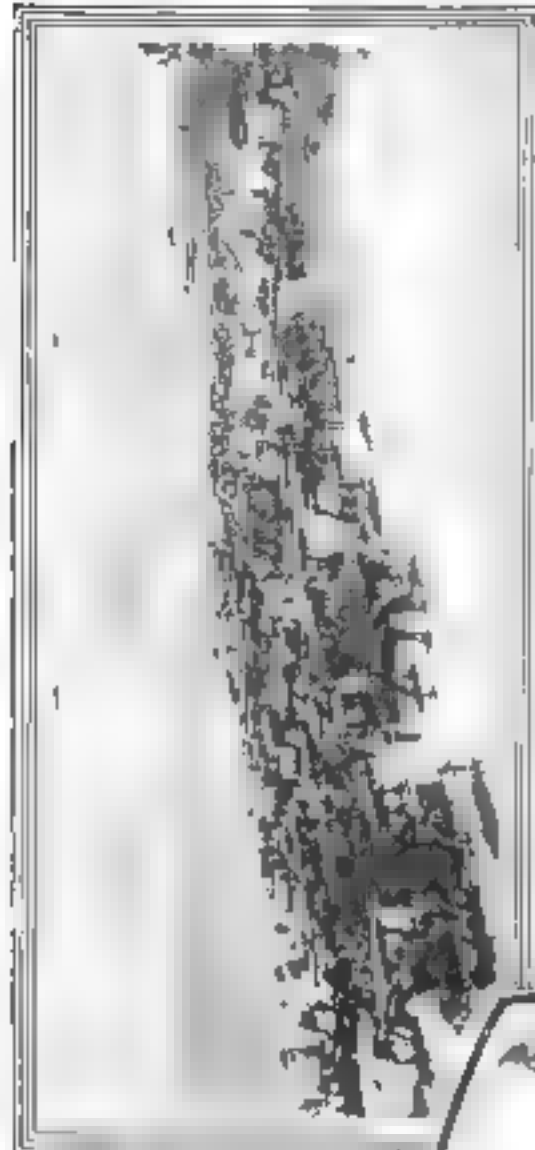
THE GATE OF DAY "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)



WITH ADORE "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)



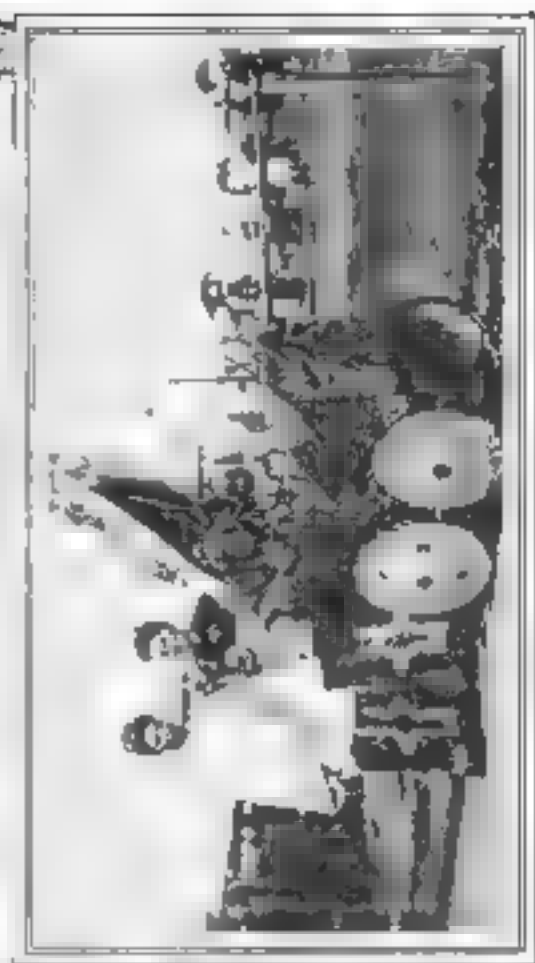
"AUGURA OPENING THE GATE OF DAY" "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)



THE GATE OF DAY "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)



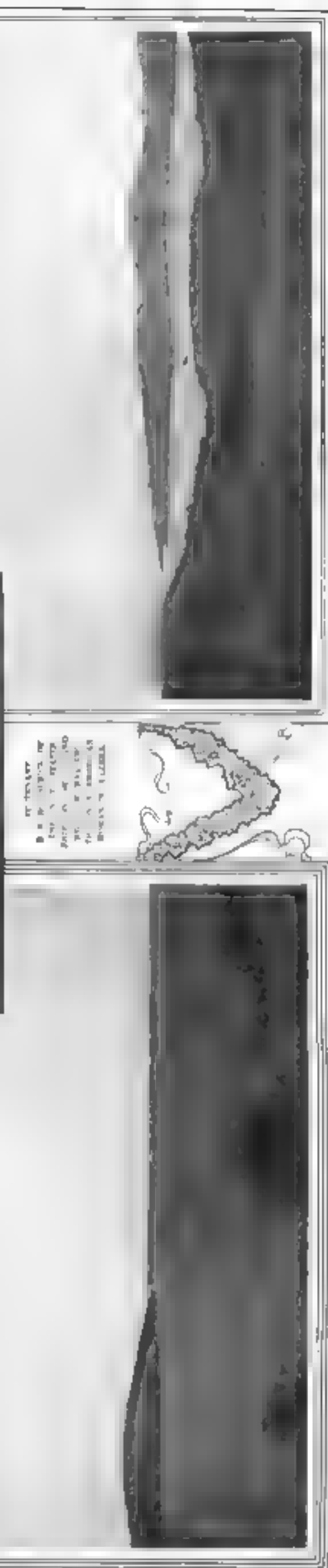
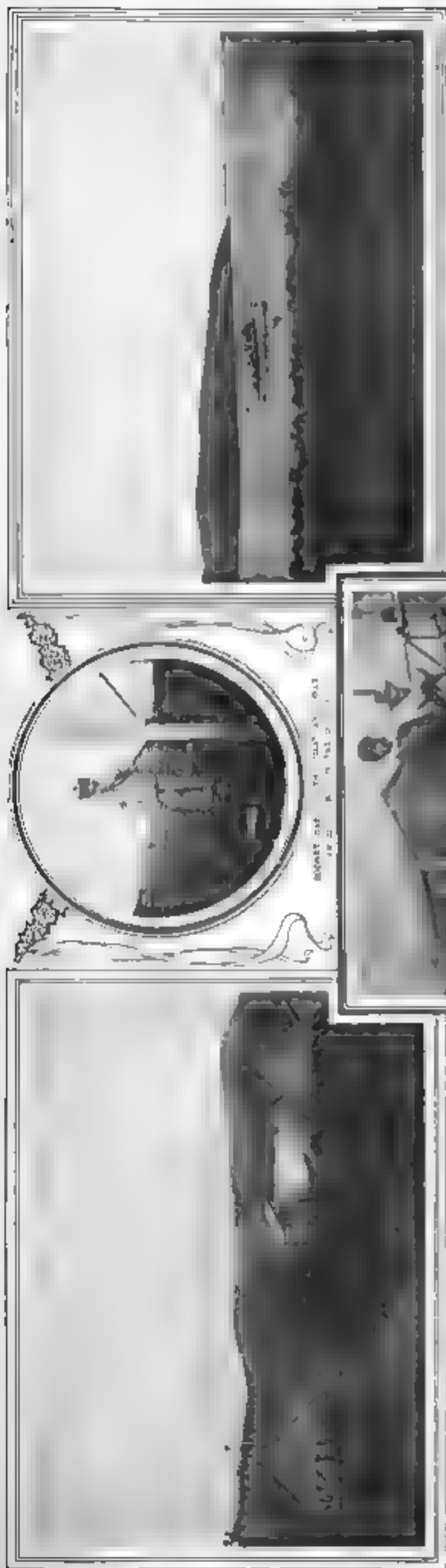
WITH ADORE "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)



"AUGURA OPENING THE GATE OF DAY" "LITTLE STAMINA SHOW KIDNEY'S FLOWY WHO'S WHO SHOW"
AT THE AMUSEMENT PARK SHOW - (Photograph by Company)

CURIOUS CARNIVAL CUSTOMS AT JERSEY'S RESORTS.

A FLORAL FESTIVAL - THE FARMERS' ANNUAL RUSH TO THE SEA; DARING FEATS OF SEASIDE BELLES, AND SCENES IN A NOTABLE BABY SHOW





A Strategic Point in the West Indies

CULEBRA ISLAND, POSSIBLE SITE OF OUR NEW NAVAL STATION

By Adam C. Hasselberth

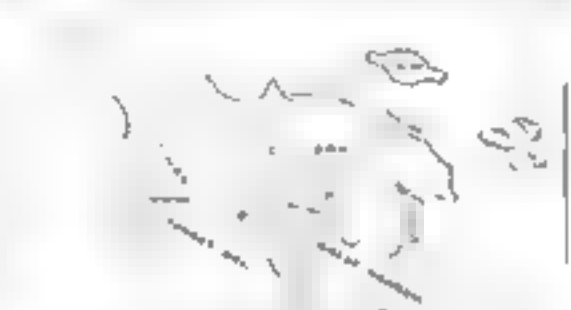


NA. A. MICHEN knows the value of a dollar, and there are few others who do seem to think that he has all money for nothing. He is the North American in Vancouver most particular in learning the value of a penny. He is a very busy man. He is an Indian navigation and production man. He is a North American, or as St. Thomas should be called, West Indian, a man of business.

It means that long-term bonds upon retirement by the state and its value as a strategic point was recognized by Spain. It was a critical factor in a policy of political and economic integration. It has just had the pleasure of a strong relationship with its goals and supporting its economic development and its political and economic goals. It is the result of the political and economic integration of the state and its economic and political goals.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

map of the neighborhood is there still thirty more and it was
visited in 1970.

[illegible][illegible]

በገሰ) ለተቋሙ ጥያቄ ያሳይ የከፍተኛ ስልጠና ላይ የሚገኙ ሁሉም ሰራተኛዎች ለሰራተኛዎች ስልጠና ላይ ይሳተፋሉ።

[illegible][illegible]

A summary of what is being done in the mining industry in the United States during the past few years is given in the following table. It is based on the data in the "Mineral Resources of the United States" published by the Bureau of Mines, U. S. Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., 1925.

[illegible]

© 2002 Blackwell Science Ltd *Journal of Internal Medicine* 252: 105–114



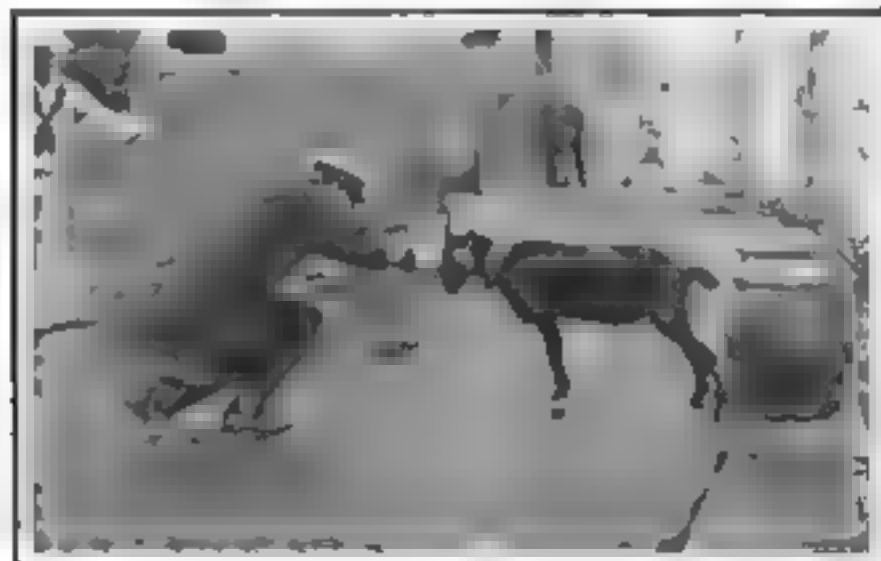
COLLECTED THE NAME OF THE "CLAMANCH".



WALL AND PLATING ON BOARD THE "ZEPHYRUS" WHILE THE VESSEL WAS AT SEA



የጥቅም ሆኖ የሚያገለግል የሥራ ስልጣን ሲሰጥ ለሥራ ስልጣኑ ምን ዓይነት ሥልጣን ሲሰጥ ይታወቃል።



THE 2017/18 MAJOR MILK SCHEMES IN A BOIT WITH DE W PLUG

SINCE THE BOARD ADMIRAL RODGERS'S FLAGSHIP THE *USS* *Albatross* (AG-39), THE CONTENT OF THE FLEET'S PUBLICATIONS



JAMES SCHLEY.
Who plays a leading role in "The New Clown," at the Mark 4, Jersey.



JANE FOSTER,
In "The New Clown," at the Mark 4, Jersey.



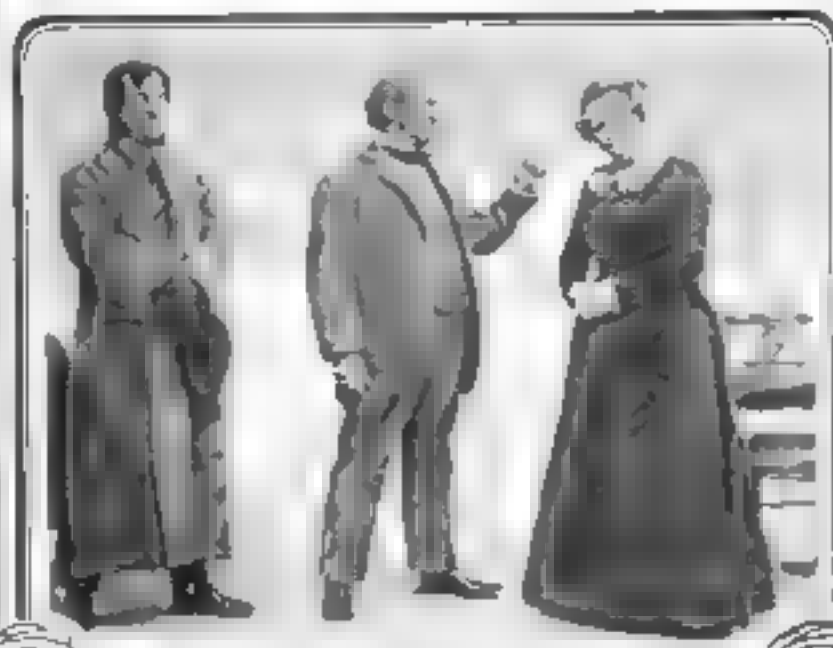
MARGARET GRAHAM,
One of the leading girls in "The New Clown," at the Mark 4, Jersey.



AMELIA STONE,
Who plays an important role in "The New Clown," at the Mark 4, Jersey.



WILLIAM H. CRANE AS "DAVID BARKER,"
who has been a hit at the Casino, Jersey.



A CHARACTERISTIC SCENE FROM "DAVID BARKER,"
the play at the Casino, Jersey.



DOROTHY DONNELLY
who has been a hit at the Casino, Jersey.

THE DRAMA IN NEW YORK

THE FALL SEASON OPENS AUSPICIOUSLY WITH NEW SUCCESSES AND THE RETURN OF SEVERAL OLD ONES.



THE POWERFUL NEW UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP "MAINE "

SPEEDING AT THE RATE OF NEARLY EIGHTEEN KNOTS ON HER OFFICIAL TRIAL OFF THE NEW ENGLAND COAST.—Copyright 1907 by STEPHEN H. ALAN.



THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH AND DAUGHTER OF W. K. VANDERBILT
AT THE SUMMER CAPITAL OF WEALTH AND FASHION NEWPORT R.

THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH AND DAUGHTER OF W. K. VANDERBILT
AT THE SUMMER CAPITAL OF WEALTH AND FASHION NEWPORT R.



THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH AND DAUGHTER OF W. K. VANDERBILT
AT THE SUMMER CAPITAL OF WEALTH AND FASHION NEWPORT R.

A TILED AMERICAN WOMAN'S TRIUMPHAL VISIT HOME

CONSUËLO, THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH, AND DAUGHTER OF W. K. VANDERBILT IS THE SOCIAL SENSATION AT THE SUMMER CAPITAL OF WEALTH AND FASHION NEWPORT R. Photographs by Burton.

The Romance of the Mexican Nation

ITS VICISSITUDES FROM EARLIEST TIMES AND ITS SALVATION THROUGH THE DEVELOPMENT OF ITS MINERAL RESOURCES

By E. C. Rowe

NO NATION of the globe has a more romantic life story than the republic of Mexico. Into the past 10,000 years archaeologists have gone and from mounds and inscriptions on deeply buried tablets of stone they have read the beginning of this romance of a long-lived people. They have concluded that human life on the western hemisphere first existed at the equatorial zone, while the vast territory which is now the land of the United States and Canada on the north and the republic of South America on the south was under a great blanket of ice. In the equatorial zone archaeologists believe the temperature was temperate ten thousand years ago, and that people thrived and civilization was far advanced. The first migration from the tropical zone to the sheets of ice over the land proved to be a hard task. But the people who made it were a great nation was established, its people living in the luxuries of a fertile land, skilled in architecture and the arts, powerful and prosperous. They built great temples and pyramids, established aqueducts and canals, and all these things are attested by ruins which have been unearthed.

Then came great terrestrial dislocations and upheavals, the first of these to the antecedents of a people whose life has been through the ages a series of reverses from nature's capriciousness. From the earliest of times of civilization, following the great upheavals were famine, drought, and pestilence. Before night their neighbors the destruction wrought by the ice was substituted for the ice was replaced by the population gradually on their northward. Arizona and New Mexico were not to support thousands of lives in comparative luxury, far advanced in the arts and crafts of peace, but through the denudation of forests and the disappearance of surface waters through great rock bluffs, the lands became arid, an agricultural people could no longer subsist and the descendants of those who made the first migration under the ice must seek northward over the plains, commencing tribes which had their origin in Asia and Europe and had reached the American continent from the north.

The peoples from the South and the tribes from the North had many conflicts. The land of the United States to day is dotted with mounds, which are as witness to the heavy battles which were fought. These peoples were not at all warlike, but they were not without the spirit of the warrior which they inherited. Still, in the fertility of Mexico a nation lived in luxury. Its people dwelt in beautiful cities surrounded by the comforts of their civilization, peaceful and happy, skilled in the arts learned in the schools of astronomy and metallurgy. And then, down swept upon this powerful people weakened by their own refinement, the Spaniards led by the redoubtable Cortez.

The story of the Spanish conquest, the defeat of the great forces of the Mexicans by Cortez and his subordinate small body of men, is told in modern history and has become the subject of romantic story. Bewildered by the chiefs and during of the Spaniards (for in those days the Spaniards were the greatest warriors of the world, the highest type of rugged, physical development), the gentle Aztecs surrendered. It was the second conquest of a people doomed, as their traditions taught them, to be conquered. Although intelligent in some of the sciences and skilled in many of the highest arts, these people of the Montezuma were strangely superstitious, and they had taught themselves that this doom would come; and this teaching made their conquest more easy, as the conquered went into battle with the conviction that their surrender to the conqueror was in the inevitable course of fate. The ninth Montezuma gave himself up to the Spanish invader.

Among the arts which these gentle people had employed, although in a primitive way, was that of mining and the refinement of metals. Gold, silver, and copper were taken from the inexhaustible supply of the mountains, and constituted no small part of the wealth of the people. For the ransom of their King, who was a prisoner in the hands of the Spanish conqueror, the people carried from their rich hoards great quantities of these three precious metals and placed them in the hands of the triumphant Cortez. The ransom, it is told, was equal to \$6,300,000—a king's ransom, indeed? And thus did its mineral wealth begin to play an important part in the destiny of

Mexico at the opening of the era marked for the Spanish conquest. Housed in the untold treasure of gold and silver which lay at their hands Cortez and his men worked with wild energy to gain even greater riches. They discovered gold and silver they found in abundance. They mined and hoarded it greedily. Copper they did not have from tin, which the natives possessed, and from copper brought to him in tribute for Montezuma the king, Cortez had several beautiful Indian suits and afterwards eight thousand copper articles made.

But the natives thought more of the copper metal than did the conqueror. From copper the Aztecs made implements of all sorts, axes, knives, torches, bowls and even needles. The copper being used with silver, which made it hard to a degree which cannot now be attained.



by any known method of tempering. Still the Spaniards under Cortez, by conquering spread their wealth from the fabulous hoards which the rulers of the new land held in their treasuries. Stories of this wealth flowed back in the ships and bearing of the men with which they were gained in the new world, coming adventuresome Spaniards of noble blood flocked to the land of the Montezuma, despoiling the natives of their wealth so that the nation entered into the next era of its life, a nation of slaves ruled of by wealth, their spirit and courage gone with their independence. Those who followed in the train of the conquerors obtained wealth which even in the day of enormous fortunes seems almost fabulous.

The names of many of these who sought and gained vast riches from the gold and silver mines of Mexico during the sixteenth century are still known, some of them still being associated with mining districts of the country. One of these was Juan Ponce de Leon, whose wealth obtained from the mines of gold and silver was \$50,000,000. These who entered in Mexico during this period paid tribute to Spain. It is recorded that a company headed by Don Antonio de Leon paid tribute on \$223,000,000 of metal. Another mine produced \$100,000,000 worth of gold and silver.

The treasure on these mines caused the envy of the government of Spain so that it furnished in its prospect. In 1570 the king ordered an attack to be made by Spanish ships containing \$100,000,000 in gold, the payment of tribute of the mines of Mexico. The attack was made by English and Dutch ships. Five Spanish ships were captured and sent to sea. And thus was Mexico drained and robbed. Its people suffered first from the great sudden change of the prehistoric period, they suf-

fered under the iron heel of the Spanish conqueror, and then their land was drained of a part of its wealth of gold and silver. A fatal chain it seemed, in its operation.

But in the task for sudden wealth, even the treasures of a conquered people the invaders abandoned to their nations, from which the natives had obtained large quantities of ore and used them in their mines in the production of gold and silver. The conquerors were not the vast copper deposits were not disturbed, and a generation followed generation, even the location of the copper mines came to be forgotten. And now Mexico has entered into another era of its national life, an era marked by improvement and rehabilitation and progress, under the supervision of the remarkable soldier and statesman, President Diaz, and under the inspiration and influence of citizens of the United States, whom the great leader of Mexico loves to welcome into his country. And in this new life of the Mexican republic copper is destined to play an important part.

The wealth overlooked by the Spanish despoilers is destined to be one of the strong elements to restore the nation to the prosperous condition of centuries ago. It is copper, after all, that is going to save Mexico. In order to obtain it with facility it has been necessary to develop the other resources of the country, to build railroads for the transportation of the ore, to provide means of sustenance for those engaged in the mining of the metal. And the wealth is not here in Arizona—this are those who are engaged in the mining of copper, a better copper king, some call him the gold king or silver king—who stands first among the men of modern wealth.

The great deposits of Mexico have practically been untouched for centuries, until American enterprise has begun to develop means for releasing the mineral wealth. The Inguarua in Michoacan, owned by the Rothschilds, the Sierra Consolidated Mines at Chihuahua, and the Santa Fe and El Paso Mines in Michoacan, are among three which, when they are fully developed, will undoubtedly completely replace the United Verde, the Copper Queen, and the Chumet and Hecla mines, which have made the wealth of some of America's wealthiest men.

It is an interesting fact about copper mined that many of those which have produced the greatest amount of ore in the past seem to have practically an inexhaustible supply ahead. One of the greatest mines of Spain, the Rio Tinto, has been worked since before the Christian era and is still producing enormous quantities of the ore. The principal copper mine of Sweden has been worked intensely for seven hundred years and still produces in large quantities with no sign of failure in its deposit. The same is true of great American mines which remain to be developed. And in this fact is another great hope of Mexico. Its mineral wealth will not run out to be a tremendous amount of its richest mining deposit, as in the province of Michoacan where the deposits are similar to those of the United Verde mine owned by Senator William A. Clark of Montana. Besides the wealth of deposit in the mining district of Michoacan is in the midst of a rich agricultural country where the supply is abundant for those who are employed in the mining.

Besides, there is plenty of wood for fuel, water and means of transportation. The Santa Fe mines have been established there and have begun to develop the natural mineral resources of the district. Its wealth has this time been proven to be—and it is only one of the many mining districts of Mexico—but it is estimated that it will produce a net profit of more than a million dollars a year.

Appreciating the opportunity which is held out by such natural wealth as this, Americans have been quick and eager to take advantage of them. The Anaconda company, one of the most prominent in the field, is composed of prominent business men of New York and Newark, N. J. and has an office in New York at No. 60 Wall Street. President Diaz offers every inducement for Americans to develop the resources of Mexico. He appreciates that while they may obtain great profit out of the resources of his country, in doing so they employ Mexican labor and make opportunity for Mexican enterprise.

Hints to Money-makers

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OFFICIAL NOTICE

[illegible][illegible]

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the
 Journal of Management Education in the field of management
 education. It highlights the journal's role in providing
 a platform for the dissemination of research findings and
 the advancement of the discipline. The second part of the
 paper focuses on the journal's commitment to diversity and
 inclusion, emphasizing the need for a more equitable and
 representative body of research. Finally, the paper concludes
 with a call to action for the management education
 community to continue to support and engage with the
 journal's efforts to advance the field.

[illegible]

Figure 1. The first 1000 characters of the Chinese text of the 1996 Chinese version of the SCL-90-R. The text is presented in a 10x10 grid of characters.

[illegible]

DIVIDENDS=

MONROE, ROGERS & WAYNES
PRODUCERS OF MINING AND INVESTMENT STOCKS
EXPERTS IN MINING AND INVESTMENT STOCKS
BORN IN AND BORN FOR THE FUTURE

[illegible][illegible]

THE HOLIDAYS are upon us and the weather is alluring. Tomorrow and the day after tomorrow call the days when drinking men usually begin with a cocktail party, complete with the elaborate decorations and the festive atmosphere. But it is not yet time to start drinking. The night before the party is the best time to start drinking. The night before the party is the best time to start drinking. The night before the party is the best time to start drinking.

1991-1992 අග වර්ෂයේ සංකීර්ණතාවය 1.50 ක් වූ
 අතර 1993-1994 අග වර්ෂයේ දී කෙටි කාලීන ප්‍රතිපත්ති
 මගින් 1.40 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 1995-1996 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 මෙම අගය 1.30 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 1997-1998 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 1.20 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 1999-2000 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 1.10 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2001-2002 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
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 0.70 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2009-2010 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.60 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2011-2012 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.50 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2013-2014 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.40 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2015-2016 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.30 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2017-2018 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.20 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2019-2020 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.10 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය. 2021-2022 අග වර්ෂයේ දී
 0.00 ක් දක්වා අඩු විය.

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1. The first step is to identify the main topic of the document. This is often found in the title or the first few paragraphs.

[illegible][illegible]

The first of these is the fact that the
 government has been unable to
 control the inflation rate. This
 has led to a loss of confidence
 in the government and a
 consequent increase in the
 price of goods and services.
 The second is the fact that
 the government has been
 unable to control the
 balance of payments. This
 has led to a loss of
 confidence in the
 government and a
 consequent increase in
 the price of goods and
 services.

The new program is designed to help the community understand the importance of the program and to help the community understand the importance of the program. The program is designed to help the community understand the importance of the program and to help the community understand the importance of the program.

The first step in the process is to identify the problem. This is often done by the customer, who may contact the company's customer service department or visit the company's website. Once the problem is identified, the next step is to gather information. This may involve looking at the company's policies, procedures, and products. The third step is to analyze the information. This is often done by the company's management team, who will look at the problem from a strategic perspective. The fourth step is to develop a solution. This may involve creating a new product, service, or process. The fifth step is to implement the solution. This is often done by the company's sales and marketing departments. The sixth step is to evaluate the solution. This is often done by the company's management team, who will look at the results of the solution and determine if it is successful.

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1. The purpose of the study was to investigate the effect of the use of the Internet on the learning of English as a second language. The study was conducted in a secondary school in the city of Istanbul. The sample consisted of 100 students, 50 of whom were in the experimental group and 50 in the control group. The experimental group used the Internet for their English learning, while the control group did not. The data were collected through a questionnaire and a test. The results showed that the use of the Internet had a positive effect on the learning of English as a second language. The students in the experimental group showed higher scores than the students in the control group. The study suggests that the use of the Internet can be a useful tool for the learning of English as a second language.

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(2) The marriage of
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is a legal union.
The child's father
is a legal person.
The child's mother
is a legal person.

The purpose of the study was to determine the effect of the use of the computer on the learning of the English language. The study was conducted in a secondary school in the city of Istanbul. The sample consisted of 40 students. The data were collected through a questionnaire and a test. The results of the study showed that the use of the computer had a positive effect on the learning of the English language. The students who used the computer showed higher scores than the students who did not use the computer. The study also found that the use of the computer increased the students' motivation and interest in learning the English language.

[The following text is extremely faint and largely illegible due to low contrast and blurring. It appears to be a list or index of names and locations.]

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President Roosevelt's New England and Southern Tour Illustrated

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Vol. XCV. No. 2454

New York, September 18, 1902

Price 10 Cents



"WE STAND FIRMLY ON THE MONROE DOCTRINE."

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DELIVERING HIS FAMOUS UTTERANCE ON HIS NEW ENGLAND TRIP, THAT CAUSED
WORLD-WIDE COMMENT

Photograph by our staff artist G. B. Larkley accompanying the President's tour.

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PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

THERE RESIDES in Albuquerque, N. M., a man who helped to make some very important history. This is ex-Governor Edmund G. Ross, whose name is familiar to every citizen of the United States.



EX-GOVERNOR ROSS,
whose name saved President Johnson

of the oldest and greatest free-state papers in the Territory. Supplanting the work which he did for the cause of freedom in the Kansas territorial fight in 1855-56 he enlisted as a private in the Union army in the latter year and left the army as major after Appomattox. Appointed to the Senate in 1868 he succeeded James H. Lane, who had committed suicide. He was then elected to fill out the term, serving until 1874. It was while in the Senate that Mr. Ross was the place which he will hold in the history of the Union. In the contest between President Johnson and the Republican Congress the President was impeached in 1868 by the House for gross abuse of power and by the Senate the chief question was whether the President in that body was guilty of "guilty" and nineteen "not guilty." Seven Republican Senators from Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Oregon, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, West Virginia, and Texas voted with the Democrats "not guilty." One vote transferred from the smaller to the larger side in that division would have given that element the necessary two-thirds, and Johnson would have been re-elected. The one vote which the Republican leaders worked hardest to get and which they thought they would get was that of Ross. Against its own will the Republican party was thus made to commit a gross blunder, and a profound and permanent humiliation for the country was effected. For this act of heroism and public spirit the Senate was driven out of his party, and in 1882 he retired to his New Mexico estate. In 1892 he was appointed in error of the Territory by President Cleveland in 1893 but the post which he entered the presidency in 1898 but has had no important public office since. His tenure of office was marked by years of age, poor health, but energy and integrity in the end is a man who deserves well of his country.

ALTHOUGH JOHN W. was his eightieth year Dr. Thayer, who the distinguished physician and writer maintains his mental and physical vigor to a remarkable degree. His chief physical affliction for years past has been deafness. His deafness has always been delightful, clear, bright and intelligible and never more so than now. It is a good index of his character.

MR. JOHN W. THAYER, although one of the smallest kingdoms known to modern history, with an area about equal to our State of Vermont.



PRINCE FRANK,
Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and the youngest ruler in Europe.

of positive history, came the technical attention to the throne of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, of the Grand Duke Frederick Francis. This young man is only twenty years old, but he has been thoroughly trained and well educated, his instructors are able and experienced men, and the grand duchy is in a prosperous and happy condition. The grand ducal house of Mecklenburg is the only reigning family in western Europe of Slavonic origin and claims to be the oldest sovereign house in Europe. In their full title the grand dukes style themselves Princes of the Wends, and the romantic incidents and stories relative to the family during its history for seven or eight generations would make almost a library in themselves.

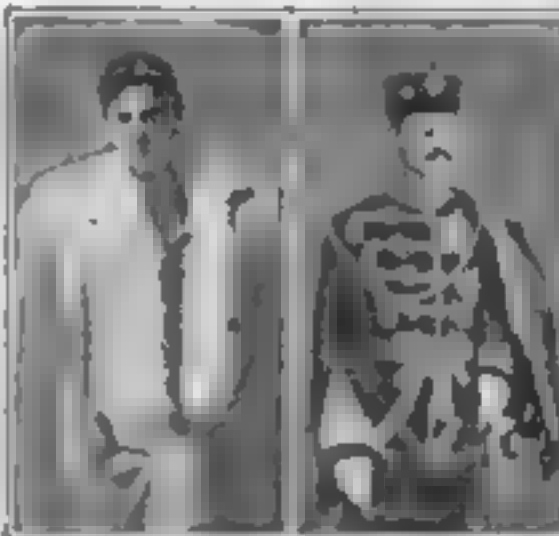
DURING HIS recent speech making tour in New England President Roosevelt met no more congenial comrade

than Governor Crane of Massachusetts, who accompanied him through a part of the New State and who was with him in the memorable incident during President Roosevelt's tour of the State who has been for years a close friend of the President. One of the President's chief executives Massachusetts ever had. Proof of a public man could hardly go further than this for that grand old Commonwealth has had few men of more remarkable ability and worth. Mr. Crane is a man of exceptional talent and of the highest energy. He is now in the office and has personal papers which have been arranged in the people of his State, for he is now writing his autobiography in the greatest ease and style. The Governor is going to the State capital in 1904 and to his own estate in part of his vacation. It was his last day of his term of office and he was the chairman of the Republican National Committee and that a very large crowd gathered the next presidential campaign for his party, but he has been so busy.



Governor Crane
of Massachusetts, a close friend
of President Roosevelt.

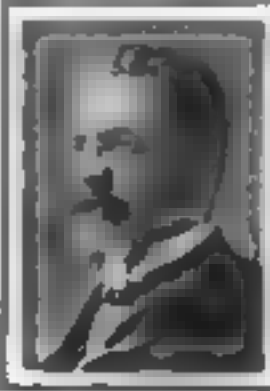
A DIVORCE between King Alexander of Serbia and his Queen, who was formerly a Russian, is being talked of. The King and Queen have been married some twelve years but the trouble has apparently been very serious. It is now announced that the royal couple are to make a tour of Russia together about the first of October.



KING ALEXANDER AND QUEEN DRAGA,
who have been married twelve years.

The king will be made in the Crown, at Ljubljana. The Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Lomaxoff, the president of the Russian Council, Baron Vorontch, and other dignitaries will meet. King Alexander and Queen Draga will return home with the Prince of Wales with increased prestige and rehabilitation by the recognition. The question of the succession to the throne in Serbia remains open. But the press officially designated as heir to the throne will be Prince Milan son of Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, and brother of the Queen of Italy.

THE DEEP relief which the country feels over the escape of President Roosevelt from a terrible death at Buffalo is extended



SECRETARY GEORGE B. CORTRIGHT,
President Roosevelt's faithful and
able assistant.

at Buffalo is extended also in a touching tribute to the late great hero of the American people, who was a member of the great, old and noble family of the President. According to the reports, Mr. Cortright and the President were thrown and together on the ground, the latter being injured for a moment and quite painfully, but about the head, causing the blood to flow freely. A terrible standing his plights Mr. Cortright was not to have lost his position of trust for an instant, for, with characteristic thoroughness, he immediately jumped to his feet and made out a message to be sent to Mr. Roosevelt, assuring him of the safety of the President and another to the authorities at Washington to the same effect. It will be remembered that a similar display of promptness and of courage for the feelings of others characterized the conduct of Secretary Cortright at the time of the terrible tragedy at Buffalo a year ago. Not only in these emergencies, but in all other situations in which he has been placed during the course of his official life, he has shown himself to be a faithful, efficient and courageous man. As secretary to President McKinley and Roosevelt he has discharged unusual duties with rare tact, firmness, and unflinching courtesy. It has been

reported that when the new Department of Commerce is created as it probably will in this winter Mr. Cortright will be made its first Secretary and thus a member of the President's cabinet. Such an appointment would be a most fitting and honorable public service.

A GOLDEN jubilee is a rare event in the life of news paper editors, notable and persistent denizens of the "fourth estate."

For "fourth estate" the editors, reading their after "golden" but delinquent subscribers and the business of trying to please everybody in general and some people in particular all of these things generally wear patient and long-suffering editors out long before they have passed the fiftieth milestone in the service. Either then or they retire after a long and happy career of under working going to the Legislature, managing newspapers for some of them, other occupations have resulted in that general quiet and undisturbed life to which their tastes incline them. Mr. John Mahan, publisher and editor of the *Monmouth Journal*, is an exception to the rule. He has not only served in his capacity for fifty continuous years, but has been so happy, contented and prosperous in his business that his semi-annual celebration brings him, at the age of seventy as cheerful, hale and hearty as anyone of his age in Iowa, and good, agreeable, for another fifty years at the top of his strength and consistent in every of Republican principles and other measures for the well-being of the public in general and for Monmouth in particular. We doubt indeed whether any editor ever living in the United States can claim so many years of continuous all-around service on one paper as Mr. Mahan. If there are any such we have never heard of them. He is a native of Monmouth, Ind., but went to Muscatine when a boy and later became an apprentice in the office of the *Journal*. At twenty he was editor of the paper and has stood steadily at the helm ever since. Mr. Mahan has the distinction of having had Mark Twain in his employ as a printer for a short time when that distinguished humorist, while a young man, made his home for a brief period at Muscatine. From early manhood Mr. Mahan has been a strong proponent of theory and practice, and has several times had his life threatened, and at one time, May 1st, 1858, his home containing himself and family was blown up by dynamite placed there by hirelings of wicked men, but in the advocacy of the policy, as in his Republicanism, he has been loyal, sincere and courageous, and has won the admiration and respect of all good citizens throughout the State.



MR. JOHN MAHAN,
Fifty years editor of a news paper.

A NOTHER ROYAL personage who has announced his intention of making a tour of Ethiopia soon is Emperor Menelik, of Abyssinia. While Abyssinia is not counted among the "great powers" of the world, it has been strong enough to resist every attempt upon its sovereignty from outside nations, and was able a few years ago to administer a crushing defeat upon an invading army from Italy. Emperor Menelik is said to be a very energetic, strong, and able ruler. He claims descent from King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba, and he believes that it is his mission to build up a great and powerful empire in Africa, and to restore the glory of Ethiopia.

A VERY recognition of the valuable service rendered in the cause of statistics, science as well as to the knowl-

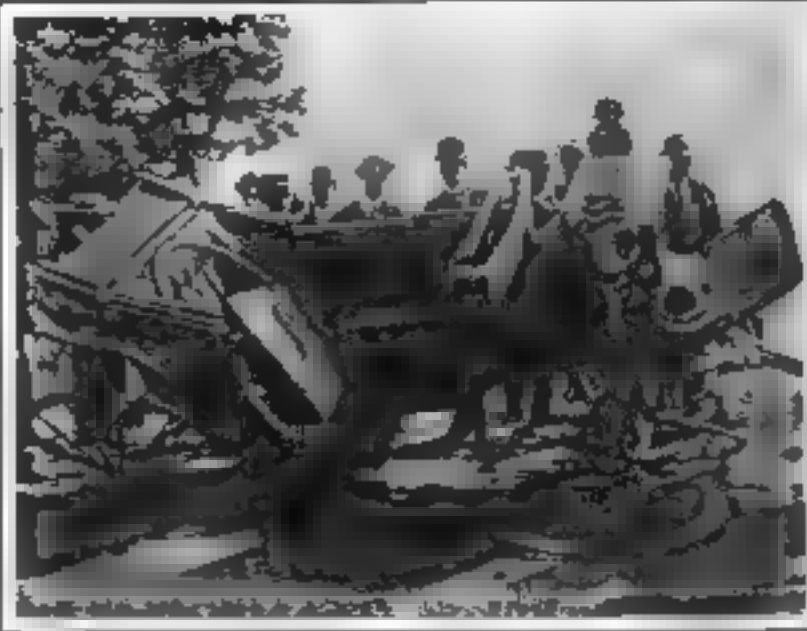
edge of colonial affairs, has been made in the election of Mr. Oscar F. Austin, chief of our National Bureau of Statistics, to membership in the International Statistical Institute of London. This organization is composed of the leading statisticians of colonial affairs in the principal countries having colonies. The central office of the organization are at Brussels but its meetings are held successively at the capitals of the countries from which its membership is drawn. Mr. Austin was the author of two publications on colonies, *Colonial Systems of the World*, issued in 1895 and *Colonial Administration*, issued in 1901, attended the meeting of the institute at The Hague last summer in special invitation. His latest work on colonies, *Colonial Administration*, has been highly commended by members of the association including Lord Alton, its president. Before he assumed his present position at the head of the Bureau of Statistics Mr. Austin had an extensive and all-around experience in journalism, having served as a reporter editor and Washington correspondent of several papers. He edited the *Washington Herald* in 1892 and 1893 and has been an occasional contributor to the columns of *Leslie's Weekly*.



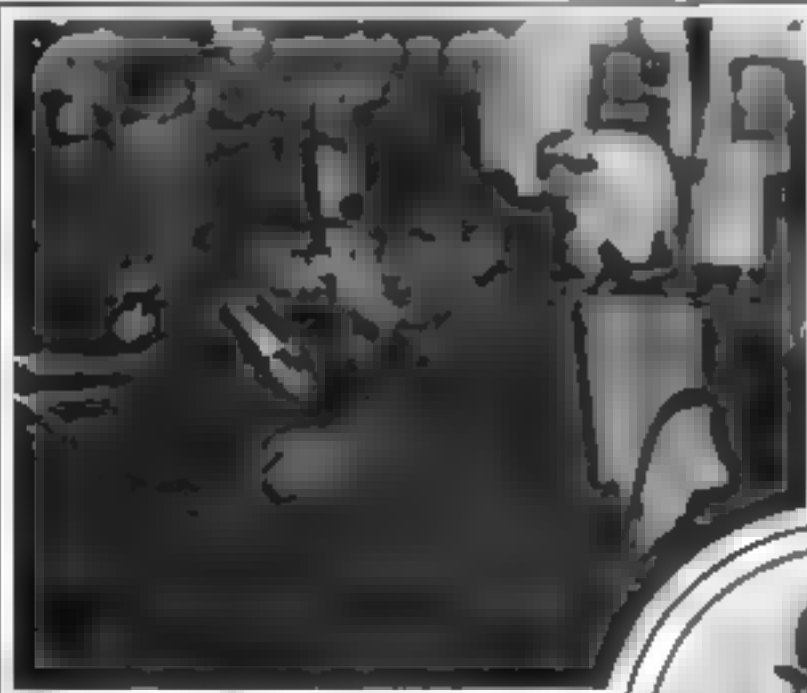
MR. OSCAR F. AUSTIN,
Chief of our National Bureau of Statistics.



ONE OF THE POOR HORSES ATTACKED TO THE LANDAY WAS KILLED.
Photograph by the Herald & Co.



THE WRECKED LASHED. MR. ROOSEVELT WAS SITTING ON THE REAR SEAT AT THE RIGHT SIDE. Copyright 1902 by W. H. Brown.



PRESIDENT ENTERING SPRINGFIELD WITH CIVILIAN WARD,
AFTER THE ACCIDENT



TAKING WIFE & BROTHER FACE TO A HORROR ASSEMBLED
AT LUNCH



PEOPLE OF SPRINGFIELD WERE AT THE SCENE OF THE ACCIDENT

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH
HIS CAR WAS STRUCK BY A TROUBLE CAR NEAR PITTSFIELD, MASS. DETECTIVE CRAIG KILLED, AND THE PRESIDENT
SLIGHTLY INJURED



THE PRESIDENT TAKING A SHORTER TRIP TO WHEELING
ON HIS WAY TO THE SOUTH

THE PRESIDENT TAKING A SHORTER TRIP TO WHEELING
ON HIS WAY TO THE SOUTH

SHARING HIS APPRECIATION OF THE GREETING OF A VAST CROWD AT CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S PLEASANT TRIP TO THE SOUTH
HE RECEIVED A ROUSING WELCOME AT WHEELING, W. VA., AND EULOGIZED MR. MCKINLEY AT COLUMBUS, O.
Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. Loeber, with the Presidential party

A Quaint Fishing Settlement

It Is Among the Homes of Millionaires

By John Mathews



FIFTY YEARS ago a fisherman stood by the sea on the shores of New Jersey and studied the scattered footprints in the sand. The tracks were made with bare feet, and he saw that two men had walked along together, side by side. He studied the footprints further and observed that the right foot of one of them was worn down as he stepped in the sand. The large toe on the left foot of the other man had worn a little as it left the ground, leaving by the side of each track a little heap of sand. From these footprints the fisherman knew that John Cooper and Hall Wilson had passed by that day together. Cooper always stepped in with his right foot and Wilson had a crippled large toe on his left. Cooper and Wilson are dead, but many years later the fisherman still knew the distinctive marks of the Jersey coast for a year ago still he saw and knew the same ground as he saw that time he did here. But he was no longer the fisherman, he was a man who walked along the shore, and here are millions of people each summer within the limits of the ocean border where a few years ago there were so few that he could recognize each one of them. For more than a mile along the coast his fishing boat was the only human habitation. And the time ran and fell as they do here, and the sea waves broke and rolled upon the beach, singing their soothing lullaby.

Very little change has come into the mode of life of this old fisherman, while great changes indeed have come on about him. It is an interesting and picturesque situation that surrounding the fisherman's home have been built homes of many of the wealthy of New York and other cities of the East, so that this rude fishing settlement is like a quarter camp in the very midst of the fashionable summer places of millionaires. And aside from the picturesque side of his situation there is a practical side to it. Nelson Lockwood, the fisherman who has lived on the Jersey coast, owns eighty feet of ground along the water front, and this location among wealthy neighbors had made his property valuable. Besides, there are those who do not appreciate the picturesque side of the fisherman's camp and wonder the little colony is allowed to stay. Some of persons have sought to purchase the Lockwood property. Many of them have offered large prices for it, but the old fisherman steadily refused to sell. One offer was made to him of \$20,000, but he declined. "What would I want to sell out for?" he asked. "I'm comfortable here; my living's here. I don't know of any place along the coast where the fishing is as good as it is right here. So I think I'll stay."

Mr. Lockwood, fisherman, owns a good frame house across the road from his fishing boat and he employs twenty-eight men. He has four stoves, one in each of the four "pound" boats as they are called, and his largest fishing net is two miles out at sea. His small industries may suffer by the encroachments of great combinations,

but Mr. Lockwood, fisherman, has suffered no damage by the contrary. His business is ever getting improving, there is a better market for his product and he finds he takes are just as numerous now as they were many years ago, for the ocean population is not decreasing the sea is not being fished out. Besides, the fisherman's family for gathering a good crop has been improved by the introduction of modern machinery. The fishing boats about the same size as the ones he uses are now propelled by a screw driven by a gasoline motor while the fisherman rests his muscle. These ease and speed are attained at once.

Fishing on the large scale for commercial purposes is an interesting process. The nets of course are the most important part of it. This is the way that the Lockwood nets are placed. Each net has three parts. They are called the leader, the foreday, and the pocket. The leader is a long net with meshes the size of a tennis net reaching out to sea at right angles with the shore line. The net extends perpendicularly from the surface of the water to the bottom of the ocean and it is attached to a long row of poles. The leader is one thousand feet long and at the outer end of it is the foreday, a broad-shaped network of netting about the size of a yard square. This too is a piece of netting extending from the surface of the sea to the bottom. At the end of the broad-shaped network is a small opening about two yards wide. The hole into the pocket, which is nearly as large as the foreday, and is a huge network level mesh of netting. It is circular and the net walls, extending from the surface of the ocean to the bottom, are attached to poles anchored in the ground under the sea. The foreday within the foreday is covered with netting so that when the fish come into the pocket, they can escape only through the opening into the "foreday" through which he entered. The fish seldom does this, for he instinctively knows he is surrounded with all his might when he approaches the hole. And it is the foreday which gets the poor fish into the trap. As they swim along through the water the fisherman's pole strikes first, he being led by the leader. They are forced a little to the right, making his instinct that such an escape was in the net was a mistake. They attempt to swim to the end of it, always, of course, continuing forward. In doing this the fish swim directly into the foreday, the broad-shaped network.

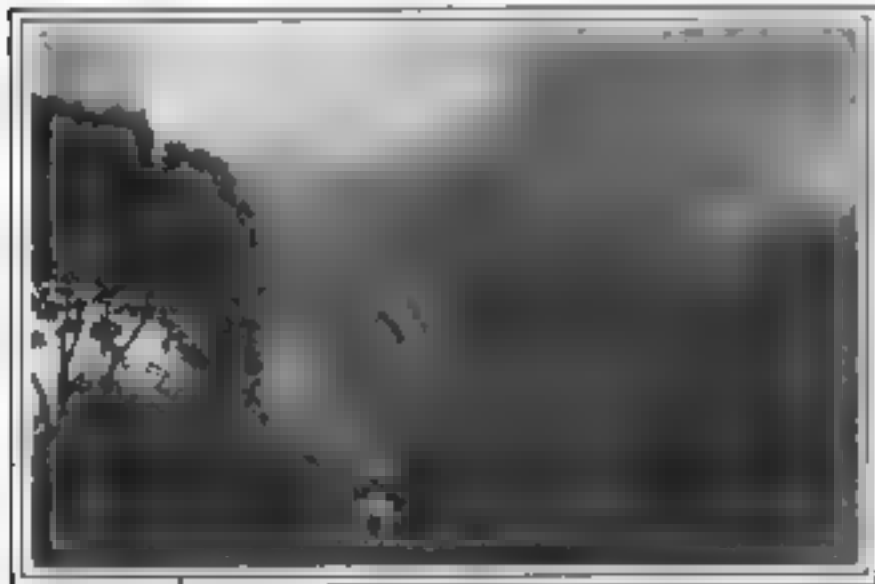
Continuing around this shallow extending out to sea they reach the apex of it and slip through the opening into the "pocket," the final trap. They go on without feeling about their fate, always with their noses against the net on the seaward side the side opposite the opening. Twice a day the fisherman goes out in his pound boats. The first trip is at daylight, he starts about noon. When they reach the pocket, they first enter the ropes, which hold in place the net which is the final part of the pocket. With the net first free the net is drawn gradually into the boat until only a small part of it remains under the water. In this hundreds of captive fish dart about in a panic of fear, vainly attempting to escape. During the latter part of August nearly the entire haul consists of lobsters, which under the water are as green as grass.

In the midst of the whirling pool of funny prisoners was one queerer and brighter than all the rest. It attracted the attention of even the phlegmatic fisherman.

"Ha, look at the dolphin!" exclaimed one of them. Then they all stood in line at the edge of the big pound boat, and at the signal from the captain of the crew who went further Lockwood, one of the old fishermen, they gave the final pull on the net. There was a tremendous splash as the fish as they went a creature the air which stirred them. They turned a spray of water like a shower and then before another was felt into the bottom of the boat. The fisherman took breath of their struggling, and proceeded almost by jerks, as the net was up again the rope was held in the net in his hand. The gasoline motor was started and the fishing boat was off for the shore. As soon as the boat was landed on the beach the fish were piled into baskets. One fish was weighed. It was a light one. The net had yielded only one hundred pounds, and the fish had already been sold at three cents a pound. At a large day a fisherman takes in \$1,000 in five hundred pounds, and the average price of fish is two and a half cents a pound. The fishing season here is from May to September, and each fish has his season. Along this part of the Jersey coast, where they are sheltered by the shore along rocks, are caught weakfish, porgies, plaice, but of fish, and Spanish mackerel. This fish is very much like the capelin in size and form and the latter are often served in restaurants in the place of the capelin. There is however one marked distinction. The Spanish mackerel has on its sides several golden dots about the size of a head of a nail. This ornament the capelin does not possess.

When the cold season returns in the fisherman retires and mends the nets. The cost of repair of the nets of Mr. Lockwood amounts to about \$1,000 a year. He has two sets of nets for each "pound" or fish trap. These nets must be changed once every eight days or they would be covered with sea grass so quickly that the vegetation of the ocean start its growth. The nets are often torn in times of storm. The great waves breaking themselves against the wooden rip them from the poles, causing no end of damage. But the fisherman has a way of preventing this. When a storm is coming they hurry out to their poles and loosen them from the poles allowing the storm to sink to the bottom of the sea. When tied to the pole however are made firm around that part of the pole which extends above the water's surface, so that when the storm is past the nets may be again hauled into place without difficulty.

In this old fisherman Nelson Lockwood spent his busy years. He was not always open faced and friendly, however, but he did not mind when it was clear to him the fishing season and he was busy a ship go sailing in better storms, and has saved money a life. He has, in testimony of his busy and useful day in February, a gold medal, and by special act of Congress is recognized as a fisherman. He swims out to sea in the deadly cold water and breathes mountain high and earned one who had gone millions from a wharfed Spanish fish. That was a week of years ago.



A REMARKABLE CYCLONE STRIKING THROUGH NEBRASKA.

THE TERRIBLE STORM WHICH IS THE DREADED SCOURGE OF THE WESTERN PRAIRIES.

Striking Pictures of a Cyclone.

A SEVERE cyclone recently visited the vicinity of Scribner, Neb. While most people were seeking the shelter of cyclone caves, or in the absence of such were repairing to their cellars, an enthusiastic photographer succeeded in securing two remarkable pictures of the cyclone.

Near the close of a warm midsummer day a bank of ominous-looking clouds appeared on the horizon and swept toward Scribner with great rapidity. The opening storm was accompanied by a violent wind.

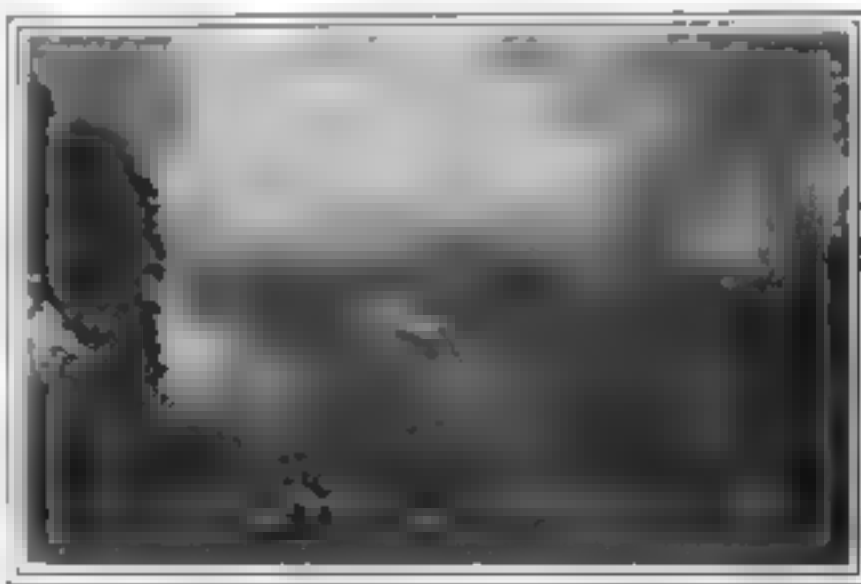
Before long the funnel of a cyclone appeared. It passed over the outskirts of the town, but as is seen in one of the pictures, the funnel lengthened soon afterward. The

second picture is probably the only one of its kind ever taken as it shows the seldom-seen "partial" curl in the funnel.

Very little damage was done in Scribner, but in the surrounding country districts, through which the cyclone tore, the crops were seriously damaged and some live stock lost.

Salt River a Never-failing Stream.

AN OFFICIAL of the Weather Bureau in authority for the announcement that the Great Salt Lake is drying up. As this lake has no water-connection with the river the passage up that gentle stream is likely to be as free as ever for the defeated in 1904.



THE ONLY PICTURE SHOWING THE FUNNEL'S "PARTIAL" CURL.

The Old Camper

For forty-five years had one article in his supply—Horden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk. It gives a red-dish, rather, healthy, crisp, and robust a daily comfort like the old home. Delicious in coffee, tea, and chocolate.

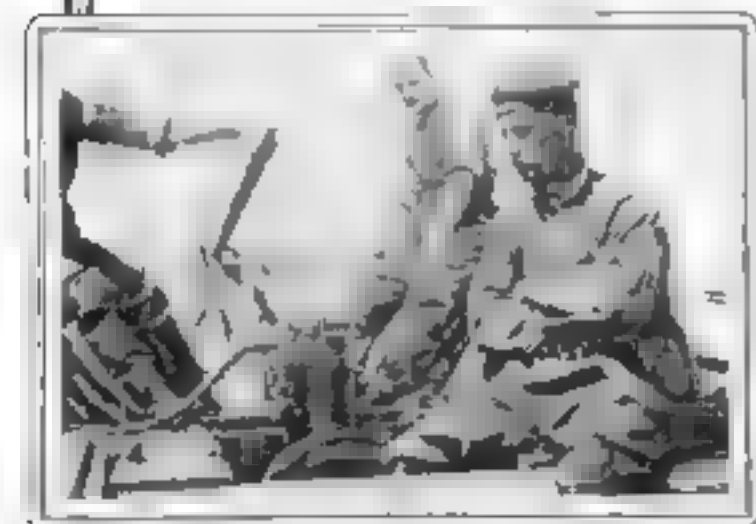
Of course you can live without telephone service, but you don't live as much as you might, because telephone service saves time and time is the stuff of life. Rates for Residence Service in Manhattan, from \$48 a year. New York Telephone Co. 15 Day St., 113 W. 88th St.



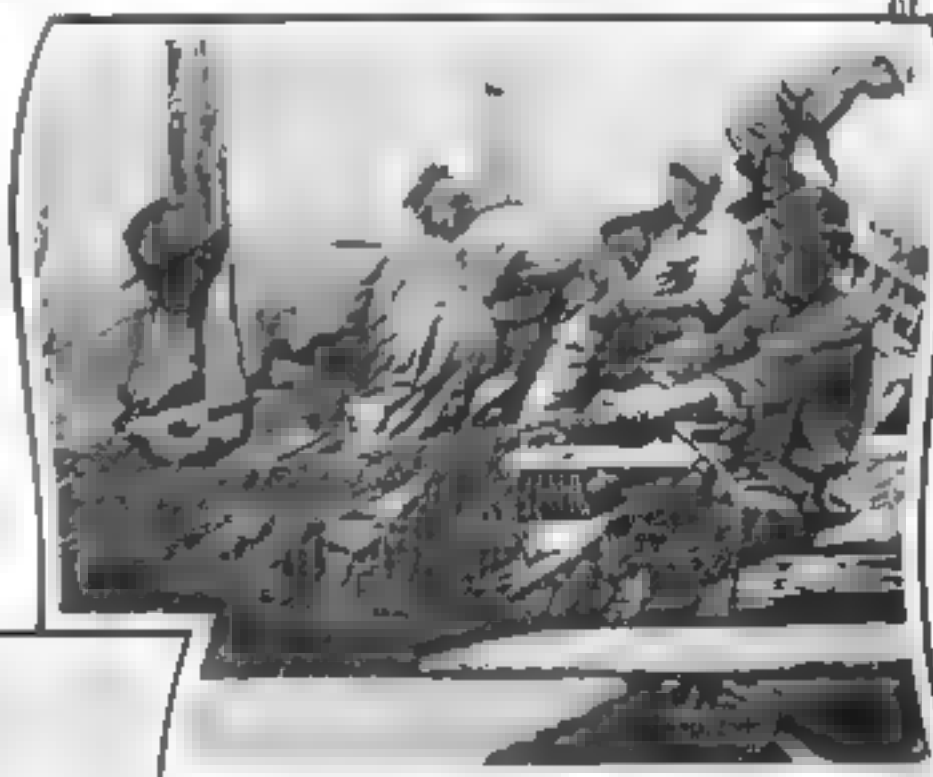
THE QUIET FISHING VILLAGE OF A FISH BOAT FISHING-BOATS BEAR DOWN THE RIVER.



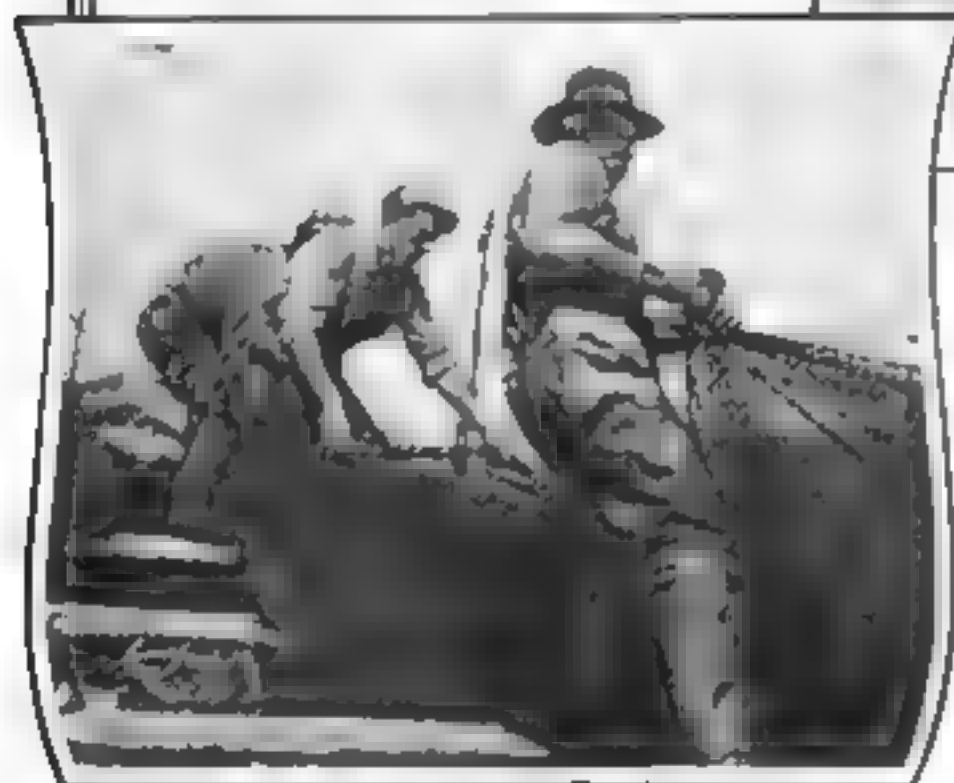
ONE OF THE FISHING-BOATS BEARING THE FISH BOAT AND THE FISH.



CAPTAIN OF THE BOAT AND THE FISHING-BOAT BEARING THE FISH.



ONE OF THE FISHING-BOATS BEARING THE FISH BOAT AND THE FISH.



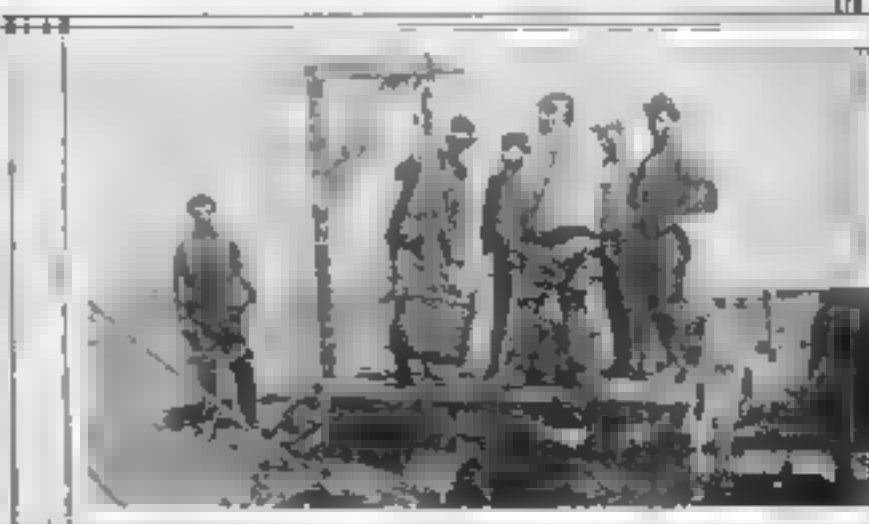
THE LAST FISHING-BOAT BEARING THE FISH BOAT AND THE FISH.



ONE OF THE FISHING-BOATS BEARING THE FISH BOAT AND THE FISH.



THE BAY—ONE OF THE LARGEST BAYS IN THE DISTANCE.



WILLIAM LOCKWOOD, FISHMAN, BEARING BASKETS OF FISH FOR MARKET.

THE MODERN FISHERMAN AND HIS DAY'S WORK
 HOW THE GAME FISHES OF THE SEA ARE CAUGHT AT A QUIANT COLONY AMONG THE HOMES OF MILLIONAIRES
 ON THE JERSEY COAST.—Photographs by our staff photographer, G. S. Loring.



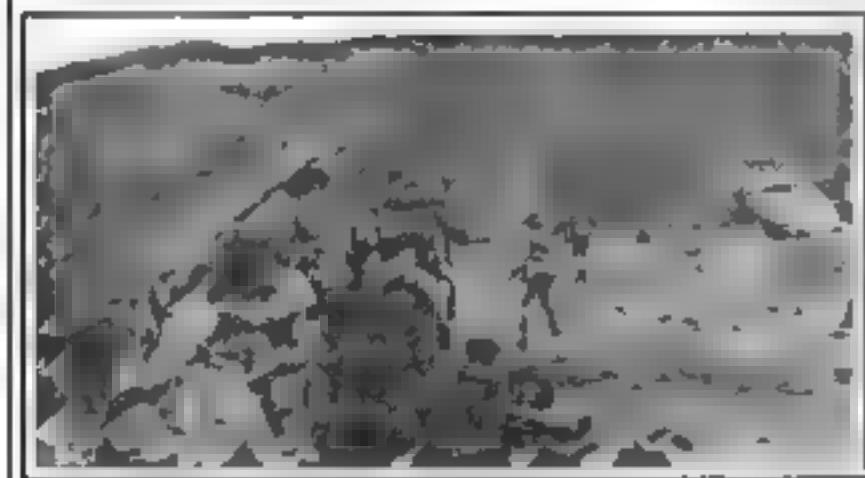
HEAVILY ARMED LONDON PARTY,
BEACHING INTO A WHALE BOAT.



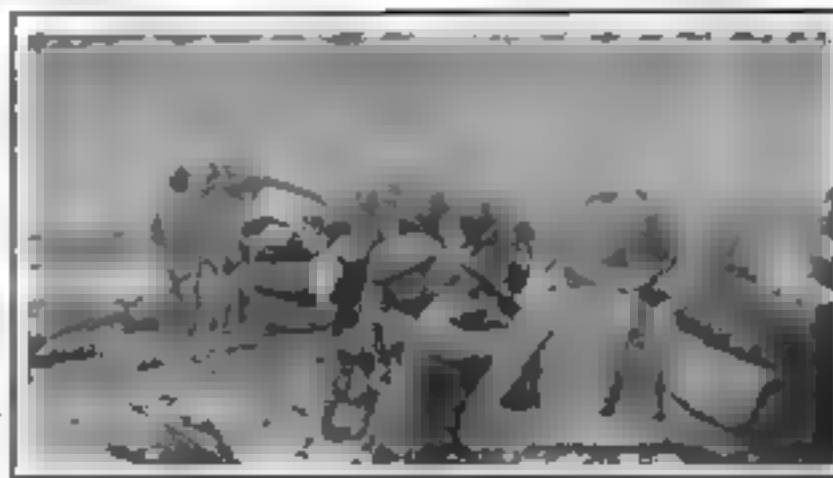
ARMED LIES IT ON THE DECK OF THE PLACER "REARLACK,"
PREPARATION IN LASHING.



TOWING A BOAT-LOAD OF MARINES
TO THE SHORE.



THE NAVY CONTINUED BEACHING THE SHORE PROTECTORS.



FELLING THE LIVING CLIFF OF THE BEACH OF THE HIND ISLAND.

THE WAR GAME—CAPTURE OF BLOCK ISLAND.

HOW THE MARINES FROM THE "REARLACK" BEAT THE "SHIRT" ON SHORE AND CAPTURED THE ISLAND "HIND."

Wireless Telegraphy a Solid Fact.

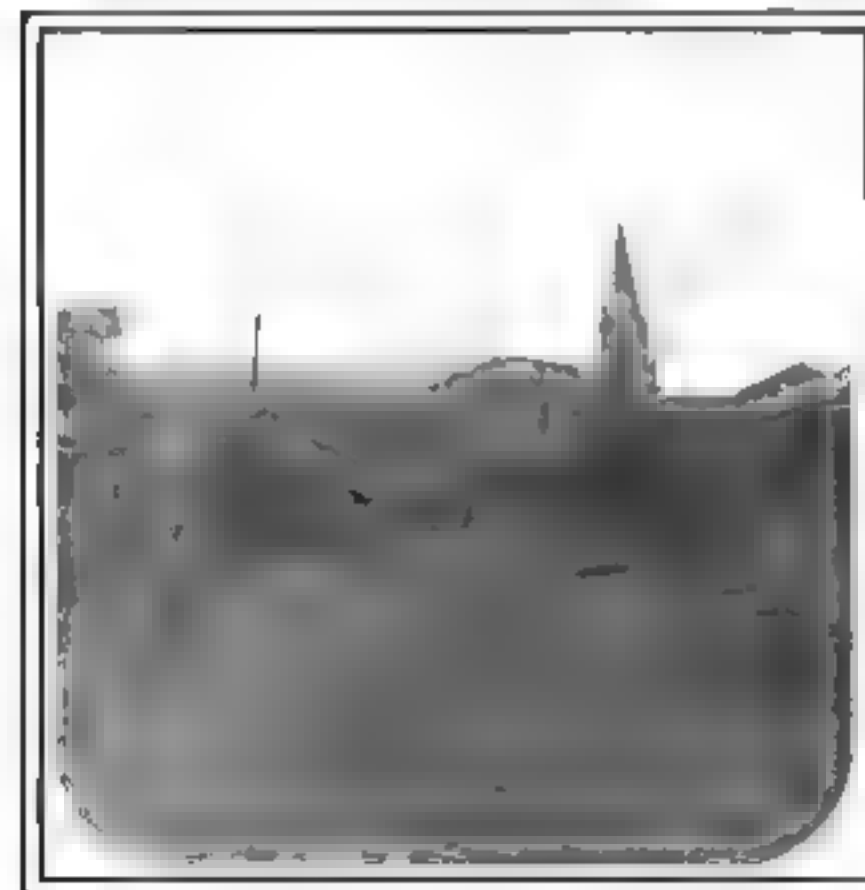
NOW THAT the sensational and "new days' wonder" period following the invention of wireless telegraphy has passed, and the period of practical development and extension has set in, we should probably have much less to say about public opinion than we really have. However, before we are fairly aware of it, it will be in general and popular use throughout the world. That wireless telegraphy has already been brought well within the realm of practical usefulness is evident by the fact that our government is establishing a system for its use in Alaska and the nearly all the ocean steamship companies are equipping their vessels with wireless apparatus. And it is being taken up also as a new and promising field for the investment of capital is evident from the state-

ment that a company has just been formed in England with a capital of about \$5,000,000 for the purpose of operating an extensive system of both wireless telegraph and telephone. The *Illustrated London News* says it is informed on behalf of this company that they can telegraph or telephone for a mile and for the same time as in working order they expect to be prepared to sell an apparatus with which every one will be able to telegraph or telephone and which will be of great value to the general public. It is always used as a "medium" all that is needed, it is said, is to connect the telephones in a room with the transmitter or receiver by means of a short wire with the proper gas or water pipe which will carry the current to and from the earth. The walls of houses do not form any obstacle to the transmission of messages. If the public mind had not long since lost its capacity for

"staggering" over the achievements of modern inventors, it would surely exclaim that even now when it contemplates the possibilities opened up by this achievement.

An Undecorated Hero.

THE *LONDON Spectator* writes that Captain Freeman, who took the British steamship *Thetis* out of the harbor of St. Pierre at the time of the eruption of Mount Pelée, deserves something more than "a service of plate" from the British Board of Trade. It refers to the captain as an undecorated hero and speaks of his service at the time of the catastrophe as a deed which, in modern and undecorated courage is absolutely unparalleled in the history of a national disaster.



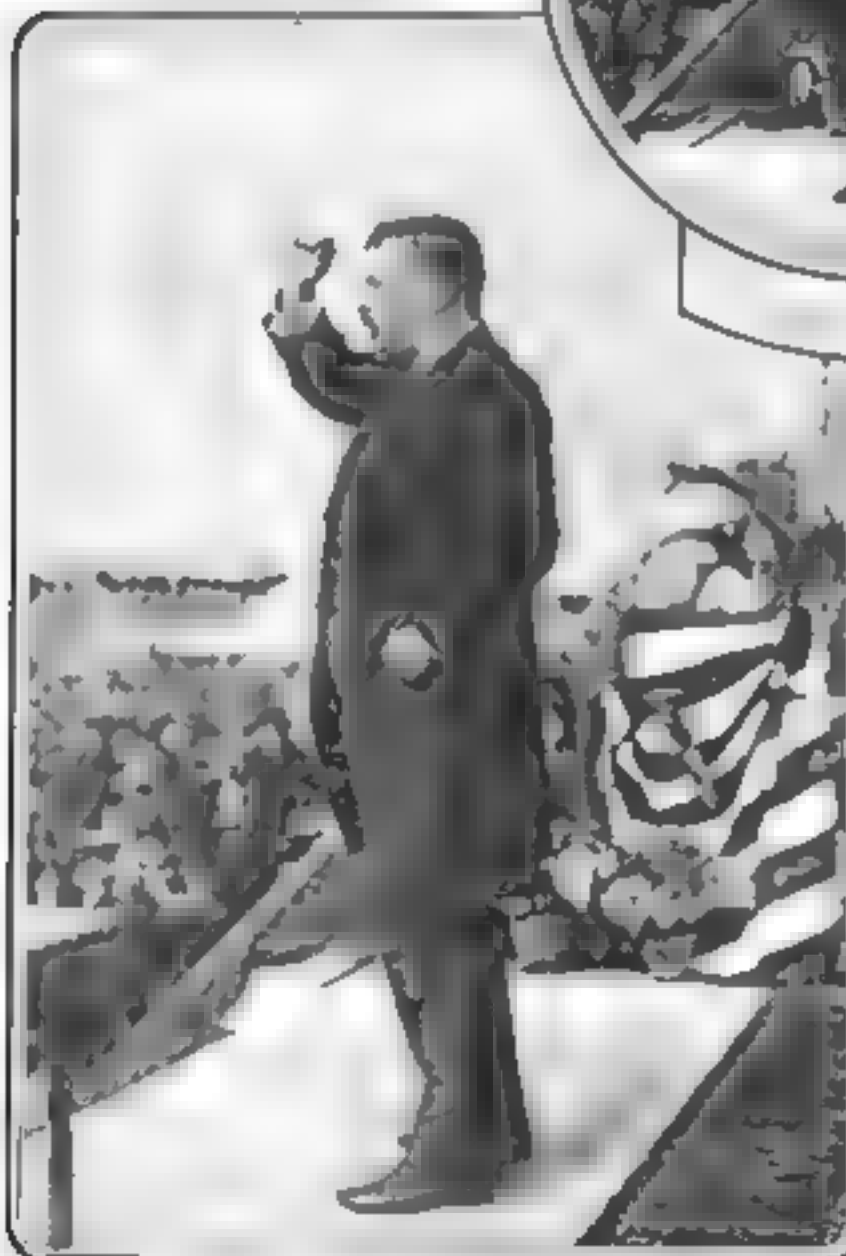
A FLEET IN MOORE DOCK ONE OF THE FIVE VILLAGES DESTROYED—ONLY THE
CHURCH TOWER WAS LEFT STANDING.



NAIVE FORTS, AT THE BASE OF THE VOLCANO AND WITHIN THE RING
OF DESTRUCTION.

SCENE OF THE LATE FIERCE ERUPTION OF MONT PELÉE, MARTINIQUE, WITH LOSS OF A THOUSAND LIVES.

Copyright, 1901, by Collier & Collier.



"As far as the anti-trust laws go, they will be enforced. No suit will be undertaken for the sake of securing to undertake it."

"We are positive of a complete solution of the problem of the trust question, but we can make a good beginning in solving these problems."

THE PRESIDENT TALKS ABOUT THE TRUSTS.

HOW HE APPEARED WHILE DELIVERING THE MOST NOTABLE UTTERANCES ON THIS IMPORTANT PUBLIC QUESTION.

Photographs by our staff artist, G. H. Lerby, accompanying the Presidential party.

**John Smith, of New Jersey, and His
Big Family By Tom Thorpe**

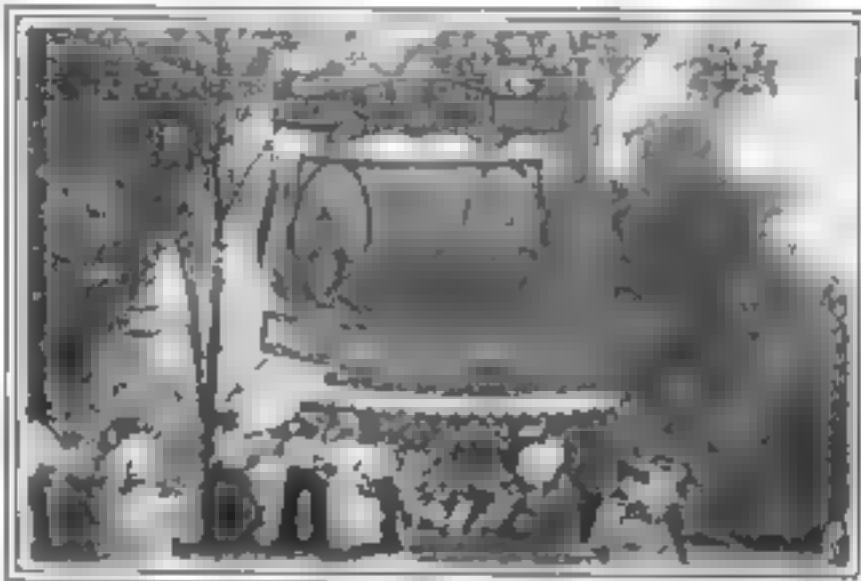


STYLISH LUNCH BOXES.
One of the latest in green
material is the lunch box
shown below.

IT MAY be that the famous South family of New Jersey have held their last reunion. There is a cloud of sadness in the thought as there is in the breaking up of a family and a home. The Souths of New Jersey are all at the same brunch all related by blood or marriage, and for want of a name they have designated every dinner in a grove of apple-trees on the farm of one of the founders as the "gripe" and while it has been the custom to make merry over the idea of a reunion of Souths here has been nothing far from their hearts. It may be that the twenty or with thirty, which such place recently sold for the use of one of the grandest contributions of the wealthy people of New York, the late Mrs. Margaret A. J. where the South reunion has always been held is already surrounded by the country place of wealth.



THE OLD FETTER WITH WORKWEAR, ONE AND ONE-HALF MILES FROM BEAUFORT WHILE TWENTY-SEVEN MILLIONS OF THE FAMILY HAVE BEEN SOLD.

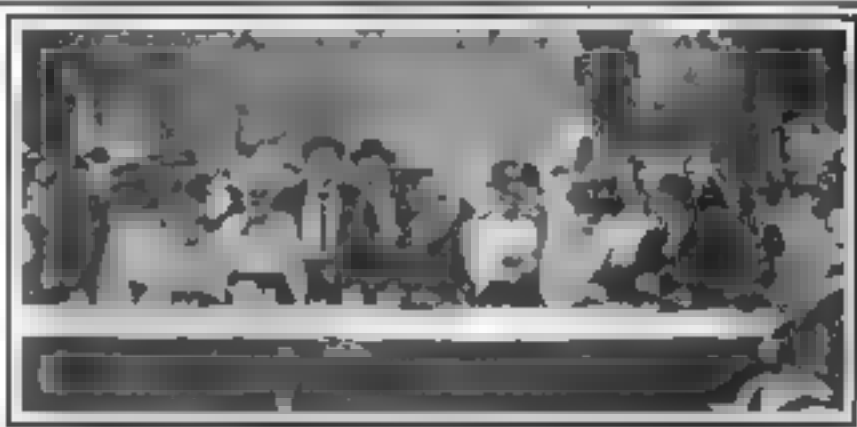
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THE APPLICANT DURING WHICH PERIOD IS THE TRUCK AND CARRIER ALL ABSENT AT THE FIRM OFFICE.

now lies in the little graveyard of his family at Newton in that State. John Smith and his wife Christiana, were



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THESE THINGS ARE NOT TO BE USED OR REPRODUCED IN ANY MANNER

How Rural Mail Delivery Kills Trade

THAT THE new system of rural mail delivery has many decided advantages over the old method of the country post office. There can be no doubt and those who have set forth in glowing terms the blessings it will confer upon the farming population in the way of intellectual improvement have perhaps not overstated the case. Yet in this picture as in most others there are two sides. So in 1908, when rural delivery was first proposed in the country, the scheme as we conceive it was justly opposed by a certain distinguished and usually himself-minded statesman on the ground that the institution would tend to do away with the good old practice of the country people convening at the village post office to talk over local politics and other neighborhood affairs, and thus a nail be a severe blow to democratic institutions. More practical, however, than this is the objection now coming from country storekeepers in localities where rural delivery is in actual operation. They complain that it is injuring their business. Under the old postal regulations the farmer went to the village for his mail, and just so sure

A Girl's Problem

How to Feed Himself When Receiving Dues

I am a stenographer.¹² That statement brings up a picture of long hours of time-consuming, sentimental, slow mental concentration and subsequent exhaustion and tiredness. These came up before a question.

A young lady in Dartmouth then, writes: "Some time ago I was a stenographer in a large city retail store and having the responsibility of the entire work feeling largely upon me my health began gradually to decline, and I found facing the difficult problem of finding relief of some kind or leaving my situation. When added to my trouble I became despondent and nervous and suffered with insomnia and restlessness at night."

¹² I was speaking of my shorter one day to a trained nurse, who recommended that I begin a systematic day



"The people crowded in on him, and he was unable to get through the crowd."—Roosevelt in the city of St. Paul, Minn.



"We need to live the plain, practical, every-day virtues."—Address at Portland, Me.



"The country districts are those in which we are most in need of the old American spirit."—Speech at the American Union Fair at Chicago.



"We need to live the plain, practical, every-day virtues."—Address at Portland, Me.



THE PRESIDENT AT THE HOME OF THE LATE JAMES G. BLAKE AT AUGUSTA.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S WELCOME IN THE PINE-TREE STATE
LARGE AND ADMIRING ASSEMBLAGES CAPTIVATED BY HIS VIGOROUS SPEECHES.—Photographs by our staff writer, G. B. Loring, accompanying the Presidential party.



STREET SCENE IN NEW YORK CITY. THE BUILDING ON THE LEFT IS THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY.



THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. ROOSEVELT RECEIVING FLOWERS FROM A GROUP OF WOMEN AT CUMMINGTON, MASS.



A GROUP OF MEN, INCLUDING THE PRESIDENT, AT A FORMAL DINNER AT THE WHITE HOUSE.



"IF WE HAVE NOT GOT IN IN THE LIFT TOWARD BATHING BEACH, PRESIDENT WILL BE A COOL."—PRESIDENT AND MRS. ROOSEVELT AT BATHING BEACH, N. Y.

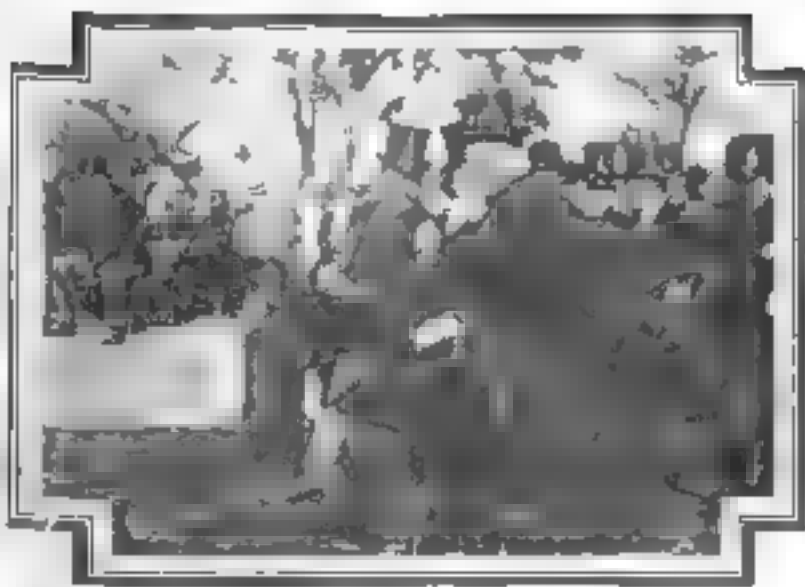


GOING ABOARD AFTER A RIDE ON THE GREAT EASTERN RAILROAD.

THE GUEST OF HONOR OF MILL

STRIKING SCENES AND INCIDENTS THAT MARKED PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S TOUR OF

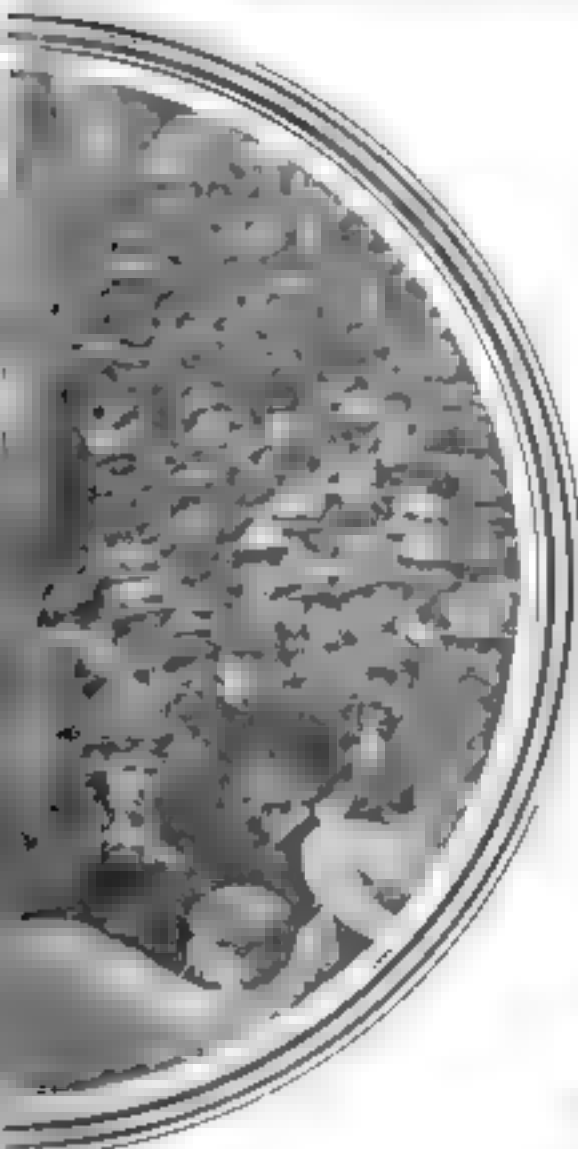
WEEKLY



A LUSH PARK 'JARDIN' IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK



THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C.



A CHANDLER CHANDLER



A VIEW OF THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, D. C.



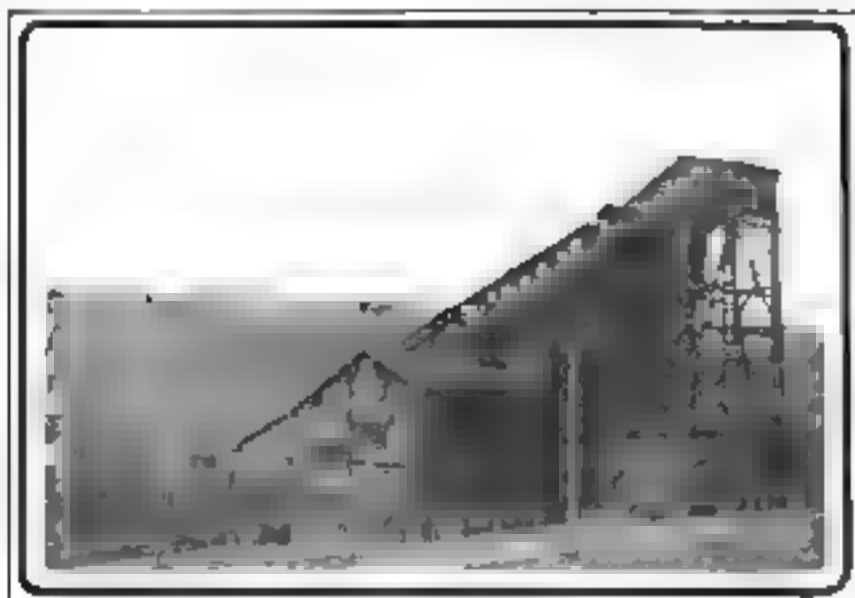
A GROUP OF NEW YORKERS



"TO THE MEN WHO FIGHT FOR THE COUNTRY IS OWING A GREATER DEBT OF GRATITUDE THAN TO ANY OTHER" PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS AT U. S. A. S. ENCAMPMENT AT THE WHEEL, N. H. - IN EXCITEMENT OF SPEAKING, PRESIDENT MOUNTED A TABLE.

IONS OF NEW ENGLAND PEOPLE

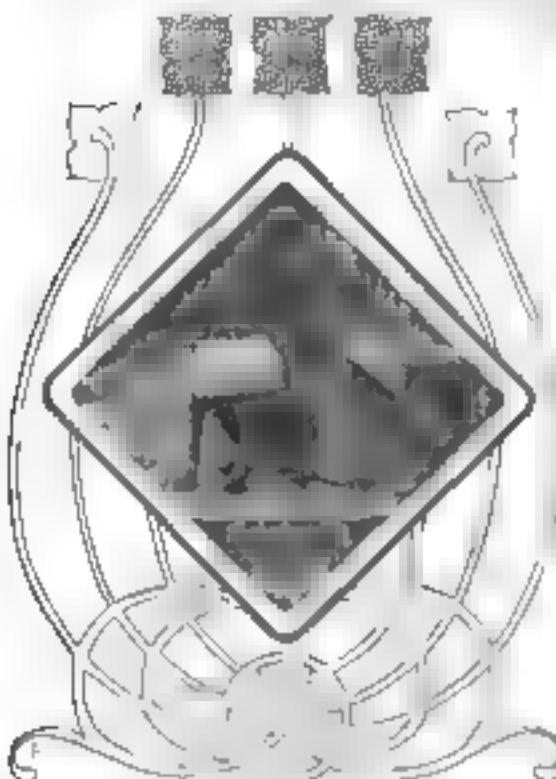
THE EASTERN STATES. Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. Luckey, accompanying the Presidential party



90 BEAKS IN THE LOG STUMM BLIND AT 11:45 AM, THEN, SHAR WENT FOR
MIGRA AND LAMPING. Major K. David Humphreys, Penn.



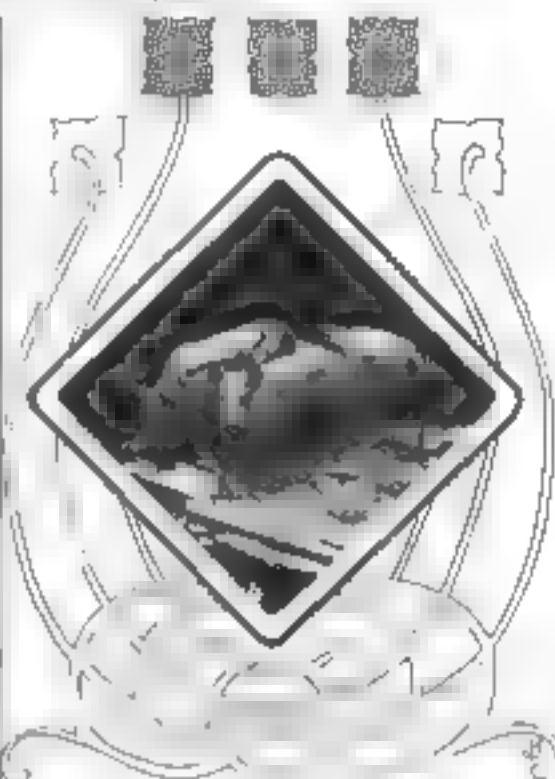
JOHN WATSON'S LITTONS OF THE CHURCHES OF GLOUCESTER,
P. 40. in *Notes & Queries*. 1892.



▲ PROPRIETARY INFORMATION: THIS DOCUMENT IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/04 BY 60324 UCBAW



SHAKESPEARE & VICTOR'S WILD BEARS IN CALIFORNIA
J. G. C. - Spring 1994 - Vol. 1

[illegible]

(FIRE-WINNER. OFF THE FILING-LINE IN THE EARLY BATTLE OF THE FIRST MINORCA INCIDENT AT ST. LOUIS—BY A 4-0-0000. SC 2-0-0000)

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—MISSOURI WINS
STRIKING PICTURES GLEANED BY THE CAMERA ARTISTS IN A WIDE VARIETY OF FIELDS.

(SEE OFFTOP OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PAGES IN OUR RELATING PHOTOGRAPHIC ATTACHMENTS ELSEWHERE IN THIS MAIL.)

The Drama



ELIZABETH FRANK,
As the upstart May Truett in
"Captain Billy" at the New
Herald Theatre.




MRS. FATSHE CAMPBELL,
Who appears in "The Girl
Who Was in the Garden" at the
Herald Theatre.



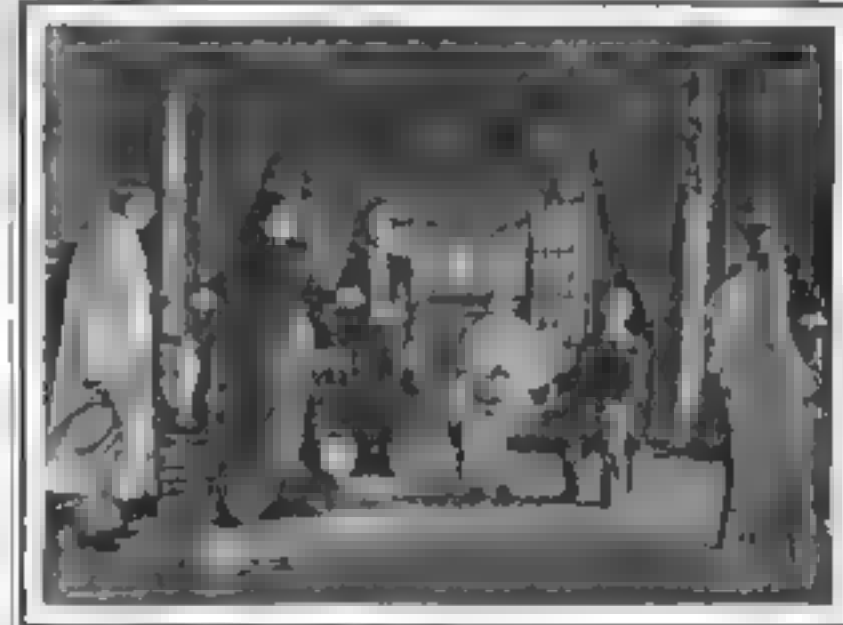
VIRGINIA WARNER,
Who will be seen in "The
Girl Who Was in the Garden" at the
Herald Theatre.



JOHN DREW AND MARGARET OAK,
As the Master and the Mistress in
"The Girl Who Was in the Garden" at the
Herald Theatre.



ACT III. OF "THE NEW CLOWN," BY THE LAMAR.
Players from left to right: James Butler, Ralph Belmont, Douglas
Morgan, Margaret Oak, John Drew, and George Irving.—Byron.



"THE GIRL WHO WAS IN THE GARDEN," AT WALLACE'S.
Scene in Act I. When Lady May Truett is in the garden with her husband's "legion" of footmen and her
Byron.



THE SPIRITED SCENE OF ACT IV. OF "CAPTAIN BILLY."
Richard Tyson, as May, among the flag, etc. "The flag she'll tell us of."—Byron.

THE DRAMA IN NEW YORK
NOTABLE SUCCESSES WHICH CHARACTERIZE THE OPENING OF A MOST PROMISING SEASON.

BOOKMAKING EXPENSES AT HALE TRACKS TENNIS EXPERTS NEED MORE TRAINING

In the World of Sports

**CYCLE TEAM HAVING MUST STOP FINE
OF TROOP FOR HUNTERS**

THE PRINCE OF THE BLOOD WAS
BY THE TIME THAT HE WAS
SIXTEEN YEARS OLD HE HAD
BECOME A VERY FAMOUS
PERSON IN THE COURT OF
THE KING OF FRANCE. HE
WAS A VERY HANDSOME
YOUNG MAN AND WAS
VERY WELL EDUCATED. HE
WAS A VERY CAPABLE
MAN AND WAS A VERY
GOOD SOLDIER. HE WAS
A VERY GOOD MAN AND
A VERY GOOD SOLDIER.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	5
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2) the second one. The solution is the following: consider the first graph having undirected edges in both directions in

[illegible][illegible]

David G. Bates and co-workers at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign have shown that the rate of degradation of a polymer is not only a function of the polymer's chemical structure, but also of its physical structure. The researchers found that the rate of degradation of a polymer is a function of the polymer's crystallinity, which is the degree to which the polymer is ordered. The researchers found that the rate of degradation of a polymer is a function of the polymer's crystallinity, which is the degree to which the polymer is ordered.

[illegible]

Ինչ ընկալելու ձևերն ունենալը կարևոր է, որ արդեն այդ քաղաքում չմտնենք, թե ինչպե՞ս կարող ենք մեզ համարժեցնել այդ անհասկանալի և անհասկանալի քաղաքին:

2) the second one. The solution is the following: consider the first graph having a vertex v of degree $d(v)$ and let v be adjacent to $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{d(v)}$. Let $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_{d(v)}$ be the graphs obtained by deleting v and the edge vv_i from G for $i = 1, 2, \dots, d(v)$. Then G is the disjoint union of $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_{d(v)}$ and v . By induction hypothesis, $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_{d(v)}$ are bipartite graphs. Let U_1, V_1 and U_2, V_2 be bipartitions of G_1 and G_2 respectively. Let $U = U_1 \cup U_2 \cup \dots \cup U_{d(v)}$ and $V = V_1 \cup V_2 \cup \dots \cup V_{d(v)}$ be bipartitions of $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_{d(v)}$ respectively. Then U and V are bipartitions of G . \square

| Step | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |
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David G. Bates and co-workers at the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign have shown that the rate of degradation of a polymer is not only a function of the polymer's chemical structure, but also of its physical structure. The researchers found that the rate of degradation of a polymer is also a function of the polymer's morphology, or the way the polymer is packed together. This finding has important implications for the design of polymers for use in a variety of applications, from packaging to biomedical devices.



THE 1994-1995 FISCAL YEAR REPORT OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, WASHINGTON, D.C.



THIS SIGNATURE L. GARNIER APPEARS TWICE ON THE LABEL OF EVERY BOTTLE OF

Chartreuse

GREEN AND YELLOW

THE HIGHEST GRADE AFTER DINNER. CHARTREUSE IS THE ONLY COGNAC MADE BY THE CARMES. AN MONKS OF THE GRAND CHATEAU. A GLASS AFTER DINNER IS A WONDERFUL AID TO DIGESTION. IT GIVES A NEW TERMINATION TO THE MOST ELABORATE BANQUET AND IS AN APPEALING AND SATISFACTORY CONCLUSION TO ALMOST ANY MEAL.

Sole Importers: The New York Wine & Spirit Company, New York City.

Life-insurance Suggestions

Life-insurance Suggestions.

TO THE: The insurance is intended for the protection of the family. No one can afford to neglect this important matter. A life insurance policy is a wise investment and a safeguard for the future.

A life insurance policy is a wise investment and a safeguard for the future. It provides for the family in the event of an untimely death. The policy should be chosen carefully, and the terms should be understood. The insurance company should be reputable and the policy should be paid for in advance.

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The Harriet.



Pears'

Its least virtue is that it lasts so. Soap is for comfort and cleanliness. Pears soap cleanliness—perfect cleanliness and comfort.

Hope for Consumptives.

A Positive Cure Found By a Celebrated Michigan Physician. He Sends a Free Package Free.

At last a cure for consumption. A positive cure found by a celebrated Michigan physician. He sends a free package free.



DR. J. P. THOMPSON, THE DISCOVERER OF THE ONLY CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Dr. J. P. Thompson, the discoverer of the only cure for consumption, has found a positive cure for this deadly disease. He sends a free package free to all who are afflicted with consumption.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

It has been found that the best way to keep the bowels regular is by using Cascarets.



KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

Hints to Money-makers.

Hints to Money-makers. The first hint is to be honest. The second hint is to be hardworking. The third hint is to be frugal.

The first hint is to be honest. The second hint is to be hardworking. The third hint is to be frugal. The fourth hint is to be patient.

The fourth hint is to be patient. The fifth hint is to be persistent. The sixth hint is to be ambitious.

The sixth hint is to be ambitious. The seventh hint is to be energetic. The eighth hint is to be determined.

The eighth hint is to be determined. The ninth hint is to be successful.

The ninth hint is to be successful. The tenth hint is to be happy.

The tenth hint is to be happy. The eleventh hint is to be content.

The eleventh hint is to be content. The twelfth hint is to be grateful.

The twelfth hint is to be grateful. The thirteenth hint is to be kind.

The thirteenth hint is to be kind. The fourteenth hint is to be generous.

Kitchen Utensils
TRADE MARK
AGATE
CUTLERY
AND SAFETY

NO PURCHASE NECESSARY
Win a set of Agate Nickel-Steel Ware
The Big Prize is a set of Agate Nickel-Steel Ware, including a tea set, a coffee set, and a dinner set. The prize is awarded to the person who collects the most Agate Nickel-Steel Ware labels.

THE EQUITABLE
STRONGEST IN THE WORLD

THE HARVEST
of your life is secure if you secure it in the Equitable on the Endowment Plan. If you die early your family will be provided for. If you live you can reap the harvest yourself.

Here is the harvest being reaped this year by the holder of Endowment No. 291,427 for \$10,000 taken out in 1892.
Cash \$14,885.30
This is a return of all premiums paid, and \$5,137.30 in addition, so he can have an annuity for life of \$1,084.00.

Send the coupon for particulars of such a policy issued at your age.
THE EQUITABLE SOCIETY 120 Broadway New York City, N.Y.
Please send me information regarding the above plan for life.

Name _____
Address _____

ROOSEVELT IN THE SOUTH.—RECIPROCITY REVELATIONS BY HON. WHARTON BARKER

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Vol. XCV. No. 2455

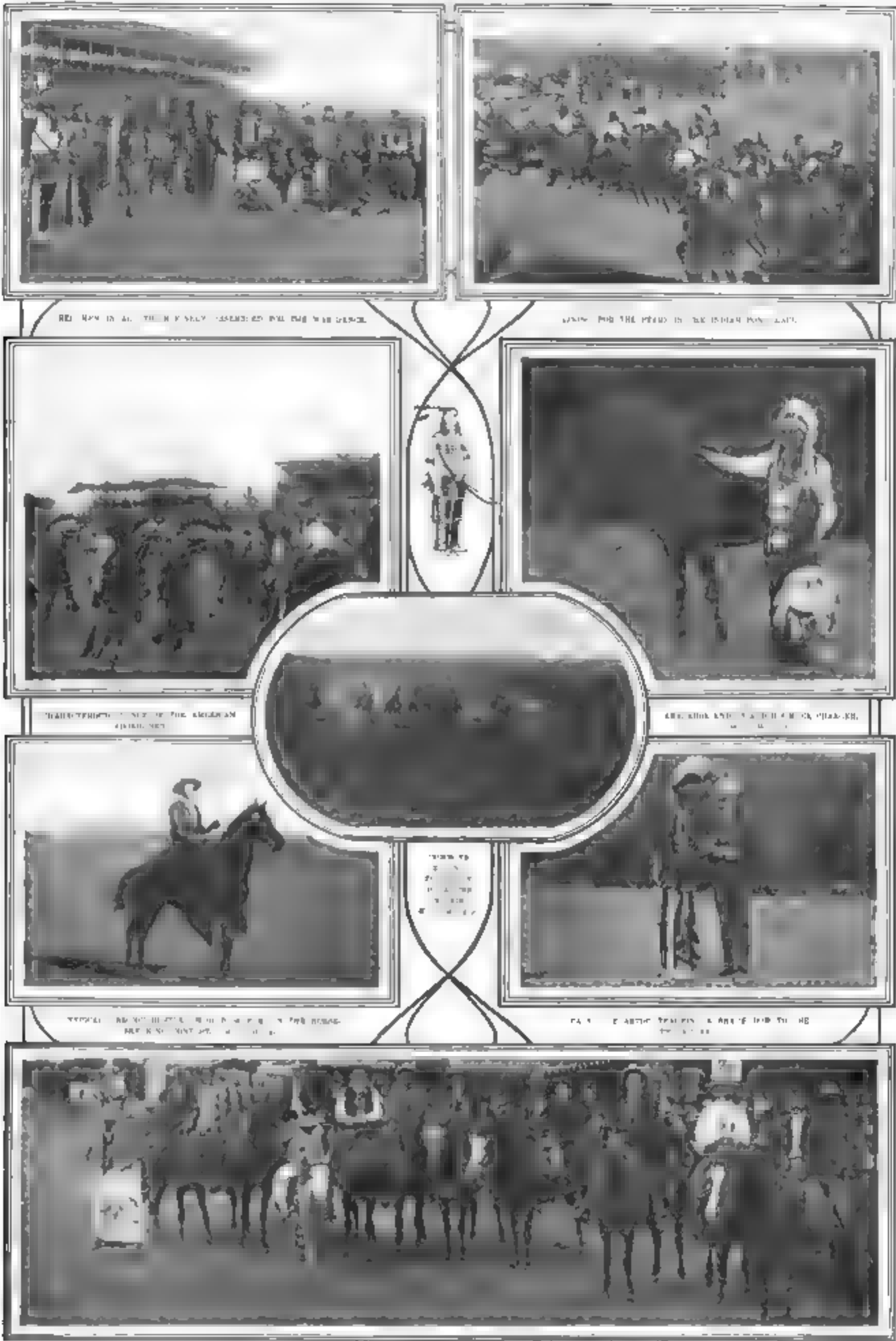
New York, September 25, 1902

Price 10 Cents



THE WAR BETWEEN COWBOYS AND SHEPHERDS IN THE WEST
MASKED CATTLEMEN IN WYOMING, AIMING TO DRIVE SHEEP MEN AWAY, SHOOT DOWN SHEEP AND THEIR HERDERS.

Drawn for Leslie's Weekly by T. Carl Walker. See page 21.



RED MAN IN ALL THE NEWLY-ARRIVED IN THE WESTERN

WOMAN FOR THE FIGHT IN THE INDIAN FIGHT

STAND-UP FIGHT OF THE AMERICAN

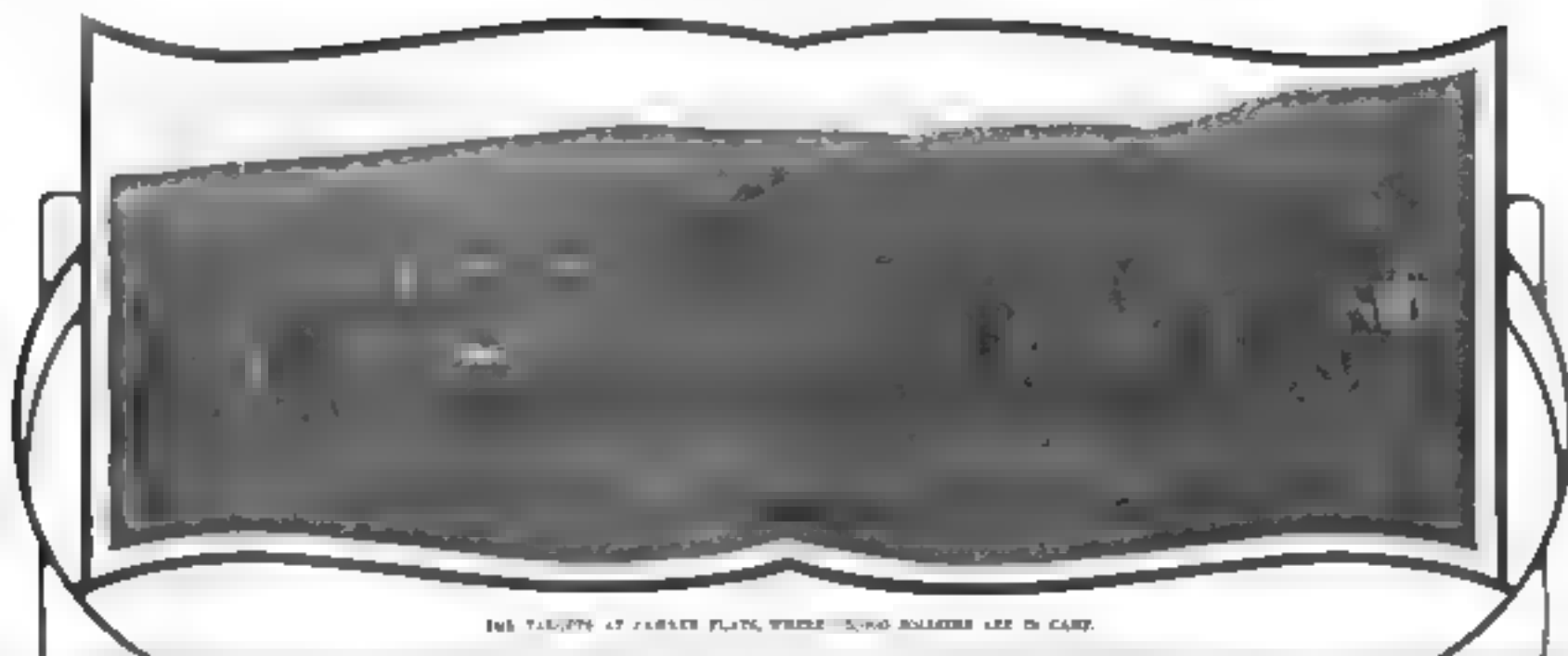
AMERICAN AND INDIAN FIGHT

WOMAN FOR THE FIGHT IN THE INDIAN FIGHT

WOMAN FOR THE FIGHT IN THE INDIAN FIGHT

STREET SCENE IN CHEYENNE DURING THE FRONTIER FESTIVAL

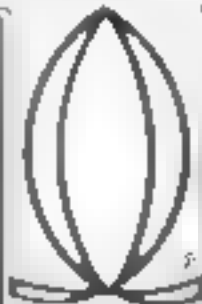
"FRONTIER DAY," WYOMING'S MOST NOTABLE CELEBRATION.
GRAND FESTIVAL AT CHEYENNE. REPRODUCING STRIKING FEATURES OF THE STRENUOUS LIFE OF THE PLAINS.
See opposite page.



THE TARGETS AT ARCADE PLATE, WHERE 15,000 SOLDIERS ARE IN CAMP.



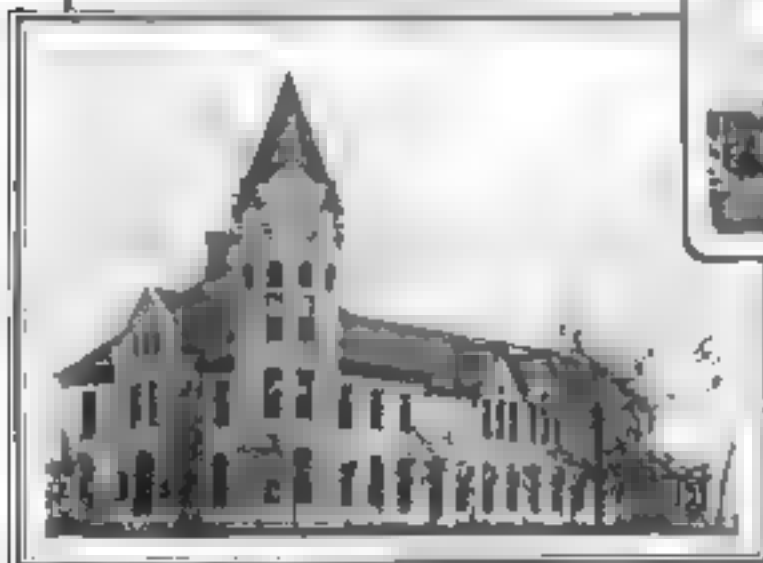
HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, BUILT BY THE U. S. ARMY.



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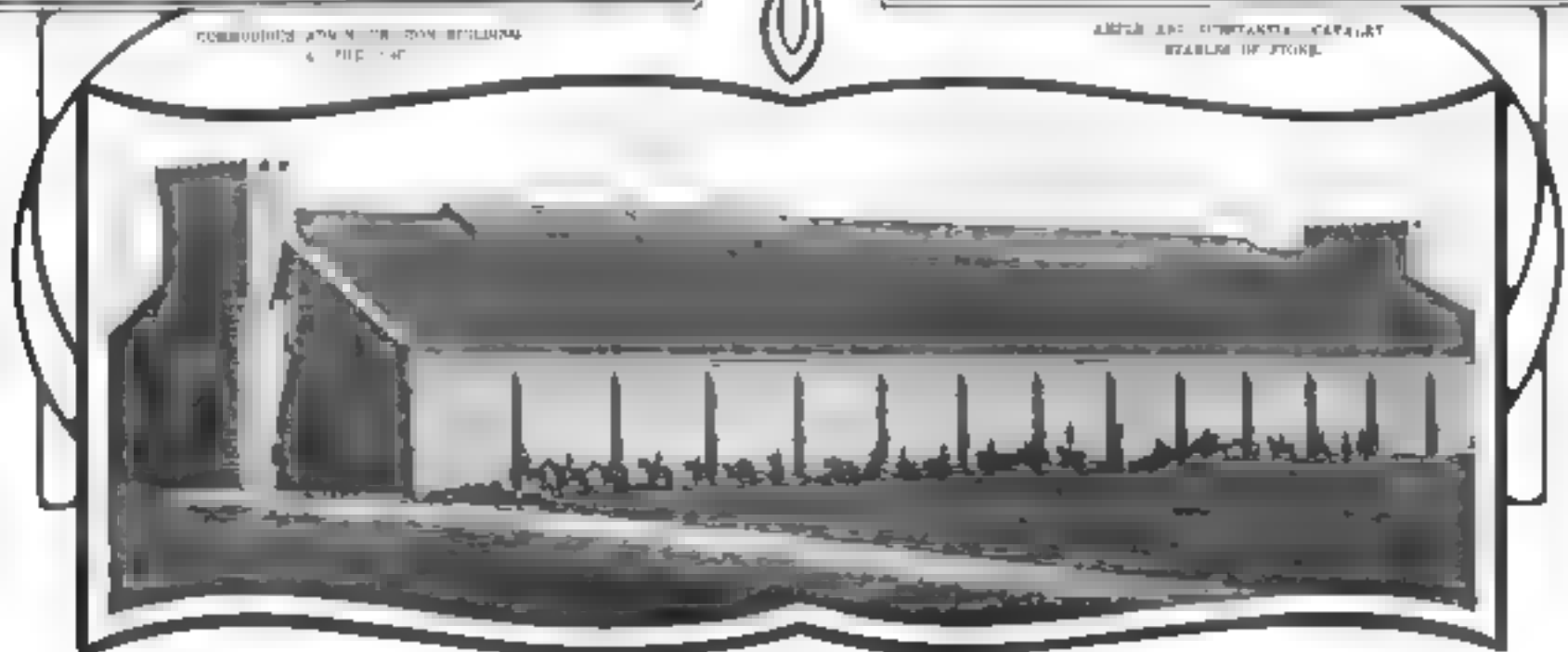
HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, BUILT BY THE U. S. ARMY.



HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, BUILT BY THE U. S. ARMY.



ARMY AND CAVALRY STABLES OF STONE.



LARGEST STONE HALL IN THE WORLD, 500 FEET LONG AND 100 FEET WIDE.

MANŒUVRES OF THE AMERICAN ARMY AT FORT RILEY

MILITARY POST AT FORT RILEY, KAN., WHERE 15,000 REGULARS WILL ENGAGE IN A SERIES OF ARMY MANŒUVRES

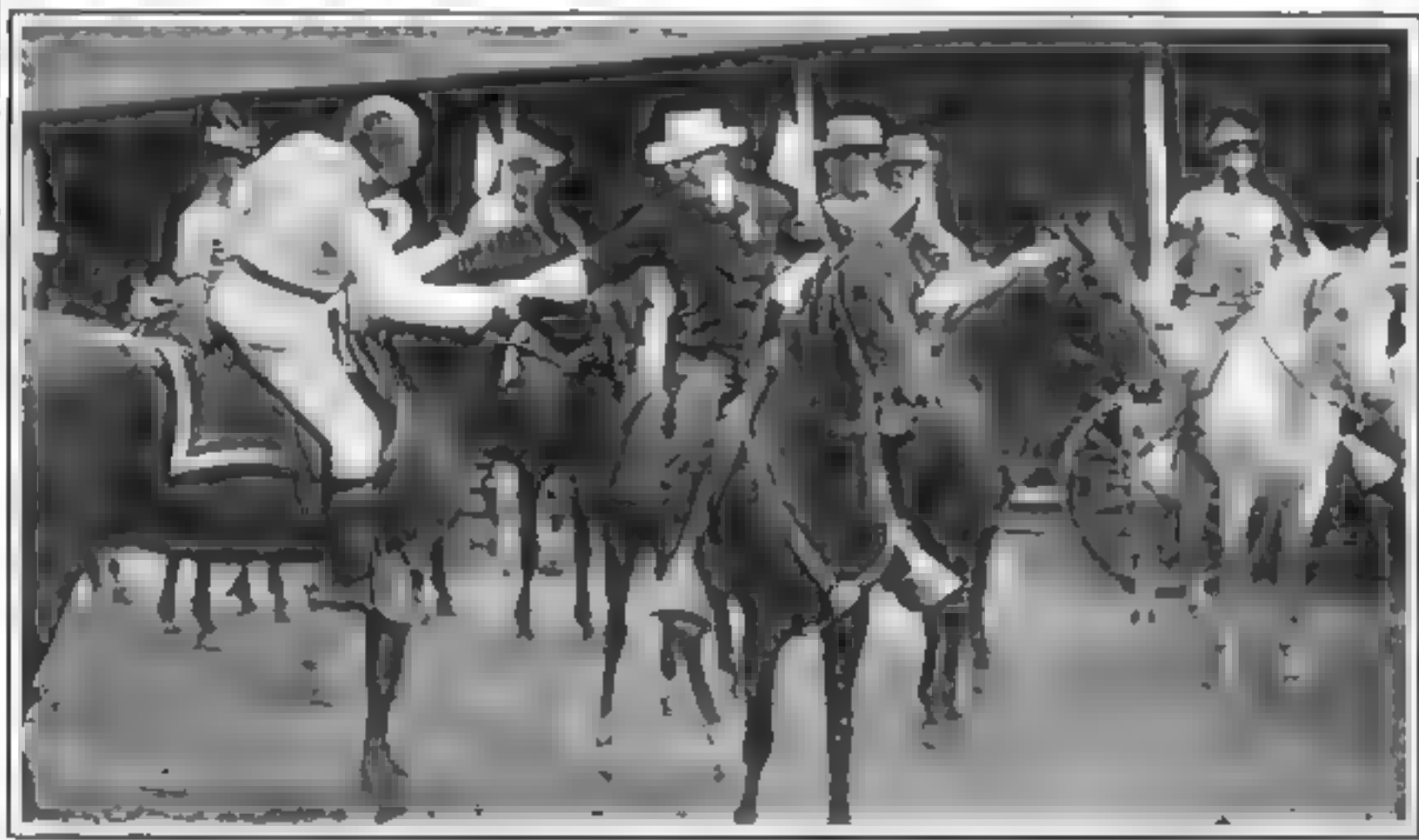
Photographs by C. M. Harvey—See page 202.



THE PRESIDENT MOUNTED FOR THE FINE RIDE IN WHICH THE THUNDER WHEEL WAS TAKEN TO AND OF WHICH THIS IS A SCENE.



VIEW AT THE PRESENT OF THE FRONT OF THE REVIEW TAKEN IN THE PARKY BATTLE-FIELD.



"YOU DON'T KNOW HOW GLAD I AM TO GET ON A HORSE. I WANT A CANNON. PRESIDENT TO OFFICIAL STOP BEFORE THE WART."

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT, THE MAN ON HORSEBACK.

HIS RECENT RIDE THROUGH CHICKAMAUGA PARK. SCENE OF A GREAT BATTLE OF THE CIVIL WAR.

Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. Lacey, accompanying the Presidential party.

Have We Counted the Cost of the Panama Canal?

By Peter MacQueen

PANAMA NEWS, August 21st, 1902.

IT is an old saying that fools rush in where angels fear to tread. Whenever any great project, glazed over with glittering words comes before the nation, the thoughtless millions clap their hands and cry "Great as Diana of the Ephesians!" Of all the myriads in the United States who want a canal dug somehow through the isthmus which separates North America and South America, how many really understand just what is going to be the cost and what the return on this gigantic labor?

To begin with, let us consider the Spaniards who have left scattered armies this place from Panama to Colon, forty-seven miles of element testimony to fruitless folly. It is estimated that over two hundred and fifty millions dollars in good French gold lies rotting in the swamps of Panama, no has been wasted in the most fantastic tragedy of the nineteenth century. I remember being in Paris years ago, and noting the stricken, wilted looks on the faces of the French middle class who had come from the Loire and the farms of Brittany to give in their last years to the construction of a canal. How many died of poverty and a broken heart in France will never be known, but certainly there were enough to count a dead span of women for every ten on the Panama Railroad.

When coming here I have been given splendid, rare opportunity to see the line of the proposed canal. General Shaler and the officials of the railroad have been more than kind in the matter. We crossed the isthmus on the railroad's special car and marked the various deviations of the canal and the houses and hospitals built by the French companies at the several points. The work of the old French de Lesseps company had been done of its own, but the recklessness and extravagance of the company are severely believable. Two hundred splendid Belgian engines are lying idle in the sheds. Hundreds of tons of elegant machinery are rotting out in the former swamps. There have been waterworks built that would be luxurious in Paris, and some of the hospitals cost a million dollars and were as lavishly equipped as those near the Channel River. What man has done here may do again. We must not rush into this great scheme without deep, careful thought. At the lowest estimate to finish the canal even now will cost more than the Spanish-American War.

It is true the French companies have left nearly twenty miles of the railway practically cut. But the American train will have to widen, deepen and improve all this work. The biggest bit of all places is a great help by furnishing water, while at other points the company which will take the utmost skill of the best engineers of the century. A vast excavation through the mountains near Panama, known as the Culebra cut has been dug to a great depth with preceding wall. But colossal work is

still required. It takes more work for the government than will be done and the war much time and money before the ditch goes through. The question of whether the work shall be done by contractors or directly by the government means millions.

The important question to consider is the health question. No part of Central America is a sanitarium. Notwithstanding I will say that Colon though exceeding all other places I have seen has dirt as yet not so pestiferous as I expected to find it. Words and photographs would not describe the superstitious nature of Colon's filth. Of course I am here at the height of the rainy and unhealthy season. There is no attempt at drainage. Filth is flung out of the windows into the streets. On a morning walk you must look out that you do not get the contents of a wash-basin on your new duck suit. Colon has a population of 2,000, variegated beyond the usual Japanese negroes left over from the old de Lesseps days, Indians mixed with Spaniards, English, Scotch, Danish West Indian colonists—a vast mosaic of all the races and problems that have come down to us from the days of the pirates of the Spanish Main. In the face of appalling filth and uncleanness there has not been a case of cholera fever or contagious disease of any kind treated at the Colon hospital thus far during 1902.

The American colony numbering about 130 souls, lives along the seashore at Colon. Their houses are very attractive and sanitary conditions being well attended to they have delightful and beautiful places of abode. But unless the American government gets full control of Colon before the canal is begun, the status of people in this Spanish possession of the canal would be a dangerous menace to the whole isthmus. Just now the cause of the disease here are largely due to malarial or malarial. I was allowed by Dr. Randall physician of the Panama Railroad, to examine the hospital records for eight years, and I was much surprised to find that yellow fever is not nearly so prevalent as is generally supposed in the Isthmian region.

The health of Colon, however, will be in a very different way when 25,000 or 30,000 workers assemble here from all the world. The sanitary expense of the canal project then is not an easy task to estimate. The whole town of Colon will have to be lighted, filled in and drained. When the war is turned up pestiferous vapors will be blown and though I do not agree with Senator Morgan that the health of people on ships passing through the canal will be endangered, yet we must count on having more illness on the isthmus during the digging of the waterway. How we best to both the Colon and Isthmian rates.

The annual rainfall for the year at Colon is two inches at Colon at a 100 inches at La Chorrera the rainfall is 341 inches per year. When it poured in torrents the other day the people told me that the sea was not a storm, only

a shower. This rain of eight months every year presents tremendous engineering difficulties, never before encountered in the history of the world. No doubt the original estimate of the cost of constructing the canal will be increased by at least one-third.

At present the idea is to build a canal with locks, but I have no idea that this will ever be done. A sea-level canal is the one that will finally be feasible. The tide at Panama is eighteen feet. In tide at Colon is eight feet. When the engineers get down into the bottom they will doubtless, very reasonably report that the locks and gates are great improvements. People have been upon a sea-level canal as a foregone conclusion. By sinking the Culebra cut eighteen feet more than the present surveys call for this result can be obtained. That means fifty millions dollars at one clip. Before we have mastered the problems of health, rain, wind and cyclonic storms cutting and level dredging, the isthmian ditch will probably cost half a billion dollars.

The Colombian government is another question. I had several long conversations with Dr. Marin-Farfan, the most prominent of Colombian politicians and able jurist and formerly, minister of the province of Panama. He opines that all parties in Colombia are of the canal, and favor giving America all reasonable concessions. But even this splendid, broad-gauge Colombian statement has to be passed over to the jurisdiction of Panama and Colon. Panama City is a Spanish possession of 25,000 inhabitants, very charming in situation and scenery in fact. But just as unwholesome as can be. As my good friend Captain Brown of the Panama Railroad expressed it, "between the sea and rain and the filth, the streets of Panama are as clean as a whistle."

There are approximately some of the difficulties involved in the construction of the canal. 1. Immense problems in sanitation. 2. Great difficulty of climate to the government. 3. Critical diplomatic relations with the Colombian government, which may only be overcome with great patience and toleration. 4. The inevitable increase of expense above the original estimates of cost. The most careful financial statement assure me that the cost of this undertaking with the expenses attached to its operation will be at least five hundred million dollars a year, while the exports resulting from the canal's trade will on the same estimate, be only \$7,000,000, thus leaving a deficit of \$430,000,000 a year.

On the other hand, on the water way is put through successfully, it will make the canal system the nucleus of the commerce in destiny of North and South America. I have no thought that the Americans will fail in any great project in which they put their hands, but I sincerely ask, are we ready to undertake this colossal task and will it pay us in the end?



THE "HIGH WATER" STREET OF A TOWN FLOODED BY RAIN OVER A FEW HOURS.



HOW THE LEARNING THUNDERBOLTS LOOKED ON MONDAY AFTERNOON. A LANE THROUGH THE CORN.

WONDERFUL PROGRESS OF ANADARKO, OKLAHOMA, SCARCELY MORE THAN A YEAR OLD

Photographs by Mrs. J. B. Stone, Anadarko

A Young City's Marvelous Growth.

THE RAPIDITY with which things are done in the bustling West is strikingly shown in the case of Anadarko, Oklahoma, a little city which has just celebrated the first anniversary of its founding. Marvelous has been its history from the sale of the first lot in a corner field August 24th 1901 to its present metropolitan appearance. Large brick streets have taken the place of the tent and shanty in use then. Gravel streets and broad sidewalks displaced the cow-rows long ago. Telephone lines form a network at some of the best centers and everywhere may be seen improvements and beautification in cities of ten times its age. A tramway is in place with a capacity of seventy-five cars daily and only supplies the city but adjacent towns also.

Contracts are now being let for a \$200,000 court-house, \$5,000 jail, \$200,000 school-buildings, \$40,000 waterworks, etc. Electric light, waterworks are making preparations. A hat man the city will be a thoroughly light watered and equipped in all particulars. The population now is about 3,000, and is growing wonderfully all the time. Good homes are springing up throughout the city. Indiana recently received a large payment due them on

the sale of their reservation, and spent it mostly at Anadarko's numerous stores.

From the pioneer days with the removal of the Grand Army of the Republic of Oklahoma took place at Anadarko. Thousands were present from all parts of the Territory.

A Peculiar Adirondack Crop.

THE PRINCE of berries offers in many sections of the country during the summer months profitable employment to large numbers of people. At West Chazy, Clinton County, N. Y., the sort of industry has become of more than passing interest. In that town Mr. Albert E. Wood owns a cluster of patch comprising one thousand acres. The tract is an old lake bed, still being found indicated in the track and the lake stones plainly showing the wear of water. The property and business of blueberrying have been in the Wood family for at least forty years. The blueberry season at West Chazy opens on July 1st and lasts until August 20th or September 1st. Nearly three hundred pickers, many coming from the neighboring towns, but the majority from Canada, establish themselves for the short season

in little shanties at some fifty "camps" on the Wood tract, and while families engage in the work of picking, in the center of the tract there is a store where the berries are measured and bought and where groceries are added to the pickers. Mr. Wood pays the pickers from five to seven cents per quart and sells the fruit mainly in Troy and Schenectady for about nine or fifteen cents per quart. This year he shipped more than 50,000 quarts to the cities named. Some of the pickers can earn \$3 or \$4 per day and not a few families make enough this to keep them through the winter. The fruit is all raised, devoted at the time of the season.

The pickers' preparations for dinner afford an interesting sight. Few of them are supplied with stoves and the greater part of them do their cooking over open fires built up front of their one-story huts. The campers are so industrious and busy that they do not see them idle unless it rains and makes the berries wet and unsalable. Among their simple diversions in camp are included the visits of park-keepers, and fortune-telling by palmists or other means.

Greatest of All Tonics.

HIGHLY NUTRITIOUS AND PHOSPHATE.

NOURISHES, STRENGTHENS, AND IMPARTS NEW LIFE AND VIGOR.



PARSONS AND DOUGLAS THE PRINCE OF THE CASTLES



A DELICIOUS BIRD
IN THE WOODS
BUT NOT
LAND



A WOODSIDE PATH THROUGH THE JUNGLE OF INTEREST AND ATTRACTION.

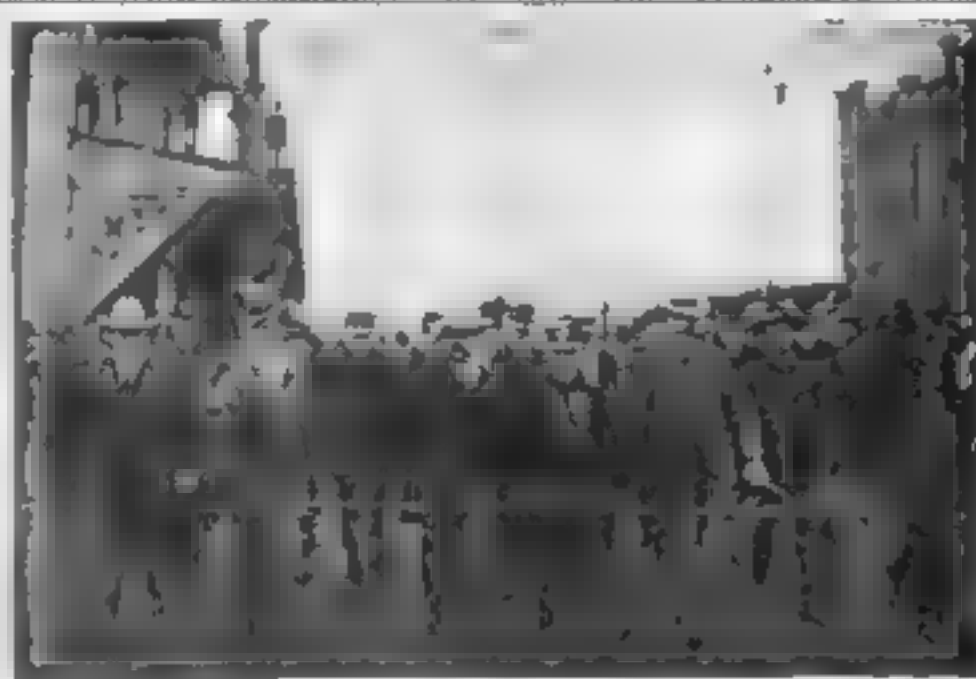


THE CASE OF THE PRINCE OF THE CASTLES AT THE CASTLE

A PROFITABLE ADIRONDACK INDUSTRY

HUNDREDS OF INDUSTRIOUS MEN ARE GATHERING BY THE CARLOAD AMID THE NORTH WOODS MOUNTAINS

Photo supplied by Mrs. L. E. Prescott, New York City



THE GREAT ST. LOUIS FAIR FROM THE TRAIN TO THE TOWER — AS AT CHATTANOOGA.



GENERAL HART AND THE PRESIDENT AT CHATTANOOGA.

ADDRESSING THE TEN THOUSAND CONVENTION AT CHATTANOOGA.



ADDRESSING THE TEN THOUSAND CONVENTION AT CHATTANOOGA.



LEAVING ELTHAM, GEORGE W. VANDERBILT'S MAGNIFICENT ESTATE AT ANNAPOLIS.



PRESIDENT, FROM A BALCONY ADDRESSING THE TEN THOUSAND CONVENTION AT CHATTANOOGA.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S DE
KALEIDOSCOPIC GLIMPSES OF HIS PROGRESS THROUGH SCENES OF CH
Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. L.



BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
V. THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
et al.

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Funk John W. H. 1980
Funk J. W. H.

【LIFE7】 7月、お盆のころ、いよいよ夏本番です。7月、8月は、お盆のころ、いよいよ夏本番です。



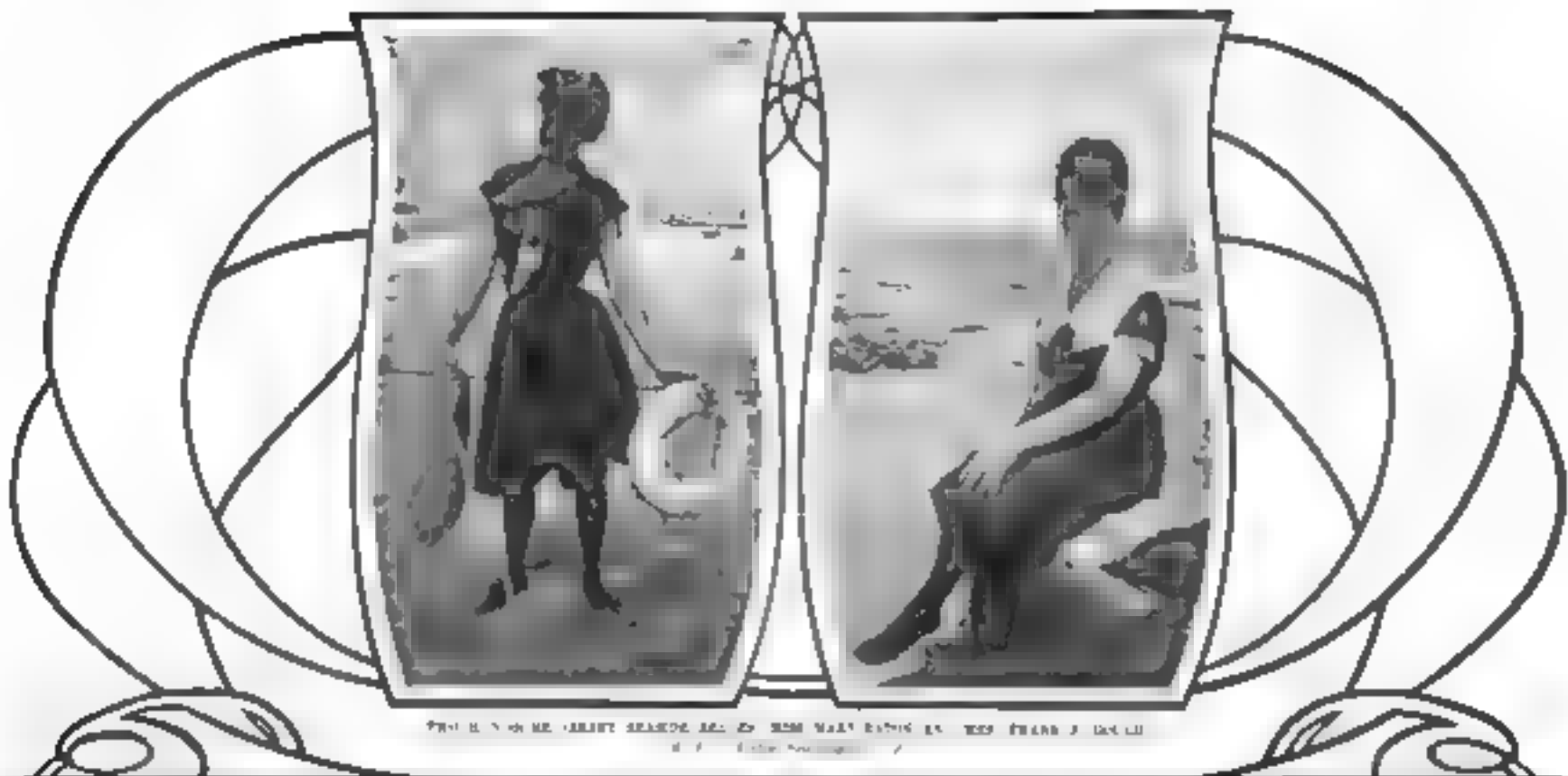
A BIG CROWD AT WHEELING, W. VA.

VIEWING THE RESULTS AND CHANGES OF VANDERBILT'S FILTERS

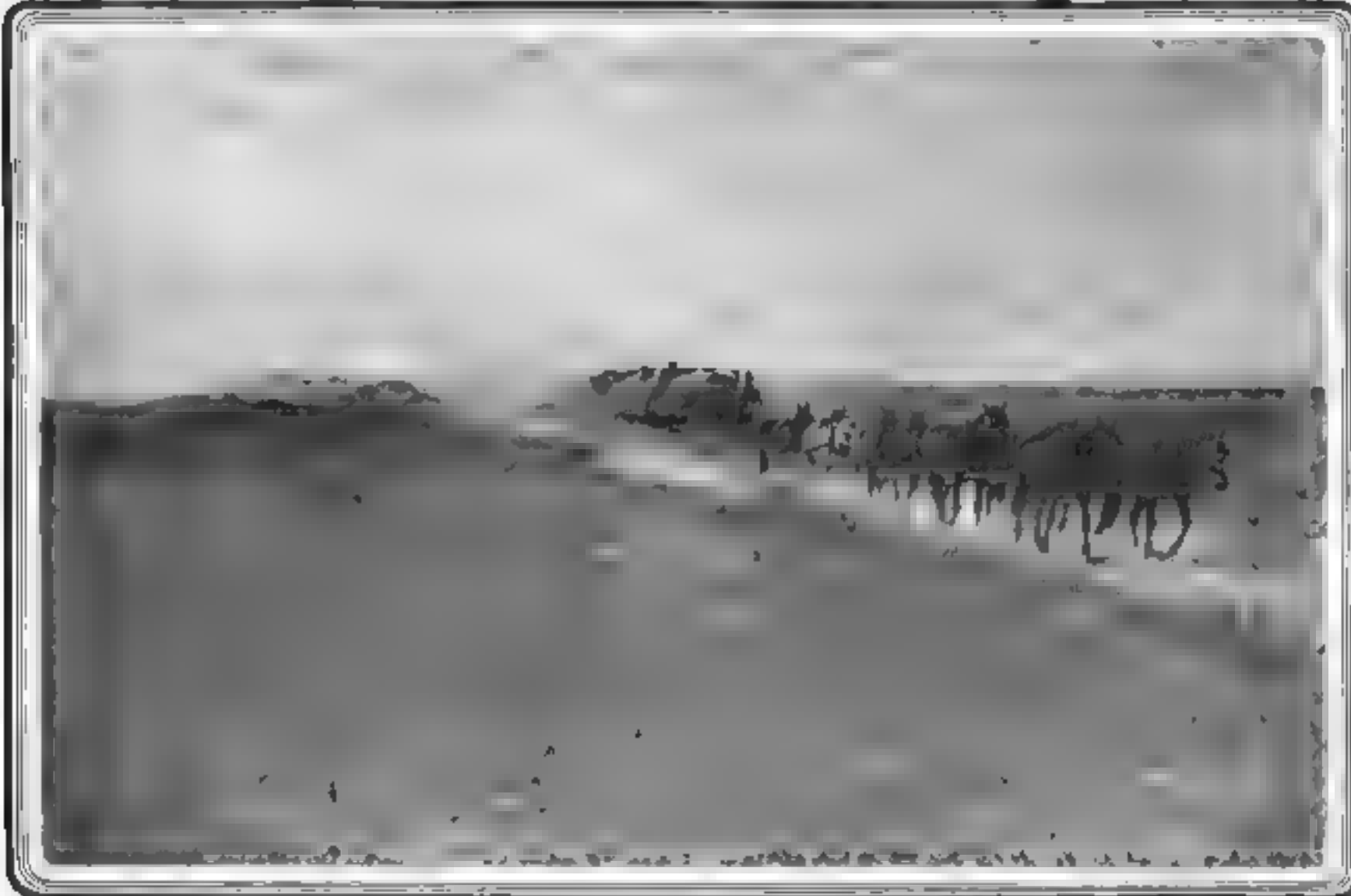
LIGHTFUL SOUTHERN TRIP.

LEAST HISTORIC INTEREST IN THE HEART OF THE INDUSTRIAL SOUTH.

key, accompanying the Presidential party.



PRIZE WINNER MRS. MARY BROWN, SEATED, AND MRS. FRANK J. BROWN, STANDING.



PRIZE WINNER MRS. MARY BROWN, SEATED, AND MRS. FRANK J. BROWN, STANDING.



SCENES OF INTEREST AT VARIOUS POINTS SNAPSHOTTED BY OBSERVANT CAMERA ARTISTS.



SCENES OF INTEREST AT VARIOUS POINTS SNAPSHOTTED BY OBSERVANT CAMERA ARTISTS.

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—MONTANA WINS
SCENES OF INTEREST AT VARIOUS POINTS SNAPSHOTTED BY OBSERVANT CAMERA ARTISTS.
(THIS OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTESTS IN THE WEST.)



PLEASE PRINT FULL NAMES^a

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Alfred C. Jones, Jr. M. J. Sledge



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At the Fourteenth Street Theatre—Miss Angela Russell and Brandon Thomas, the new, in the comedy.—*Review*.

THE DRAMATIC SEASON IN THE METROPOLIS.
SCENES AND PLAYERS FROM NEW PLAYS AND POPULAR REVIVALS.

Hints to Money-makers

1. The first step is to identify the problem. This involves understanding the symptoms and the context in which they are occurring.

Nov. 14, 1913. Americans are all so jumping up and down that the cause of the money market is the most important factor in Wall Street. I observe that my old friend, Henry Jones, experienced no less in the ups and downs of Wall Street as he makes public proclamation of the fact which I have presented several times herebefore in this column. Namely, that the

...and other words and observed
Kazakhstan, describing the situation of Japan
R. Kono, in his speech from Moscow, in
the first part, "middle of some great and
which might be ... and ...

[illegible]

Mr. Kierke was arrested on Monday night and taken to Westchester. At the time Mr. Kierke was making these remarks, he was not yet 40 years of age. He was a native of New York and had been in the United States for about 10 years. He was a member of the American Society for the Advancement of Science and had been in the United States for about 10 years. He was a member of the American Society for the Advancement of Science and had been in the United States for about 10 years. He was a member of the American Society for the Advancement of Science and had been in the United States for about 10 years.

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ends for two consecutive half years as the preferred stock. There will be no taxing

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have previously recommended on the February 1964 trip to the United States. The following are the recommendations of the Committee on the subject of the proposed new law.

The Committee on the subject of the proposed new law is of the opinion that the proposed new law is a good one and should be passed. The Committee is of the opinion that the proposed new law is a good one and should be passed. The Committee is of the opinion that the proposed new law is a good one and should be passed.

The Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University has announced that it will accept 100 students for its first class in 1964. This school, which was founded in 1938, is the only one of its kind in the United States. It is a graduate school of public administration, and its students are trained for careers in government, business, and education. The school's curriculum is designed to provide students with a broad knowledge of public policy and administration, and to develop their leadership skills. The school's faculty is composed of some of the most distinguished scholars in the field of public administration, and its students are given the opportunity to work closely with them. The school's facilities are excellent, and its location in Cambridge, Massachusetts, provides students with a rich cultural and intellectual environment. The school's admission process is highly competitive, and only the most qualified students are accepted. The school's graduates have gone on to hold high positions in government, business, and education, and have made significant contributions to society. The school's reputation is well-deserved, and it is one of the most respected institutions in the world.

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The stage operators and the small corrections, both of which are based in some of the approximations that amount of the energy, will not help with the problem.

The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the cold, crisp air. It was a relief after the warm, humid days of the summer. I walked towards the entrance of the building, my eyes scanning the surroundings. The architecture was a mix of modern and traditional styles, with large windows and ornate details. I felt a sense of anticipation as I approached the door.

As I entered the building, I was greeted by a friendly smile. The receptionist directed me to the conference room. I took a deep breath and walked in. The room was spacious and well-lit, with a large table and several chairs. I sat down and waited for the meeting to begin.

The meeting started with a presentation by the project manager. He outlined the goals and objectives of the project, which was to develop a new software application. I listened intently, taking notes on the key points. The presentation was followed by a Q&A session, where I had the opportunity to ask questions and provide feedback.

After the meeting, I was invited to join the team for a meal. We went to a local restaurant and enjoyed a delicious meal. The atmosphere was relaxed and friendly. I felt like I had found a new group of friends.

The rest of the day was spent working on the project. I collaborated with the team members, sharing ideas and working together to solve problems. It was a productive and enjoyable experience.

As the day came to a close, I reflected on the day's events. I felt a sense of accomplishment and pride in what we had achieved. I was looking forward to the next day and the challenges it would bring.

FIDELITY & BOND 公司 紐約證券交易所
OFFICE OF
CLAUDE ASHBROOK
STOCK BROKER
BROADWAY - NEW YORK - N.Y.
Communications Department, September 12th, 1962.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions, including sales, purchases, and expenses. It emphasizes the need for a systematic approach to record-keeping, such as using a ledger or accounting software, to ensure that all financial data is properly documented and organized.

2. The second part of the document focuses on the importance of regular reconciliation. This involves comparing the company's internal records with external statements, such as bank statements or supplier invoices, to identify any discrepancies or errors. Regular reconciliation helps to ensure the accuracy of the financial records and allows for the timely identification and correction of any mistakes.

3. The third part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining proper documentation for all financial transactions. This includes keeping receipts, invoices, and other supporting documents for a sufficient period of time to provide evidence in the event of an audit or dispute. Proper documentation is essential for ensuring the integrity and reliability of the financial records.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all assets and liabilities. This includes tracking the value of the company's property, equipment, and other assets, as well as recording all debts and obligations. Accurate records of assets and liabilities are essential for determining the company's net worth and for making informed financial decisions.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all income and expenses. This includes tracking all revenue generated by the company, as well as all costs incurred in the course of its operations. Accurate records of income and expenses are essential for determining the company's profitability and for making informed financial decisions.

6. The sixth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all tax-related information. This includes tracking all taxable income, deductions, and credits, as well as maintaining records of all tax payments and filings. Accurate records of tax-related information are essential for ensuring compliance with tax laws and for maximizing the company's tax efficiency.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all financial statements. This includes preparing and maintaining a balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement. Accurate financial statements are essential for providing a clear and concise overview of the company's financial performance and for making informed financial decisions.

8. The eighth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all financial transactions. This includes tracking all sales, purchases, and expenses, as well as maintaining records of all bank deposits and withdrawals. Accurate records of financial transactions are essential for ensuring the accuracy of the financial records and for making informed financial decisions.

9. The ninth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all financial transactions. This includes tracking all sales, purchases, and expenses, as well as maintaining records of all bank deposits and withdrawals. Accurate records of financial transactions are essential for ensuring the accuracy of the financial records and for making informed financial decisions.

10. The tenth part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all financial transactions. This includes tracking all sales, purchases, and expenses, as well as maintaining records of all bank deposits and withdrawals. Accurate records of financial transactions are essential for ensuring the accuracy of the financial records and for making informed financial decisions.

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1. The first step is to identify the problem. This involves understanding the symptoms and the context in which they are occurring.

2. The second step is to gather information. This includes talking to people who are affected by the problem and looking at any relevant data or documents.

3. The third step is to analyze the information. This involves looking for patterns and trends in the data and trying to understand the underlying causes of the problem.

4. The fourth step is to develop a solution. This involves coming up with a plan to address the problem and then implementing that plan.

5. The fifth step is to evaluate the solution. This involves checking to see if the problem has been solved and if the solution is sustainable.

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Figure 1 displays a 10x10 grid of 100 small grayscale images. Each image shows a different object or scene, such as a car, a person, a dog, a cat, a bird, a flower, a fruit, a vegetable, a tool, and a piece of furniture. The images are arranged in a 10x10 layout, with each image occupying a small square cell.

Figure 1 is a 3D scatter plot showing the relationship between the number of eggs (log scale), the number of larvae, and the number of pupae. The axes are labeled 'number eggs', 'number larvae', and 'number pupae'. The data points are clustered in a way that suggests a positive correlation between the number of eggs and the number of pupae, with the number of larvae acting as an intermediate variable. The plot is titled 'Figure 1' and includes a legend for 'number eggs', 'number larvae', and 'number pupae'.

1. The first step is to identify the key components of the system. This includes understanding the hardware, software, and data involved.

2. Next, we need to define the goals and objectives of the project. This will help us determine what we are trying to achieve and how we will measure success.

3. Once the goals are defined, we can begin to design the system. This involves creating a detailed plan that outlines the architecture, components, and data flow.

4. After the design is complete, we can start implementing the system. This involves writing the code, configuring the hardware, and testing the system.

5. Finally, we need to deploy the system and monitor its performance. This involves installing the system on the target environment and ensuring that it is running smoothly.

[illegible]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 OFFICE OF
CLAUDE ASHBROOK
 STONE MASON

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Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* strain on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strain.

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Maturity and Futurity

After extraction in the diethyl ether
in the bulb, the ether was
poured in the water and the
mixture was allowed to

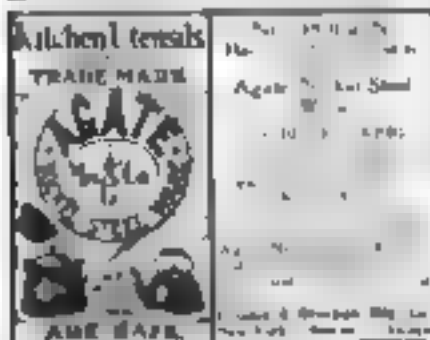
Hunter Baltimore Rye

After thorough maturing it becomes

The Highest Standard
of the American
Gentleman's Whisky

which standard will be uniformly maintained in the future.

But it is not all that simple. In fact, the process of creating a new language is a complex one, and it is one that has been going on for centuries. The process of creating a new language is a complex one, and it is one that has been going on for centuries.



PHOTOS

19. The following are the names of the persons who have been appointed to the various committees of the Board of Directors of the Corporation:

BLANK BOOKS

191 Madison Street, New York

BLOOD POISON

Primary Secondary, or Tertiary Blood Phase

COOK REMEDY CO

PILES

[illegible]

CURE CONSTITUTION.

Revolutionizing River Traffic



DECLINED TO RETURN THE WALL GROUP'S
FACILITIES TO THE U.S. GOVERNMENT

THE AMERICAN

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to understand the preferences and behaviors of potential customers.

2. Once a market need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept for the product. This involves brainstorming ideas and creating a rough sketch of the product.

3. The third step is to create a prototype. This is a physical model of the product that allows the designer to test and refine the design.

4. After the prototype is created, the next step is to conduct a feasibility study. This involves evaluating the technical, financial, and market viability of the product.

5. Once the feasibility study is complete, the next step is to develop a business plan. This document outlines the marketing, financial, and operational strategies for the product.

6. The final step in the process is to launch the product. This involves manufacturing the product, distributing it, and promoting it to the target market.

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EYE DISEASES

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LESLIE'S

WEEKLY

Published Weekly No. 10 Fifth Avenue

XCV No. 2456

New York, October 2, 1902

**BOSTON
STORE**

BUSIEST STREET IN IMPERIAL CHICAGO
STATE STREET LOOKING NORTH FROM MADISON STREET THE TALL MASONIC TEMPLE IN CENTRE

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

THE OLDEST ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY IN THE UNITED STATES

[illegible]

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

A LITTLE RIFFLE was raised on the surface of Paris society recently which may or may not lead to further unpleasant consequences, by a personal assault made upon Maitre Barbou, a well known French advocate by the Prince de Hagan. The encounter was not a very serious one although the lawyer is said to have received several severe blows on the face from the prince and thought it necessary to summon his assistant before a magistrate to answer for his actions. The Prince de Hagan referred to is Helle de Tallandier Perigord, whose brother was married to Miss Helen Norton, of New York. He declared that he only struck Maitre Barbou lightly in order to provoke a duel because the lawyer had insulted his fiancée. Maitre de Hagan in an action by court in which that lady appeared as a plaintiff while Maitre Barbou was the defendant a lawyer. Whether the sought-for duel has come off or not the waiting world has not yet been informed, but as it is not the present fashion in France for duellists to do much other serious bodily harm no anxiety need be felt in this case.



PRINCE DE HAGAN.
Who figured in a recent Paris sensation.

THIS WEEK is not far distant when the religious public will have been tremendously shocked at the spectacle of an ordinary clergyman paying such a tribute to his profession to indulge himself in such a worldly amusement as a game of football and had a church dignitary holding the exalted and dignified office of a bishop venturing to do such a thing it makes one almost tremble to think what might have happened. But there did not even here, no change, but we are now able to read of a baseball match in which the opposing sides are made up entirely of bishops, deans, and rectors without so much as a thought of protest or any thought of a heavy trial. No good reason can be given to any reasonable person why a bishop or any other clerical personage should not play ball if he feels that way while a number of excellent reasons will suggest themselves why men engaged in such pursuits should seek health and strength for their religious duties in the strenuous recreation of the baseball field. A recent specimen of this sort was the annual meeting of the "Ligue Française de Long Island," one feature of the programme being a baseball game of ball between the members of the Ligue. Maitre Huguon, of the Long Island League, was the "short-stop" of one of the teams and distinguished himself, it is said, by five nicks in the field. He also made two home runs, and his batting is said to have delighted the spectators.

ONE MIGHT think that a salary of \$20,000 a year, the sum paid the President of the United States, would be sufficient to keep



LORD HOPETOUN.
Who expects to receive a great deal of money because the salary was cut small.

him well from the chest of almost any thing even though he had the exalted station of viceroy or governor of the New Commonwealth of Australia. But Lord Hopetoun who was appointed to that office a year ago last January when the celebration under the Southern Cross began its existence, is not thinking so, and therefore he threw up his commission and has recently returned to England via the United States. The explanation given is that the despatch upon the hospitality of the Governor-General are so great that \$20,000 a year will not pay

he bills, and as Lord Hopetoun did not feel like taking out the balance from the cash account he surrendered the job. If that is true it would seem as if hospitality in Australia cost more than it does in most other lands and that too high for a country just starting out on the path of political independence. Doubtless much of the expenditure was due to needless ostentation. During Lord Hopetoun's brief stay in the United States he impressed all who had the pleasure of meeting him as being a vigorous, intelligent, and capable young man. The acting Governor-General of Australia, pending the appointment of a successor to Lord Hopetoun, is Lord Tennyson, a son of the famous poet.

THE FACT that a mere lad is able to operate an automobile efficiently and safely should go far to convince people that there is less danger in the use of these vehicles than is commonly supposed. Stanley E. Arnold, of Chicago, only thirteen years old and the youngest automobile in the world has acquired such mastery of his horseless wagon that he runs it with more skill than most older owners of automobiles display. He recently took part in a car-hunted-once endurance tour and made the distance in schedule time a feat which many of the contestants of mature age failed to accomplish. In recognition of his performance he was awarded a blue ribbon. Although he is so proficient in managing the machine young Arnold has been refused an automobile license by the city authorities on account of his age. It is probable however that in a competitive examination he might gain a higher rank than some present holders of permits. His example is one that should find imitation.



STANLEY E. ARNOLD.
The nation's youngest automobilist. Photograph by M. H. H.

everywhere, for the automobile is the coming vehicle and our laws should so far as possible be framed to operate it skillfully and peacefully.

MR. L. L. BAIN, the remarkable delineator of the domestic feline is forty-two years old. He is the son of a North Staffordshire gentleman but his father was a French lady. He first began to draw cats in 1883, and became president of the National Cat Club in 1893.

THE WOULD-be has become quite accustomed to having his portrait painted upon it at intervals and persons who imagine themselves as the subject of an artist's brush are not at all surprised when they find their audience spell-bound with their performance.



HANCOCKVILLE CHAMBERLAIN.
The literary society who is a successful Paris.

given from the porch of a hack-char, as Lord Hopetoun did not feel like enough to create more than a passing sensation. But subjects who keep in condition and write novels and plays are exceptional enough in literary history to make their advent worthy of special emphasis. It is such a remarkable personage who has appeared in Paris in the person of Madame de Chambray, other name "Carmen d'Arden." Only ten years old, his little girl has already presented to the world five novels, seven plays, and a volume of poems, and has actually been elected a member of the Paris "Société des Grands Lettres." As we have not been favored with the reading of any of Madame de Chambray's stories and verses we shall reserve our opinion as to the intrinsic merit of these productions until they have passed under our critical eye. It is hardly possible to conceive that they may be up to the level of Hugo and Balzac but we greatly fear that such is not the case.

A HUNGARIAN genealogist, Stefan von Michaelovitch, has been inquiring into the relationship of the Kaiser with the Hungarian Apads. He finds that the Kaiser's Zsigmond was the wife of Frederick III, Burgraf of Nuremberg, was descended on the female side from King Wladislaw of Bohemia, who married Adelaide,

daughter of Andreas I, of Hungary. The genealogist also deduces, from the fact of the marriage of an English prince with a Countess Apachen, a daughter of Stephen the Holy of Hungary, and an ancestor of the Stuarts, a family connection between the latter and the Hohenzaollerns.

IT MAY not be generally known that Senator Mason, of Illinois, made his first appearance in the political arena as a singer and not as a speaker, but such is the case. This appearance dates back to 1851, when "Billy" was at the tender age of six years.



SENATOR MASON.
At Illinois who started in politics as a singer.

About that time the budding statesman had learned from his father or from some of the abolitionists "who frequented his father's wagon-shop, two songs; one of them was denunciation of the "peculiar institution. The other was like unto it "only more so." Next door to the wagon's shop was "Merrill's store."

Merrill was a Democrat with all that that implied in 1850. Some misapprehension or it may be a genuine soul thought it would be a good thing to induce "little Billy" to write his "wood notes wild" in the publicity of Merrill's store. Accordingly a piece of twelve copper cents (cents then were of the size of the present half dollar) was handed up, and the infant prodigy was lifted upon Merrill's counter and asked to discourse on it. He did. It was a shockingly necessary performance, in being elected "little Billy" followed with a verse of "Rock of Ages." Merrill was satisfied somewhat for the evening but did not declare that the piece of the time did not only stand for the inquiry of the young prodigy and offered a silver quarter to the young writer if he would sing something better than that. "Merrill's were scarce in those days; moreover William E. Mason never was aware of a call from his fellow-citizens, and so he gave "the other" which was rather more shocking to Democratic sensibilities than the first. Merrill however magnanimously paid the expense. Five years later when he was made out the respectable young man and to turn his attention to his country's business by getting into the service as a landling and for his protection a life and made himself master of Yankee lore. "Rock of Ages." The songlets "Are You There" and "The Girl I Left Behind Me." But when he presented himself for reelection he was rejected as deficient in health.

THE REVUE HENRI-MARTIN of Paris, must have been hard pushed for a sensational story when it printed an article in which it was alleged that King Edouard did not get through the whole ceremony of coronation personally after all but that after he actually crowning a man who is the king's double and was clad in robes which represented King Edward. This is so only inasmuch as the story of the coronation was off Cape May a few days ago wearing green goggles and an ulster.

ALTHOUGH BOTH Englishmen and Americans, and especially the residents of London, seem to be in constant danger of being "plunged" to death it is difficult to see how anything but good can come from the new society which is organized in London, to be known as the "Pilgrims."



MR. HARRY MORRISON.
Honorary secretary of the Pilgrims, a new Anglo-American club in London.

It is supposed to establish branch societies or clubs in all the principal cities of both countries with headquarters in New York and London. The dues are to be only ten dollars a year. The object is to promote the spirit of fellowship and good feeling among the members. A leading figure in the movement thus far has been Mr. Harry Morrison, who is also the honorary secretary. At the time of his visit to London early in August Lord Roberts presided. For Charles Depew is one of the vice-presidents of the club, and among the members of the executive committee are such well-known men as Lord Charles Grosvenor, General Stewart L. Woodford and Sir Henry Irving. Among the members already enrolled are General Joseph Wheeler, Frank Munsey, Hon. Don M. Dickinson, Mr. Charles T. Yerkes, Mr. M. E. de Young, Lord Strathmore, Mr. Egerton Castle, and Mr. Hemmiker Weston. The first banquet of the "Pilgrims" is expected to take place in London this month.

New York's Promising Dramatic Season

THOSE who prefer the light and trifling things of the stage will enjoy "The New Clown," which Charles Frohman has presented so neatly at the Madison Square Theatre. It is an English importation and the plot hinges about a nervous young lord, who accidentally pushed a friend into the river and thinks he has drowned him, and in his anxiety accepts the offer of a traveling showman to take the latter's engagement to appear as a clown in a circus, under the assurance that no one will recognize him in his disguise. It is easy to see that this plot affords the basis for a good deal of funny work and Jameson Lee Fennoy as the clown, gives a capital characterization of a somewhat trying part. It is not one that requires the highest abilities, but there is much cleverness in Mr. Fennoy's acting. A lot of clever girls and performers, an attractive representation of the green-room of a traveling show, and a glimpse of the circus itself all make the comedy entertaining though there is a little prudishness and dullness in the first act. The cast is not notably strong, but there are a few noteworthy parts. It is especially a clever young woman, none of them strikingly convincing, but all pleasant enough on the stage. Miss Julia Hulley as the star clown's sister is an smart as usual, and Miss Margaret Church and Miss Heather Morgan as two highly society ladies, carry themselves gracefully and graciously. Walter Smith, as Thomas Dixon, the stinkish clown, does some of the best acting in an uninteresting part and the honors are shared in this respect by Ralph Delaney, as Mr. Dixon, proprietor of the circus. A feature of the entertainment is the singing by Arthur P. Whitman, the jockey, and by Miss Raymond, the well-known solo-singer. The latter would make an excellent understudy for May Irwin especially in a singer of comic songs. It looks as if "The New Clown" could stay the season out at the Madison Square.

The leading novelties of the opening season of the fall dramatic season include Sir Arthur Sullivan's last opera, "The Emerald Isle," at the Herald Square with Jefferson de Angella as the first attraction; "King High Hall," with a new company, an excellent chorus and well-selected ballet, at the New York "Hally in the City," a musical novelty well worth seeing at the Broadway and Madison Avenue.

A Rose is a Plymouth Town, at the Manhattan, the sentimental drama, "Hearts Alight," at the Bijou; "Twelve Whirls," well characterized as "a musical comedy," at Weber & Fields; "Mrs. Jack," a laughable comedy, at Wallack's; "The Rogers Brothers in Harvard," perhaps the most laughable thing of the kind thus far this season, at the Knickerbocker; Mrs. Patrick Campbell, in "And Justice," as he intones, a delight of comedies from the French; "There's Many a Slip," at the Garrick; a fairly strong drama at the Empire with John Drew as the star; the musical play "A Country Girl," at Folly's and Virginia Hamet, in "The Plough's Tale," at the Criterion. The revivals include some of the best things of last year among them: "Soldiers of Fortune," at the New Theatre in which Robert Edeson does extremely well; Mrs. Leslie Carter in her wonderfully strong performance of "The Hunch" at the Helicon Theatre and "The House of the Dead" at the Victoria. It is unnecessary to add



A NOTABLE APPEARANCE FOR THE NIGHTING OF FIVE: TRYING A NEW CIRCUMSTANCE, LADIES BEFORE THE FIVE CLOUTS OF FIVE, WHICH WENT TO NEW YORK. (LONDON)

that the continuous performance of "A Country Girl" from 1898 to the present. It is too good a show to close.

Dramatic education will be materially helped it would seem, by the plan set on foot by the American Academy of Dramatic Arts to admit all worthy young men free of tuition. The board of trustees of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts and the Vesper Theatre Dramatic School has recently passed the following resolution: "To take effect October 1st 1902. No tuition will be charged young men for the junior or senior terms who satisfactorily pass the entrance examination and who meet the requirements and standard of the board of examiners."

The continuous performance at the leading variety houses are especially good this year. Proctor's company, at the various theatres, are giving their best; the variety bill at Keith's cannot be surpassed, and is seldom equalled, and at the Eden House the latest things in wax works and cinematograph pictures are constantly being brought out.

James

Are the West Indies To Become a Continent?

THE CHANGES which are continually, though often imperceptibly taking place in the map of the globe have now nearly brought to the notice of the public by various recent statements of the scientific men, the fact that a large portion of the late volcanic volcanic outbursts in Martinique and St. Vincent. The Herbert E. Gregory, professor of geology at Yale, recently was credited with saying:

"The whole chain of islands in the Caribbean Sea is undergoing a change from which it is an act of structure as to land. In the future, it is probable that the islands will be a new continent, separated by land surface throughout."

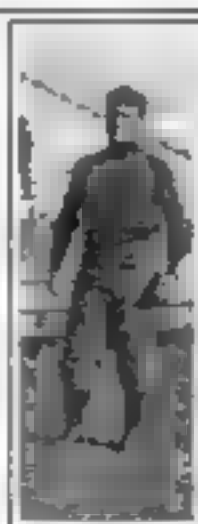
Professor Gregory's scientific grounds for his position were not given, but Professor James A. Hensley, who fills the chair of geology at Columbia University, in a response to inquiries on the subject explained that the islands of the West Indies were slowly rising to a higher level and thus gradually changing, and some of the of comparatively recent origin have been found to show a considerable distance inland, which was clear evidence that that island had been undergoing elevation. There was similar proof for the volcanic outburst at the case of other islands and in the opinion of the professor, he was not without the islands would eventually be displaced by dry land. This process, however, would probably require some millions of years for its completion, so that the changes in geology were purely of scientific interest and of no practical importance at present.

From these sources it is learned that the volcanic eruptions also are to be a prominent feature in building up a continent on the West Indies. In the Greater Antilles there are no active centers, but the frequency of earthquakes there proves that this group is in the process of being built. Each of the Lesser Antilles is situated on the movement of an active center. The eruptions from these volcanoes in a already constructed considerable portions of the islands. Two processes, however, gradual upheaval and eruption of lava-forming material are looked to by the scientific men to fill up the gaps between the now separate and bits of land. Volcanic material, he kind mentioned would, of course, accelerate the movement toward physical union. On the other hand, there are indications that the volcanic disturbances may result in the final collapse and elimination of some of the islands.

Should a West Indian confederation ever be formed, in the opinion of the scientific men, it would be simply a restoration. Geologists maintain that the islands, about 1900, a number extending from near the coast of Florida and Venezuela, a wide rifted down to and along the northern coast of Venezuela, are left the remnants of a more or less continuous land surface. The greater part of which was submerged. Should a new continental formation be effected, it would comprise the Greater and Lesser Antilles, the islands near Venezuela including Trinidad, and possibly the Bahamas. The combined area of which at present is 92,641 square miles of actual land, with such improvements as would be yielded up by the sea, which would doubtless be very extensive. The Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean Sea would then be merely great salt lakes. However, a gradual rearrangement would obviously have a remarkable influence on the climatic, geographical, and political conditions of that section of the world.



NOTRE-DAME FOOTBALL SQUAD ON THE FIRST SET BY THE SENIOR -CAPTAIN CHADWICK LEADING.



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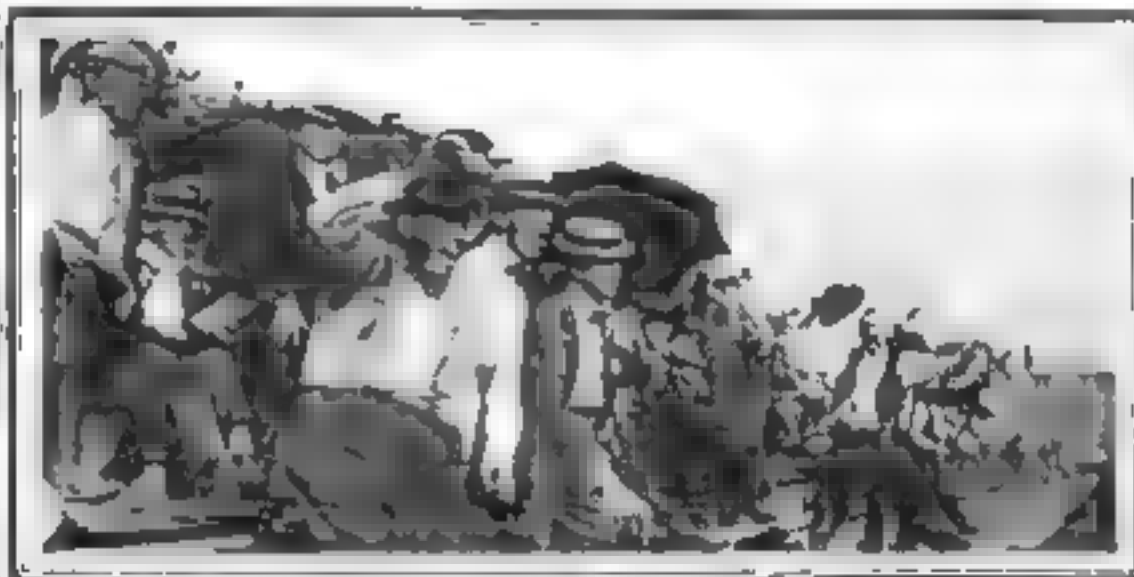
Photographs by E. M. Sedgwick.



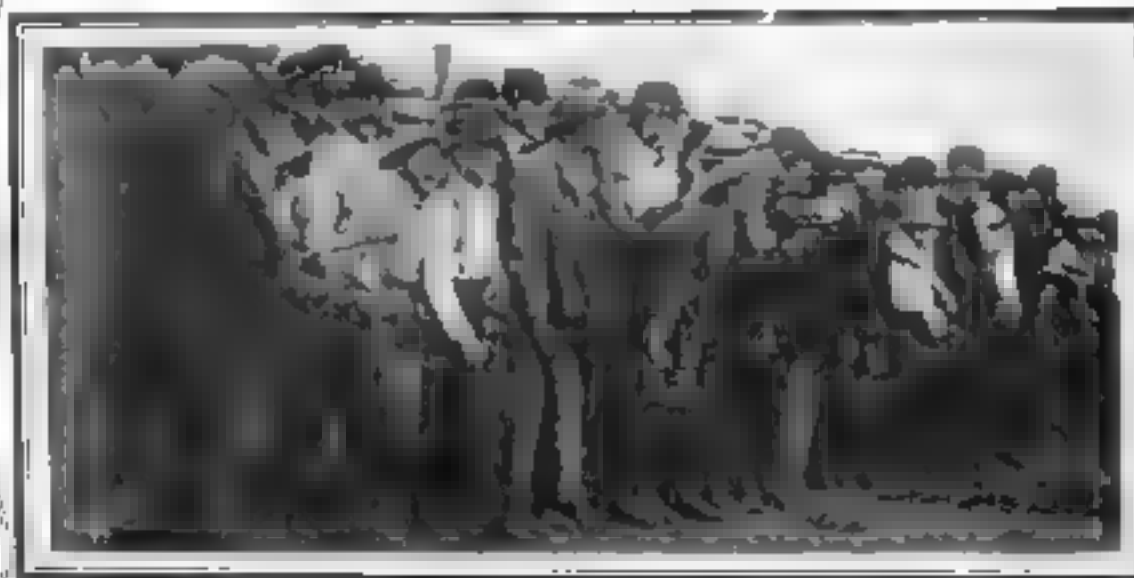
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Photographs by George Black.



HUNTER PLUCKS BRAGG—LAST DAY IN THE
HILL COUNTRY

THE SHEPHERD AND
HIS FLOCK

HUNTING FOR WOLVES AND OTHER SHEEP
DANGERS



ONE OF THE MANY SHEEP RANCHES IN THE
HILL COUNTRY



GATHERING UP THE LAST SHEEP SHEARER OF A BIG RANCH

GATHERING A TREMENDOUS WOOL CROP IN MONTANA

IMMENSE FLOCKS OF SHEEP SHEARED BY MACHINERY ON THE EXTENSIVE RANCHES OF THE FAR WEST

Photographs by S. W. Matheson For page 254

The Fair Women of St. Louis

ST LOUIS is famed the world over for her beautiful women. To designate the belles of the Missouri City is not an easy matter as marriage in early life is quite the fashion, the young matron in many cases having made her debut but a few months before her nuptials, and thus it is that the names attractive of St. Louis's young women are equally divided amongst the maids and matrons. A very popular social leader is Mrs. Dr. Otto Forster. She is a woman of rare culture, having traveled extensively in foreign lands. Her collection of paintings by famous artists is a valuable one. Mrs. Forster is well known for her extensive charities, despite her propensity to "hide her light under a bushel." Mrs. Ralph Orthwein, of Orthwein Heights, is one of the young matrons who are the pride of St. Louis. She was formerly Miss Neva Andrus, and, although born in the southwestern part of Missouri, she was reared in sunny Tennessee. She is tall and fair and an ideal complement to her tall, dark athletic, good-looking young husband. Mrs. Orthwein is a charming hostess and is never happier than when entertaining her friends, except when she is responding to some call for aid, and many a "God bless her!" is coined at the mention of her name. "The champion middle home of the Western country," Mrs. Mc Donald, is giving the pointers to the Orthwein studies, and Mrs. Orthwein is an expert horsewoman, riding astride.

Miss Lucille A. von Oranstra, a daughter of Mrs. Dr. Otto Forster is one of the most admired ladies of St. Louis. She is a descendant of a celebrated German family was born in St. Louis and educated at Miss Anna Brown's school in New York. She has a voice of exquisite sweetness and marvelous power. She is perfect in deportment and her refined eye shows the refinement of Baroness Helldorf, the great German poet who wrote "Missa Schelli." Last winter New York asked to the estate of St. Louis a handsome woman when Miss Marie Whitmore, daughter of Dr. Whitmore, editor of the New York Medical Journal, became the wife of David Kaufmann, Esq., vice-president of the City-Walker Dry Goods Company. Mrs. Kaufmann is a woman of remarkable beauty, and the interior of her mansion on Lincoln Boulevard breathes the traveled home. She is an accomplished musician, a fine linguist, speaking French and Italian with fluency, and is as much at home in the water as on dry land, having won four prizes for long-distance swimming. She ranks among the leading horsewomen of St. Louis, her favorite mode of driving being a tandem four-in-hand.

A very lovely little woman of the Dresden-china type is Mrs. Walter Edmund Grayson, of McPherson Avenue. She has golden hair, blue eyes, and perfect features, and was born and bred "in Missouri." She is an ideal hostess and prides herself on being an excellent housekeeper. She is the devoted mother of a two-year-old son. Mrs. Marie A. Dwyer, of Lindell Boulevard, is of an unusual style of beauty, having bewitching brown eyes and a wealth of golden hair. Her complexion is of a richness which bespeaks plenty of outdoor life. She is said to be one of the best-dressed young ladies in St. Louis. She is a gifted pianist and possesses a voice of unusual sweetness. In her delightful home near the entrance to Forest Park are many pieces of decorated china and other paintings, testimonials to her ability with brush and palette. She is a graceful dancer and a capable whip. Horseback riding is her favorite exercise. Mrs. Dwyer is a member of the Animal Association of the Georgetown (navy), Washington, D. C.

Another young and fascinating matron is Mrs. A. W. Lawman, of West Pine Boulevard, daughter of the late Benjamin Chastain Sandford, one of the pioneer settlers of St. Louis. Mrs. Lawman was married August 4th and 5th. Miss Virginia A. Sandford, she held sway among the leading belles of St. Louis. She is an heiress in her own right. Miss Virginia A. Sandford is the daughter of G. Louis Werth and the granddaughter of Henry Christian Werth, who, in 1830, founded the first German Protestant Church, now located at the corner of Tenth and Levee Streets. Miss Werth is descended from Jean de Forster, who was one of the greatest generals of the seventeenth century, and the only one in whom the great old heroism, Ehrenbreitstein on the Rhine, ever capitulated. She was made general-in-chief of the imperial army by Emperor Ferdinand II., and in 1648, at the end of the empire. Miss Werth was for three years in Europe, where she gave most of her time to the study of music and languages. She is the possessor of a highly cultivated voice of great sweetness, and has, in a number of instances, taken part in light opera and concerts for charitable purposes. On her mother's side she is also descended from a noble family the Luders of Lodetrup. Another handsome and popular young matron is Mrs. Crawford Duncan, of West Pine Boulevard. She is among the leading horsewomen of St. Louis and is noted for her fearless riding. She is of the brunette type of beauty, of a sympathetic nature, and possesses a charming personality. She is an ideal hostess. One of the most winsome beauties of



"THE ALMS AND QUIET SEASONS."

GOD'S CATHEDRALS

WE DO not know;
We only go
Our way—
We who live within the wood.
Each day
We feel the presence of the Everlasting Good.
The woods are God's cathedrals—hospitable
churches
Whose pillars are the pearl-white birches
And the rugged hemlocks green,
The thrones are aglow with the baboon's
tender green
The aisles are quiet reaches
With domes of golden beeches
From Nature's leafy organ-loft
Mystic harmonies swell marvelously soft—
Offerories tremulous and sweet, floating down-
ward from the height
Where the chorists of the forest stay their
flight
Everywhere—from the mountain's rocky peak
down to where the golden-rod
Bends above its mossy bed—
Everywhere the breath of God.

F. G. BARRY

St. Louis in Mrs. May Magazine, of Barbours Avenue. She is a brunette with vivid coloring, has an animated manner and an exceptionally sweet voice.

DORIS KICKNEY YANCEY.

The Great Value of Cotton Seed.

NO direction have modern processes for the utilization of so-called waste material produced larger or more gratifying results than in the conversion of cotton seed into a valuable commodity. Forty years ago there was no use for cotton seed, the degrading accumulations of which were a menace to the health of Southern communities. In 1860 when 53 per cent. of the seed produced was utilized, the planters received \$28,632,000 for seed sold to the oil mills and the value of the products of those mills was \$42,411,000. Half (45,902,000 gallons) of the oil made in that year was exported. To thus change the value of an article which could only have been represented forty years ago by a minor quality into many millions is certainly an achievement worthy of a place among the miracles of modern times.

Millions in Montana Wool

MONTANA HAS this summer again demonstrated its great importance as a wool producing State. The Great Falls (Mont.) Wool Exchange closed August 9th, the actual sales having amounted to 9,846,000 pounds, and thus being twenty per cent greater than ever before. Billings (Mont.), was a close second with 9,108,000 pounds. Each claimed to be "the greatest initial wool market in the world." The average price at Great Falls was 16.34 cents per pound, at Billings 12.42 cents. The highest price at Great Falls, and in any market in the world for that matter, was 17 1/2 cents. The largest company clip was that of Bower Brothers, of Fergus County, 270,000 pounds.

The Everell Sheep Company of Shelby, sold 3,500 fleeces from French merino ewes at 5 1/2 cents per fleece averaging thirteen pounds each or \$210 per fleece. This is a record for Montana on a four-toed clip. A Krugger & Co. of Highway sold 23,000 pounds averaging eleven pounds to the fleece at 10 1/2 cents or \$240 per fleece. There were from Spanish merino ewes, some going as low as nine to ten cents per fleece. The total amount of wool baled and shipped from Billings was 18,200,000 pounds, while the wool sold at Fort Benton, 1,300,000 (pounds) Mulla, Yuncos and other outside towns was all handled in Great Falls. The wool shorn in Montana in 1901 amounted to 39,798,000 pounds, and for 1902 is estimated at 33,000,000 pounds.

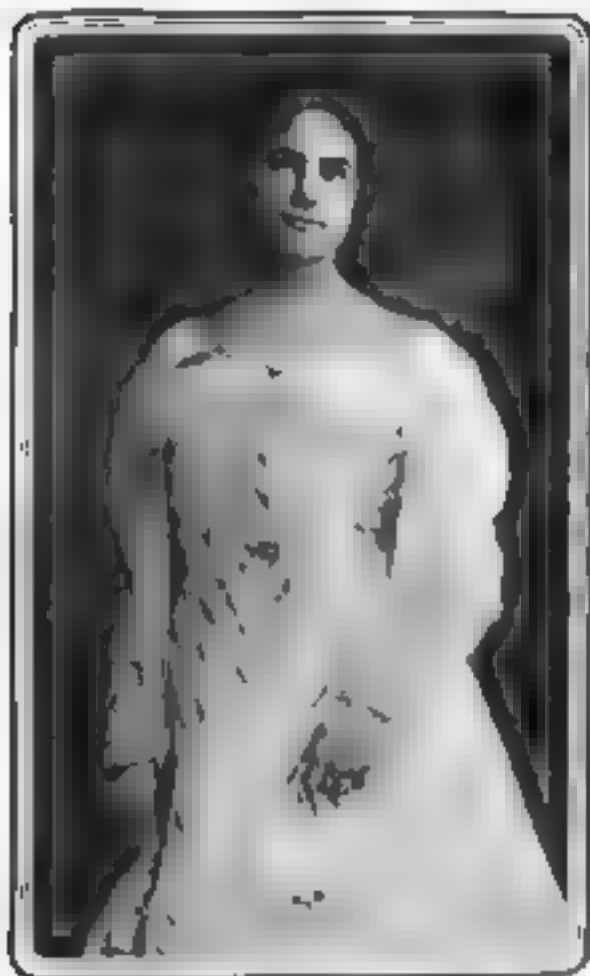
Hand shears are fast giving way in Montana to the machine clipper, though the record is still held by a hand shearer. The best record ever made in Montana was by Dick Marquis, who sheared 20 hundred and thirty six sheep in one day with a machine but worked fourteen hours. The average price paid was eight cents per fleece, the shearer paying one-fourth of a cent to be gathered. The men at the Long Nelson sheds, running twenty-four machines, struck for nine cents clear or a raise of one and one-fourth cent per fleece, but the strike broke. The directors of the State have since organized a union and hope by another season to have enlisted most of the shearers in the United States. The field work of the wool men is over for the season. Great Falls being their last market, the clipper starting in June and following up through California and the Northwest as the season advances. For the rest of the year he may be found in the Eastern States, sorting his purchases and selling to the consumer, while the stockmen, herders, and freighters have already returned to their native work, and the freight clerks, though still in the midst of their shipment, are planning annual vacations before retiring to their homes every day. The range herder was in better condition at the close of the year and the stockmen, though well satisfied with the past season, hope for even better returns in 1903. Northern Montana is certainly an ideal sheep country.

Chinese Superstitions Regarding Foreigners.

THE STATE of affairs in China continues to be one of great unrest, to which there appears at present to be no end. Apart from sporadic rebellions, the constant ill-feeling toward foreigners threatens the peace of the country, and may yet result in it with other nations being no exception. The existing disagreeable conditions are clearly revealed in the following letter, written by one of his employers to a distinguished American now living in China and having business connections there, and which we have been permitted to print for the first time.

YIN-TAO-LING, July 28th 1902.

There is great excitement among the people here at present, caused by the fact that rumors are prevalent that so-called foreigners employed by the mine and railway have hired a lot of bad men to come here to kill small children and cut out their eyeballs and some other parts. The idea is that we ship these things abroad, where they are used by foreigners to make medicine. About six weeks ago two children were killed and mutilated near by, and I think a third was killed near another man. Since then several Chinese peddlers, travelers, and other strangers have been seized in the villages up and down the line tortured, and some of them killed. Strong proclamations have been issued and several hundred more troops have been sent here to re-enforce our guard. A few nights ago Mr. came to my camp to spend the night to cause a mob of his hundred people to do so. He was told we were turning a deaf ear to death in plain view of his camp. About three days ago one of our coolies was seized and beaten badly to death near Lan-Kwan. He was rescued by soldiers or probably would have been killed. The reason given by the mob for attacking him was that he was carrying foreign letters, probably containing matter relating to the subject of eye-cutting. Night before last he had office in was besieged by a mob of 100 men. This was because one of the gentry inside struck a blow. The situation may get better but you need not be surprised at any time to hear that we have cleared out to wait until order is re-established.



MRS. CRAWFORD C. RYAN
St. Louis



MRS. SALOME DYER
St. Louis



MRS. W. L. GRAYSON
St. Louis



MRS. JULIANA PFEIFFER
St. Louis



MRS. DAISY EDWARDS
St. Louis



MRS. J. M. PORTER
St. Louis



MRS. L. OVERHALE
St. Louis



MRS. RALPH OVERHALE
St. Louis



MRS. S. LAURIOL
St. Louis

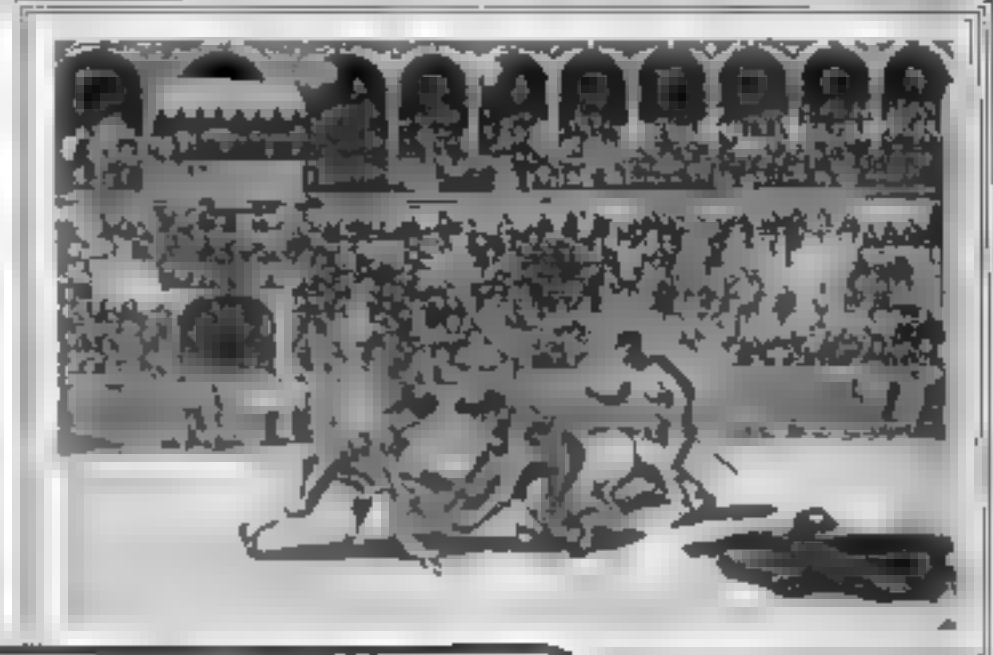
ST LOUIS BEAUTIES WHO WILL WELCOME VISITORS IN 1904.
HANDSOME AND FASCINATING MAIDS AND MATRONS WHO ARE PROMINENT LEADERS OF ST LOUIS SOCIETY
See page 326

Side Scenes of a Brutal Bull-fight



MAJASKE PRAY TO HIGH SPIRITS OF
KNOWLEDGE FOR ARENA

THE MAJASKE PRAY TO HIGH SPIRITS OF KNOWLEDGE FOR ARENA. The scene is a dark, arched setting, possibly a bullfight arena, with a bull visible in the background. The person is in a dark, arched setting, possibly a bullfight arena, with a bull visible in the background.



MAJASKE PRAY TO HIGH SPIRITS OF KNOWLEDGE FOR ARENA

MAJASKE PRAY TO HIGH SPIRITS OF KNOWLEDGE FOR ARENA. The scene is a dark, arched setting, possibly a bullfight arena, with a bull visible in the background. The person is in a dark, arched setting, possibly a bullfight arena, with a bull visible in the background.



REBUTING FARM, WEST OF BUREAU, AFTER BULL



A HOSPITAL FOR DISABLED BULL-FIGHTERS



FIGURES WASHING OFF BLOOD STAINS



111.

As $\lambda \rightarrow 0$, $\mu \rightarrow 0$, $\nu \rightarrow 0$ as the Dirac Theorem

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ACT 1. 40 " A. HALL OF PLUMBING WORK, AT THE KANSAS CITY TOWNHALL.

[illegible]

DRAMA AND MUSIC IN NEW YORK

SOME OF THE GOOD THINGS WHICH THE STILL YOUNG SEASON IS OFFERING.

2004 年 12 月

Hints to Money-makers

NOTE. This department is intended for the information of the regular readers of the *Leslie's*. It is a place where all readers can get the latest news and information about the money market. It is a place where all readers can get the latest news and information about the money market. It is a place where all readers can get the latest news and information about the money market.

THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE has been very busy in the past few days. The market has been very active and the prices of the various stocks have been very high. The market has been very active and the prices of the various stocks have been very high.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE. The undersigned, being a duly qualified and licensed attorney at law, has been appointed by the court to act as the legal representative of the estate of the late *John A. Smith*, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of the late *John A. Smith*, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same to the undersigned, at his office, at the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of November, 1903.

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EMIL KLEIN

Letters of Credit and Foreign Exchange

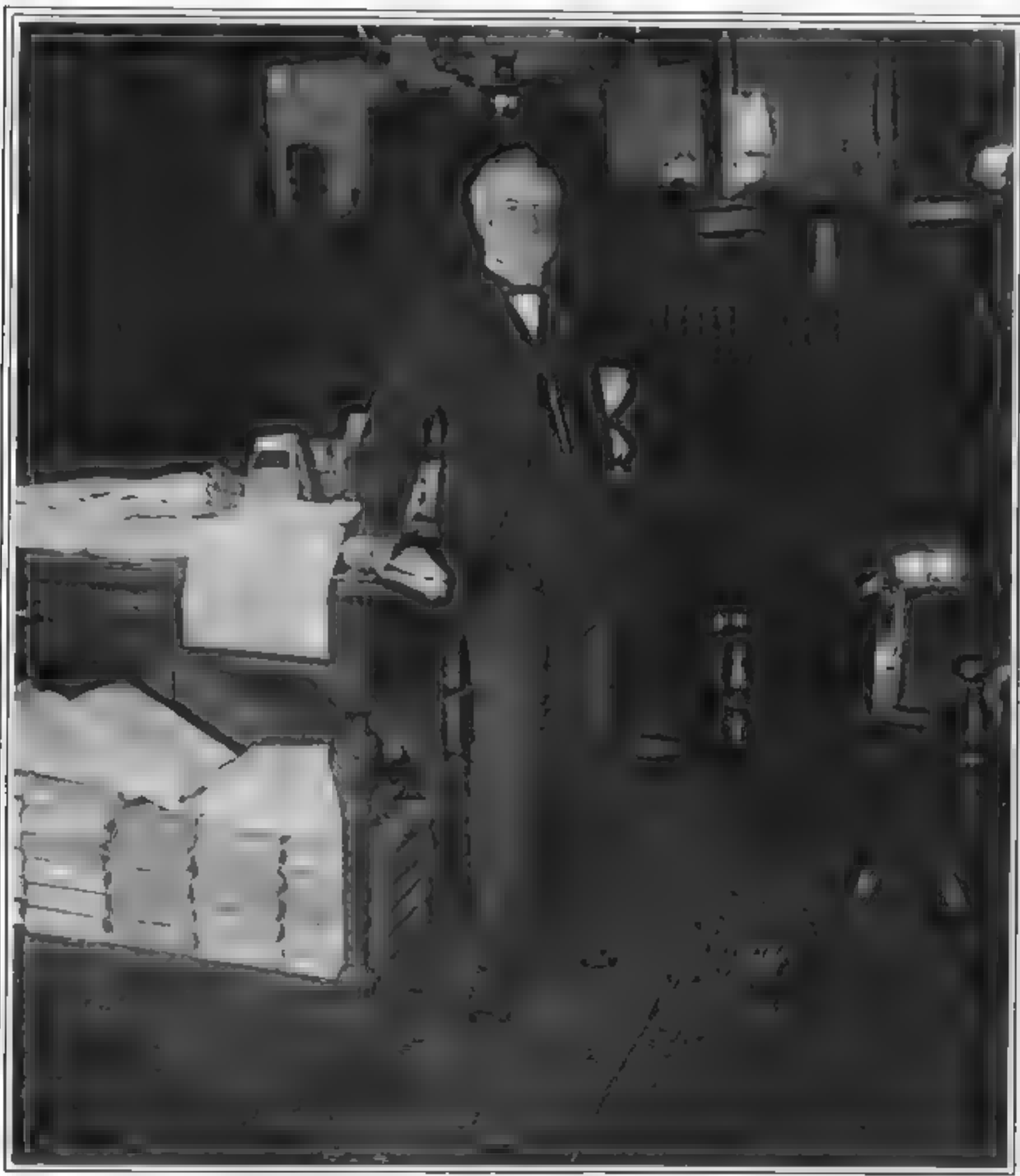
LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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New York, October 9, 1902

Price 10 Cents



AMERICA'S MOST EMINENT BUSINESS MAN—ANDREW CARNEGIE.
HE WAS NOTABLY HONORED RECENTLY BY BEING INVITED, AS THE GUEST OF KING EDWARD, TO BALMORAL CASTLE.

Photographed for Leslie's Weekly by E. F. Miller, with Glass Lens.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

BETWEEN THE pulp and politics there exists, in most men's opinion, a pretty wide chasm that is as great



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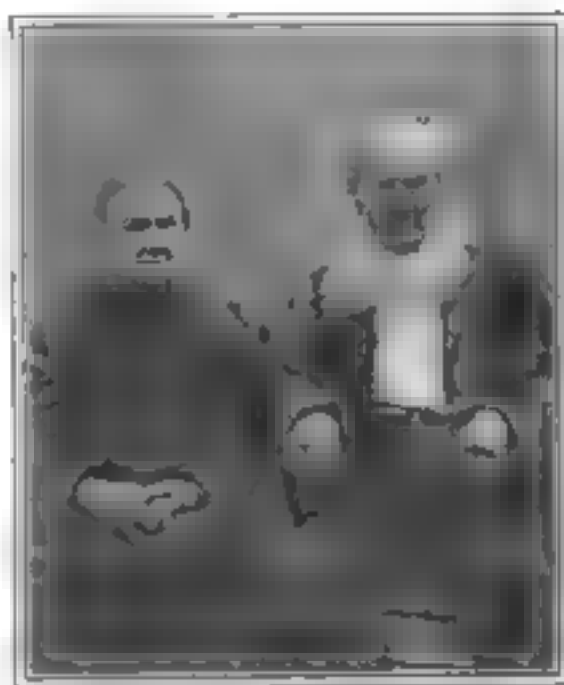
GOLDEN JUNKIES in the editorial profession are as rare as in most other callings, but they have been



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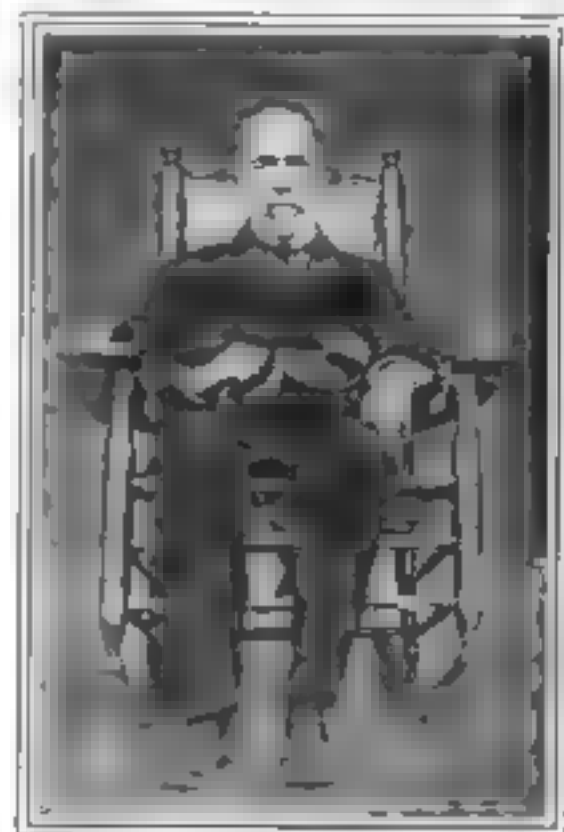
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ONE OF the most peculiar distortions is that which belongs to Mr. Jeremiah Haxton, of Franklin, Maine, and his twin sister, Mrs. Hannah Haxton Southwick, of Portland, R. I., who are eighty-seven years old and who are believed to be the oldest twins in the United States. The aged twins came from Hallowell twenty-four years before leaving home with Washington at the latter's famous voyage of the *Maya* and have been the last men to get on shore. Mr. Haxton was a ship carpenter until he retired at the age of eighty and he helped build the all-star battleship *Maya* and other great vessels for his age was employed in the Brooklyn yard for a number of years. On this he was at the suppression of the slave rebellion in Rhode Island. Mr. Haxton is the only member of his own family left alive, his wife and his seven children having died years ago. He is still hale and active and travels about a good deal. Mrs. Southwick reads and writes without glasses.



WE J. HAMILTON AND OTHERS,
 We hereby certify that the above are the names of the

and he + n=achukh + preterite for ease of her age. Taking long walks daily. It will interest students of Israeli to learn that many of Mr. Kachon's grandchildren are with

[illegible]

BY THE TERMS OF TRUST

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of said County, at the City of Los Angeles, California, this 1st day of May, 1968.

COUNTY CLERK

Senator Platt had indicated. It left no room on Mr. George H. Rindles who unselfishly served in the interior of the party which he has served so long and faithfully. The convention was not only enthusiastic and tearful, but it was also representative in the action which delegates evidenced the very best men in the party.

IT IS a significant fact that two eminent Republicans—Speaker Henderson, of Iowa, and Senator Spooner of Wisconsin—are put in the second rank just below in this respect to a States' Rights Republicanism. Mr. Spooner will certainly be returned to the Senate, where he has displayed all remarkable talent and rendered distinguished services, and there was every indication that Mr. Henderson will also continue to be recognized by Republicanism as one of the real leaders. Mr. Henderson has been unusually well fitted to become a leader in his party for the long years for he has with him his friends living and moving in the party in his district along with him on the subject of tariff changes. The speaker is a firm protective tariff and opposed to any trading laws in his district except ones while the Republican basic platform actually pronounced for tariff reduction and a tariff of shortening his power of the so-called tariff. Mr. Henderson's well known emphasis has rupture between his friends and opponents of protection in the Republican party which stands at the head of tariffing a disapprover. It is for the protection of a possible tariff on the high tariff and intelligent who has not an understanding of the tariff in the movement to be made should not a feeling in his duty as a member of the Senate.

THESE FIVE THINGS are the foundations of the Christian's life. The first principle is the love of God. The second is the love of man. The third is the love of the world. The fourth is the love of the self. The fifth is the love of the truth. These five things are the foundations of the Christian's life. Without them, the Christian's life is a life of darkness and death. With them, the Christian's life is a life of light and life.

THIS SUGGESTION has often been made that every President of the United States should be entitled to a post-mortem.



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SEVERAL OF the younger victims of European-
tailed vintners to the craze for collecting in Asia
and are joining an expedition to the mountains
of Siam and Laos. He has been long a friend
of King Bhabha's and is a great admirer
when he was on the continent. The Prince of Siam
has now one of the finest and most complete collections
in the country.



A. E. BARKER
President of North Carolina Bankers' Association



የጋራ የፖለቲካና ህግ ምክር ቤት



4. **THEORETICAL CONSIDERATIONS**



William E. Proctor
University of California, Los Angeles and
University of Arizona

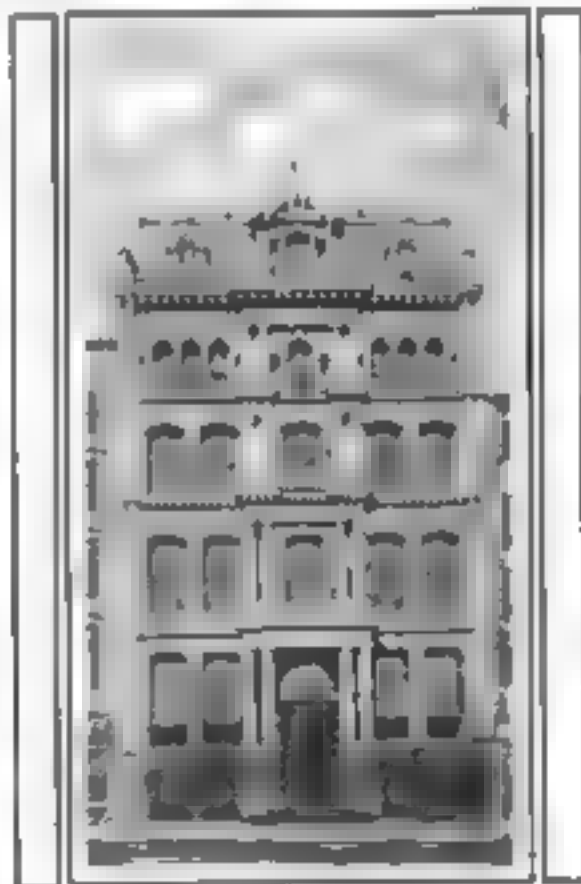
Great Gathering of Eminent Bankers.

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The investigation has been completed and it has been found that the person who was the subject of the investigation was not involved in the activities of the group. The investigation was conducted by the FBI and the results were reported to the Attorney General. The investigation was conducted by the FBI and the results were reported to the Attorney General. The investigation was conducted by the FBI and the results were reported to the Attorney General.

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3. $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ is a set of n elements. The number of subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ is 2^n . The number of proper subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ is $2^n - 1$. The number of non-empty proper subsets of $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ is $2^n - 2$.

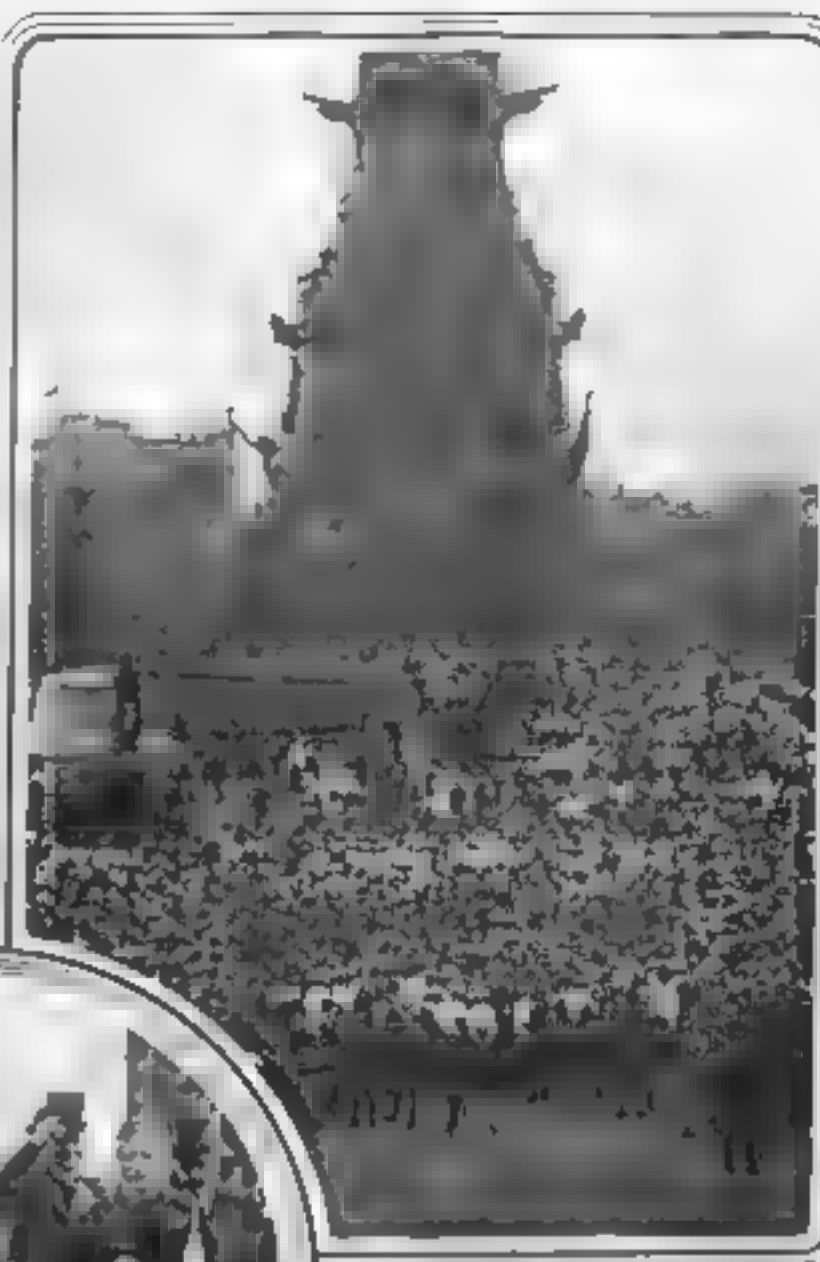
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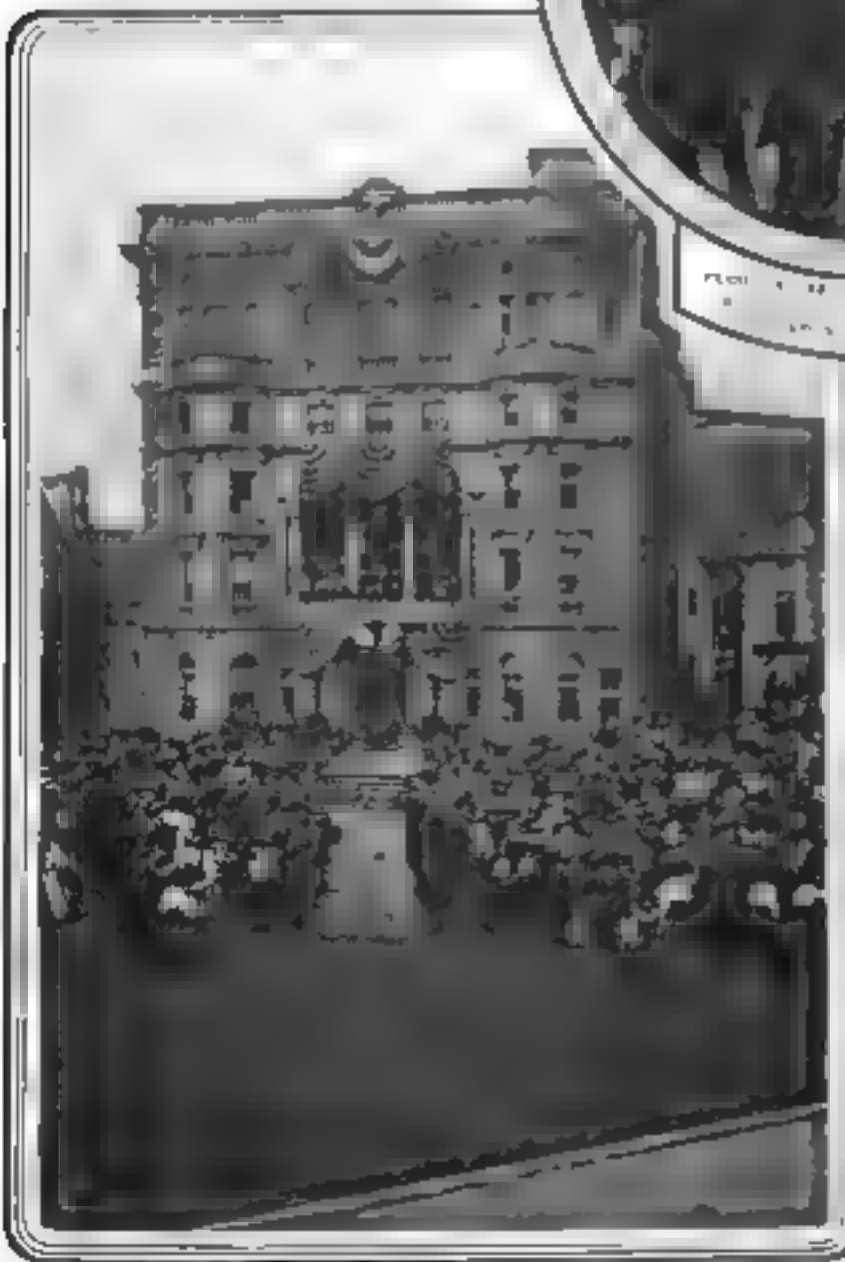
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AT THE PLATFORM WHERE HE WILL SPEAK AT THE OPENING OF THE EXHIBITION.



THE GREAT BUILDING THAT RECEIVED PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT AT INDIANAPOLIS HOSPITAL.



THE PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY AT THE EXHIBITION.



CROWD GATHERING IN THE SQUARE BEFORE THE EXHIBITION, AFTER THE DEPARTURE OF PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.



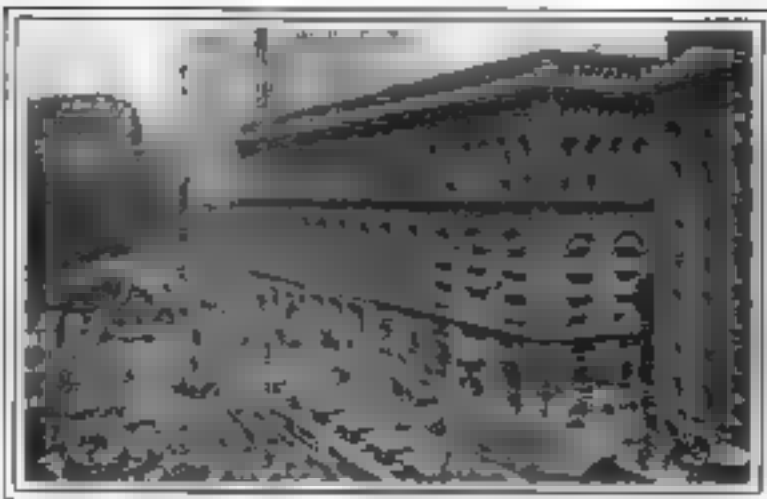
ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL UNDER CHARGE WHILE THE PRESIDENT WAS WITHIN SCRAMBLING TO AN OPERATION.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S INTERRUPTED WESTERN TRIP HIS WELCOME BEFORE HE WAS OPERATED ON AT INDIANAPOLIS AND HIS WESTERN TRIP CUT SHORT

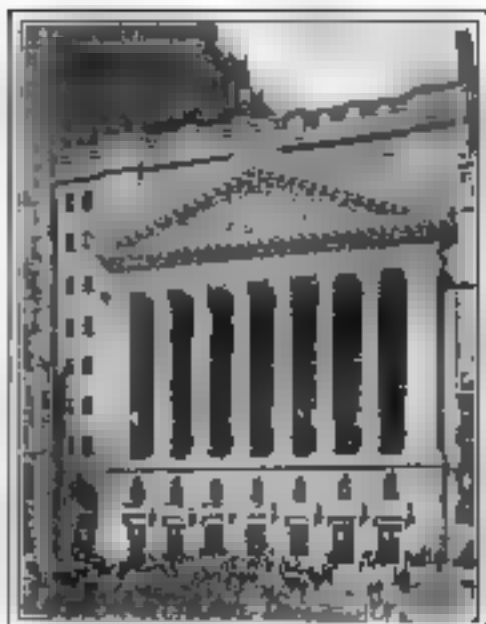
Photographs by our staff artist, G. B. Lacey, with the Associated Press.



NEW \$3,000,000 STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING, NOW IN PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION. *Lucas*



PROJECT EXCHANGE BUILDING, WHERE THE STOCK EXCHANGE IS BEING TRANSFERRED. *Lucas*



INTERIOR VIEW OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE AS IT WILL LOOK WHEN COMPLETED. *Platts*

New York's \$3,000,000 Stock Exchange To be One of the World's Finest Buildings

THE NEW home of the New York Stock Exchange, which is a striking conspicuous wall to one of the notable buildings of the world, is not exclusive of the ground which it occupies, a plot of about three million dollars. It has been predicted that the building would be ready for occupancy at the first of the coming year, but members of the building committee of the New York Stock Exchange say that it will not be finished until next spring. It is an immense structure, a block in length, extending from Nassau Street to which it fronts, to New Street and is 100 feet in width. It has a height of five stories, with a cornice. The office of architecture is enhanced by the architectural design of the building, for around its roof are its massive columns, which are grouped as it were, the ground portion and supporting a broad pediment. All the exterior construction of the building is of white Georgia marble and the interior of white South Devon marble.

Aside from the walls and magnitude of the structure, here are two other features of it which are of special interest. One of these is the "floor," where the trading will be done, and the other is the safety deposit vault in the basement, which is one of the best in the world. The trading floor is to be a vast room, it will be seen, the other side of the columns, 100 feet wide and 100 feet high. It will afford a fine opportunity, which was ever given before in other, the seating of the financial heart of the country for there are to be two great galleries for spectators, one

at either end of the room. The vault in the basement is already used by many banking and brokerage houses for depositing safe securities.

It is a long room, on the walls of which are hundreds of safety deposit boxes of a variety of shapes and sizes. In the center of the room is a long steel cabinet and in both sides of it more boxes and lockers. The outside wall of the vault is fourteen inches thick. The entrance is a steel door. Next to it is a wall of burglar-proof material and made of that a thick burglar-proof plate of steel. Between the outer wall and the wall in which are the safety deposit boxes is a narrow passage extending entirely around the vault. In the center of each end and each side of the passage-way are watchmen's signals. At night two men guard the vault. They pass continually around it through the narrow passage. They are required to ring up at each side of the signal boxes every fifteen minutes. This keeps the watchmen active. A watchman's station is in the tower at the front of the vault. It contains the finest and most elaborate lock mechanism made. The interior "strong box" is proof against all the destructive agencies of man or nature.

The majestic New York Stock Exchange is half a block away from Wall Street and occupies the ground on which stood the old Exchange building, and also the site of the former Western Union Telegraph building, which was demolished to make room for the new structure.

Wall Street Reminiscences.

JAMES H. COLGATE, the oldest member of the New York Stock Exchange, the only one of that large body of men who contributed the stimulus of 1857 was sitting in his office in Wall Street reading the reports of a financial news agency when I called to see him. Mr. Colgate is nearly eighty-five years old. He became a member of the New York Stock Exchange in 1853 (only one other of those who were in the exchange then is now living). That is William Alexander Smith. He is however, younger than Mr. Colgate.



JAMES H. COLGATE, The oldest member of the New York Stock Exchange. *Lucas*

were called unknowns. Mr. Colgate was known familiarly to the jolly young comrades on the exchange as "Beef steak" Colgate because of his exceedingly ruddy complexion. In those far-off days the exchange had not only a much smaller membership than now but the number of stocks listed was very much smaller. It was an easy matter then to keep on the crack of the changes that took place. Many of the brokers earned all their transactions "in their heads," never keeping any accounts or making any memoranda.

"I saw up in that panic of '57," said Mr. Colgate. "It was a sort of nervous collapse. I worried myself ill over the affairs of the concern I was working for, I was nineteen years old then and was employed by Baldwin, Johnson & Co. I wasn't a member of the firm,

but I know all the time what was going on and I saw the danger. When time all around us began to fail I was afraid we couldn't stand it. There were days of quiet talks and anxiety and although we held together and we held the room, the stock was too much for me and I had to go in bed."

"I was born in New York, remembered Mr. Colgate, and I remember when we were a town of about 125,000 people. In those days the high road to town was on the streets. They were excellent quarters, though the venerable banker, and about the only street department we had. I used to go to school right over here on John Street and every day on my way home I would cross Wall Street with the other school children, running and laughing and shouting with my hands under our arms. School children would look rather odd on Wall Street now wouldn't they? Although Wall Street was even then the street of banks, it wasn't exactly as it is now. The presidents of some of our largest banks used to live over their offices. I remember the Merchant National Bank was on the street and the president resided on the floor above the bank.

In the days when Mr. Colgate was in his youth the Bowery was a great retail street like Sixth Avenue is now. The promenade of the town was on Broadway below Fourteenth Street, for that street was the northern limit of the business district. In the afternoon, when the Stock Exchange was closed, the young brokers would brush up their clothes and go out for a stroll up Broadway, where the youth and beauty and fashion of the city were on parade. It was the Fifth Avenue of those days. Between Wall Street and Fourteenth Street on Broadway, now what a difference! There are scores of office buildings and wholesale houses predominate. It is no longer a gay parade-ground. *R. H.*

The Nestor of the Exchange.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH, who has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1854, has no other title higher than his other title being, speaking of justice now.

My first experience in a panic was in 1857 and that was more exciting than the panic of '73. There had been a period of inflation. Banks had begun to close to convert that did not have much collateral. Suddenly without any warning, the Ohio Trust Company failed. This brought people to their senses and frightened them. Banks were unable to collect their loans and many of them failed. There were runs on many of the banks and Wall Street was filled all day with a wild mob. I have never seen such excitement.

"In 1873, nearly the same condition prevailed as before the break of 1857. Values were inflated, and when the storm started it kept up until everything was swept away.

"Conditions in the market at present are not unlike those existing before the two historical money disasters. Values are inflated now. One of the causes of this is the fact that the great financial leaders sometimes pay big prices for stocks in order to control certain interests. This raises the price above the intrinsic value of the properties which the stocks represent. It is a bad thing that these manipulators were forced to sell here would be trouble. A man is not safe in buying stocks now unless he is on the inside where he can get an honest report on the earnings of the concern and its real condition."

Mr. Smith no longer goes on the floor of the Exchange, but still actively transacts business at his office.



WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH, Who has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange longer than any other man.



MR. WILLIAM A. KANE,
President of the Corn Exchange Bank, 100 N. 6th St., New York

MR. HERMAN OHLFELD,
President of the National Park Bank, 100 N. 6th St., New York

MR. HENRY W. LEXWY,
President of the Chase National Bank, 100 N. 6th St., New York

MONEYED MAGNATES OF THE AMERICAN METROPOLIS.
HEADS OF SOME OF THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN NEW YORK CITY

A Forgotten Financier—Robert Morris

PATRIOT, BANKER, AND FINANCE MINISTER OF REVOLUTIONARY DAYS—OTHER ILLUSTRIOUS TREASURY CHIEFS

By Charles M. Harvey

AT THE dinner held in New York City by Group 8 the New York group of bankers a year ago the following committee was appointed at the suggestion of the Hon. J. W. Beck, of Pennsylvania, to arrange for the erection of a suitable memorial in honor of Robert Morris, banker, patriot and the Confederation's finance minister during the American war for independence: V. P. Snyder, president Western National Bank; Charles H. Farnber, president Irving National Bank; and the Hon. A. B. Hepburn, vice president Chase National Bank all of New York. In the yard of Christ Church, on Second Street, Philadelphia, there is a vault whose entrance is in a rectangular brick structure which has a slab lying horizontally upon it bearing the inscription:

The Family Vault of William White and Robert Morris.
The latter, who was financier of the United States during the Revolution, died on 21st of May 1806, Aged 73 years.

Tens of thousands of people pass up and down the streets in that vicinity every secular day in the year, yet probably only a few score of them have ever seen Robert Morris's resting-place. Not many of the 1,300,000 residents of Philadelphia know that he is buried in their city. To the vast majority of the 30,000,000 of his fellow-countrymen of to-day Robert Morris is not even a name. How little he deserves to be forgotten!

Republicans are sometimes impatient. They are often forgetful. In the rush of events and the hitting of big and little personages across the public stage many great characters drop out of the popular recollection immediately after they vanish from the physical sight. For the last ten years of Robert Morris's life he was in private station,



CHARLES H. FARNBER,
President Irving National Bank,
New York.



V. P. SNYDER,
President Western National Bank,
New York.



A. B. HEPBURN,
Vice President Chase National Bank,
New York.

reader was only two-thirds of a year distant but nobody on either side of the Atlantic at that time could foresee his eventualities. In fact Morris's appointment was the chief factor in bringing that outcome. Moreover, when Cornwallis's capture did come nobody in America felt any certainty that this would end the war.

Despondency pervaded the colonies, the army Congress, and private life at the time when Morris entered office. The treasury was empty. The army was clamoring for pay long since due, but

which could not be given, and was without food and clothing. A few weeks before Morris was appointed, 2,000 Pennsylvania soldiers mutinied on account of their ill treatment by Congress, broke camp at Morris town, and marched on Philadelphia, the capital of that day. A New Jersey brigade for the same cause rose in revolt. Order was at last restored by Washington and the ragged Congress was spurred into action for the relief of the soldiers. There was but little gold or silver in the country. The continental paper currency, which floated at par at first, had by this time dropped to about a cent in value, which meant a rise in the price of commodities of all sorts to that extent, as measured by that currency.

Hamilton, a few months before Morris's appointment and that our envoys in Paris must tell our ally, France, that unless she made a further loan to us we would have to come to some accommodation with England, and therefore France would be deprived of the physical and moral gains to be had, which she had expected as a result of a successful issue of the war. France herself, about the same time, was making proposals to England looking toward peace on the basis of England's retention of Georgia and South Carolina, and her evacuation of New



CHRIST CHURCH, PHILADELPHIA, IN WHICH ROBERT MORRIS
IS BURIED. *Copyright © 1902, by J. M. Harvey.*

At the beginning of that time he was the wealthiest person of his day in the United States, but a succession of business calamities reduced him to poverty. Then for three and a half years, under the operation of the bankruptcy laws at that age, he was in a debtor's cell, apparently forgotten by everybody except Washington, Hamilton, Gouverneur Morris, and a few others who had been associated with him in the days of his ascendancy.

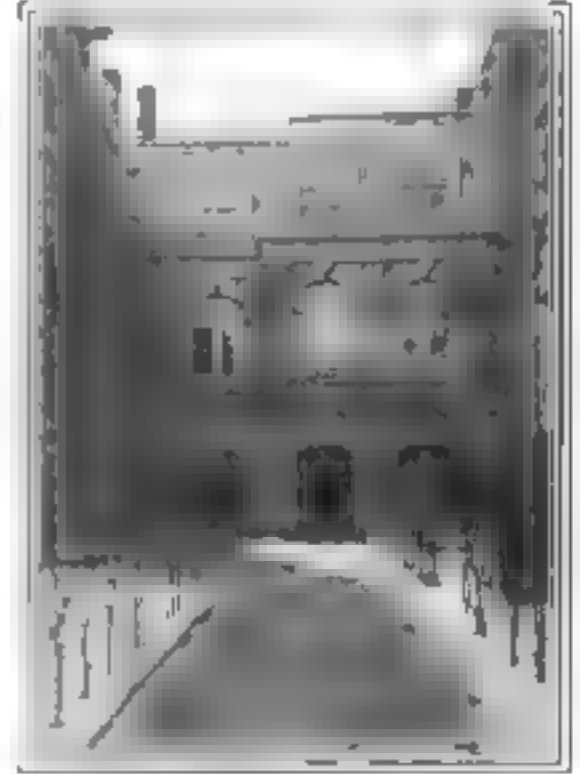
Yet Robert Morris deserved well of the United States. An Englishman by birth, he came to this country in 1737 at the age of thirteen, entered a mercantile house in Philadelphia, and eventually became a partner in it. Opposed to the cause of the colonies in the troubles with England was a fugitive from Pennsylvania in the Continental Congress, and a signer of the Declaration of Independence of 1776; helped to organize the Bank of North America, the first national financial institution in the United States; was Superintendent of Finance on the establishment of the government under the articles of confed-

eration in the early part of 1781 and held that post until the latter part of 1781, gave his seat after the final peace of peace with England, which acknowledged the independence of the United States, was then again elected a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature, a delegate to the convention which framed the Federal Constitution, and one of Pennsylvania's first senators under the government which that instrument created. He was offered by President Washington the post of Secretary of the Treasury in the government under the Constitution, entered into partnership with Gouverneur Morris, of New York, and retired to his estate in the three months engaged in land speculation which swept away all his fortune and placed him in a debtor's jail in Philadelphia for three and a half years, and died in bankruptcy in 1806. Here is laid out in a summary of the chief events in Robert Morris's career.

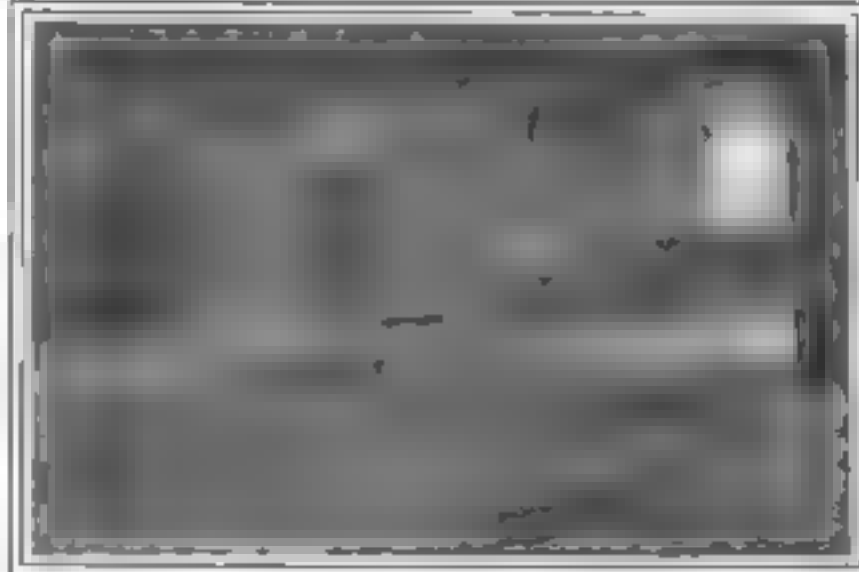
Several considerations suggested Robert Morris as the proper person for head of the Department of Finance when the government of the Confederation went into operation in March, 1781. He was the controlling spirit in the largest mercantile house at that time in the United States. Funds had frequently been raised by him which he brought for the support of the army. He was one of the organizers of the leading financial institution of the country, the Bank of North America, and others urged the appointment of single heads for the Treasury War and Marine Departments under the Confederation in place of the executive which had now managed them under the prevailing régime. Congress accordingly suggested Congress to accept his plan.

Hamilton and Robert Morris would have many things in common for the Department of Finance. Congress was of the same opinion, and he was selected. He declined at first, saying advanced age, he was in his forty-eighth year, and his debt for war which his income under his many years carried him to and at which his wealth would permit him to indulge. At length, however, he was prevailed upon to accept the post. The Finance Department was by far the most important of all the executive and administrative divisions of the government. Without money either general or particular, the military and naval operations could never have been carried on. It was he himself who opened and closed the gates of the Treasury of the war for independence. True, Cornwallis was

The one in 1781 when Morris was appointed superintendent of Finance which regularly devolved to him of Finance was his designation was the darkest hour of the war for independence. True, Cornwallis was



THE GREAT FINANCIER'S
ROOM, SHOWING THE DESK AND THE GREAT FINANCIER'S
ROOM. *Copyright © 1902, by J. M. Harvey.*



THE ROOM OF ROBERT MORRIS—THIS FROM PHILADELPHIA—FROM ARCHIVES OF THE
J. M. HARVEY.

York, but George III, providentially obstinate and blind to the end, rejected the proposal, saying he would have the whole of the colonies or none.

Even Washington who clung to hope in the midst of disasters and discouragements which would have crushed any other chieftain, began to despair at the outlook. Writing to John Laurens, one of America's agents in France in January 1781 a few weeks before Morris's appointment as head of the Department of Finance, Washington said: "The period [end of our expedition] will shortly arrive if our allies cannot afford us some effectual aid, particularly in money and in naval superiority which are now solicited."

Without an immediate and efficacious success in money we may make a feeble and expiring effort in our next campaign in all probability the period of our opposition." About the same time Franklin in Paris, told Vergennes, Louis XVI's foreign minister, there was danger that unless money and troops France was

Continued on page 354.

Russell Sage, the Most Unique and Interesting Character in Wall Street

By Harry Beardsley

AT THE age of eighty-seven years, after a career of sixty-five years in the money market of the United States, Russell Sage, probably the ablest, the most conservative and one of the wisest of American financiers, has sounded a note of warning. The present high prices of stocks, under conditions of the market, he deems it not best. Russell Sage has been one of the active men in Wall Street for the last half century. He was in "the Street" in the panic of 1857 and during that of 1873. No one knows better than he the cause and the effect of the ups and downs in the financial world. There is no shrewder manipulator nor more astute trader than the venerable banker. He has long been known as the "King of Puts and Calls." I have been recognized as one who possesses a sterling common sense, both of natural ability and long experience in the field of finance. Twenty years ago he was known to be the possessor of a fortune of twenty millions dollars. Now his wealth is three times as much, or more. In the building of his immense fortune he has had few reverses. His program under his conservative policy has been steady. Forty years ago Russell Sage was recognized as the government's right arm in all matters of financial policy. At that time he was in Congress and a member of the Ways and Means committee of the House. The opinions of no man in Washington were more respected than those of Russell Sage. His opinion was followed by the authorities of the government. So when Russell Sage expresses the opinion that there is danger in the present industrial condition the statement is worth consideration.

"Things have been running at a pretty high rate," he said. "It is not safe to buy on the market now. There is danger of a collapse when the price of every thing will go down. What I am afraid of is the constant issue of inflated securities, which are sold to the public with a good feeling on them. Such securities have been made in large quantities and sold at high prices, because it has been pointed out that the money saved by combination of industries gives by the combination greater earning capacity than the individual earnings of the separate industries would be. This theory has been carried too far. It is going to cause a collapse and the public will be the greatest sufferer. The danger of all the large institutions of the country is five or six times as dangerous and in producing the results which will lead to a reaction."

"After the collapse," continued Mr. Sage, "if the crops are good and general conditions are favorable then will be the time to buy. If the prices of stocks are apt to fall below their intrinsic value, and then they will rise until they equal that value. But don't buy now, not now," he repeated.

None of the same opinions which he expressed to me were given by Mr. Sage to the newspapers recently and printed conspicuously throughout the country. Mr. Sage was much gratified by this. Some of his friends had called him up by telephone and had complimented him on the stand which he had taken. The next morning he received several letters of commendation. Men had stopped him on the street and had told him that they



were glad he had spoken out and that he was exactly right in what he had said.

Hope it has not of the public some readers said Mr. Sage is speaking of this. Then he added, "I think I am the oldest man in Wall Street. I have a standing of sixty-five years. When people have given me their money they have gotten value received. That's the thing. During those sixty-five years I have always been conservative, and I have done pretty well, so people naturally have confidence in me."

"Is the opportunity to make money in Wall Street as good now as it was twenty-five years ago?" I asked.

"There is," Mr. Sage replied, and then reiterated his statement pointing out the danger of purchasing stocks on the present market.

(Russell Sage is one of the most picturesque characters in Wall Street. He is picturesque because he is different from all the others. Among the bankers and brokers of the financial center are scores of millionaires and they

are men who usually give evidence of doing well doing in their personal appearance. There is about them almost invariably the air of prosperity, an air of assurance and self-confidence. The manner of the man who is accustomed to command. He is the man who has got on the top of the world. None of this appears in Russell Sage. His modest apparel always scrupulously neat gives no evidence of his great wealth. Mr. Sage's manner is very kind and pleasant. He does not say what he has to say with the declamatory manner of the orator. He speaks in low tones, leaning forward and smiling as though he were taking you into his confidence.

He walks on the street with a cane, slowly and in a cautious manner. He pays no heed to sidewalk strollers through which he passes, while he himself is a great object of interest. A bird of vision who sees him recognizes him. Their faces brighten and they tell their companions, "There comes Uncle Russell Sage." After he has gone by many of them stop and stare. The school-boys all know him. Frequently one of them will follow him persistently, running along by his side looking up at his face and begging, "Please buy a paper, Mr. Sage." But the banker does not heed any of them. He walks steadily along, looking straight ahead. The elevator men all know him and step back with great deference to allow him to enter their cars.

When he reaches his office a crowd is waiting for him in the vestibule for his man of eighty-seven years, who wears the plainest clothes and walks with the heavy heavy stick in a power in the world of Wall Street.

And he retention of his mental faculties to such an advanced age must be most remarkable fact about him. He transacts his business with the same ability and relays the the club in the years which are usually called the prime of life. He may have lost some of his initiative but none of his mental capacity. He is at his desk every day arriving in the morning at ten and remaining until three in the afternoon. His private office is bare and plain. It is up there, perchance the man who sits at the table. But down in the corner. The room gives the impression of his headquarters of his office.

and the person office of a man worth money millions.

Russell Sage has been a money maker since he was fourteen years old. He earned his first money then in a country store. That was in his father's at Chatham, N. Y. Later he moved to Troy, N. Y. secured a position in a store there and before he was twenty years old he caught out his employer. He began his political career in 1850, joined of abolition and entered it in the United States Congress in 1857. At the time he was the political leader of the Whig party in New York and consequently one of the foremost in the affairs of the country. He headed the delegation from his State to the convention which nominated Zachary Taylor for President and it was Russell Sage who named the Vice-President William Halliday. And all these events belong to a generation which is gone. How long his remarkable character, active and vigorous at eighty-seven years will run may be argued. It is an interesting bit of speculation in itself. He has never yet intimated that he would retire from business.

How Rothschild Profited by Waterloo.

THESE are probably no more picturesque and unique bits of financial history than that by which Nathan Rothschild made six million dollars as a result of the battle of Waterloo. The story is told by Mr. Henry Clews in his book, "Twenty-eight Years in Wall Street." Rothschild had followed Wellington during his campaign against Napoleon, and at Waterloo the "man of money" sat like a soldier in a shower of rain and bullets watching the battle. As soon as he observed the arrival of Blucher and the rout of the French, Rothschild set upon to his home and rode swiftly to Brussels. A carriage whirled him to London and the next morning he was at the Belgian coast. The sea was so rough that he had to pay \$400 to a boatman to carry him across the channel, and he landed at Dover in the evening. The next morning he was in London before the opening of the Stock Exchange. It was known that he had come direct from Wellington and right from the latest news. He had outstripped all the couriers and messengers of the nation. There was no telegraph then. In answer to the anxious inquiries for the news of Wellington, Rothschild discreetly said nothing of the battle of Waterloo. Instead he urged and sold of Blucher's previous defeat at Ligny and said that as a result there could be little hope for Wellington. The gloomy report caused a panic on the exchange and when the market had reached the bottom, Nathan Rothschild bought everything that he could find money for—all being done quietly through his brokers. Then came the news of the battle of Waterloo, England's victory, the final defeat of Napoleon. Securities of all kinds went up with a rush, and Nathan Rothschild being well stocked at small cost made great profits—about six million dollars. He was one of the five sons of the original Mayer Anselm Rothschild, who began his career in a little money-lending shop in Frankfurt, Germany, and founded the richest family in the world.

Origin of "Watered Stock."

THE EXPRESSION "watered stock," which describes so well the expansion of the stock of a company beyond the value of the property originated it is said, in connection with Daniel Drew, who was once the wealthiest and most unique manipulator in Wall Street. Drew had been a devotee to his younger days, and it was said of him that before selling his cattle on the market he would feed them large quantities of salt to make them thirsty and then provide them with all the water they could drink. In this way, best bought was greatly increased and the purchaser was buying "watered stock."

Vast Increase of People's Savings.

NO BETTER so many faithful sales of the property which the country has enjoyed during the past few years can be found than the figures showing the recent enormous increase in savings banks and savings-bank deposits. Five years ago there were 5,200,000 savings-bank depositors in the United States; now there are 6,400,000, an increase of 200,000, or at the rate of nearly a quarter of a million a year. Five years ago the amount on deposit in the savings banks of the United States was \$1,940,000,000. It is now \$2,640,000,000, an increase of \$700,000,000 in five years, or at the rate of \$140,000,000 a year. Massachusetts has proportionately the largest number of depositors and Texas the smallest. Pennsylvania has a much smaller number than might be expected so to large and prosperous a State. A fact just as interesting for perhaps by the number and popularity of building and loan associations in Pennsylvania, a method of saving which appeals to many. Among the Southern States generally savings banks are few in number. South Carolina leading all in this respect. A movement has recently been started to promote the growth of these institutions.

Commodore Vanderbilt's Axiom.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT the first of the Vanderbilt family and founder of its fortune used to say this: "Never tell anybody what you are going to do till you do it."

Wanderers.

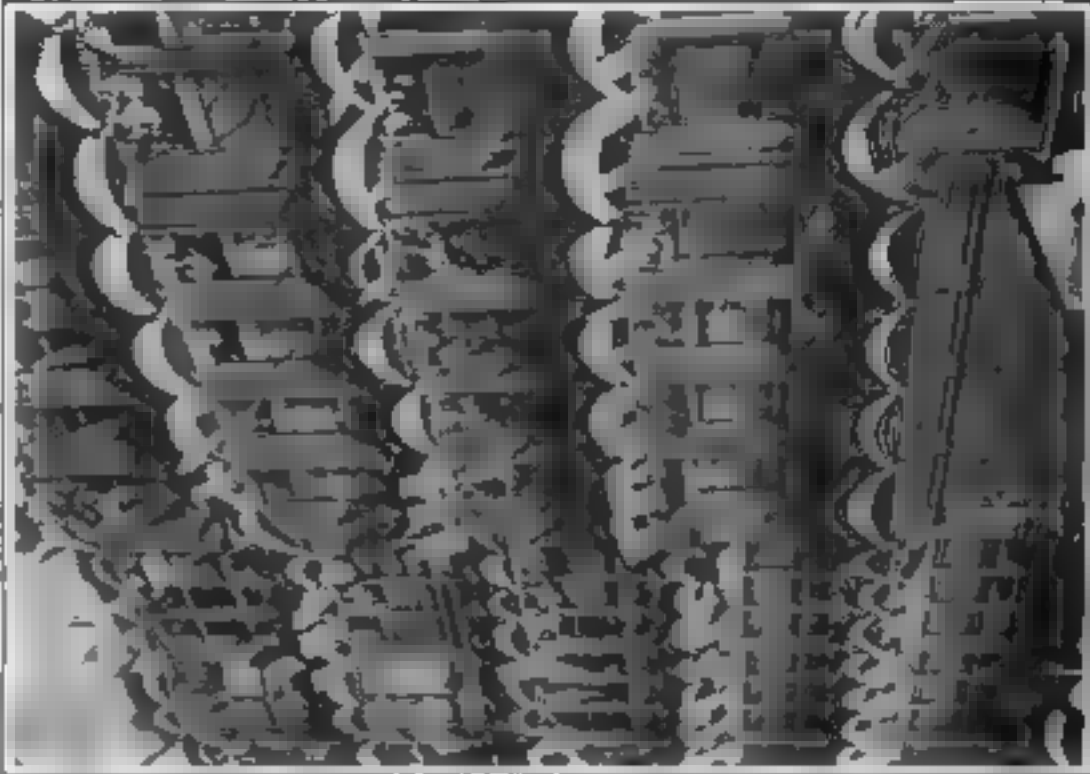
TRAVEL THROUGHOUT THE WORLD AND FIND IT AT HOME.

We go about from one place to another in search of something we desire, without success and finally find it right at home awaiting us. A mining engineer out in Mansfield, Mo., tells of his experience with coffee.

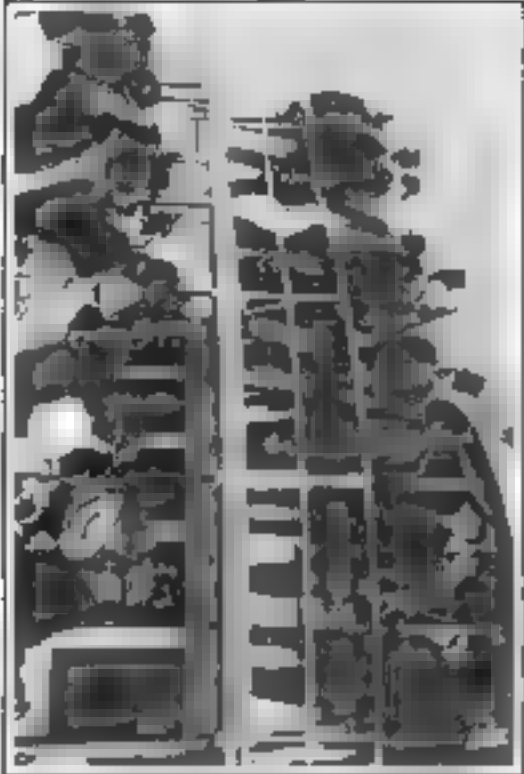
He says, "Up to the year 1899 I had always been accustomed to drinking coffee with my breakfast each morning. In the summer of that year I developed a severe case of nervous prostration and I took several courses of treatment for it in Toronto, Buffalo, and New York City without obtaining any permanent benefit."

"One of the most crying manifestations of the malady was a condition of nervous excitement in which I found myself every day during the forenoon. A nerve occurred in me to attribute this to coffee until I read an advertisement of yours last fall describing a case similar to my own which had received benefit from the use of Postum (Cereal Food Coffee). I at once changed my breakfast beverage from Java and Mocha to Postum and the effect was nothing short of marvelous. After using it less than a week I was free from morning attacks and in six months all my nervous symptoms had disappeared."

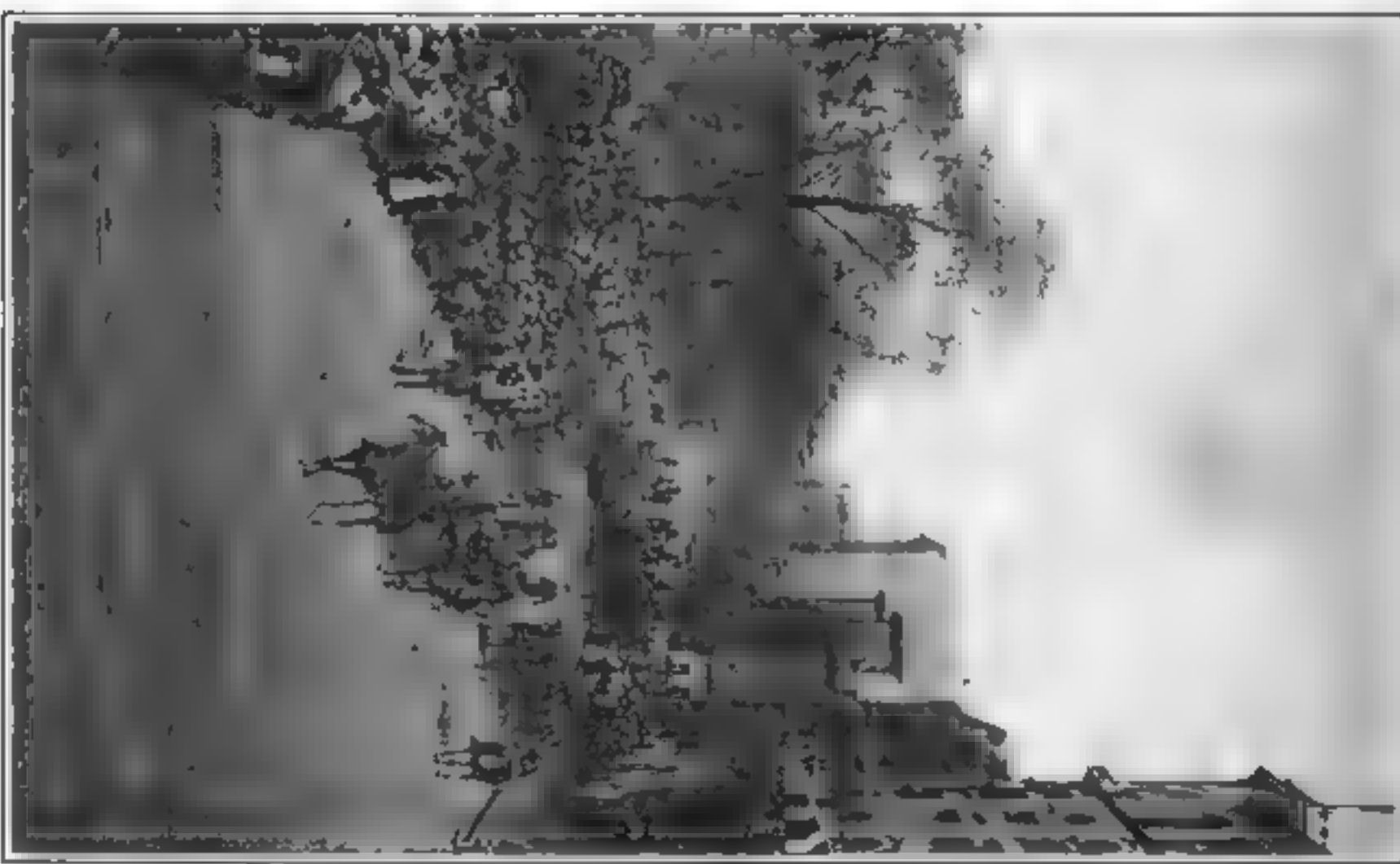
"I have demonstrated the fact that by following your directions in making Postum Food Coffee any one can obtain as rich a cup of coffee from Postum as from any of the imported brands, and may rest assured that they will escape the injurious effects of coffee and experience much benefit from the use of Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



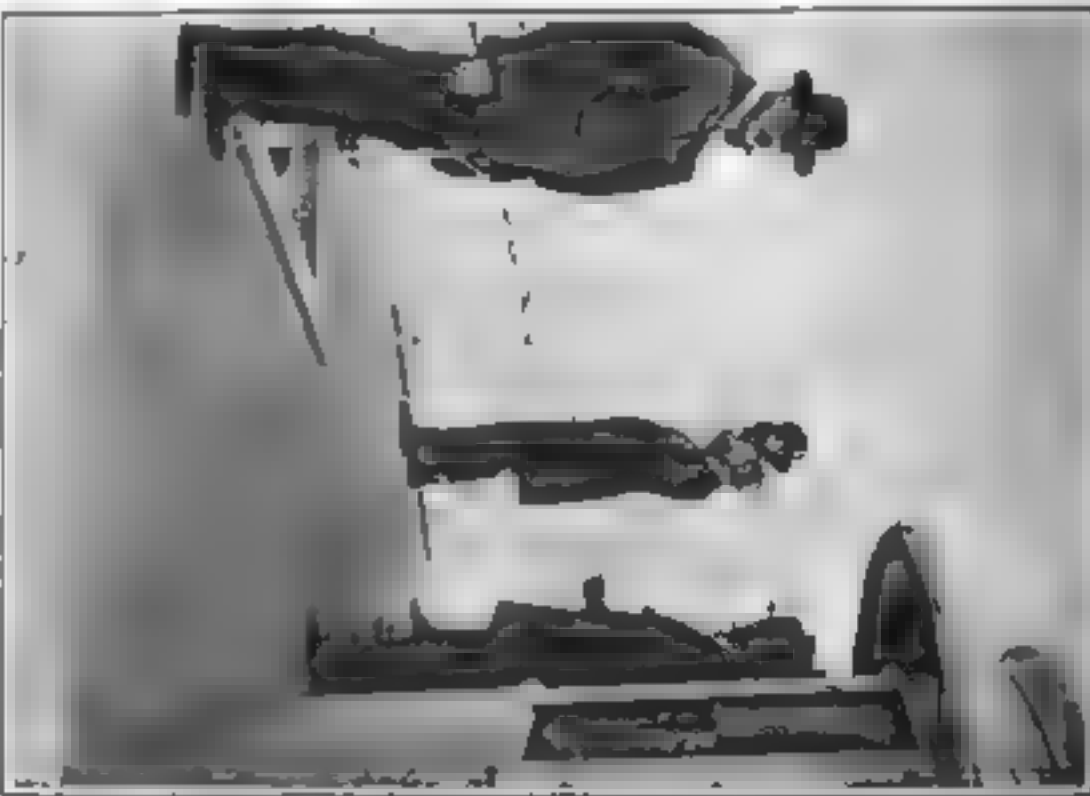
ROOSEVELT WITH HIS PARTY AT THE DINNER GIVEN BY THE DETROIT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.



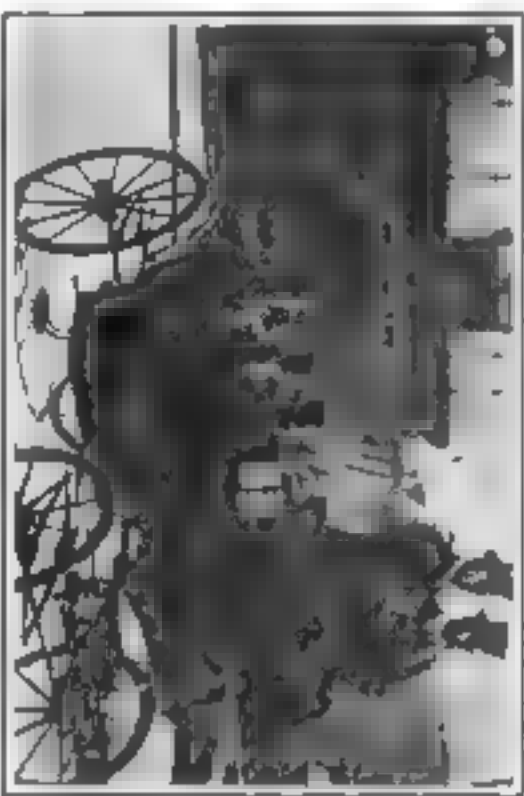
THE PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY AT THE DINNER GIVEN BY THE DETROIT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.



THE PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY AT THE DINNER GIVEN BY THE DETROIT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.



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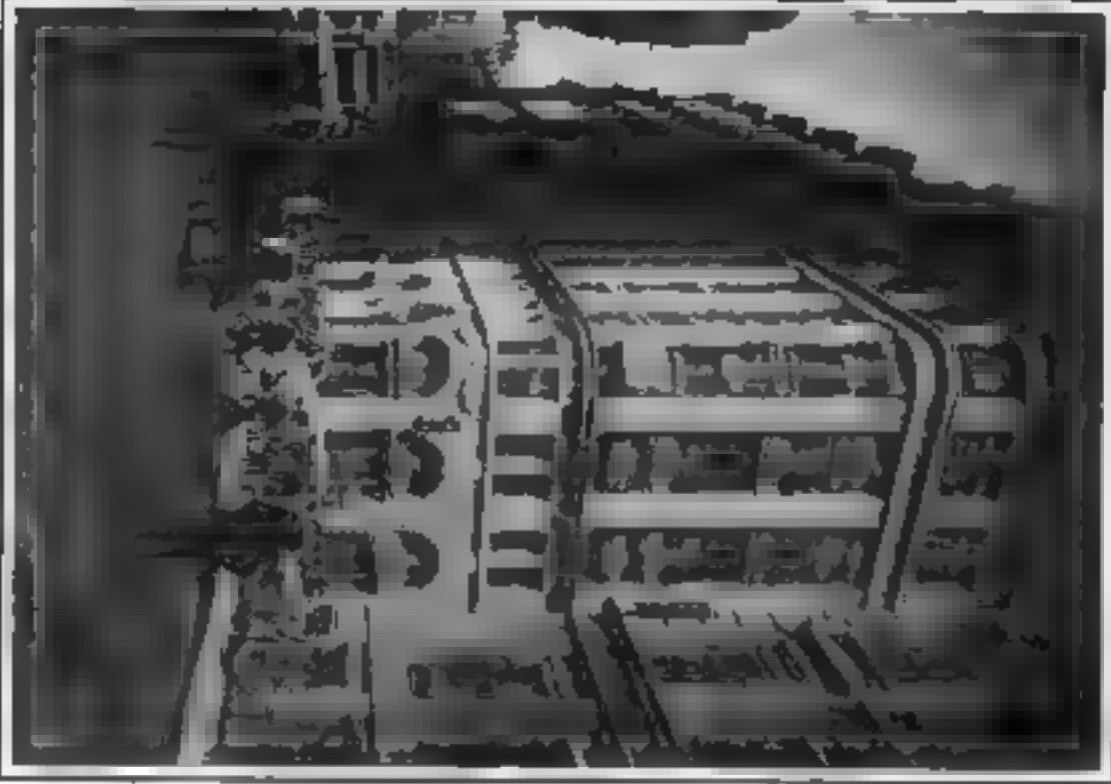
THE PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY AT THE DINNER GIVEN BY THE DETROIT SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S VISIT TO THE CENTRAL WEST ENTERTAINED ON LAND AND WATER IN HOSPITABLE STYLE BY PROMINENT CITIZENS OF DETROIT

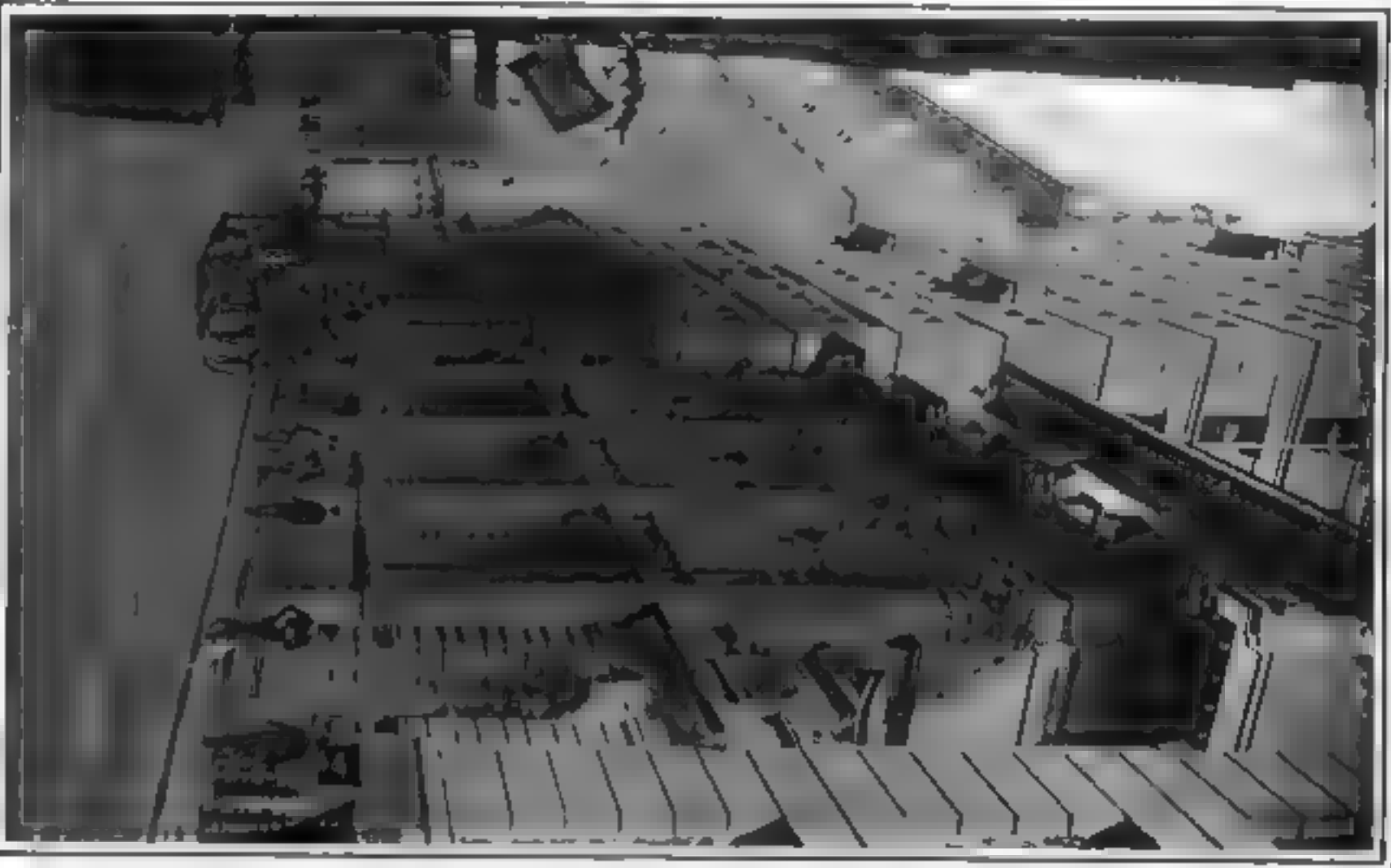
Photographs by our staff writer, C. A. Lamb, with the President's party



CHILDREN THE DAY AFTER WORK IN THE CLEANING-ROOMS OF THE STONE EXCHANGE



WATER MARKET BUILDING AT THE CORNER OF MADISON AND FIFTH AVENUE



SCENIC VIEW OF THE NEW YORK CLEANING-ROOMS AND CHINESE MARKET



WORKINGMEN WAITING FOR A BUS IN THE STREET OF A BUSINESS OFFICE



WORKINGMEN WAITING FOR A BUS IN THE STREET OF A BUSINESS OFFICE

IN THE HEART OF NEW YORK'S FAMOUS FINANCIAL DISTRICT

NOTED BUILDINGS AND PLACES WHERE VAST TRANSACTIONS ARE PLANNED AND CARRIED OUT

Photographs by J. B. Lander

New York the Financial Centre of the World

By Edward White

FOR TWO hundred years the finances of the world were dominated by the city of London. From the founding of the Bank of England in 1694 to the beginning of the twentieth century it was the recognized centre of monetary exchange, the world's financial capital. Within five or six years, however, the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street has been dethroned. Her sceptre has passed to be lusty giant of the American metropolis, and Wall Street, backed by the undoubted numerical rule of the nation which it represents, has become the imperator of the monetary world.

The growth of New York's banks during the past five years has placed the city far in advance of every other municipality on the globe. Half a decade has witnessed the practical doubling of the capital, surplus, deposits, and total resources of the organized institutions of the city while the great private banking houses have made giant strides in volume of business, in net earnings, and in the public utility of their operations. The aggregate resources of the national banks and savings banks and trust companies reach in this country a total of \$3,300,000,000,000, which is about \$419,000,000,000 in excess of the or-

It will be seen that New York's lead is so strong that no untoward event or series of events can restore London's sway. During the first two years embraced in the table both cities gained substantially. In 1930 occurred the presidential election in the United States and the consequent silver scare, and New York's clearings dropped back six billions, and London's went down in company one billion. The fourth year the great business year London's totals went up to forty-six billions, while New York's leaped to the enormous amount of seventy-seven billions.

Important as these comparisons are, they do not reflect all the difference between the two cities as financial centres. The operations of New York's moneyed men and institutions within the past few years have been of greater magnitude and further reaching in their effects than have of all Europe combined. The financing of extensive corporate enterprises, the incorporation of old ones and the bringing together in useful combination the scattered remnants of non-productive ones, have reached the handling and interchange of sums aggregating many billions of dollars. Three transactions have not only

taken shape for the city and the nation under a thorough watching and vigorous work of institutions widely dispersed in the greatest city of the world, but have also made New York the controlling financial and commercial centre of the hemisphere. The old seat of honor and glory is their due.

GROWTH OF THE NATIONAL BANKS

Probably the most striking feature of this marvelous ten-year history of financial New York is the rapid yet substantial growth of the national banks of the city. The following table shows the relative increase in capital, surplus and profits, deposits, and aggregate resources of the national banks of New York City and the United States for the five years ending September 30th, 1932.

| | Capital | Surplus and Profits | Deposits | Resources |
|------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| N. Y. 1927 | \$25,451,000 | \$34,974,000 | \$274,475,700 | \$577,600,000 |
| N. Y. 1932 | 70,540,000 | 10,100,000 | 507,000,000 | 727,000,000 |
| Increase | 45,089,000 | 6,626,000 | 232,524,300 | 149,400,000 |
| U. S. 1927 | \$4,415,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |
| U. S. 1932 | 25,410,000 | 6,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Increase | 21,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 0 | 0 |

This table in conjunction with the following compares



BROAD STREET, LOOKING UP TO WALL.—Copyright, 1932, by J. M.

ganized banks of London, and only \$370,000,000 less than the combined resources of the banks of the entire United Kingdom. The totals of a dozen of New York's leading institutions added together make a total equal to the total resources of the Bank of France, which is \$ 273,000,000, and approximately as twice of those of the Imperial Bank of Germany, the largest of which amounts to \$120,000,000.

It must be borne in mind that none of the two hundred private banking houses of the city is included in New York's totals. Many of these firms employ capital equal to some of the largest organized institutions, carry large deposits reaching far into the millions, and have practically unlimited resources. If the figures of these companies were available and were added to those of the organized banks and trust companies, the total banking resources of the city would undoubtedly be equalled to the almost incomprehensible sum of \$1,000,000,000.

The most noteworthy sign in New York over her long years, her financial supremacy is seen in the following comparison of statement of bank clearings for the five years ending October 31st, 1932.

| Year | London | New York |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1927 | \$1,000,000,000 | \$1,000,000,000 |
| 1928 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |
| 1929 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |
| 1930 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |
| 1931 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |
| 1932 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 |

extended in extent and importance everything else in the financial history of the world, but they have inaugurated an important development that has placed the United States in advance of every other nation on the globe and established a prosperity which has marked where ever the sun shines.

The central figure in this magnificent development are New York's Captains of Finance, the controlling elements of the large private banking houses of the city and the executive heads of the organized institutions. To these men of courage, sagacity, and intelligence is due not only the credit of the city's dominant power in the business world, but in a great measure the marvelous development of the country at large and the consequent universal prosperity. An inevitable law of conservative long since proved that New York should ultimately become the world's monetary center, yet it never appeared within the range of vision of even the most optimistic that the American metropolis would reach that supreme position in the twentieth century had fairly dawned upon creation. That was an attainment only thought possible through the slow process of evolution, and was based upon a New World development much greater than could have been forecasted inside of another quarter of a century. But these financial leaders, grasping the full meaning of a stable monetary standard and comprehending the American spirit of progress, saw the possi-

ble statements of various institutions, tell the story of New York's growth in financial importance, more loudly than could a whole volume of abstract reasoning or speculative discourse.

NATIONAL CITY BANK

| Year | Capital | Surplus and Profits | Deposits | Resources |
|------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1927 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |
| 1928 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1929 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1930 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1931 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1932 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK

| Year | Capital | Surplus and Profits | Deposits | Resources |
|------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1927 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 |
| 1928 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1929 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1930 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1931 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| 1932 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |

Continued on page 351.



MR. MAX ROGERS. Star

The Rise of the Rogers Brothers The Funniest of Fun-makers

By Eleanor Franklin



MR. MAX ROGERS. Star

VERY FEW people realize how much "art" there is in a characteristic such as is given by the Rogers Brothers, Weber and Fields, Mr. Louis Mann, Mr. David Warfield, and other eccentric com-

the limelight—no matter how meteoric his career may seem to an onlooking public, has a history to relate of times to him "as at last" when he struggled with untold fortune which always held that longer for "golden opportunities" just a bit beyond his eager grasp. And so with the clever Rogers Brothers. It was "away back" in 1878 and they had been engaged for a two weeks' run at Austin & Stone's Museum in Boston. Austin & Stone's was the first of the later museums and was opened in an old chapel where building on Tremont street.

Previous to this the Rogers Brothers had been doing for a couple of years what is called a "first class and student act" in all the variety houses in the country, and they were so particularly fond that the idea of making themselves grotesque was not an at all far from the truth. But at Austin & Stone's the same act could not be used two weeks in succession and especially if it were one of those in which he took some of the actors of the last House the Rogers Brothers with a six weeks' engagement ahead of them, found themselves face to face with the necessity of preparing a new "turn" for their second week.

During the first week they played four performances daily of their song-and-dance act which didn't leave much time for rehearsal and study in between, and they managed it and went on at the beginning of the next week.

Pleasure at the Hunker-brother. Mr. Rogers tells a most interesting story of how he came about. "We were doing our act when we got down at Foster & Bird's for supper," said one night Mr. Klaw came down with



IN COMEDICAL CONTRAST.

edians of their class. Coming out of our hunker-brother. There's the other evening I heard three different people say, "wonder if those boys will put out all the time or something in this effort and knowing the Rogers Brothers to be out on a most extraordinary piece with tongue in cheek and no sympathy at all, and if it took them a long time in making and making. To give a second glimpse at the result of years of constant practice and perfecting, and then wonder if they grew bad way? It had an interest history had what it?

No the Rogers Brothers didn't grow that way and it is a curious fact that they became such illustrious players by accident, or rather as he would say, means of increasing an increasing addition in a variety of character. As you are born and not made, naturally we come to in catalogue of dramatic works in the country. Notwithstanding various manifestations, you discover them the most other easy and promising thing and Messrs. Max and Louis Rogers doing good themselves some fifteen years ago when they were both struggling with just out of hunker-brothers.

It was away back in 1878, at Austin & Stone's Museum



THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN 1878. A SINGULAR AND RARE TYPE. Star



THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN 1878. A SINGULAR AND RARE TYPE. Star

in a rough and tumble theatrical town, where a good deal of the Rogers brothers. "If we performed the same thing on Broadway now," he continued, "an onlooking public would say up and call us blessed." But much to the surprise of the Rogers Brothers they were now—well, such comedians and a little later in the

a party to see our performance. After we got through, dressed and left the theatre as quick as possible and jumped up a friend was running up town. I got a note, the last set up for the act and as for my partner who should get up last Mr. Klaw and his partner. They had evidently in the theatre and walked up a block waiting for a car. Some of them knew me of course, we had just broken up on the last night in with quite suddenly about the Rogers Brothers performance. Somebody perhaps was reporting what Mr. Klaw said or when I couldn't stand it any longer, got up and said:

"Please take me away Mr. Klaw. I've got sick of here. I'm up Rogers."

Mr. Klaw said, "Oh, you are good? Well, you and some around to my office tomorrow morning. I like it all right."

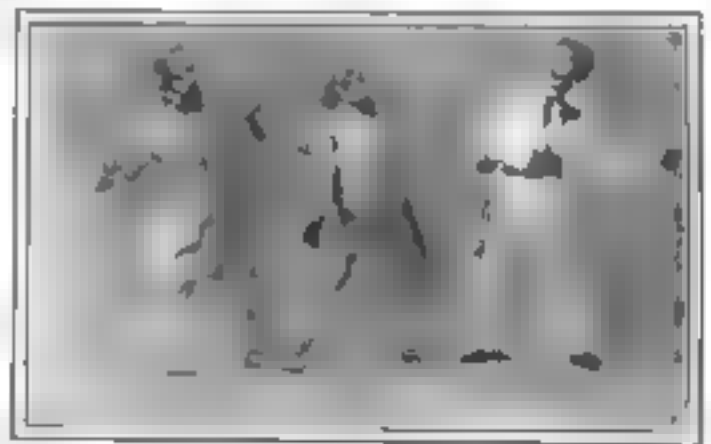
The angle of account he came just out but but it was quite result in the lowest step upward in all our career. Next day the Rogers Brothers called at the office of Klaw & Erlanger and were engaged to do their "turn" in "A Round of Pleasure" out their new managers, a lot of new higher contract with them for a five year starting contract, which has been thus far a marvelous business agreement.



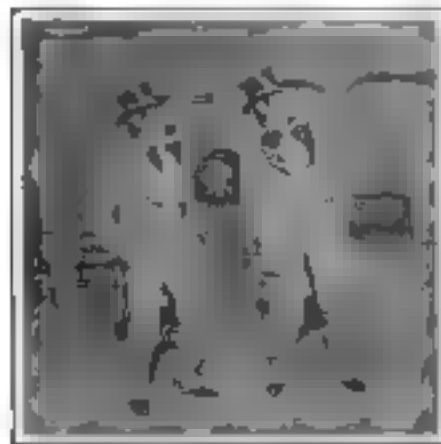
IN "A ROUND OF PLEASURE" ONE WITH THE ROGERS BROTHERS. FORDON, FAIRBANKS. Star

same season made an engagement to give a single club performance at Tony Pastor's in New York for the benefit of anti-slavery causes and took the agents with the result that they agreed to make next day with Mr. Harris headed for thirty straight weeks in the best theatre in the country.

How the success and unexpected success for two weeks months who thought themselves utterly impossible in the very few characters they portrayed. He sought to portray and since then his rise has been swift and steady. During the season of 1897, while playing a long run at Foster & Bird's music hall, they were engaged by Klaw & Erlanger for "A Round of



FROM "A ROUND OF PLEASURE" THREE FIRST STANDING VANTING. 'A Round of Pleasure'



"THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN CENTRAL PARK." Star



"THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN WASHINGTON." Star



"THE ROGERS BROTHERS IN BAYVIEW." Star

Fortunes Found in Copper

By Oliver Shedd

DURING THESE times of enterprise and great commercial activity in the United States, there is no industry that is receiving more attention or is producing better results than mining. It is interesting and a little astonishing to know that more money is made in the United States from mining than from banking. Every city has its great banks with millions of capital and millions of deposits, paying millions in salaries to their officers and millions in dividends to their stockholders. And every town and village has its banks, too, and there in the same ratio are paying salaries and dividends. Yet all these millions of profit do not equal the value of the product of the mines of the country. In an article recently published in the *National Banker*, E. Ruck, a prominent banker, comparing the mining industry with banking, said:

"There is yearly as much invested in mining as there is in banking, but banking does not prove as safe or as profitable as mining. In a time of prosperity the average banking dividend seldom exceeds eight per cent a year. That the sum of dividend-paying mining companies is larger than all other dividend-paying industries is fully sustained by statistics. That mining produces greater and greater profits than any other industrial pursuit is evidenced by the success of our great millionaires. That there are risks in mining as well as in other pursuits is well known to all reasonable minds, but that the immense fortunes of the Harkays, the Fairs, the Fields, the Shermans, the Baldwins, W. B. Harrison, and hundreds of others, are due to mining cannot be denied. According to the census there is less than one-hundredth part of our industrial population engaged in mining. If other industries were as productive of wealth as mining we would have a yearly product of twenty-two times as much as the estimated production of gold and silver mines in the entire world. The yearly product of gold, silver, iron, and copper alone if distributed among the miners engaged in the different mining states producing these metals, would average from \$1,000 to \$3,000 per man, or twenty times as much as the per capita of products of all other industrial industries. Mining products with the exception of coal, which is a monopoly, are increasing our wealth and our wealth without being destroyed, like the vegetable or animal products."

And the most valuable products of mines today are gold and copper. Formerly a silver mine was sought in value in that which produced gold, but the white metal has been superseded by copper in the public demand. This is accounted for by the decrease in the demand of silver for coinage and the increase in the demand for copper in the arts, the result of its growing use in the appliances of electricity and in other kinds of mechanical energy where metal comes in contact with moisture, for copper does not rust. Silver brings comparatively small prices in the market when it is sold for use in the arts, the maximum price for silver when for industrial use is that all through the West hundreds of all or mine have been closed. But the total mining output of the country has not suffered on account of this, for copper has risen until now it stands next to gold in practical commercial value. We do not hear our miners of "silver kings" in speaking of miners who have become wealthy by it, the copper king and the "gold king," too, of course, and always will be.

A large part of the mining intelligence and enterprise which was formerly devoted to the digging and refining of silver has now been directed toward the production of copper. It is this fact that has brought Montana into such great prominence among the States of the Union during the last few years, for Montana is the copper queen of the world. It is a remarkable fact that half of the beautiful brown metal mines in the United States are produced by Montana. The annual output of the copper mines of Butte, Mont. alone amounts to seventy-five million dollars.

Like the gold of California, the copper of Montana has made some of the world's wealthiest men and has been the source of some of the country's most interesting bits of personal history. It was twenty years ago that Martin Daly, a poor prospector, struck the Anaconda mine, and the word "Anaconda" has become almost a synonym for copper and millions. He drove a shaft down a thousand feet and then "went on" as the miners say. For a time the mine had to be abandoned, and then Daly secured enough financial aid to permit him to carry on his work, and the result was the opening of one of the richest veins of copper in the world, securing one of the greatest personal fortunes. A young man

named William A. Clark was keeping a grocery store in the little town of Newman, Mont. He saved up enough money to start a little bank. Then he got hold of a copper mine, the Calumet, in the Butte district, and his fortune was made. He moved to Butte, a larger town than



PART OF MINES OWNERS AND PROSPECTORS IN THE MOUNTAIN OF THE MONTANA VERDE COPPER COMPANY'S PROPERTY

Newman, and started another bank, and soon attracted with the money obtained from the Montana copper mine he bought the United Verde in Arizona, which added greatly to his already enormous wealth. Daly, too, had



TUNNELING UNDER A MOUNTAIN FOR GOLD ON THE MONTANA VERDE COPPER COMPANY'S PROPERTY

great wealth, and now he did another copper prospect has arisen in Montana. He is F. Aug. Flinn, who was a mining engineer, a graduate of Columbia University, N. Y., who went to Montana with his only

source of income a comparatively small salary as an engineer. Now he is worth as much as a million dollars at the age of thirty-six, and he has made it out of copper. The State of Montana has lost none of its capacity to make copper kings, and the fortune of young Flinn is the latest illustration. And there are two reasons why this is true.

In the first place there seems to be no limit to the depth of the copper veins, and the deeper the shafts of the mines the richer the ore. After the shaft has been sunk several hundred feet sometimes a thousand or more the miners "draft" that is they follow the veins in a careful direction making subterranean tunnels in different directions from the main shaft. It is through this process of mining that the earth hundreds of feet beneath the city of Butte is "honeycombed" with mines, for Butte with its 50,000 people is a mining camp in reality and the greatest in the world. The other reason for the continuation of the tremendous output of copper from Montana is in the new milling machinery and modern methods of smelting. By these means large quantities are released from ore which was formerly thrown away as too low a grade to be smelted. The low-grade ore mines are mined among the most valuable in the state because of the enormous quantity of the ore and the ease with which it is mined.

And through the modern ideas which permit nothing to go to waste a large income is derived from the water which seeps down into the copper veins and which was formerly viewed with consideration, for it meant pumping, and pumps cost money. However, the water which fills a copper mine is itself pregnant with the metal held in solution in such quantities that the liquid is a poison. When this water is pumped out of the mine it is treated with iron. The iron is the scrap and waste, old rails, old machinery and the like, which are always found around a mining mill, and when it is put into the copper water, a chemical action occurs and the pure copper is precipitated. Although it is obtained in this way to more than pay the cost of the pumping, and besides, the mine, relieved of the flood, is ready to be worked again.

Another interesting peculiarity of copper mining which has been recently overcome is the former impossibility of mining copper when the pure metal alone was found not mixed with any rock. Until recently, of great size and bulk of the pure metal would frequently be found. Yet, paradoxical as it may seem, the metal was of no value, and the simple reason was that nothing could be done with it. It could not be cut or broken or moved, and the rich metal had to be removed. This difficulty has been overcome, like the others, by modern ingenuity expressed in the form of efficient drilling machinery which cuts and breaks the metal into a form that can be transported.

In fact, the business of mining has now practically become a science, so that a man is not so it was a speculation. Engineers and experts are able to determine just what the extent and nature of any given mine are, and then the miners have only to figure the cost of getting out the ore and hauling it to smelters to determine what their profit will be. In the Butte district there has never been a failure of a copper mine. And it is in this district that the latest methods of organization and machinery are producing the largest profits. The greatest gains in copper mining are made by the large concerns which unite several properties under one company, for consolidation of mining as in other industries, saves expense and makes larger profits. Several of the richest copper mines in the Butte district near the Anaconda and twelve miles from the city have recently been combined under one company, the Montana Verde Company, which in order to conduct its business has offices in New York City, in the Park Row Building. This company has combined several of the richest mines: the Pearl B. Sparrow, Nellie Ryan, Belle North, Extension of the Pearl B. Sparrow, Gold Hill, Gold Eagle, Copper Queen, Rose, Rose Extension, Copper King, Alice, Ella, Ajax, and Gopher, along with the copper of Montana are the frequently large quantities of gold ore it is an upper and copper alone, that the State depends for its reputation. There is money in the gold, too, but Montana is for copper and yields half the product of the whole United States.

The development to enormous proportions of the copper mining industry of the country has come about in the last twenty years, the demand having grown with the perfection of methods of applying electricity.



A MONTANA MINE SCENE—A TRACK WINDS AROUND ON THE MONTANA VERDE COPPER COMPANY'S PROPERTY

The National City Bank of New York

ORIGINAL CHARTER DATED 1812

Capital Fully Paid, . . . \$25,000,000.00
Shareholders Liability, . . . \$25,000,000.00
Surplus & Undivided Profits, \$15,388,063.02
Deposits, \$151,423,717.15

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In the World of Sports

ATHLETIC CHAMPIONS HOLD THEIR OWN QUEEN IDEAS ON THE TURF—GREAT CYCLE RACER

PERPETUAL ATHLETIC CHAMPIONS. In no other field of sports do the champions maintain their prestige so long as they do in track and field athletics, and this is partly due to the fact that such sports as throwing the weights, hammer, Mitchell, Harold, Usher, and Hetherington have been coming out first in the weight contests for many years and the manner in which these veterans held their own in the recent athletic championships at Travers Island near New York would indicate that they will continue prominent in athletics for several years to come. George R. Caza is the veteran of them all and is probably one of the most remarkable athletes that ever lived. Born in Toronto, he has spent much of his life in the United States. As a shot-putter we have never seen his equal in this or any other country, and while beyond forty years of age, with more silver than rivets in his locks, he is a man of remarkable physical powers. Weighing one hundred and eighty pounds, with ruddy cheeks and an eagle eye, which the average man of twenty-five would envy, he is the perfect picture of what beautiful outdoor sport will do for the average human being. In eighteen years he has never been beaten in the shot put. J. C. Mitchell is another marvel in a way and has been out of the hospital, where he was treated for stomach trouble, only a few days when he competed for the championships. "Bob" Fitzsimmons, the prize-fighter, is another athletic marvel whose age does not seem to wither. I have seen such marvellous in the mountains of the Blue Ridge, but we seldom meet them in city life except on the field of sport. The Wit of Princeton, is a running man with the weight and some of the best judges believe that in another year he will shake the veteran champions back to their heels. If the youngsters who showed in the championships, J. H. Wright seemed to have a glint before him. He captured the half-mile run in both the junior and senior championships, and ran so cleanly and with such power that the critics were astonished. He has plenty of bone and muscle and is sure to be heard from later. Nobody need be surprised if he turns out to be one of the best long-distance runners in the country. The victories in the Canadian championships of Grant, Moulton, Walsh, and Baxter, of New York, were anticipated.

TRACK FOLLOWERS CONFUSED. It does really seem that the officials of the Jockey Club will have to take

notice of the situation and thinking of the thoughtless on the Eastern track, he said. Both men against the popular day and those at the moment and tonight showed apprehensive and unaccountable changes in tactics and those who follow the horses and bet on them chances on the turf they have made in previous years have a simple lesson to be learned and will follow any thing rather than may hear in performance to betting on the animal whose previous performance warrant him being. He is sure in the race. While nobody would think of criticizing adversely such men as W. C. Whitney and August Belmont, there are many who are not so particular about saying harsh things about those who send horses of unknown to the turf. The recent case of Mr. Whitney's mare broke a favorite in the betting going to the post have after thousands of dollars had been wagered on the mare. The fact that Mr. Belmont's fine horse was the only one in the day that a well-known professional picked up the thousand on the turf, the previous picking of Belmont's Colored Girl and The Heals are responsible for inquiries among horsemen and track followers which will do the turf no good unless such cases are promptly investigated by the standard of the Jockey Club. The turf has received this year its greatest loss. Turf progress has never before been so pronounced in this country. The stockholders in the tracks are not knowing whether they can do ten cents or ten dollars a bet nor whether they will for ten cents a pound or ten cents a weight in gold. Would it not be good business policy to keep the turf clean with as much progress in sight? Had obscure trainers been guilty of such practices their licenses would have been revoked long ago. But most of the high-class trainers are now well-known themselves and that may account for their boldness. A wealthy owner was not long ago approached by a friend who remonstrated with him about the conduct of his chief jockey, who had been riding some very bad-looking races recently. "Oh," said the owner, "I am sure you are wrong. Why the boy can't read or write. He has not sense enough to be a jockey."

KRAMER, HURLEY AND WALSHOUR ARE BEST. As predicted in these columns Kramer, Hurley and Walshour have proved themselves easily the superior in the cycle-racing since this year, Kramer winning the profes-

sional sprinting championship and Walshour capturing the paced championship. Singular enough Walmsley was not even about New York expecting himself to the New England about about entirely. Kramer on the other hand, was proud of his victory in all about New York as did Hurley, who retains the and that championship with not much trouble. While his main work was reached in the amateur contests Hurley was clearly out of sorts and did not do himself justice with the result that Hurley of New England managed to win him for the championship. When they met a week later Hurley was himself again and he defeated Hurley easily as his friends were confident that he would do. With the introduction of team racing this year the champions who have not taken advantage of the scheme have had a hard proposition to meet. Hurley, knowing no speed and staying power generally went it alone in all the important races and that fact itself accounted for most of the defeats of the strongest amateur and the team of Kramer three years ago. Hittington belongs to the New York Athletic Club, but although a disciple of the champion, never tried to help Hurley. In fact Hittington who is about No. 2 in the amateur ranks, really teamed against Hurley and managed in one day at the Vanderbilt track near New York N. Y. to win both the championship by forming a team with Clouston a New Jersey rider, by passing each other in the middle. Billing was engaged to win the race and indeed he did. Hurley finishing second in each contest. Teaming was a surprise that it was the duty of the referee to disqualify both men in each race but track officials are sometimes lax in their duty when a horse rider commits an offense and nothing was done in either case. Kramer and Walshour are ready to go to France as soon as the foreign promoters offer them a suitable guarantee. They will certainly be foreigners if they do go, for they are the strongest pair America has ever had ready to send abroad for international competition on the cycle track. GEORGE E. STRACKBOUSE.

Answers to Inquiries.

A. T. C. LOCKVILLE. The rule in the game is sold and the hockey. When the disk is sent out of bounds it must be put in play again at the point where it left the rink or field line.
B. E. A. CURRAN. The National Baseball League is supposed to have a \$2,000 salary rule, but it is not held up to it.
J. A. B. KANSAS CITY. The Game and Fish Commissioners issue a pamphlet concerning the game laws in the various counties of each State. No 9 edited sheet is better for each State. O. E. B.

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Of the City of New York.

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Temporary Address, 7 Wall Street.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

• P. O. BOX 2500. •

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|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------------|
| CAPITAL, | . | . | . | . | - | - | \$3,000,000. |
| SURPLUS. | . | - | - | - | - | - | \$5,900,000. |

JAS. T. WOODWARD, President.
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WM. HALLS, Jr., Vice-President.
WM. LOGAN, Cashier.

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1934年 5月 1日 星期五

| Yr:hr | Δp (kPa) | Δp (kPa)
p ₁ - p ₂ | Δp (kPa) 1/4 | Δp (kPa) 1/2 |
|--------|----------|---|--------------|--------------|
| 201115 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 201117 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |
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| 201201 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 |

WESTERLUND, N. & NYTH-ANDERSSON, B.

| Year | English | Arabic | Arabic | Arabic |
|------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1981 | 2000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
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| 1999 | 2000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 2000 | 2000 | 1000 | 1000 | 1000 |

S. A. P. 1953 1111 1111

| Year | Capital | Surplus and Profit | Deposits | Reserves |
|------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1901 | \$2,124,000 | \$1,222,000 | \$24,700,000 | \$2,400,000 |
| 1902 | 2,124,000 | 540,000 | 27,610,000 | 1,275,000 |
| 1903 | 2,124,000 | 3,230,000 | 29,400,000 | 1,210,000 |
| 1904 | 2,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 27,000,000 | 750,000 |
| 1905 | 2,100,000 | 3,350,000 | 26,200,000 | 750,000 |
| 1906 | 2,100,000 | 4,000,000 | 26,000,000 | 750,000 |
| 1907 | 2,100,000 | 4,500,000 | 26,000,000 | 750,000 |
| 1908 | 2,100,000 | 4,500,000 | 26,000,000 | 750,000 |

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY

| Year | apitna | Single
adult
Females | Demogin | Remington |
|------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1986 | 4500 (100) | 3 200 (100) | \$20,000 (100) | \$20,000 (100) |
| 1987 | 4000 (90) | 100 (100) | 20,000 (100) | 95,000 (100) |
| 1988 | 7000 (100) | 1,000 (100) | 30,000 (100) | 200,000 (100) |
| 1989 | 7000 (100) | 2,000 (100) | 30,000 (100) | 1,000,000 (100) |
| 1990 | 5000 (100) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | 0 (0) |
| 1991 | 10,000 (100) | 1 400 (100) | 20,000 (100) | 100,000 (100) |
| 1992 | 10,000 (100) | 12,000 (100) | 0 (0) | 100,000 (100) |

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

| Y 年次 | Y 年次 (西曆) | Y 年次 (西曆) | Y 年次 (西曆) | Y 年次 (西曆) |
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MERGENTHAL NATIONAL BANK

| Year | Capital | Percentage
Profit | Imports | Exports |
|------|-----------|----------------------|------------|------------|
| 1926 | \$ 100.00 | 20.75 | \$2,200.00 | \$1,400.00 |
| 1927 | \$ 100.00 | 19.00 | \$2,000.00 | \$1,500.00 |
| 1928 | \$ 100.00 | 19.10 | \$2,100.00 | \$1,500.00 |
| 1929 | \$ 100.00 | 18.00 | \$2,000.00 | \$1,500.00 |
| 1930 | \$ 100.00 | 17.00 | \$1,800.00 | \$1,400.00 |
| 1931 | \$ 100.00 | 16.00 | \$1,600.00 | \$1,300.00 |
| 1932 | \$ 100.00 | 15.00 | \$1,500.00 | \$1,200.00 |

NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA

| Year | Capital | Surplus and Profit | Deprecia | Reserve |
|------|-----------|--------------------|----------|---------|
| 1936 | \$700,000 | \$20,000 | \$5,000 | \$1,000 |
| 1937 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1938 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1939 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1940 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1941 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1942 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1943 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1944 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1945 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
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| 1948 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1949 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
| 1950 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
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| 2009 | 700,000 | 20,000 | 5,000 | 1,000 |
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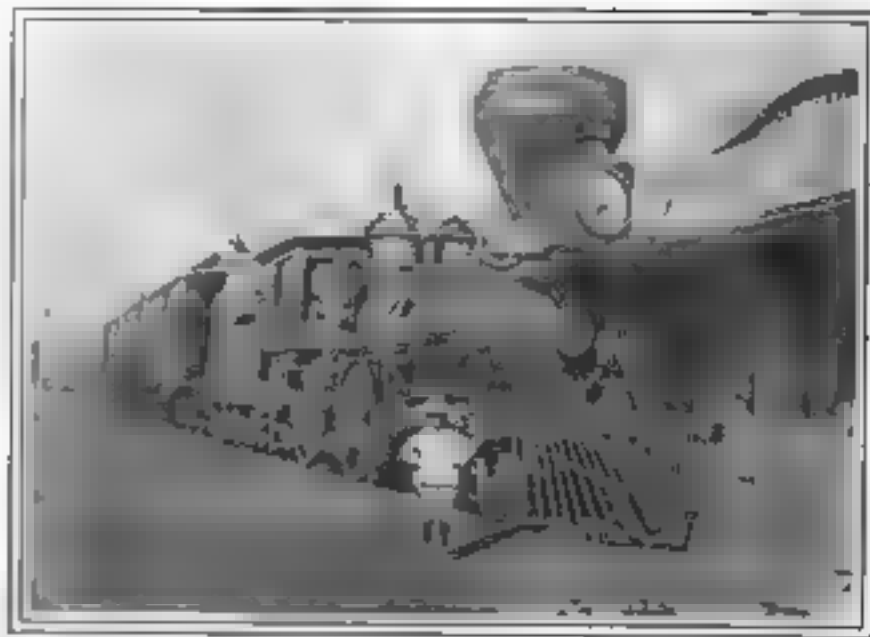
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its well undoubtedly be one of the most dif-
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have been devised but while the results
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It is asserted that this machine can produce
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The inventor has secured patents in the
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Taking into consideration the re-
sults of the machine about that a yearly
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While the machine is looked upon as a
greatly in certain quarters it being here
as it is considered imperfect in others it has
been hailed as a masterpiece in the lace
industry. The steps of samples of its prod-
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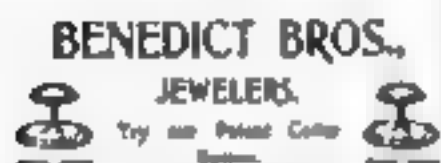
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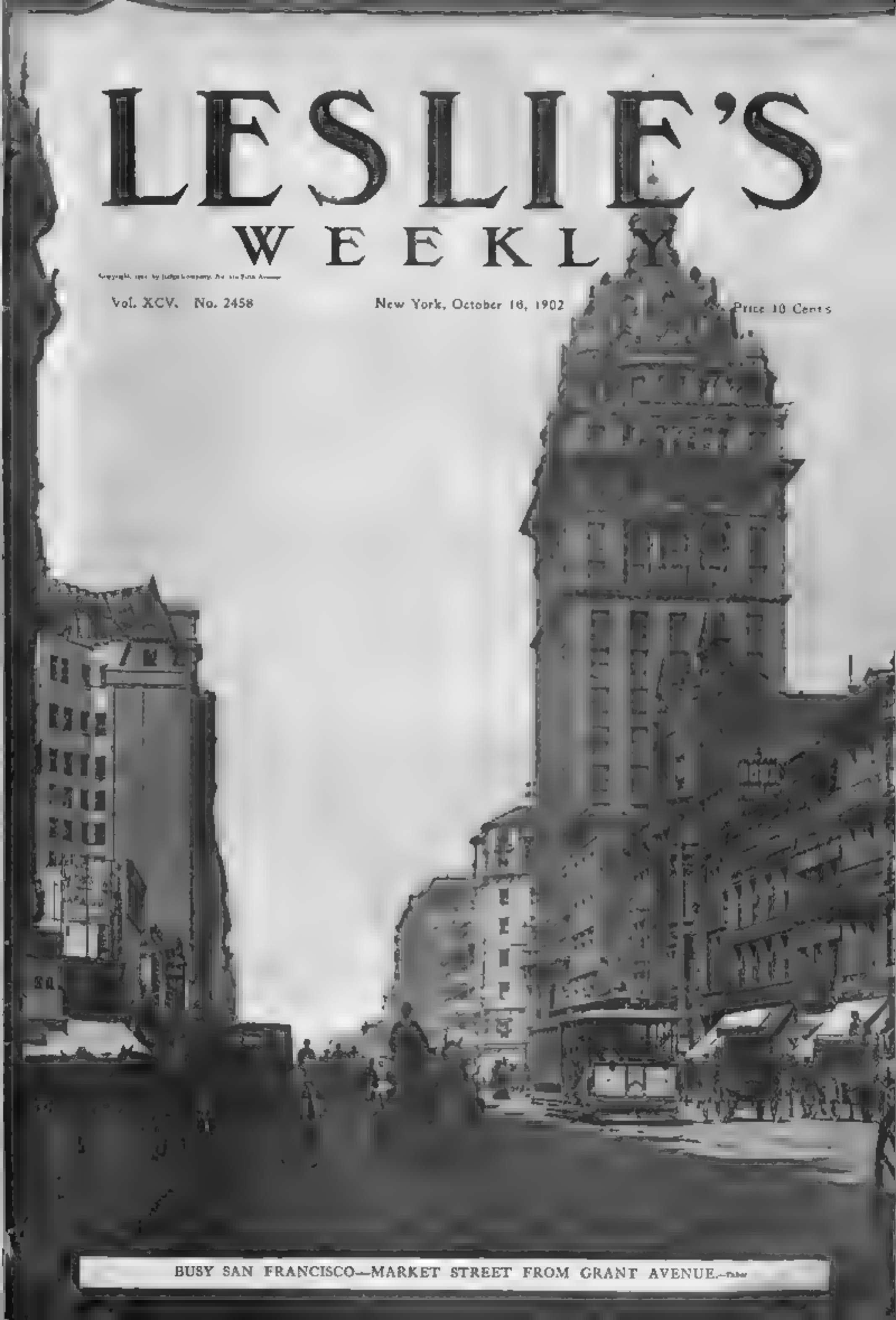
LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company, Inc. 110 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2458

New York, October 16, 1902

Price 10 Cents



BUSY SAN FRANCISCO—MARKET STREET FROM GRANT AVENUE.—1902



THE BARRACKS AND BARRACKS COLONIAN TROOPS ARRIVED AT COLON, LEAVING WITH THEM AND PANA.



BARBICAN TROOPS CONVERTED INTO AN ARCADE FOR AMERICAN BLUE-JACKETS AND A GUN-FIRE: THE GUN ON BOARD.



FRONT STREET, COLON—DETACHMENT OF BATTALION TROOPS BOARDING A TRAIN FOR PANAMA.



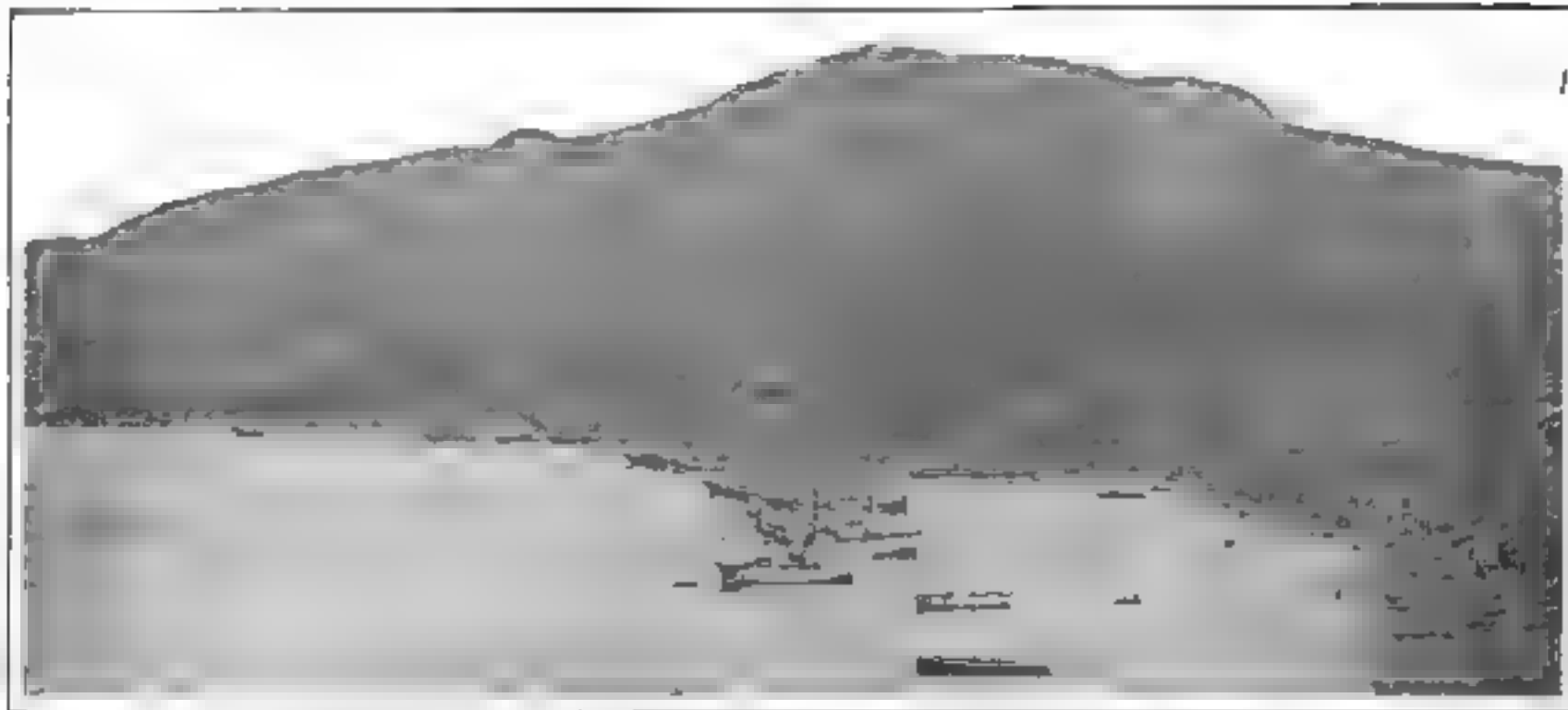
GRANT CENTRAL HOTEL AT PANAMA, THE MOST IMPORTANT BUILDING IN THE Isthmus.



OLDEST BUILDING IN PANAMA—RUINS OF CATHEDRAL BUILT SEVERAL CENTURIES AGO.

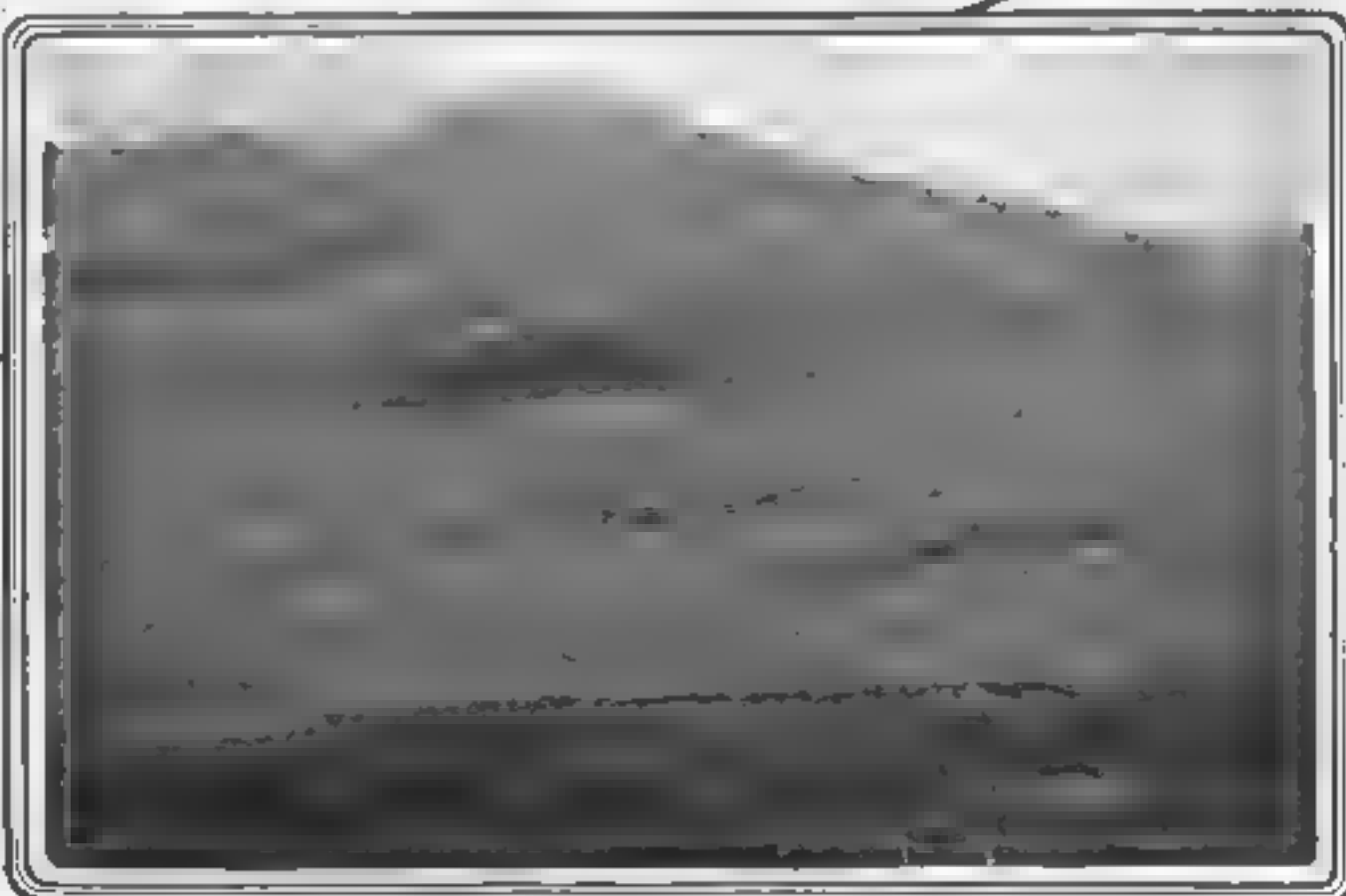
ECHOES OF CIVIL STRIFE IN THE REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA
CONFLICT IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES INTERVENED TO PROTECT THE ROUTE ACROSS THE ISTHMUS.

Photograph by J. M. Adams. See page 20.



MOUNT PIERRE AND ST. PIERRE AS
SEEN FROM THE BEACH. THE
PARK IS IN THE MIDDLE OF
THE BEACH.

VIEW OF THE BEACH FROM THE
PARK. THE BEACH IS IN THE
MIDDLE OF THE PICTURE.



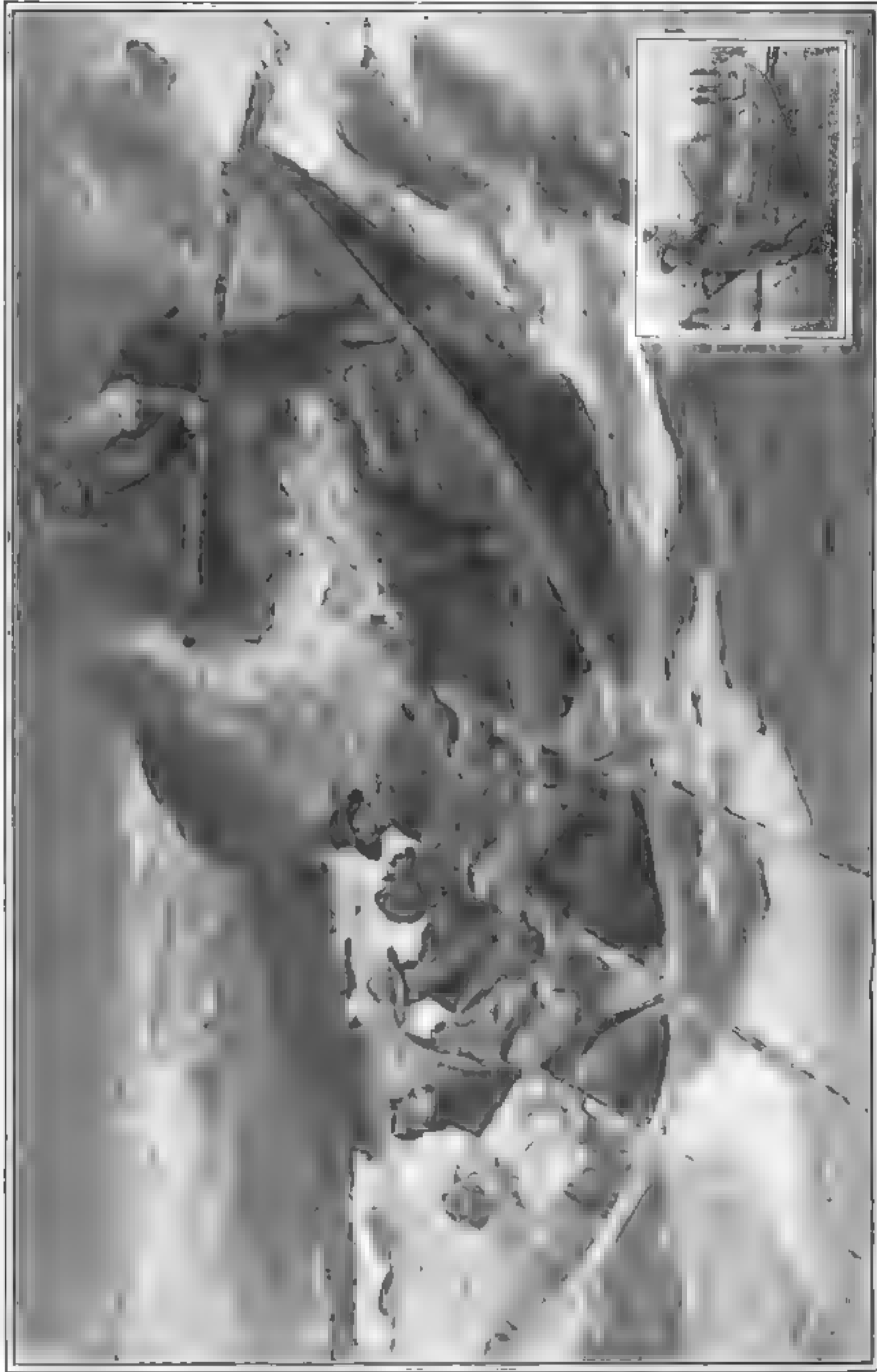
VIEW OF THE BEACH FROM THE PICTURE. THE BEACH IS IN THE MIDDLE OF THE PICTURE. THE PICTURE WAS TAKEN BY A PHOTOGRAPHER WHO WAS IN THE BEACH AT THE TIME OF THE VOLCANIC ERECTION. THE PICTURE WAS TAKEN BY A PHOTOGRAPHER WHO WAS IN THE BEACH AT THE TIME OF THE VOLCANIC ERECTION.

THE COMPLETE EFFACEMENT OF ILL-FATED ST. PIERRE.



MOST SPECTACULAR FIRE EVER KNOWN IN THE OIL REGIONS.
SPINDLETOP, NEAR BEAUMONT, THE RICHEST OIL DISTRICT IN TEXAS, LATELY RAVAGED BY FLAMES, WITH HEAVY LOSS.
Photograph by Frank Henderson for Century of the "National Oil Reporter"

LESLIE'S WEEKLY





By Albert Heische

It was the early morning of a clear autumn day when the ship was loaded with coal and provisions. The crew was busy as usual, and the ship was ready to sail. The captain, a man of middle age, with a weathered face and a kind smile, looked out over the water. He knew this was a dangerous journey, but he was determined to reach the coast. The ship was a small, three-masted vessel, and it was the only one of its kind in the area. The crew consisted of a few men, and they were all experienced sailors. The ship was loaded with coal and provisions, and it was ready to sail. The captain, a man of middle age, with a weathered face and a kind smile, looked out over the water. He knew this was a dangerous journey, but he was determined to reach the coast. The ship was a small, three-masted vessel, and it was the only one of its kind in the area. The crew consisted of a few men, and they were all experienced sailors.

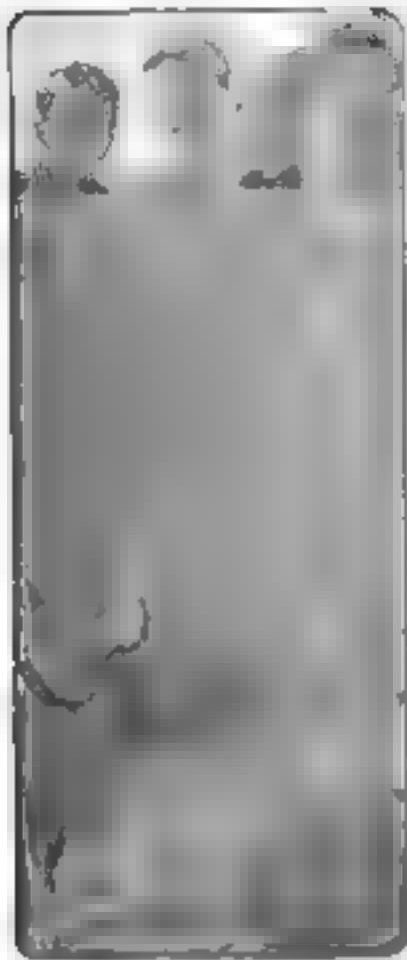


THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS



1. LEAD TO DEATH IN AN ALKALINE MEDIUM. SOURCE: THE LANCET, 1970, 1, 1007.

The copper is found in the form of small, dark, crystalline grains, and is often associated with iron pyrites. It is found in the form of small, dark, crystalline grains, and is often associated with iron pyrites. It is found in the form of small, dark, crystalline grains, and is often associated with iron pyrites.



Mike Foley's Watermelon Party

By V. R. Brewer

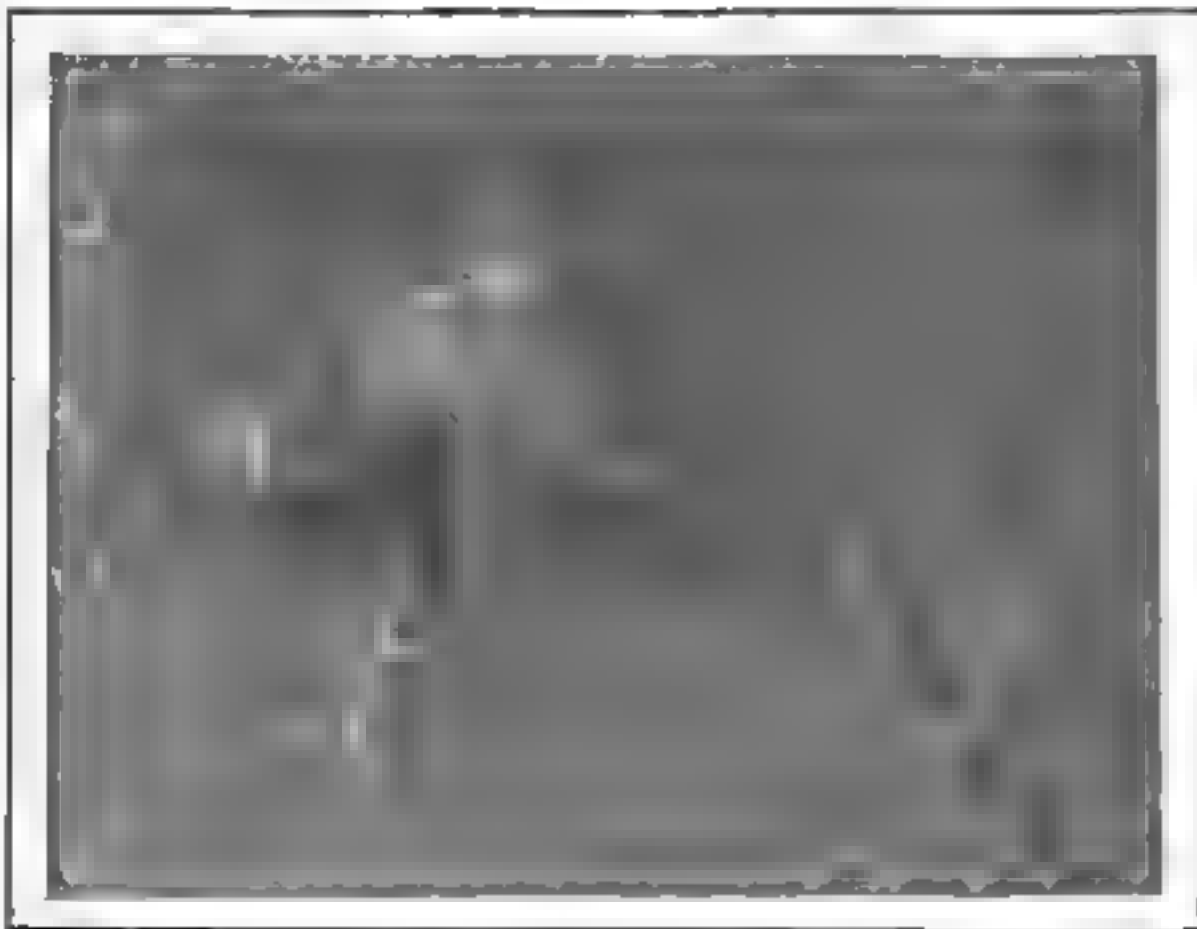
THE FIRST of the watermelon party was held at the home of Mike Foley, a well-known local character, who had been known for many years as a "watermelon man." The party was held on a hot day in the month of August, and the watermelons were the main attraction. Mike Foley, who was the host, had a large supply of watermelons, and he was very generous in giving them to his guests. The party was a great success, and everyone enjoyed it very much. Mike Foley was a very popular man, and he was always ready to give to his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone.

Now, however, the watermelon party was over, and Mike Foley was sitting alone in his room, thinking about the day that had just passed. He was a very thoughtful man, and he was always thinking about the things that had happened to him. He was a very successful man, and he was always getting ahead. But he was also a very kind man, and he was always helping his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone. Mike Foley was a very popular man, and he was always ready to give to his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone.

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HE WAS SPEAKING THE TRUTH WHEN HE SAID THE PART OF THE MAN WHOSE FEET ON THE HOT COALS, AND HE WAS AS TRUE AS THE SUN.

leaves upon the ground, and the watermelons were the main attraction. Mike Foley, who was the host, had a large supply of watermelons, and he was very generous in giving them to his guests. The party was a great success, and everyone enjoyed it very much. Mike Foley was a very popular man, and he was always ready to give to his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone.

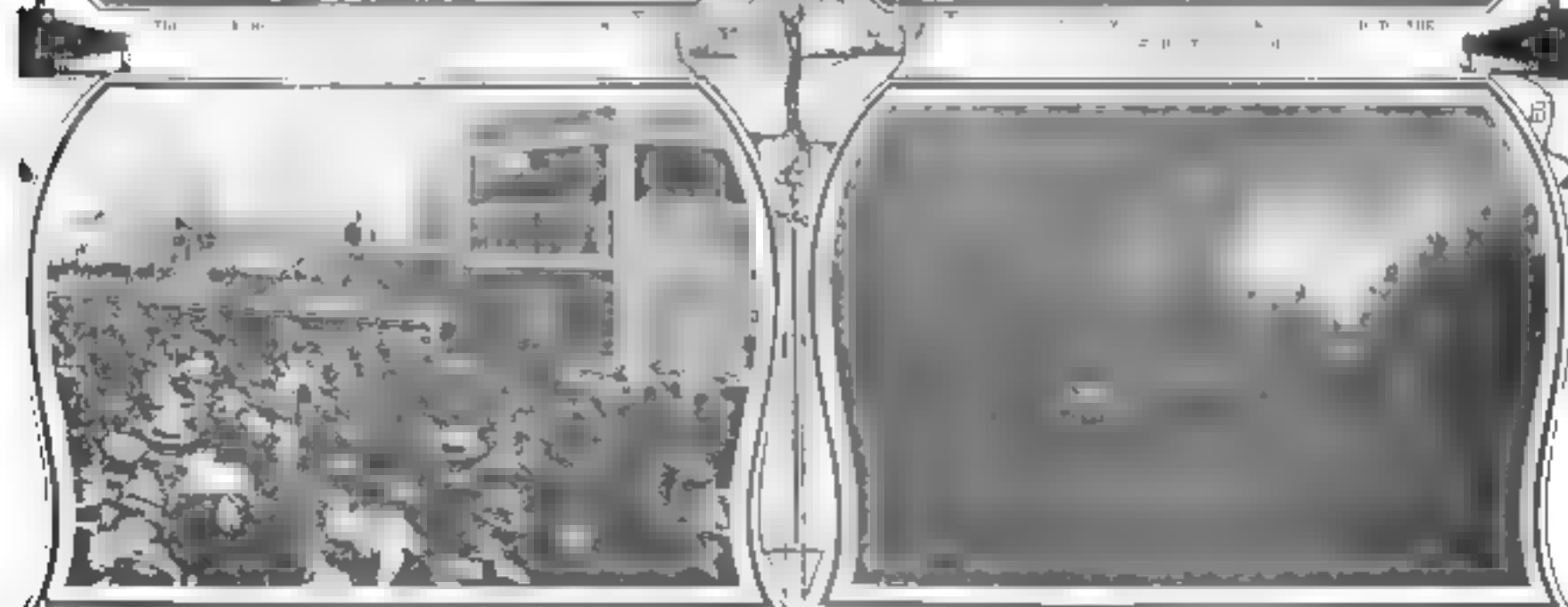
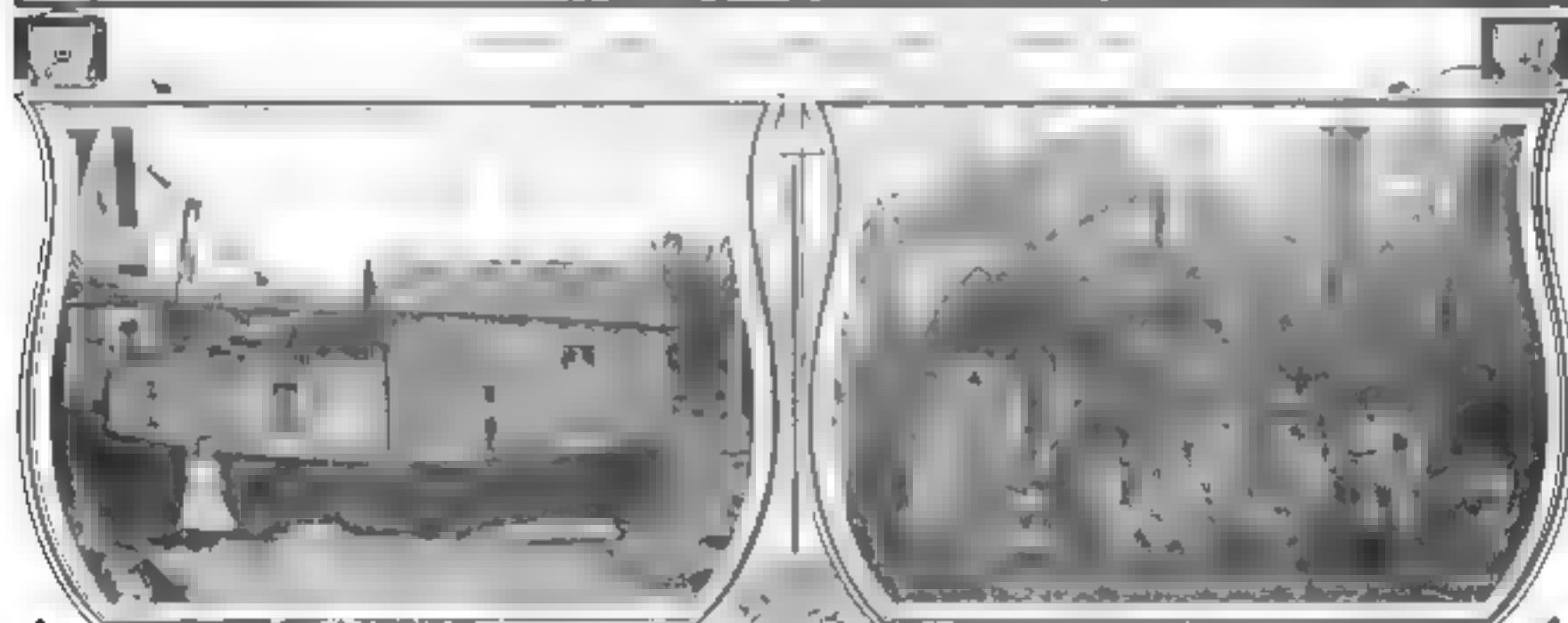
After the watermelon party was over, Mike Foley was sitting alone in his room, thinking about the day that had just passed. He was a very thoughtful man, and he was always thinking about the things that had happened to him. He was a very successful man, and he was always getting ahead. But he was also a very kind man, and he was always helping his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone. Mike Foley was a very popular man, and he was always ready to give to his friends. The watermelon party was a very successful one, and it was a great day for everyone.

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Continued on page 375.



DOVERBOR ODELL LOOKING ON THE 'EXTRAL NEW YORK FAIR AT GOSWICKA
 (From M. P. M. M. M. M.)

PHOTOY POK IN COLOMADO: WEN POKETING POKER POKER POKERING THE PLANKS
 (Thompson & Mottgop. 10. 10. 10.)

OUR AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST NEW YORK WINS.
 PICTURES, TAKEN HERE AND THERE, OF THINGS THAT IMPRESSED A CORPS OF ARTISTIC OBSERVERS.
 SEE OFFERS OF TARDON'S SPECIAL PRIZE TO OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS: ENCOURAGEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THIS ISSUE.



MISS H. C. H. IN
"THE MERCHANT OF
VENICE."
MARTIN AS SHYLOCK.

MISS H. C. H. IN
"THE MERCHANT OF
VENICE."
MARTIN AS SHYLOCK.



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"THE MERCHANT OF
VENICE."
MARTIN AS SHYLOCK.



THEATRE DRAMA, "THE MERCHANT OF VENICE," AT THE CRITIC. PLAYERS, FROM THE LEFT—MISS VIRGINIA BARKER, WILLIAM CROFTON, J. H. BOW, JOHN ASCH, AND JOHN H. MARTIN.

NOTABLE PLAYS OF THE FALL SEASON.
THE LATEST OFFERINGS OF THE AMUSEMENT WORLD AS SEEN ON THE STAGE OF THE METROPOLIS.



FLORIDA'S MOST PICTURESCAPE AND FERTILE REGION

[illegible]

Mike Foley's Watermelon Party

Continued from page 314

in motion. In fact, he was disgusted with the whole affair and wished he had not attempted to play the trick on MacNedilau and his crew.

Arriving at the place by the creek where they were to return with their booty, he found that his companions had not yet reached there. He he waded into the shallow water and touched his wound.

"What ship? What ye doin'?" said Mike in a low voice. "In a-minute already? Did the dog scare ye any? Or ye got lost? Or ye were hurt? Or ye got hurt? But what ye doin' in that water? (Ah, I talk better."

"But I've got my wings on and my pants said 'hey' 'hey' I don't know how I'm going to get home? Is there anybody out there? You what? He said 'hey' 'hey' I believe she's here. But I'm getting my pants on."

"How did it turn out?" "Well, didn't you see the film?"
"The film?" "Yes, I didn't? But it was so long
I was not interested in the drug pushers till he got
himself into prison, and I was glad to let him have 'em so I
could get away, or he'd 'a' gotten me up alive."

Cur waded out of the water and threw himself on the ground. The other boys came up, bearing their umbrellas and all sort of brack with excitement. Mike told them what had happened to Cur, who was too much distressed to say anything. They all readily sympathized with him and told him not to mind.

"I don't care so much about the note—that'll heal up after a while—but these pants won't, no! Man'll could take something if she don't do something worse."

"Oh, well, we'll tell her something to make it right. One of these implets is a honey. Here, Gity, you feed." Mike handed him a bouncing dove. "Now eat that so you won't hurt no more. You done a mighty good job. You here, honey?" He told her with a smile that he would be with her every time. "I am a little scared of you, but I'm not afraid of you. I am a little scared of you, but I'm not afraid of you."

"You, old Man started out after them cattle just a-while. I was peekin at him under the fence an I could see him an a-ah! boy just make green he was so mad. I knowed you'd hate an' mathus' Guy," said Jacob.

"Oh, how he did come, didn't he, Mike? He just let a big snow of words with every jump he took. an' that dog—squeal he went a-while! He howled there wasn't no more in that song. He started your breeches, Guss, an' their was what he was after 'em, he start put in the words an'—"

[illegible]

הוא מביא את המידע על המעורבות של הממשלה, והוא מביא את המידע על המעורבות של הממשלה.

"You didn't know how to rip a ripe melon. Why didn't you chop on it? You must a been in too of a hurry. Afraid of getting' thumped yourself, I'll bet. Was Mike a retard?"

Well, I never did get in a hurry sometimes when he was neutral. I got in a hurry, too, as I was near the bridge was a matter of a feller in his arms I grabbed my foot in some vines and down we went, me on top, of course, and when I got up that melon was turned to a watermelon.

4. his remark one of the smaller boys swallowed a bit of pulp went on all which made him gag, while another boy pounced him on the back with a ring.

"It did it was fine," thought I grabbed a list and then went on a-hunt in my room. There were under the window "an when I heard the dog a-barking on the old man a-sing in at the door a-singing I knew it was a't home" so he looked so I just took my time and

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Mr. Bertram was advised in 1961 that he was not expected to be done with the work by the end of the year. He was advised that he was not to be done with the work by the end of the year. He was advised that he was not to be done with the work by the end of the year.

You can see they're here but then we see Mike Linder. I appear to tell you that over time his parents. He says the next night, and of things as he married me to ask you if he could have another pair. For a hundred returned to about himself.

"Oh, just exclusion's a love. You are ter than after a second's rest an' I've danced an' fell straddle a knee."

in the tree

"You got hurt at all?" queried the mother.

"Oh, not much. He got scratched a bit but he's all right. Only he's afraid you'll look him up. You won't do that, will you, Mrs. Beckman; he won't be blame."

There was something in the tone of Mike's voice as he pleaded for his friend which aroused her sympathy and she assured him that Gar need have no fear, but said that the boys must both go to bed and that she would "bring him around that of a week's work in the morning."

Gipp was delighted with having gotten off so easily and begged Mike to remain all night and sleep between them, close in the bed. This Mike consented to do, and most of us were sound asleep.

Should We Burn Peat Instead of Coal?

✓ *Yes, I will provide my own*

Plant growth made its run from the large bear grass. A permanent price will be hence supplied at small cost. Indeed the present coal mine may lead to a general use of plant instead of the poor top of air. One it would be a vastly cheaper fuel than coal or wood. Plant growing would become a new industry giving work to thousands. Not a skill is cultivated as in mining and there is no peril of accident. Vast tracts of useless land could be turned to profitable account. Plant is at least healthful and a good human food as have we not seen it where nothing else is to be got. The health of the plant world is beneficial. But the de-vegetated poorer road building becomes a necessity to branch and plant is naturally free from any injurious consequences.

The people of Iceland's islands abroad use nothing but peat as a fuel, because coal would be impossible to them on account of its price, even at the surprisingly low figures at which coal is sold abroad. In Iceland which is in this respect, peat is burned universally excepting in the hotels at Hovkirkja and in one or two families which are supplied with coal from America. The Icelandic peat fields are enormous and great stacks of peat blocks are piled along the seashore at all times of the year. In the Orkney and Shetland Islands coal is rarely used and the people at night carry home baskets of peat, which they burn for a few pence from the roadside mangers. The nor-

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In part No. 3, the Highlander and wonder they always pay a price, however reduced in circumstances he may be and he feels but little about what he shall turn. The future of great gathering is tremendously slight and in Highland it is women work in the days, whetting and marking the just weeks all day. The Highlander gathers and makes his great each system and is sure to have a plenty for the wonder words. For his winter's part the soldier has to pay but a few shillings, and sometimes it costs him but the most labor if he has a small set one of his own.

Irish peat bogs are famous all the world over, for the great Irishmen were nothing but peat for fuel, and his ancestors used it for hundreds of years before him. The bog is made for miles and are inexhaustible, for after many years the great peat bogs yield more, so that the children stand on the peat gathering, and in some places in Ireland it is free to all who care to dig and cut it. The women carry it on barrows and work it by the roadside. In some places the peat is cut in feet deep and is dug to this depth and on three great bays of peat as far as he can dig are, are acres of bays peat cut and carrying all day long to supply themselves with fuel against the long winter that sets in so early. In Ireland and Scotland peat is generally burned in open fireplaces, but it burns just as readily in a stove provided it has been homely dried. Peat is usually used or carbon in its earliest stage and burns with a smoke it has been made of coal.

These words may apply to the old adage, "There is no great love without some small pain," and out of a happy relationship may come a beautiful attitude.

Americans the Longest-lived People

[illegible]

Fooled Him

But in the Exhaust Wave of Peace

German things better than the others. Their women keep
a sensible and dignified distance from the help and
manage their households.

Mr. F. Lewis of Savannah, Ga. was arrested for several years at different points in South America, and fell into the habit of drinking coffee frequently. He says "I took to taking it the more as there were no excitable people in South and Central America. They make very black coffee and it becomes more of less an intoxicating beverage. As he now of about four months I began to feel better and headaches and nervousness all disappeared. It was only the tropical sun that had my wife and me alarmed at my condition and stomach trouble. The coffee had no effect on my drinking coffee, having no effect on me. I am used to it."

"She said to Potomac and I, 'Come in' and entered some from the States, but kept it a secret from me. The very first time she made it when I came in for my coffee and told a hundred and one peculiar pleasant stories of Potomac and asked her what it was. She said it was a new brand of coffee and asked me how I liked it. I tried two cups of it with rich chocolate-cream, which is used by everyone at table in Potomac and thought it excellent. After a couple of days, her husband dropped and in a short while my mother-in-law disappeared as if a single. I have been seeing nothing but Potomac for the past year and have been completely cured, and my wife has also been cured of constipation by drinking in Potomac, and we shall never go back to coffee again."

Jasper's Hints to Money-makers

HOW NEW YORK WALL STREET was a paper on Monday September 29th, and fully realized the general public's interest in the market. The market was a paper on Monday September 29th, and fully realized the general public's interest in the market.

After the announcement of Secretary Wilson's resignation, the market was a paper on Monday September 29th, and fully realized the general public's interest in the market.

Form of the new and financial volume of the market was a paper on Monday September 29th, and fully realized the general public's interest in the market.

FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE

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JOHN H. HOPKINS, President.

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PHILADELPHIA

On October 16, 1908

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★ M. Oulander ★

CONSERVATIVE INVESTORS

THOMAS H. LAMAR, JR. President, New York

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE

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VIEW AT MONTÉ CARLO, SHOWING THE CASINO BUILDING.

The Success of Monte Carlo

SOLOMON, the wise man of the scriptures, and many other sages have said: "Put your money in the bank and it will grow." But in the case of Monte Carlo, the money grows so fast that it is almost impossible to keep up with it. The casino has become a great success story, and the people who have invested in it have made a fortune.

Monte Carlo has been a success story for many years. It has become a great place for people to gamble and have fun. The casino has many games, including roulette, blackjack, and craps. The people who have invested in the casino have made a fortune, and the casino has become a great success story.

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Business Chances Abroad

THE Government of the State of Mexico, issued a proclamation in July 1934 offering a prize of \$5,000 to the person or company that within three years from the date of this decree should build a road into the interior of the State of Mexico, and the road should be open to the public. The prize is to be paid in three installments of \$1,666.67 each, and the winner is to be named by the Government of Mexico.

Another chance of which we have been particularly little in trade circles is that of Mexico. The Government of Mexico is offering a prize of \$5,000 to the person or company that within three years from the date of this decree should build a road into the interior of the State of Mexico, and the road should be open to the public. The prize is to be paid in three installments of \$1,666.67 each, and the winner is to be named by the Government of Mexico.



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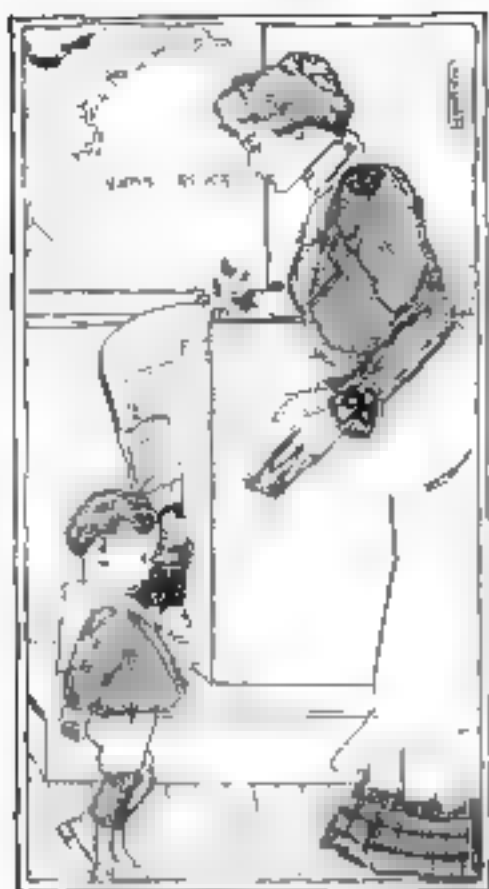
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A DAY AT YALE—JASPER'S HINTS TO MONEY-MAKERS

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Fudge & Company, Inc., 100 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV, No. 2459

New York, October 23, 1902

Price 10 Cents



GOVERNOR ODELL, LEADER IN CONFERENCE TO SETTLE COAL STRIKE.
POPULAR CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF NEW YORK, WHO HAS JUST BEEN SIGNALLY HONORED WITH RENOMINATION

HARRIS.

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

THE OLDEST ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY IN THE UNITED STATES

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY MIRROR OF CURRENT EVENTS

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Thursday, October 23, 1902

The "Little Red Schoolhouse" in Reality

NO QUESTION for educational reform and adaptation made at the present session of the National Education Association, which was held in New York City.

The association, which was held in New York City, was the largest ever held in this country. It was held in New York City, and was the largest ever held in this country.

The association, which was held in New York City, was the largest ever held in this country. It was held in New York City, and was the largest ever held in this country.

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instead of \$100 as before. The total increase of the school fund during the year ended September 30, 1902, was \$1,000,000. This was the first time in the history of the fund that it had reached this figure. The fund was increased by \$1,000,000, and the total fund was \$10,000,000.

The fund was increased by \$1,000,000, and the total fund was \$10,000,000. This was the first time in the history of the fund that it had reached this figure. The fund was increased by \$1,000,000, and the total fund was \$10,000,000.

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Generosity in the Churches

THESE WILL believe, or affect to believe, that religion is declining throughout the countries of Christendom and find no support for their pessimistic notions in the figures showing the amounts already collected for the "twentieth century" funds started by various denominations in this country and Europe. These funds have already reached a total of \$10,000,000 and the prospectors of them are optimistic.

The funds have already reached a total of \$10,000,000 and the prospectors of them are optimistic. The funds have already reached a total of \$10,000,000 and the prospectors of them are optimistic.

The funds have already reached a total of \$10,000,000 and the prospectors of them are optimistic. The funds have already reached a total of \$10,000,000 and the prospectors of them are optimistic.

Some Wonderful Life-Insurance Facts.

THESE are perhaps an important economic fact in the insurance world that ought to be known by all. The insurance world is a vast one, and it is full of interesting facts.

The insurance world is a vast one, and it is full of interesting facts. The insurance world is a vast one, and it is full of interesting facts.

The insurance world is a vast one, and it is full of interesting facts. The insurance world is a vast one, and it is full of interesting facts.

counter report is put forward within the next five years and certainly within a period not so long. It is believed that the insurance industry will be able to meet the challenge.

The insurance industry will be able to meet the challenge. The insurance industry will be able to meet the challenge.

The Plain Truth.

JULIE FLEET of the Court of General Sessions in New York, deserves commendation for having put the stamp of legal condemnation upon the miserable defense that is made on behalf of a woman who has married him. The woman, who is a native of New York, has married a man who is a native of New York.

The woman, who is a native of New York, has married a man who is a native of New York. The woman, who is a native of New York, has married a man who is a native of New York.

The woman, who is a native of New York, has married a man who is a native of New York. The woman, who is a native of New York, has married a man who is a native of New York.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

3. NOTHING occurs to prevent, we shall have a real live European monarch about in about one year.



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some years longer. Should he come he will be the first monarch of Europe to set foot on American soil. We were once honored with the visit of an Emperor in the person of Dom Pedro, of Brazil, and the former Queen of the Hawaiian islands has been a visitor within our borders on several occasions but with her the cordialities are confined to a happy regard and all the rest of her, however an expression of her strong desire to see her liquid mate, among them being the Emperor of Germany and the King of Spain.

GENERAL CONSIDER NEW AND WHEN has continued the report that he is to retire from the presidency of the College of the City of New York after thirty-three years' service. General Webb came thirty-eight to the board of trustees his share to withdraw. The last legislature passed a bill setting apart one percent of the common money to pay stipendium to those who have been long in the service of the college. The bill gave him for an annual pension of the president of \$1,000 and to the professors of from \$2,000 to \$3,000 annually. General Webb is sixty-eight years old and still hale and vigorous. He thinks, however, that thirty-three years in the harness is long enough, and he wants to get out and rest. He was graduated from West Point in 1853 and was an officer in the regular army until 1870 when he was president of the City College. During the Civil War General Webb served in the Army of the Potomac, was wounded at Gettysburg, but was afterward in the Mexican and Philippine campaigns. He rose to the rank of a major-general in the volunteer and regular army.

A LITTLE anecdote strikingly illustrative of Joseph Chamberlain's habitual ways of dealing with men and things is told of him when as a young man he was a volunteer teacher in a night school at Fulham. "What interested in the work was he that he became first president of the School Mutual Improvement Society, and often took part in the "penny readings." His reading of "Sam Weller's Love Letter" is still remembered, and the story is told that once when one of the young men in his class was particularly stupid, Mr. Chamberlain ended to him and said: "Look here, William, if you don't know any better I forgive you; but if I thought you and these wretches willfully I would give you a downright good thrashing."

THAT GREATEST of all news-gathering and news-distributing agencies, the Associated Press, requires



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
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equal to knighthood in England. Mr. Stone is great and for his responsible post both by native capacity and a long journalistic experience in the West. He thoroughly comprehends the needs of the daily newspapers in the matter of telegraphic news, and is master of methods of promptly and amply supplying these needs. This explains why the Associated Press service, all things considered, is far superior to that of any rival. I wish Mr. Stone a continuance of what there is an absence of the harmonious that in our past disturbed by organizations. This is now a compact and powerful body which is of the greatest use to the community. Mr. Stone is a genial and courteous gentleman and his administration

tion of increased food safety is all in all increased life in the future of mankind and the peace on the broad, comprehensive ground of the brave suffering spirit of the world for a long time to come.

FEW AMERICANS imagine that the world is largely constructed from the European culture of the great majority.

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1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

That's there's no way out. It's happy
about of it. The night
's not in it.

THE VERY recent installation of that brilliant scholar and educator, Professor Edmund Byrne, D.D.,



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ALL THE WORLD has heard of the Baroque, the famous house of English designers, but not so much, probably



THE CONCEPT OF THE FIRM

For English - read quickly
and loudly

MANY INTERESTING anecdotes are told of Lord Salisbury, who has recently laid down his sceptre as Prime Minister of England. As a working journalist he is said to have borrowed sixpence, and to have paid it back twenty years later, when the man who lent it him, and whom he did not see again in the interval, called on him on a matter of business. The best anecdote, ac-

begin by that mentioning a certain number of people who
just happened to see me through my window at night and I
found they were all old friends from the old days and
the new ones were all new friends from the new day and
the new ones were all new friends from the new day and

THE LAUNCHES, of the protected cruiser *Dez Almon*,
at the yard of the Fore River Ship and Engine Com.

[illegible]

Всего в 1990 году в СССР было опубликовано 12 000 научных трудов, в том числе 10 000 в области математики.

ONE OF the queerest features of court life in Europe is the marriage by proxy of royal personages. There are at the present moment no less than three royal brides who have been married "the Spanish legend" style. The marriage of Spain's Princess and her nephew of Naples, King and reigning monarchs are held in a few minutes' journey to be married and happy plan.

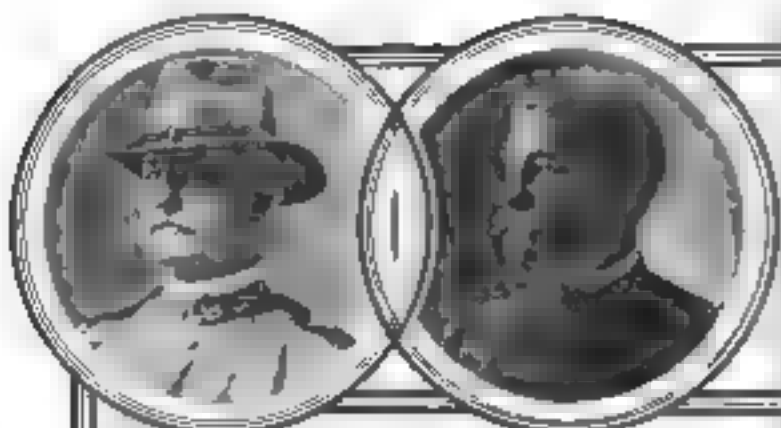
MANY DIVERTING stories are current in European papers concerning the ways of the King of Persia during his recent visit to that part of the world. While Moslem-education is well educated and a worldly and up-to-date even in many things, he seems to have a fully Oriental conception of his own superiority and wonderful power and greatness. It was he who wrote to Queen Victoria about eight years ago congratulating her for having taken the same step with her uncle as had his grandfather and that he was doing so in perfect obedience to the command of Allah and his prophet. He wrote to express a sympathy in France and bade the King and Queen an adieu good night. The verbiage of his message to the great potentate of France is his knowledge of the same as full gallop it is that which is known to the King. He can play the piano, work the typewriter and take photographs, and he has traveled through half Persia on a motor car. He is interested in all he sees, reads, and he can read in French through the language in which he is not at home and the most up to the new science.

A 1951 American historical approach to be essential in the development of the American people. There was



THE UNITED STATES,
Do hereby give notice that the above
has been laid out.

years old. After graduating from Purdue University, Indiana, he became a reporter on a Chicago paper and it was there that his peculiar talent developed. Notwithstanding that he is a fast-breaker he is one of the loneliest and thoughtful of men. He is studious and cultured and aspires to greater things than he has as yet accomplished. He has written two plays, one of which "The Sultan of Solis," has already been on the stage for nearly a year and will be produced in this city in January. His second play "Peggy from Paris," has lately been submitted for presentation here. These works are pervaded by the author's abundant flow of humor and will doubtless

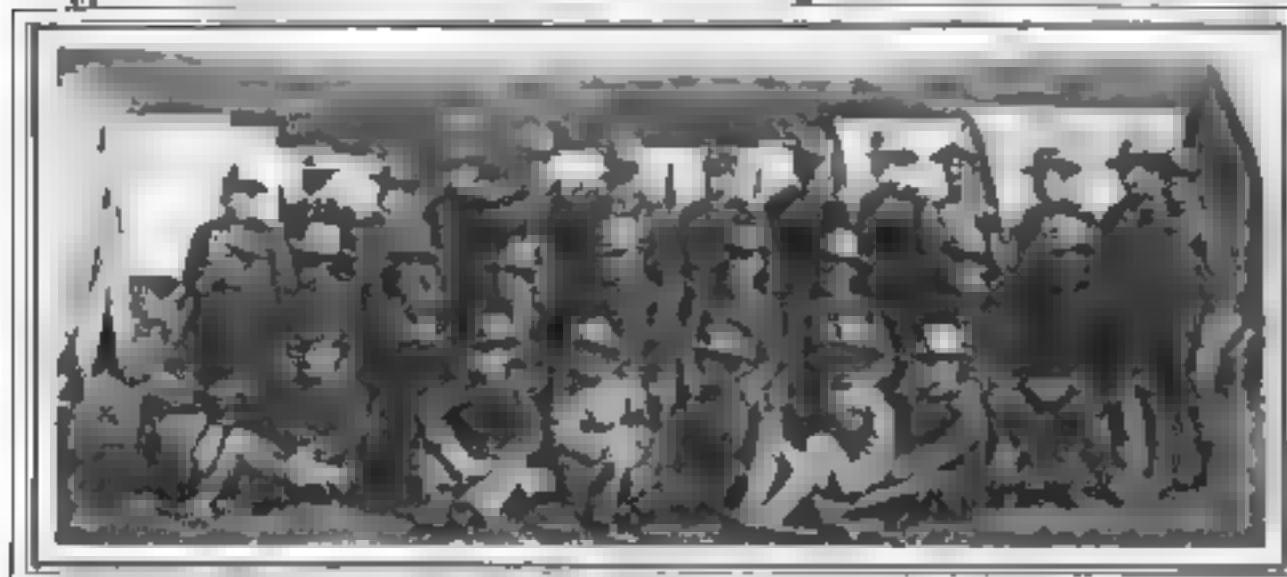


GENERAL JOHN HAYES
AND
GENERAL JOHN HAYES

MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES
AND
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES



MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES
AND
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES



GROUP OF MILITIA SOLDIERS FROM MAINE STATES WHO WERE IN ATTENDANCE AT THE ART



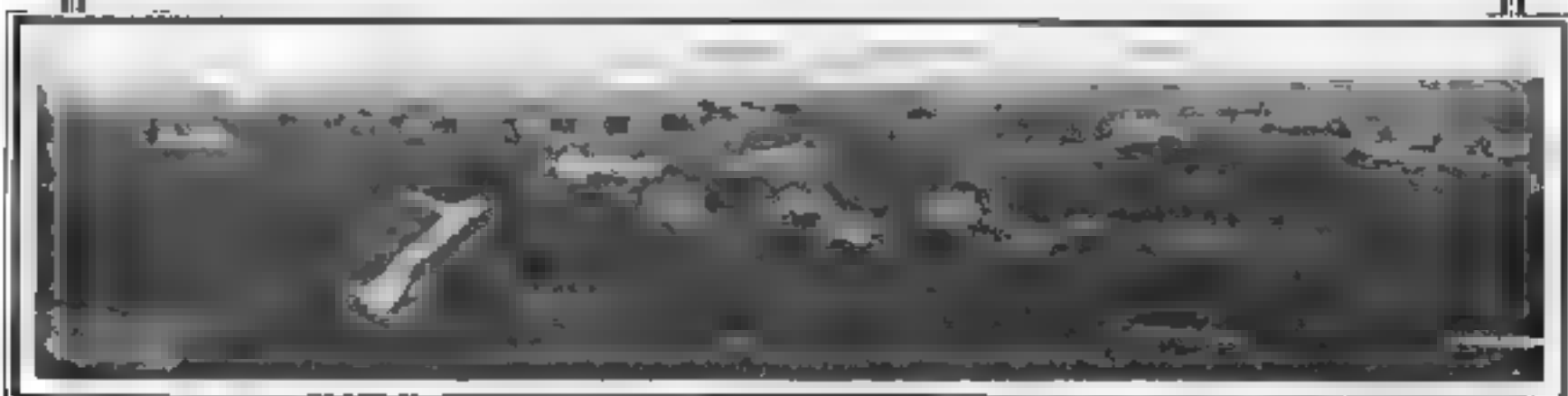
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES
AND
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN HAYES



SEVENTH BATTALION OF FIELD ARTILLERY FROM AT THEHEAD OFTHE FIVE BATTAL

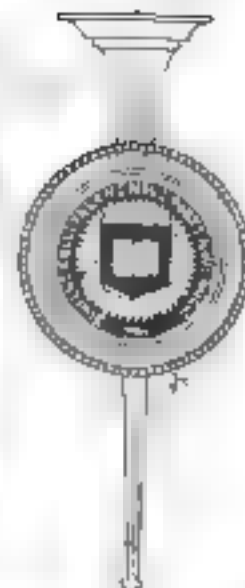


CAMP AND WOODS THROUGHOUT OF BATTLEFIELD AND MOUNTAIN TOWNSHIP TRUCK FIVE



CONVENTION VIEW OF FORT WALK, THE AMERICAN ARMY'S CAMP MILLING-CHESTER

A GREAT TRAINING-SCHOOL FOR THE AMERICAN SOLDIER
FIVE THOUSAND REGULARS AND MILITIA TOOK PART IN MILITARY MANOEUVRES AT CAMP ROOT, FORT RILEY, KAN.
Photographs by F. J. Smith. See page 388.



STUDENTS PLAYING THE NEW GAME OF THE FUTURE, PATENTED BY THE UNIVERSITY OF YALE.



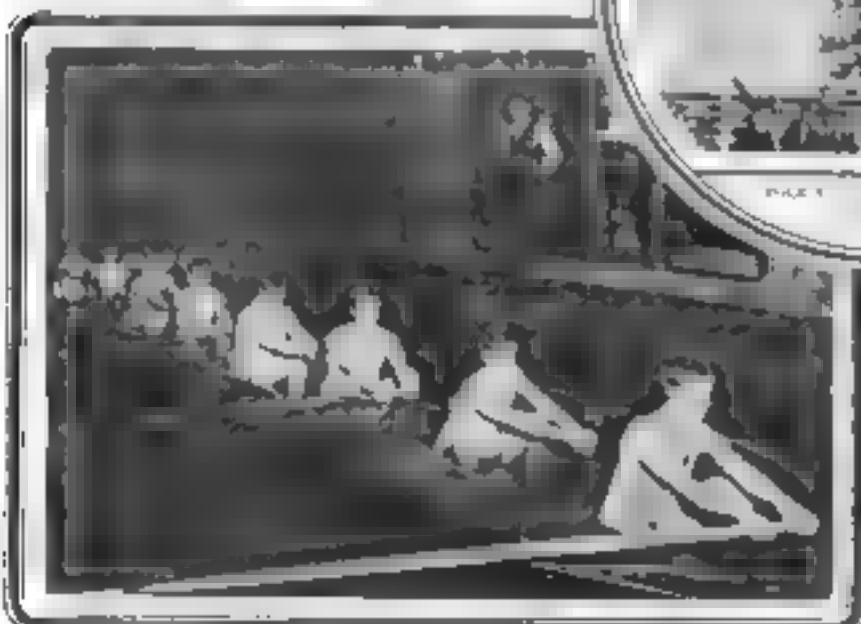
MEETING OF THE NEW YORK SOCIETY OF STUDENTS IN THE DINING HALL.



ONE OF THE TEACHERS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF YALE, IN THE GYMNASIUM HALL.



ONE OF THE STUDENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF YALE.



STUDENT VACATION CLUB TRAVELING IN YALE AT YALE.



OTHER STUDENTS TRAVELING WITH THE CLUB AT YALE FROM 1901 TO 1902.



REMARKABLE SUPPORTER OF THE UNIVERSITY ATHLETICS—
"POP" SMITH.
P. 10-04



CAPTAIN CHARLES DUNSTON CAPTAIN OF THE FOOTBALL TEAM OF THE ART OF TACKLING.
P. 10-05



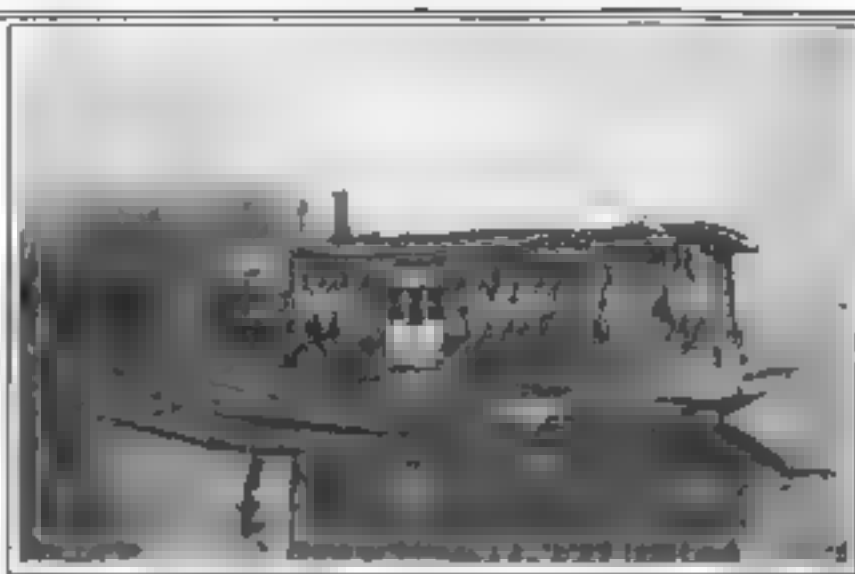
OLD-CATHER MAY, "WORK,"
STUDENTS.
P. 10-06

DAILY STUDENT LIFE AT YALE.

SURROUNDINGS AND ACTIVITIES OF THE THOUSANDS OF YOUNG MEN WHO THROUG THE HALLS OF THE UNIVERSITY



HUNTER IN HAND-PIR WITH HIS DECOYS IN ACTION.



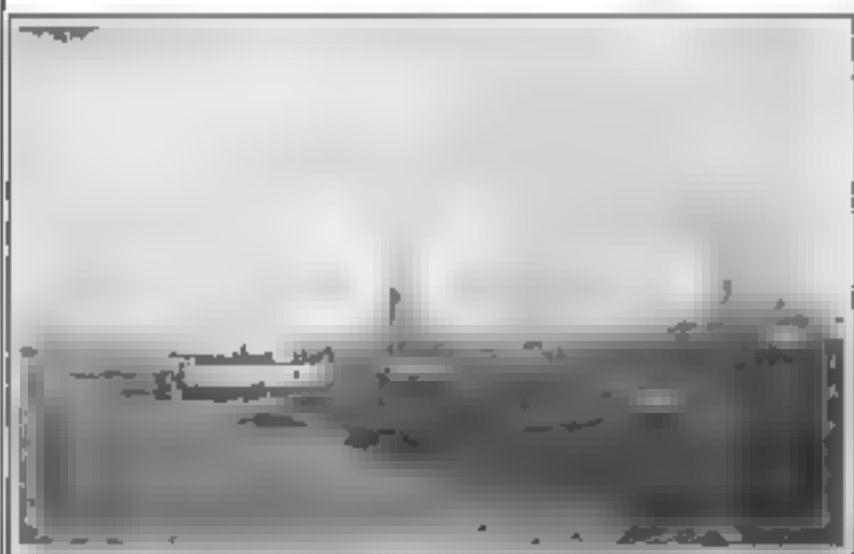
AFTER HUNTER'S SHANTY-BOAT IS TO A FINE DISPLAY OF ART.



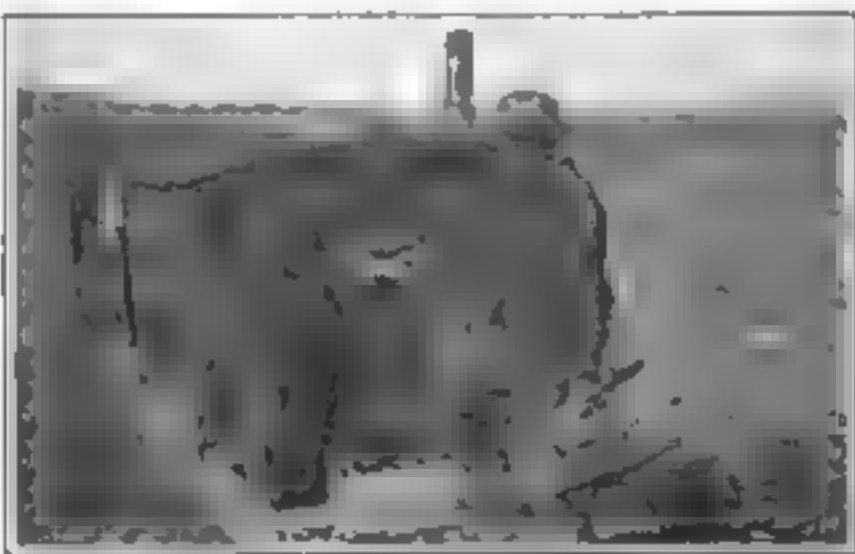
AFTER HUNTER'S SHANTY-BOAT IS TO A FINE DISPLAY OF ART.



AFTER HUNTER'S SHANTY-BOAT IS TO A FINE DISPLAY OF ART.



AFTER HUNTER'S SHANTY-BOAT IS TO A FINE DISPLAY OF ART.



AFTER HUNTER'S SHANTY-BOAT IS TO A FINE DISPLAY OF ART.

WILD-GOOSE HUNTING ON OUR BIG WESTERN RIVERS.

HOW THE FEATHERED GAMES IS HUNTED TO ITS DEATH, AND CLIPPING OF BIRD LIFE ON A SHANTY-BOAT.

Photographs by E. Brinkley.

Fine Sport for the Wild-geese Hunter.

THE WILD goose is the best of the large game birds that were once plentiful throughout the United States. Wild geese are found in the greatest numbers in the valleys of the Mississippi, Missouri, and tributary rivers. In the West, especially in the smaller cities and towns, everybody hunts during the season. A few of the more adventurous hunters go after the Canada geese. They go to the nearest city on the Mississippi, or other large river, and buy a shanty-boat, in which they float down until they reach some good hunting grounds. One or two days' run from a city like St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago, or Memphis takes the hunters to a good shooting ground.

The geese feed in the swamps, lakes, and wheat-fields adjoining the river, and fly back and forth to the sand-bars at all hours of the day and night. It is on these sand-bars that the goose hunter hunts his game, or rather lets one game hunt him. He digs a pit in the sand and then puts up a set of wooden decoys which he has made himself. He stands in the pit surveying the surrounding country until he sights a flock. He then crouches down in his pit and calls the geese to him. A good hunter can imitate the geese's cries with his voice, while one who

cannot uses an artificial call. When the flock comes within thirty yards of the pit the hunter jumps up and shouts. If he is a good shot he will get one bird with each barrel.

About noon he goes back to his boat and, after hanging his game on nails in the cabin, cooks dinner. The shanty-boat is well equipped for cooking purposes. On sunny days the hunters eat their dinner on the bank enjoying the breeze and the beauty of their surroundings. When the geese no longer come at one place the hunters move the boat and float down ten or twenty miles and work another sand-bar. The boat is propelled by two large oars, which are used chiefly in making headway. When the men reach a city they tie up in shanty-boat town. It is a common thing to see a hundred shanty-boats in the river and on the bank in these floating suburbs. The shooting season lasts from October 1st to the middle of March. When the season is over the hunters dispose of their boats for what they will bring and after bidding each other farewell, go back by rail to their homes in the North.

As a health-giver, no tonic made equals Abbott's Original Angustura Bitters. Druggists and grocers.

Mayor Low's Frank Weekly "Talks."

FEW THINGS afford a sharper contrast to the manner and methods prevalent at the centre of municipal authority in New York under Tammany administration than do weekly talks to press and people which Mayor Low has been giving at the city hall. These talks were generally complimentary; the methods obvious and unknown to the citizens of New York being given so far as to understand in plain language, but in plain and purposeful of the municipal system were those of their "bosses," and when any information on such matters was expected it was generally regarded with well-founded suspicion as being only half truth, or possibly no truth at all. Mayor Low, on the contrary, having no joke and plunders of his own to conceal, and no morally subordinated official from public scrutiny is about to place the public into his confidence and giving them a frank straightforward talk each week on the workings of the city departments, on improvements contemplated or proposed, and other topics on which all citizens have a present and vital concern. This is an eminently proper attitude for the chief magistrate of a city to take toward the people, and so fervent he is, and the example cannot be too widely followed by all men occupying a similar office.



MRS. CAMPBELL AND PINKI-PANKI-POO

Mrs. Patrick Campbell Tells of a Mistake

By Eleanor Franklin

WHEN I GOT off the Broadway car at Twenty-ninth street,

I found a crowd of people waiting for me. I was not at all surprised to see Mrs. Campbell, but I was surprised to see her with a crowd of people. I was not at all surprised to see her with a crowd of people.

feeling so good-natured for all. Not that my andor had been in such a glow. Dear, not I was on my way to meet my acquaintance with Mrs. Campbell.

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who was a very good friend of mine. I was not at all surprised to see her with a crowd of people. I was not at all surprised to see her with a crowd of people.

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MRS. CAMPBELL'S LATEST PORTRAIT.

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Fuel Substitutes.

WITH THE possibility before the country of coal at twenty dollars a ton and upward it is not surprising that the matter of necessity should be busy considering other things to take the place of black diamonds as a fuel. Whether coal is high or low or there is no coal at all, credit is in fact coming to the front as a possibility, and is now seriously used on railroad and steamship lines in various parts of the world. Only recently a corporation has been formed with a capital of several millions to push the sale of oil as a fuel. The situation in the coal market will doubtless also lead to a large use of gas for cooking and heating, as well as illuminating, and when once installed for the purpose its advantages over coal in the way of cleanliness and convenience will be likely to cause its own success thereafter, when coal drops back to its normal price. Electricity, also, which now leads all other natural agents as a producer of light and power, will in all probability some day figure largely as a heating medium, and the present scarcity of coal may bring that day well before. It seems quite likely, indeed, that the great coal strike may be only hastening the time when coal shall be king no longer, but will find its supremacy disputed by oil, gas, and electricity. The most novel suggestions we have noted by way of meeting the present emergency is that of the use of manure as a substitute for coal in the production of electricity. The only objection to their use is their scarcity which depends entirely on the size of the manure crop. The Baltimorean referred to says his family had used manure as fuel for years until about three or four years ago, since which time the supply appears to have decreased. As other resources failing, we might fall back upon peat the fuel of Ireland, a material which abounds also in the vast marsh lands of North America, or we might use, if seen emergency demanded, those great part of our cow-bull-hog-manure crop into our furnaces, a material which makes excellent fuel, as some Western farmers have discovered in other years, when coal was too cheap to make it worth while to send it to market.

Grateful for Food.

LEWIS SARKIS WALKS ON MILK.

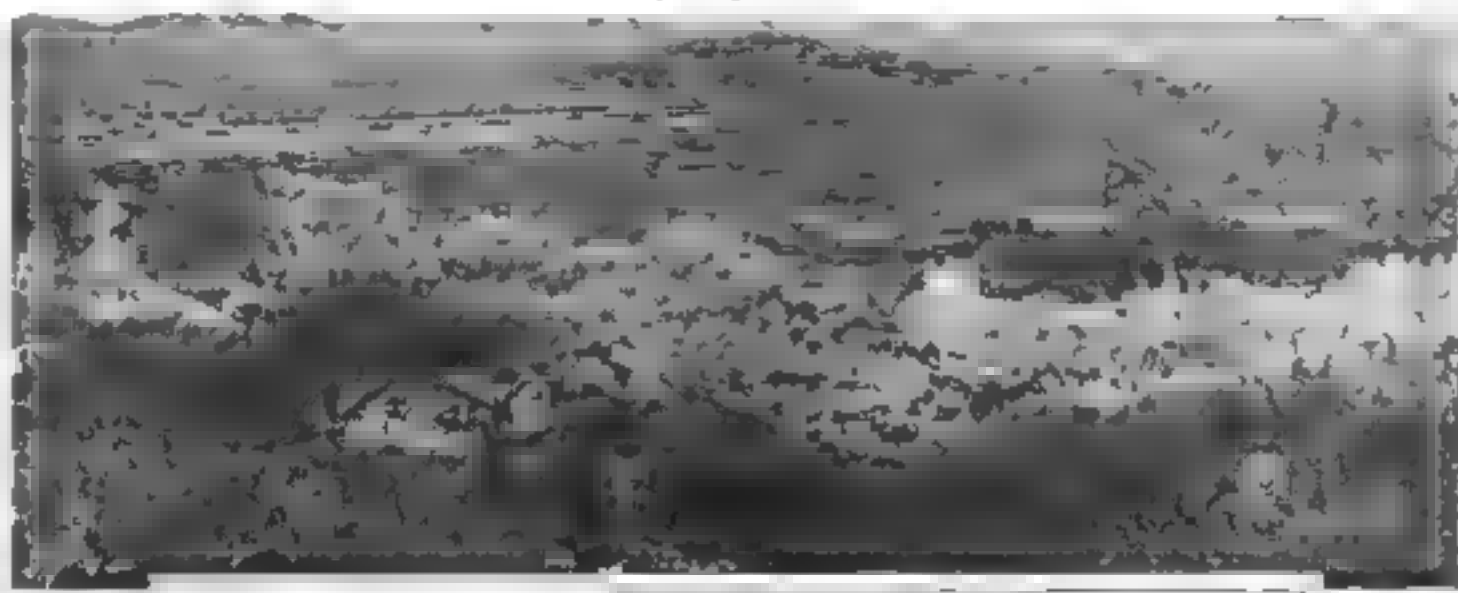
"Twelve years ago this month, I was a great sufferer with stomach trouble," writes Mrs. William Leigh, of Prairie du Lac, Wis. "I had to give up eating meat, potatoes and sweets, and lived simply on bread and finally that food had to be given up. I got so weak I could not work and I took nothing into my stomach for seven weeks but milk. I had tried three doctors, and all for no purpose. The last doctor advised me to stop all medicine. I had to anyway. I was so weak I was prostrated in bed."

"A friend advised me to try Grape-Nuts, but I was afraid to when a teaspoonful of milk brought tears to my eyes, my stomach was so raw. But I tried one teaspoonful a day of the Grape-Nuts for one week and finding it agreed with me, increased the quantity. In two weeks I could walk out to the kitchen. In four weeks I walked half a block and today I do my own light housekeeping."

I live on Grape-Nuts and know they saved my life. My people all thought I could not live a month when I commenced using them, and are very much surprised at the change in me. I am very grateful that there is such a food to be obtained for those who have weak stomachs."

Horrors of the Cholera Epidemic in China

By me, EYC-witness:



*HALLMARK'S 1994 TOP 100: Most Popular Hardcover Book, *100 Years of the American West*, by David Shields and Howard Rosenberg, \$24.95

1 SEP 20 1962

CHINA is probably the most thickly populated country on the face of the earth, and now olive branches from its teeming millions find substance. The country could not support this immense population were it not that fumes are at work which rid, in a measure at least, of keep down its increase. Emigration, wars, famines, inundations, and pestilence are factors which help keep down the population. It is estimated that the Taiping rebellion cost thirty millions of lives. The Yellow River rightly called "China's Sorrow," has swallowed up millions of people. Famines extending over large areas have decimated entire districts. Pestilence such as the bubonic plague and cholera have now killed off millions

A Chinese has been blamed by several foreign specialists of cholera, and no estimates were given in Asia that they might more properly be called pandemic. The outbreak of three cholera epidemics occurred just forty years ago. In 1817. Beginning at Ben-gow is spread north, south, and westward through the entire country sweeping millions into the grave. Whole villages were depopulated and one-half of the foreign population in the ports perished. In the native city of Shanghai, by actual count, a thousand persons it they were present and for six weeks. This epidemic spread westward, reaching the globe spreading in ten times two a year in Europe where it was carried over to America and the epidemic ended in 1821. The epidemic here in China-Bengal was first was confined strictly to the coast cities. In Peking Shun died

Not since 1912 has there raged such an epidemic of violence as is raging at present. Some old residents who passed through that era think the present one is even more extensive and just as violent. It is sweeping through the whole empire, from Canton to Peking and from Shanghai to Nanking. And it is not confined on coast or port any longer, but is also sweeping through the country districts, making havoc in every village it strikes. It seemed to begin simultaneously, in June, in Canton, Shanghai, and Manchuria, and from there radiate. It has spread until there is scarcely a province in the empire that is not infected. Thousands have perished in Manchuria, Sibi, and Shantung. In Kwangsi, a large city of Kuangsi, people are dying at the rate of 1,000 a day, and over 40,000 are already imprisoned. No great war the death rate that it was impossible to feed the demands for rifles, and machine guns and other weapons in need were pressed into service in order to cope. In Shanghai the epidemic has been especially severe, not only among the anti-revolutionary foreigners as well, over forty foreigners have succumbed thus far. It spares no one, high or low, old or young. I make the beggars and coolie class are the first to be attacked, and then the better

classes are affected. It has crept into the imperial palace at Peking and some of the suburbs have died of it. As a consequence the Emperor's Daughter has become feebler.

The eleven women to her aid especially surprised as an unusually large part of the young women in the village who within a few hours of the outbreak of Japanese troops, together, the last month of the war, their young women teaching their devotion. While women are found out in a single night. The women know of a village near the river crossing of the bridge. In a short time the hundred women and the young women have had all their. They did not attend to their business. I was surprised that would have been common. Teachers are found with their daughters in the village to be taken home.



REPORTS AND BY FURTHERS WITH THE CHURCH AND TO
APPEAR WITH THE CHURCH

dead or alive as there is such a strong probability of their dying while on the road and every Chinaman wants to be buried at home, if possible. The writer has even evoked and begged a stretch down on the streets of Mexico.

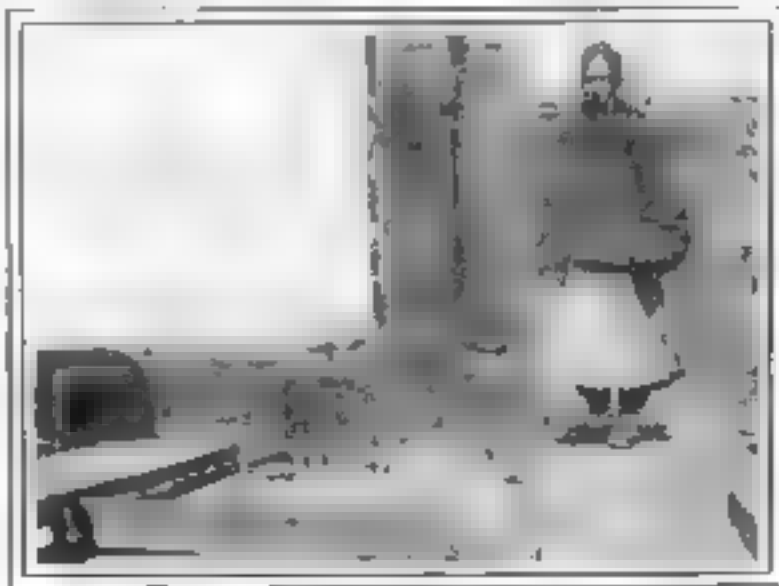
The negative

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No Duty on Little Presents

[illegible]

COOLIE STRUCK DOWN WITH THE FATAL BOMBING ABANDONED BY HIS KINSMEN - CONT'D 3/7/68



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

WEEKLY

[illegible]

SEN'S CHURCH, ELIZABETH ST TREASURY BUILDING—Copyright, 1901, by F&B

ARMY VETERANS AT WASHINGTON.

EFFULGENT NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

Concerning a Woman's "No"

By William MacLeod Raine

Billie McLean had just finished proposing to Tame Williams, and she had just received an end of rejecting him. A man may take his answer tragically or comically with anger, passion, dignity, indifference or indifference according to the grain of his grain and mood. Billie chose to take the latter attitude.

"A woman's 'no' is a trap," he repeated gravely.

She shook her pretty head decidedly. "Not this one."

You're not a great hunter, he informed her calmly.

"Don't mind your aunt," she murmured and looked at him out of twinkling eyes.

"But it is," he said appreciatively. "I don't do it deeper than you. It is not there."

"I suppose I am not clever or I won't see you, as the custom is, you are yourself," she retorted.

"You probably haven't got the right idea of the right way to worry about it. I'm sure it's right. Your point of view is taken into consideration," he explained cheerfully.

"How else of you?" she asked with mock interest.

"Well, that's not for me to say. Still, you might be wise in going to see. I am sure you like to be with a Senator's daughter."

"Oh, thank you," she replied, smiling.

"Can't I be better not to keep up an account of my own life?" she asked.

"You're not a fool," he said. "But I'm not a fool either. I don't get it. He's a thing that can't be helped."

You're not a philosopher, I suppose, and will come to me to look for my answer in the same way," she replied.

"The fact is, it is a question of time," she said.

"The fact is, it is a question of time," she said. "I am sure you like to be with a Senator's daughter."

"You're not a philosopher, I suppose, and will come to me to look for my answer in the same way," she replied.

"I thought you had said that I can only propose you in a woman's 'no'," he said.

You're not a philosopher, I suppose, and will come to me to look for my answer in the same way," she replied.

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Illustration of a man and a woman in a room, possibly a library or study, with bookshelves in the background.

new his way clear to a solution of the problem before him. The thing did look a bit impossible. To be sure, there were several circumstances that had to be taken into account. But the trouble was that he had no claim to an election as one of the representative delegates of the college. He had never done anything at that time and there was a good many other students who had done a good deal. Milligan knew himself to be a popular fellow, and it was quite within the bounds of reason that if he used his influence as half-back on the football eleven and captain of the varsity team he might win a place among the delegates by sheer pull. But he did not like to do that. It struck him as hardly fair to the other fellows who had shown their ability as debaters. What he wanted was some unexpected chance to prove himself in law for an election as one of the representative debating team. He did not at all doubt his ability to make a good showing, but he did not want to get the chance.

It happened that a certain famous candidate for the Vice-President was scheduled to make a speech to the students in a few days, and the Young Men's Party Club had made great preparations to do him some honor. Milligan also made his preparations, but he did not advertise them. There was a great crowd of students at the depot to greet the candidate, and when his train drew to a stop the "H-4-H" was ripped at him from five hundred throats, near and afar. Then followed clapping and an improvised yell of the political club. Banners and transparencies were in college colors were in evidence everywhere. Certainly the candidate shook and swayed in a mark of heartiness in his receipt. He was cheered on the shoulder of the excited crowd to his carriage, which was drawn up the main street of the town to the college campus by the students themselves in two of them. Long after he had disappeared into the house of the college president for the candidate's dinner, enthusiastic voices were still ringing clear bells into the air and demanding to know "What's the matter with our next Vice-President?" "What queer they answered with the usual refrain, "He's all right—all right."

An hour later a long double line of young men faced each other and stretched from the house of the president

to the college chapel. There were some hundreds of them and they were standing at intervals of three feet, each holding some device which set forth the merits of the candidate or the cause. They were awaiting the appearance of "Prexy" and his distinguished guest who meanwhile were still lingering over his waiting. This was when Billie Milligan got on his fine work.

Milligan and his room mate, Jack Daniels, vaulted across the back fence of the president's yard, came quietly around the corner of the house, walked briskly down the walk and stepped in between the waiting lines. Both men were clad in immaculate afternoon attire, frock coat high hat patent leathers with spats, regulation gloves, and funeral gray.

Their stage entry had been so quiet and so sudden that only a few of those present gasped out a recognition. Naturally they were mistaken for the candidate and his hunt.

A cheer was lifted, as he air rolled along the line, and came ordering back from the great crowd which waited outside the chapel. With becoming dignity Milligan and Daniels passed slowly down the walk bowing to right and left without the least of a smile upon their faces. As they passed forward and were recognized with guffaws and indignant protests greeted them, but except in the most minute scrutiny the cheering still continued alternating hoarsely with the college and class yell.

"I don't we have a warm place in the hearts of our fellow-citizens, apparently. Didn't know our virtues were so thoroughly appreciated," commented Daniels in the intervals of his furious cough.

Behind that voice proceeded in our own country. "Thank my arm I'm wondering though, how long it will be before lightning strikes. Mind me, we're working. We play the game right till the end of time," answered Milligan, with his grave-yard face still in evidence.

(Continued bowing and cheering.)

"Oh, I'll see it out, but I want to let a lot of my money pay for me out after he shows up," returned Jack.

"That's what they will. May keep your eye on Mickey Green over to the left door. Wouldn't it make a horse laugh to see how old he looks after all that hollowing he has been doing?" I thank you gentlemen for his splendid evidence of your regard. Oh, I say, Danny, get us to the classroom pushing out of door to shake hands with our mate. Si, the women are here. I do assure you," Milligan ran on, partly to his companion and partly to the outer world.

Many brave cheers, groans but never a sign of levity in the two wooden faces with the solemn, stereotyped smiles graven on them.

Milligan had arranged for every contingency that he could foresee. Amongst other things he had dipped the junior of the college chapel but a open he doors until the last moment. Consequently a large crowd eager for diversion was waiting on the building.

Billie mounted the steps of the chapel with his companion and carried as one his hands as he enthusiastically greeted which had been rendered him for a long minute he stood bowing with his hand in the breast of his coat. Mounted with the good-humored, delicate chairs were given, recalls, ridicule and much thanks advice. But Milligan knew his time would come and stood waiting for the din to subside as silent as the Sphinx and apparently as unperturbed.

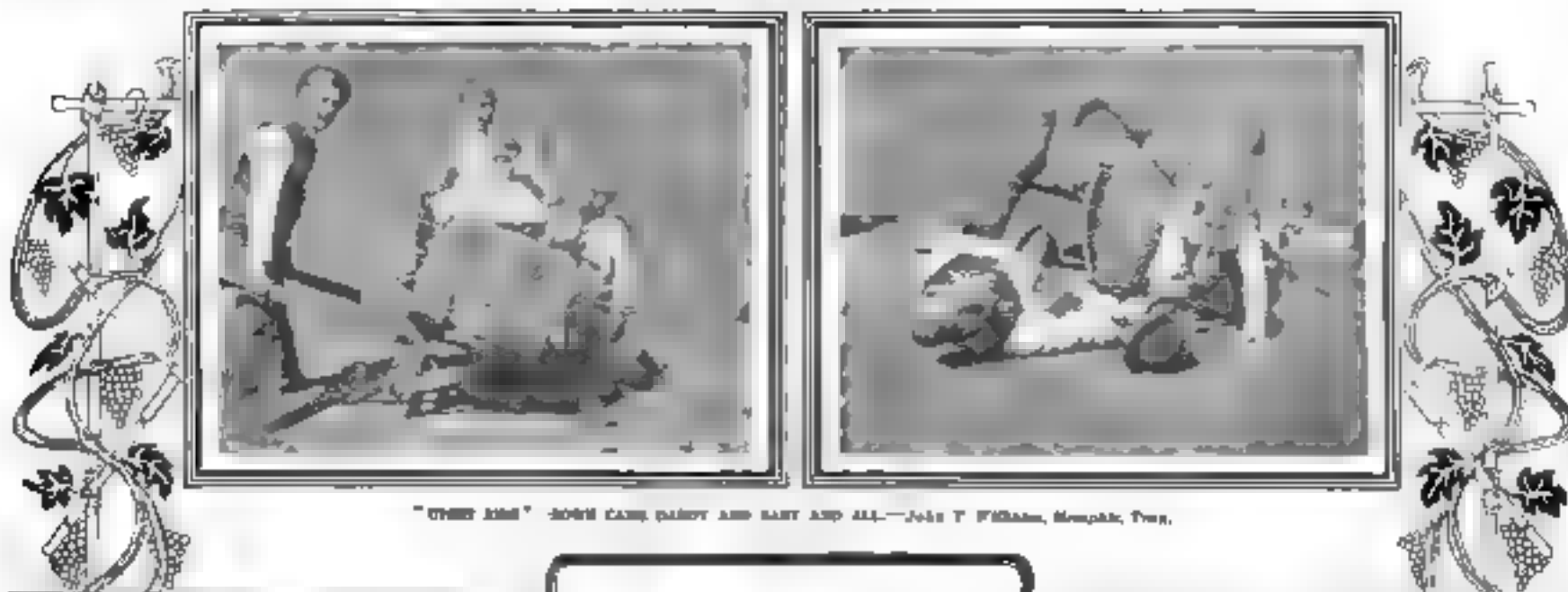
The move came, and suddenly called for a speech from him.

"Speech, speech! Give us a speech, Billie boy, begin to tell us all sides."

Now Milligan had suddenly enough to sink in three-deckers. He had planned no less a debut for himself in the forensic field than a joint debate between himself and the vice-presidential candidate. That he taught knew his adversary, he had traveled three hundred miles a few days before to hear him speak. He had not a word into the preparation of what he was about to say, and had in everything else gone by the board in the meantime.

He raised a hand for silence and one of those earnest appeals of quiet which would now come over a crowd swayed his audience now. So far everything had worked

(Continued on page 309.)



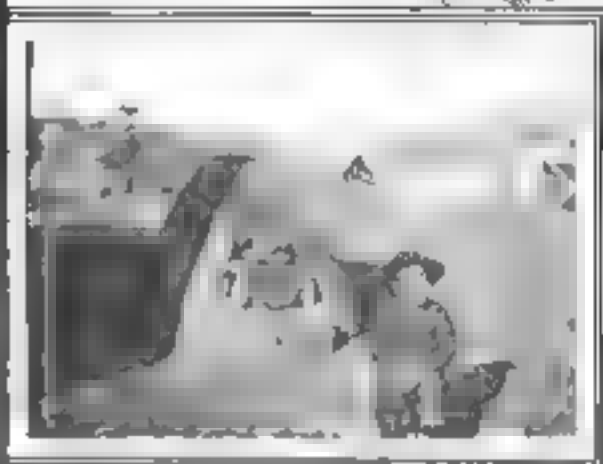
"TWO MEN" JOHN CAMP, DANCY AND BART AND ALL.—JOHN T. FICHMAN, Memphis, Tenn.



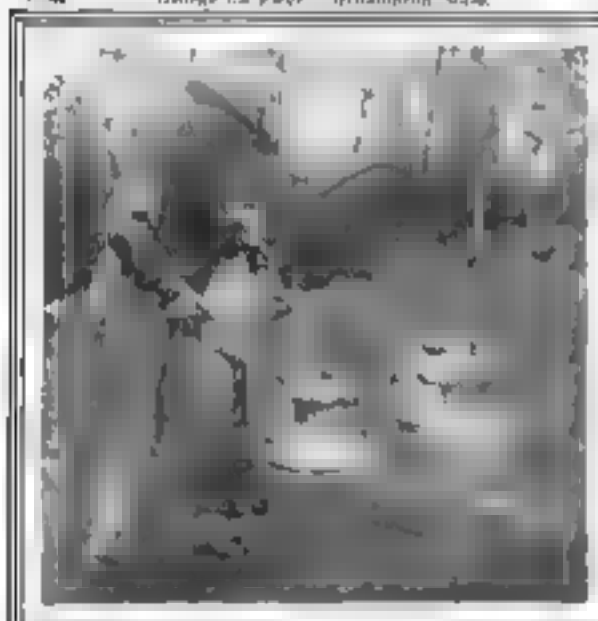
"TWO MEN" WITH A AND FICHMAN STANDING UP THE CASE
Chicago, Ill. Photo. by Fichman, Tenn.



SHARON THOMAS TAKING A NAP.
J. H. HARRIS, New York, N. Y.



JOHN WAITING FOR A LADY ASKING OVER THE PLATE OF
SOLAR HENRY, N. Y.
Miss M. H. HARRIS, New York, N. Y.



FATHER'S "WATKINS PLACE" IN WATKINS
Frank E. Fisher, New York, N. Y.



CHARLES EXHIBITING A TRAINED MONKEY
See H. H. HARRIS, New York, N. Y.



(HARRIS-WATKINS) GEORGE'S MOONLIGHT NIGHT IN WATKINS BAY.—H. H. HARRIS, New York, N. Y.

OUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—CALIFORNIA WINS.
COMPETENT CAMERISTS DISPLAY A COLLECTION OF AMUSING AND PICTURESQUE ILLUSTRATIONS.
(SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR SEASON'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ADVERTISEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THIS ISSUE.)



In the World of Sports

GREAT INTEREST IN COLLEGE FOOTBALL. SCANDALS OF THE TURF
HUNTING IN THE SOUTH.



THE ACTORS ON THE FOOTBALL STAGE While October plays a distinctive part in football history each year November is really the month devoted almost exclusively to football. It is the month of the year between the sports classified as of the outdoor and indoor sort. While the absence of important games to be played in New York City will lessen the interest in the game, has felt in the metropolis, the same curiosity of affairs does not prevail in other sections of the country. Throughout the East and West the interest in the indoor college pastime has never been greater than it is to-day and those who have predicted that the college game would indicate a new way to the American game have still a long road to wait for that change. College football is a rough sport and while not as easily understood as the American game, it holds its popularity as few other sports have done in this country. Those who a few years ago derided the sport as a sort of its alleged brutality have about turned their attention to other things. The graduate committee in charge of the course at the different universities have done much during the last few years to remove many features which enhanced the measure of the sport to condemn it. Many friends of football would like to see the rules so changed that there would be less rough play and more open work, but it is doubtful if this can be brought about so long as the Rugby game is played. Those formations seem to be as necessary to Rugby as the violent ones, sportier work is in the American game. The effort to introduce professional football now going on probably will not prove to be a success. The college student will sacrifice an eye, a tooth, much more, or broken bones for his college and will go down in college sporting history as a hero for the cause. When, however, a man is called on to make such sacrifices for a money as is made a week or season the conditions will be found to have changed. I have known college men to join semi-professional clubs after leaving college but they never played with the same vim which characterized their work as college. One one thing, a man with good traits as a football player when the college career was his last physical feat of his life. When not in perfect physical condition a man has no business tackling football. Yale has gained out a splendid player this year and the influence of Old Eli are pretty confident that the New Englanders will beat both Princeton and Harvard. The crimson has a dangerous attack of overconfidence only in their own, but this has fortunately disappeared, and the followers of Harvard realize they have not nearly as good a team as was at first supposed. Harvard must play better football than she has shown in late to beat Yale. At present in Penna. various colleges, Cornell, Carlisle and other Eastern colleges the same are shipping up rivals in that any of them will defeat either Yale or Harvard without difficulty. Still surprises are happening regularly in football. Last fall the University of Michigan lost to another wonderful team in the Illinois and it is said that the Michigan game will not have an opportunity to make the best teams in the East. The chances are, however, that Michigan will have one of the big four in the season and that Michigan made the remarkable season of scoring 511 points in both halves for her opponents and if this record is duplicated this year the Eastern universities will have no possible reason for refusing to meet the champions of the West. Michigan's coaches are confident that they have an even better team than last year.

CONSUMPTION OF THE TURF The wonderful success of horse racing this year seems to have taken the intellect of the track-owners and of the majority of the jockey

Club. In-and-out running, clumsy or actually careless racing, by some of the leading jockeys has caused as much scandal on the Eastern turf during the last few months that those fond of the sport are particularly zealous about its future. The present policy of the Jockey Club has been to deny severe criticism, but this



MR. CHARLES J. BARRETT, MEMBER OF THE WORLD'S COLDEST BOARD.

policy cannot be continued if the welfare of the turf is to be maintained. The demands have not in the state this year and increased the most flagrant cases of refusal of public term, of reckless betting and of gambling in the ring without paying the slightest attention to the facts. They have also seen the attendance figures steadily during the last few weeks and it has not made a move which would help to restore public confidence in the honesty of the turf. The recent meeting at Concord was even more satisfactory than was the spring one held at this track and while the big players of the turf along with Drake and others were credited with heavy meetings the public at large which looks the horses on their form should at previous have showed with glee when the racing at that track had been finished for the season. The meeting at Sheepshead Bay was also something but satisfactory to those who go to the tracks only on a few during the racing season. The present policy of the racing officials seems to be to give every possible preference to the bookmakers and to forget that the great public exists.

THE SILENCE OF FREEDMAN There is a disposition in some quarters to believe, as stated by Andrew Freeman, the president of the New York Jockey Club, that he has sold out his interest in that club to John T. French of Indianapolis. There is a pretense to know that he that the sale has actually taken place and that the national game will have no further troubles with Freedman. A Chicago paper, on the night of the announcement of Freedman's retirement, said to the leading

baseball writer in each city of the National League of not asking for personal opinions as to how Freedman's retirement would affect the game. The replies were numerous that it could be said that a man who has never been associated with the game believed in the same amount of unpopularity as Freedman. It is true, who is really the leader as well as the captain of the old rough and ready jockey club, has a heart made of iron and copper. Those however who know the Washington of jockey sports are of the opinion that he will soon annex Maryland and place a first-class team in New York. After all that is needed to boom the game throughout the country.

A TIP TO HUNTERS GOING SOUTH All over the country sportsmen are getting ready to take their shooting parties into the fields and woods. The time has now become more popular each year and is enjoyed by Northern sportsmen who will go to Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and other States south of Mason and Dixon's line. Will be larger this year than ever. The sportsmen generally are of the better class, spend their money freely, and are nearly always welcome visitors to the natives. In a few States the old laws pertaining to shooting of game birds of the State are still operative. Reports from several sections of the country show that game and raising are plenty this fall owing largely to the open and dry summer. Partridge, turkeys, ducks and geese are also said to be large in numbers in sections where there are no reports found.

Sporting Quizzes Answered.

Q. T. N. (New York)—Horse racing is a popular sport, and already we are seeing a number of races for the New York Jockey Club. Will it be the same as last year, or will it be different? **A.** The race season is expected to be about the same as last year, but the Jockey Club has decided to make some changes in the racing program. **Q. T. N. (New York)**—The Jockey Club has decided to make some changes in the racing program. Will it be the same as last year, or will it be different? **A.** The race season is expected to be about the same as last year, but the Jockey Club has decided to make some changes in the racing program. **Q. T. N. (New York)**—The Jockey Club has decided to make some changes in the racing program. Will it be the same as last year, or will it be different? **A.** The race season is expected to be about the same as last year, but the Jockey Club has decided to make some changes in the racing program.

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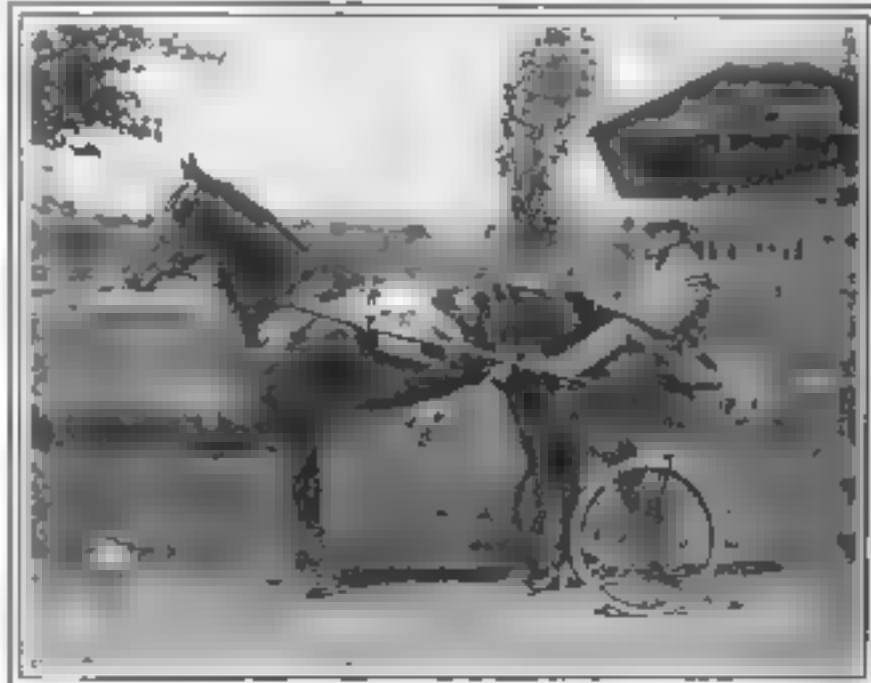
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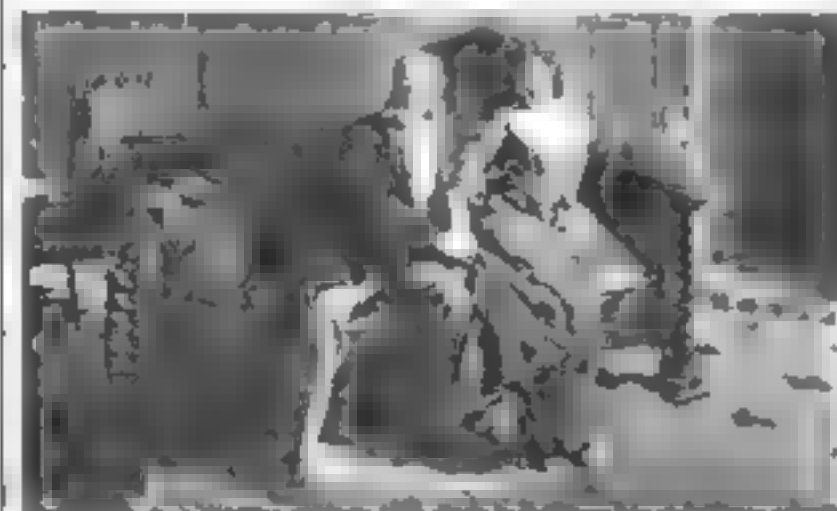
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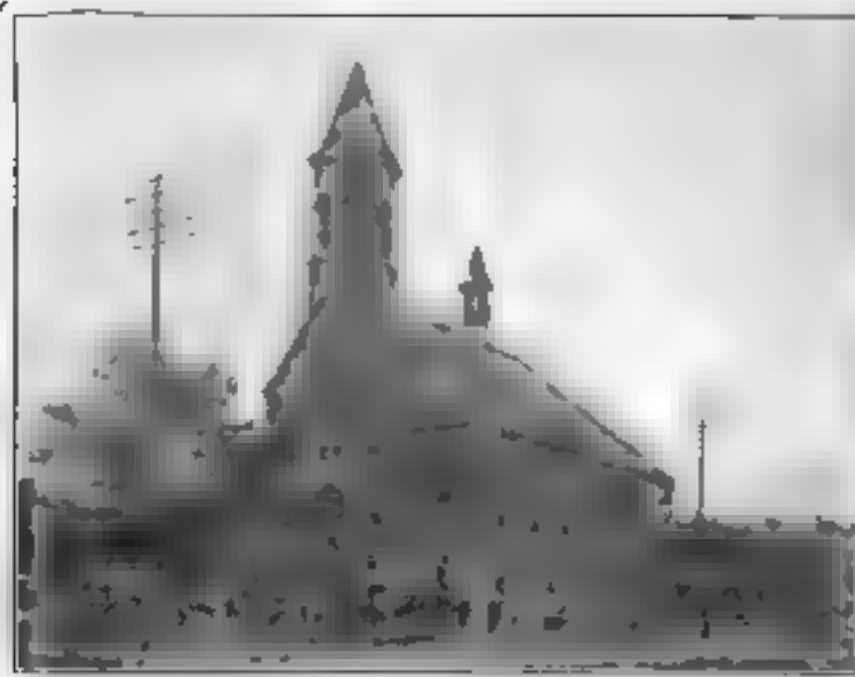
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Keyless Clocks Are Going to England.

[illegible]

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It then presents a literature review of the existing research on the topic. The methodology section describes the research design and the data collection process. The results section presents the findings of the study, and the conclusion section summarizes the main findings and provides recommendations for future research.

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ONE OF the great graceful and eloquent speakers at the recent national convention of insurance companies held at Columbus, Ohio was Mr. James W. Alexander, who has achieved distinction in the insurance world as President of the Equitable Life of New York. Mr. Alexander has always been recognized as one who has led in the highest plane in business as well as in private life and the topic most appropriately assigned to him was "The Ideal Company." Many of my readers have asked me from time to time to amplify the characteristics of a successful insurance company. Mr. Alexander in his admirable address did this so well that I propose to quote him.

He declared that the ideal insurance company must have high-minded, broad-minded, experienced and skilled officers having no other business other than to value the interests of their policy-holders; that it should be conducted on a cash plan, and that the premiums and the re-insurance reserves should be computed on the most conservative tables of mortality and rate of interest; that it should have a low expense ratio so as to compare with the best and liberal conduct of its business; and that it should disapprove the system of business offered to agents for the transaction of given business of insurance during a stated period.

The ideal company, Mr. Alexander added, must be exceedingly careful in regard to the physical condition of all its risks. It must maintain a large surplus which constitutes a bulwark of defense and adequately such policy holder even in the event of a disaster. The ideal company should have a large and widely extended business, should be friendly with the small risk policy holder and carefully and usually managed, and both of customers should be equipped to strength and security in all times. And those who are interested in his company to read on full the constructive address, the chief points of which I have briefly outlined, copies, easily found, will be sent free of charge on application to the President of the Equitable Life of New York. In looking the proposed nomination James W. Alexander and his associates for the presidency of the company.

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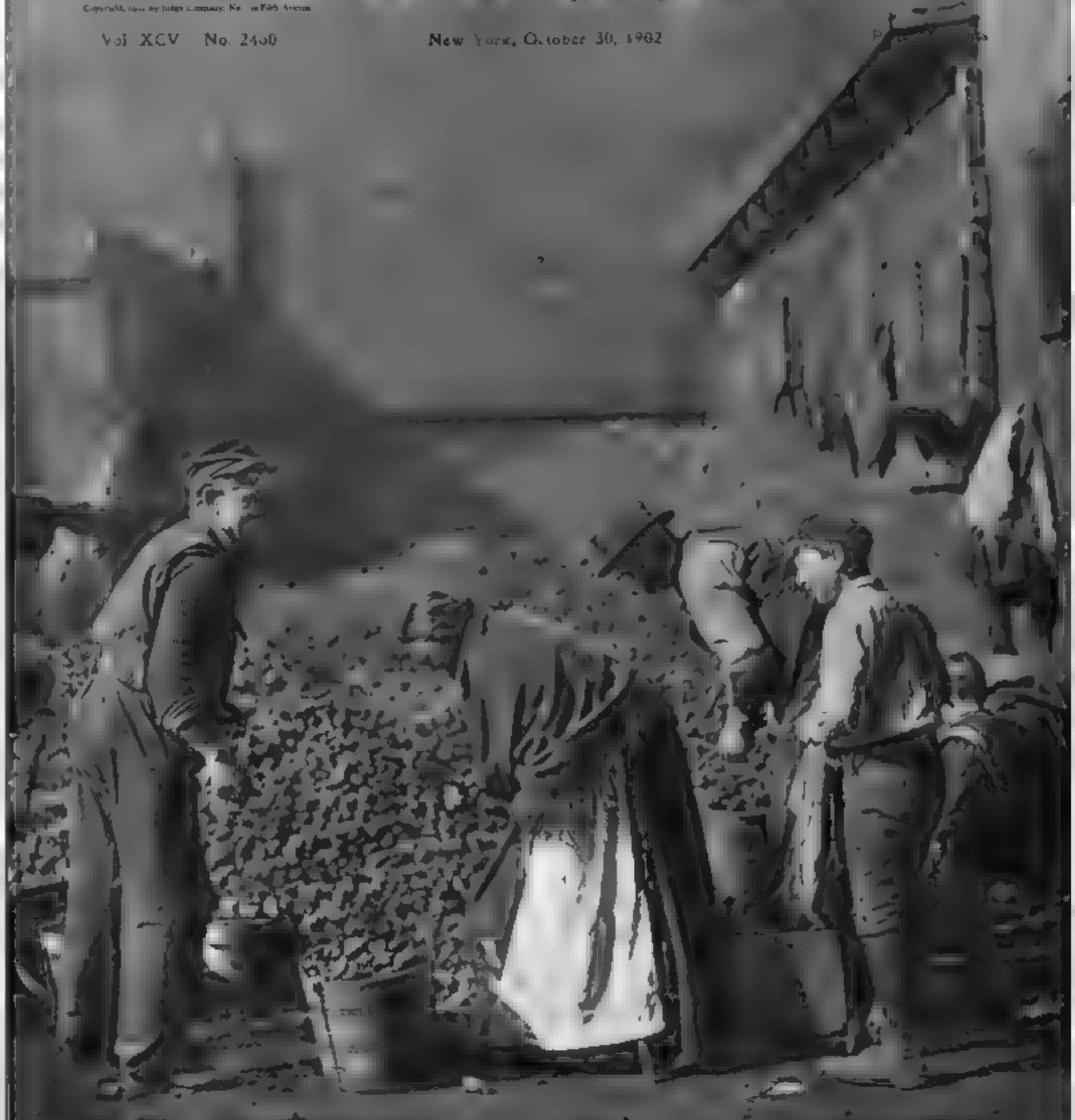
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WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company. No. 10 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV No. 2450

New York, October 30, 1902



EAGER RUSH FOR COAL BY NEW YORK'S POOR.

Photograph by our staff artist, G. B. Loeber. See page 112.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

WHEN JEFFREY AND B. CHAFFEE walked out to greet thousands of the American people at the



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The present and the subject is especially so in the present army and from that time until the Spanish-American war his advancement was slow. He made a reputation however as an engineer. In the outbreak of the conflict with Spain he was appointed a brigade engineer of volunteers and was the first to be killed in the engagement at San Juan. He was entitled to a pension of \$1000 per year. His wife and three children are now in this country. He has four sons and one daughter. His wife is now in the Philippines, where his work has been chiefly concentrated.

IN HIS recent volume of "Epicureanism," covering sixty years of public life the Honorable George D. Baker, the many entertaining allusions to fellow countrymen, his old associates as well as his contemporaries Mr. Baker's judgment is shown to be as clear as his imagination, and especially his fair judgment in kindly allusion to Sir John Lubbock. He speaks of him as above party, both as a philosopher and as a man, and has taken the right of his detractors and says of him "I am from him, not he from me." In the same passage we find a hint of our author at the close of the text (174) "As a philosopher, however, I am of the country in relation to such the French and German errors of thought."

[illegible]

WE HAVE heard something of the in front of the
about Zaballos, principally for the reason that he



ST. LOUIS, MO., FEB. 10, 1900.

himself died recently and his son Seyyid Ali will now reign in his stead. This young man has been educated in England at the famous school of Harrow and is quite an up-to-date person. It is said that his school days at Harrow differed little from those of the ordinary public school boy. Not only did he now Sultan who is said to be an able and ableman remain at the bottom of the school, but he was equally careless of games in the playing-field, where his football in particular was of a wild rather than of a skillful nature. Chosen to represent Zanzibar at the coronation, he took up his quarters in London as a guest of the King, but the postponement of the festivities and his father's illness made it necessary for him to return to Zanzibar. Seyyid Ali, who will be under the age of the prime minister of Zanzibar would be twenty-one, has followed Oriental custom by marrying

Her mother's a pretty good as he would have: also a few
the ... of ...

[illegible][illegible]

THE 1991-92 season has proved to be the United States' worst in the Mt. Sinai Credit Fund, and Humphreys says his team at the head of the money hunt is that city for many years. He is sure there are

[illegible][illegible]

IN THE front rank of the great artists of the time stands M. Pierre Puget, the French painter who is now visiting the United States. M. Puget's finish of style and the spirit which pervades all the thoroughly human quality of his art have won the admiration of the greatest artists of the world. His art is triumphant in breadth and depth and freedom as well as in the technical side of it. It is the work of a born natural lord. He is not only a painter and artist but also a composer and an author of unusual quality. He is the great power of the French school of art of those the only one who can claim such a title today. The achievements of the French regular demand of him with the form of the

Legion of Honor and similar honor was conferred on him in Spain, Holland and Turkey. He is to gain international recognition as established authority in the field of medicine here. He will be in the city on Feb. 10 and 11 and in New York which will open itself to him on January 12 and 13 with the New York Philharmonic, Tuesday.

[illegible]

GENERAL CHURCHES continue to earn credit for ^{praise-worship} that previous editions have earned. Millions of the best of music are the common lot to millions in any way, even by radio, with the spread of the great communications in the Philippines. The new editions are the best, as in other parts of the world, the best of the best.

Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst., in relation to the above-named subject. In reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

J. H. [Signature]

THE NEW YORK *Evening* does *not* subscribe to the idea of a new code to report drug-related information.



NEW YORK: 1914.

prominent banking institutions in the world in the line of
ed results being obtained. Mr. Williams
has also got in the LAF which by depositing \$ 100
United States bonds in the Treasury he secured for his
family the distinction of being the chief depositors of the
millions paid to the government by the new Pacific
Railroad. Mr. Williams is said to be in close touch with
the Gould and Rockefeller interests and he is of course
a very wealthy man. He has a town house in the
district at Newport and an estate at Cornwall-on-Hudson
where he pursues farming and cattle-breeding. He is a
skilled amateur photographer and is active in his own
studio. His claim to have been instrumental in securing
a gift of \$400,000 to Harvard University for the
erection of an observatory, besides an endowment to main-
tain the latter.



JAMES C. WILSON
Supt. Dept. of Hygiene and
Public Health



WILLIAM W. PARKER
As. engineer mining engineer
Portland



JOHN C. GRAY
Judge of Court of Appeals
New York



WILLIAM E. CLARK
Engineer
New York



THOMAS H. WATKINS
As. engineer
New York

The Arbitrators of the Coal Strike



JOSEPH A. SPALDING
As. engineer
New York

ARTHUR H. MANN personally questioned the persons and ascertained that he was the chief engineer of the mine in which the strike was taking place. He was the only one of the strike who had been in the mine since the strike began. He was the only one of the strike who had been in the mine since the strike began. He was the only one of the strike who had been in the mine since the strike began.

entirely satisfactory to both parties in the center of the Federal conference to all the questions which the strike was the only one of the strike who had been in the mine since the strike began.

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JOSEPH A. SPALDING
As. engineer
New York

The Struggle of the Poor for Coal.

NOTHING illustrates more vividly the struggle of the poor for coal than the story of the struggle of the poor for coal. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life.

The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life. The struggle of the poor for coal is a struggle for life.

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Women's Remarkable Feats of Alpinism.

EVERY YEAR Madame Brocard, who keeps a little cozy shop at Lyons, France, follows the French Alps during the summer in order to sell coats to the soldiers, with whom she keeps up in all their long marches. This year in the course of a few days, Madame Brocard made the ascent of Mont Joux, crossed the top of the Col de la Vierge, reached the summit of Mont Blanc, and finally left them at Mont Frejus, after selling out her stock. She then returned home, selling her basket at Lyons, and walked to Savoy to be present at the grand festival. The price for all these remarkable feats of Alpinism amounted to barely thirty dollars.

Princeton's First Lay President.

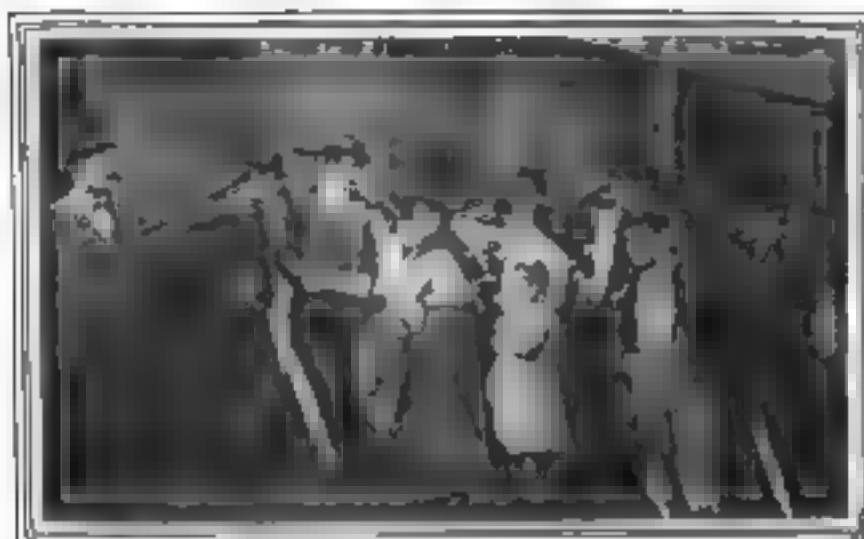
THE INauguration of Wendell Williams as president of Princeton University, which took place on October 20, was a most unusual affair. The ceremony was held in the chapel of the university, and was attended by a large number of guests. The ceremony was held in the chapel of the university, and was attended by a large number of guests. The ceremony was held in the chapel of the university, and was attended by a large number of guests.



THE PRINCETON PRISONERS

THE PRINCETON PRISONERS

THE PRINCETON PRISONERS



CROWD OF SCRAPERS WAITING FOR SOMETHING TO EAT.



WOMEN AND BOYS WAITING FOR A DASH OF ALKYL (VIA THE BOTTLE).



BLACK CROWD OF MEN IN THE MOUTH OF THE JEWEL LOVED BY THE COAL.



HAPPY MOTHERS AND NEW BORN FREE FROM THE BURN OF BLACK COAL.



MOTHER AND SON ENJOYING FOOD WITH A BURN OF THE COAL.



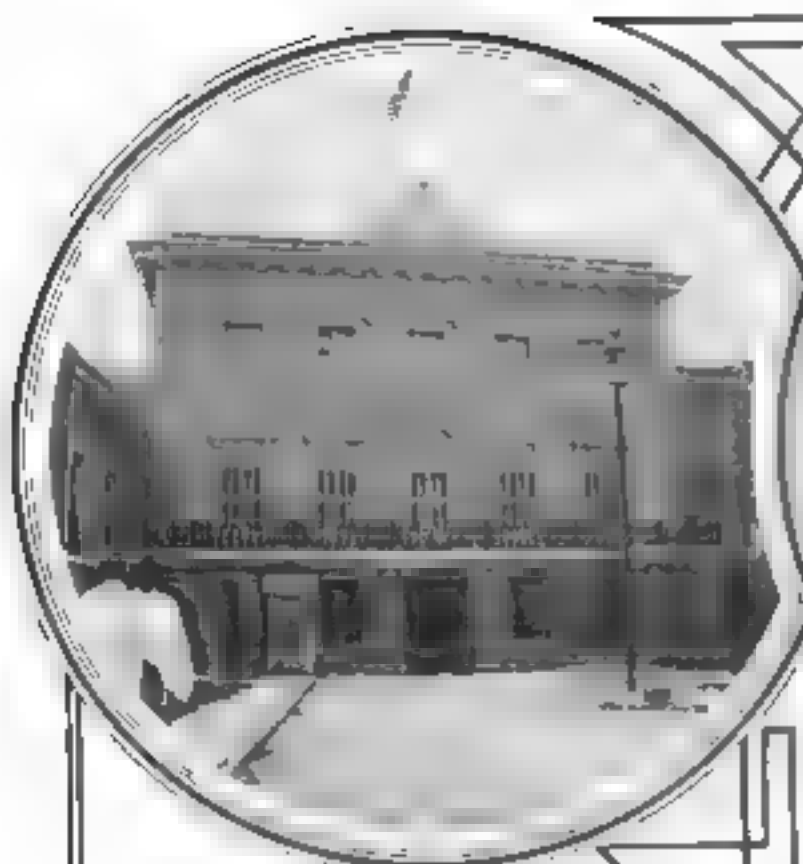
WATER STREET YARD, WHERE 5,000 WORTH OF COAL WAS SOLD IN ONE DAY BY THE FIFTEEN-CENT BUCKET.



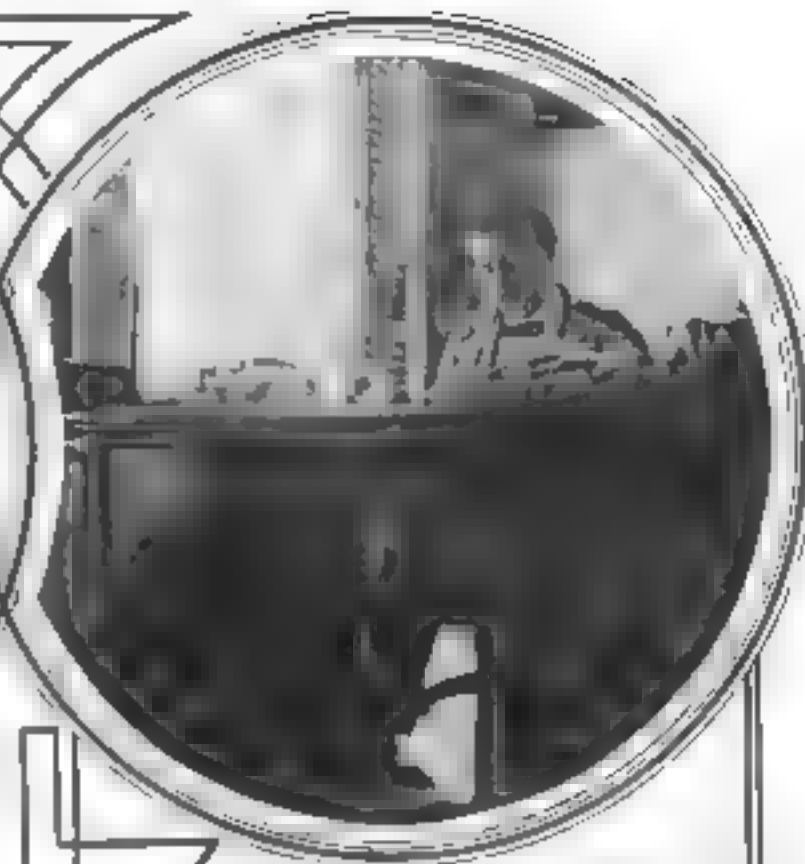
PEAKING FAIRLY AND RAIN AT A WELL-PATRONIZED RELIEF DEPOT IN THE ITALIAN QUARTER.

SUFFERINGS FROM COLD AVERTED IN THOUSANDS OF HOMES.
MULTITUDES OF NEW YORK'S POOR PROVIDED AT RELIEF DEPOTS WITH RELATIVELY CHEAP, GOOD COAL.

Photographs by U. R. Lacey See page 412.



UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO AT SAN JUAN, P.R.



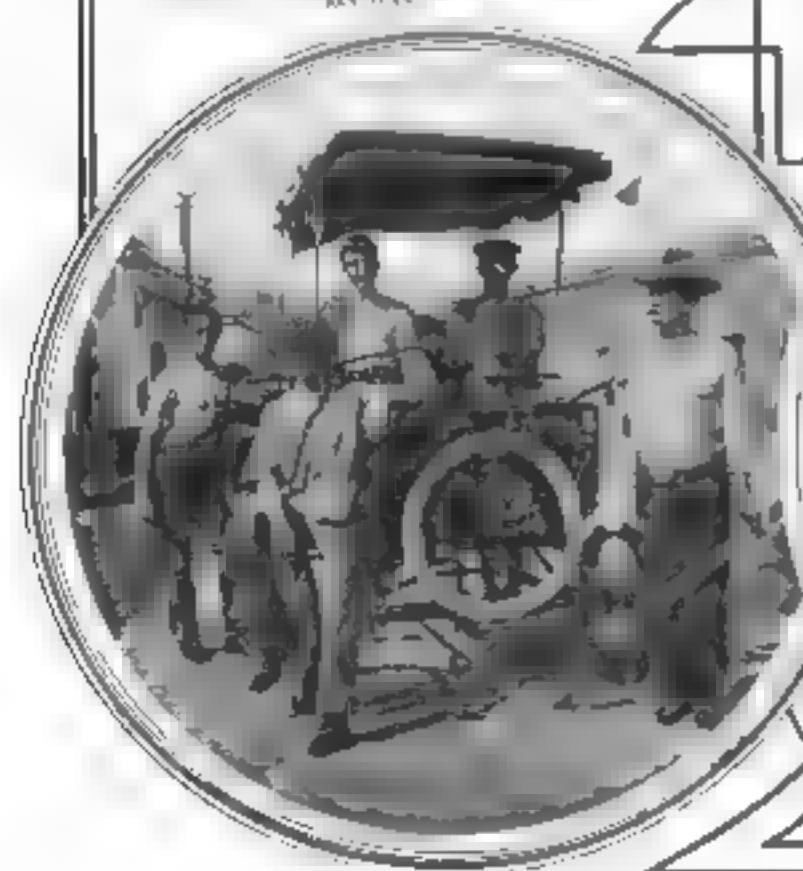
GOVERNOR'S PALACE, SAN JUAN, P.R.



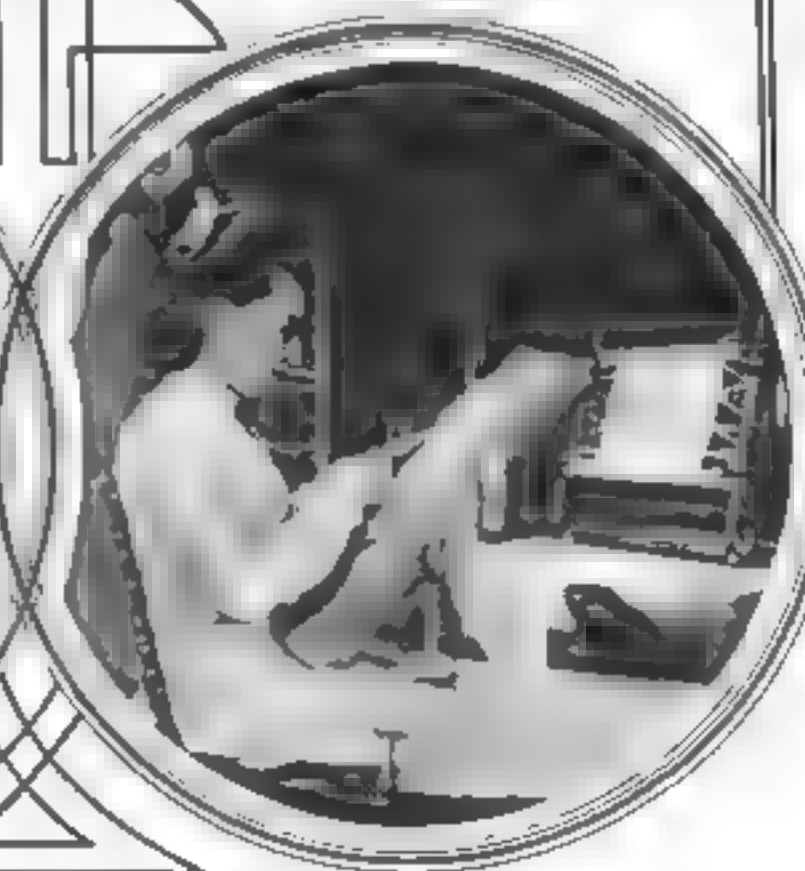
MAIN STREET, SAN JUAN, P.R.



ENTRANCE TO UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO

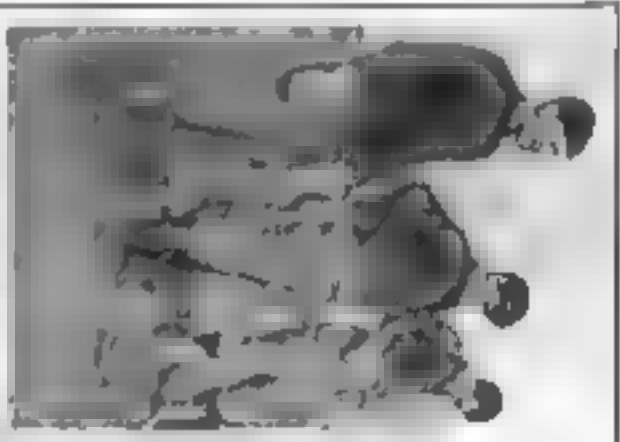


MAIN ENTRANCE TO UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO



GOVERNOR'S PALACE, SAN JUAN, P.R.

OUR FAIR AND FERTILE DEPENDENCY IN THE WEST INDIES.
EVIDENCES OF NEW CONDITIONS THAT EXIST IN PORTO RICO UNDER AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION.



GIANTS OF THE GRIDIRON IN PRACTICE AND AT PLAY

VALUES POWERFUL FOOTBALL MEN ASSIDUOUSLY TRAINING, AND PENNSYLVANIA'S FORFEIT ELEVEN SHATTERING LEIGHTS VAINLY RESISTING LUNGE

The Man Behind the Limelight

By Eleanor Franklin



CHARLES EMERSON REED,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry

"A Press agent" may
narrowly be defined as
large get around in one of the
big magazines in the
Holland Building at 125
Broadway.

in the Holland Building at 125
Broadway. It is a room
large enough for himself and
one or two friends. It is
furnished with a desk, a
chair, a lamp, a telephone
and a door. It is a room
where a press agent can
work in peace and quiet.

ing surrounded by three
magazines. It is a room
where a press agent can
work in peace and quiet.



F. L. M. BATES,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry

big get around in one of the
big magazines in the
Holland Building at 125
Broadway.



CHARLES EMERSON REED,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry

F. L. M. BATES,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry

He is
not doing the original work for the
magazines. He is doing the
original work for the
magazines.

Mr. Bates again has been
seen at the Holland
Building. He is seen at the
Holland Building. He is seen
at the Holland Building.

Then there is Mr. J. J. Whitely,
representing the
Motion Picture Industry.

Mr. Whitely is another
representative of the
Motion Picture Industry.

Mr. Whitely is another
representative of the
Motion Picture Industry.

Mr. Bates again has been
seen at the Holland
Building. He is seen at the
Holland Building. He is seen
at the Holland Building.

Mr. Bates again has been
seen at the Holland
Building. He is seen at the
Holland Building. He is seen
at the Holland Building.

Mr. Bates again has been
seen at the Holland
Building. He is seen at the
Holland Building. He is seen
at the Holland Building.

Mr. Bates again has been
seen at the Holland
Building. He is seen at the
Holland Building. He is seen
at the Holland Building.



FREDERICK EDWARD DEKAY,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry



F. J. WHITELY,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry



F. L. M. BATES,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry



F. L. M. BATES,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry



CLAYTON WRIGHT,
Representing Motion
Picture Industry



"UP ANCHOR!" THE COMMAND WHICH AROUSE
TARS OF THE FLAG-SHIP "KEARSARGE" STRAINING EVERY NERVE TO SHIP ANCHOR.
Drawn especially for Leslie's Weekly by J.

WEEKLY

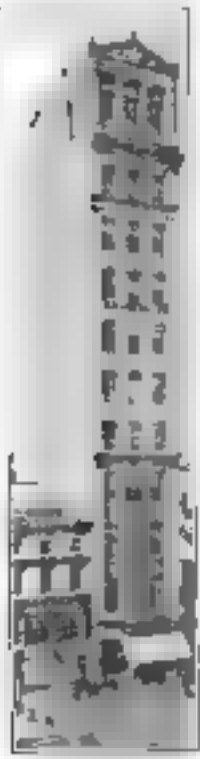


ES RIVALRY BETWEEN OUR NAVAL CREWS.

BEFORE THE MEN OF THE "ALABAMA" SEEN NEAR BY CAN PERFORM THE FEAT
Walker, with Admiral Higginson's fleet.

The St. James Society and Its Remarkable Work

By Oliver Shedd



HEADQUARTERS BUILDING,
NEW YORK.
Home of the Society.

FIVE YEARS ago six physicians of New York City organized the St. James Society for the promulgation of an antidote which had then first been discovered for the morphia, cocaine, opium, and chloroform habits. The society began work in a field where there was abundant work to do. Although there were physicians and in their private practice had treated of the frequent use of the drug habit in its different forms, they were not aware of its astonishing prevalence, of the great numbers of unfortunate slaves of the "pipe," of the "whisk powder," the "dope," or the "hypo" until they began giving their entire time to this field of practical work. The society has now in its grasp in its net and each one of these habits represents a life of struggle and agony and death, with no one else knows who are under the absolute control of a deadly drug. The society's work has thrown a light on this fearful habit, its causes, its dire effects, its prevalence in the most unexpected quarters, that makes the whole subject one of unusual interest.

The public has only a vague conception of what the drug habit is and what it means. Those who are its victims are invariably concealed. The very papers whom you find suspect of such a habit are usually secretly and doubtfully by getting a craving which is more than death. But the papers of those who have written to the St. James Society or have called at its rooms for aid are guarded as carefully as the society's funds. The names and letters are all filed away in a large cabinet which occupies a big safe. At night the safe is locked, and it can be opened only by a combination. Scarcely is the prevailing sentiment of the morphia "fiend," and the society recognizes this and does not violate it.

The St. James Society occupies two floors in the Hamilton Building, Twenty-eighth Street and Broadway where it has its executive offices, its registration rooms, and parking and shipping department. The physician in charge is Dr. M. C. Arnold, who for many years has had experience in the treatment of the drug disease. I met an interesting chat with Dr. Arnold when I called recently at the society's headquarters to inquire for my well what work it was doing and how that work was done. Dr. Arnold told me one thing that shows how serious the drug habit is. The average life of the morphia eater, said Dr. Arnold, is twelve years from the time he takes that first dose. Those who use opium live about three years longer, but the cocaine fiend, the person who uses the hypodermic injections, does not have an average life after he becomes an addict over a year or two years. Many of them are killed in a few months. You asked me something about the prevalence of the habit. Judge for yourself. In New York alone there are 20,000 opium smokers.

At my request, Dr. Arnold described the symptoms which follow the taking of a dose of morphia:

"At first," he said, "there is an exhilaration. The blood flows faster. Color comes into the face. The eyes are bright. The victim feels light and unusually happy. He is the one who is filled with joy without knowing why. Then gradually comes reaction. The mind grows dull. The person is depressed. He is now miserable unhappy in a negative way. There is at first no pain or suffering. It is like a magnified fit of the 'blues.' It is an exaggerated form of the depression which one

feels on a rainy gloomy, hopeless day. Then comes the next state and it is vastly worse. He grows nervous. The faculties are active, but it is unnatural activity. The sufferer is apprehensive. He is constantly on the alert, fearing that some calamity is going to happen and come suddenly. His eyes roll, he glances right and left over his shoulder, looking for an imaginary danger which he has no reason to believe is present. The condition is becoming serious. The nerves cannot stand long this state of unbalanced excitement. And it is then that the unfortunate man reaches the end of the drug. Not to escape he retires to his bed for almost hours, his face and small but because he knows that the stuff detestable though it may be will bring relief and if there is no other way, the victim will crawl at even hell to get it. Suppose the drug cannot be obtained. The nervous excitement increases until there is a collapse. The sufferer falls into convulsions and then becomes unconscious. Several men death cases, sometimes instantly. In the state of depression many drug fiends' commit suicide.

The habit of course grows with what it feeds upon," continued Dr. Arnold. "The more taken, the more is needed to produce the state of feeling desired. The greater requires only a small dose to produce the slightest exhilaration to give the needed relief from depression. Then he finds that the restaurant door is not sufficient. He doubles it and takes the dose more frequently until he cannot subsist on one day but rather on the portions in portions. In some cases it is enough a hundred times over to kill the ordinary healthy person. A half group of that phase would be fatal to most persons. There is a true made from the habitual user who can take a full group and live. Yet we have had cases in which the morphia-eater consumed a hundred groups a day taking the doses at all times of the day and night. One of the applicants who called at our office here was a German. He was an expert speaker and he was one of the most rapid in a ever seen. The man was near death. He was very thin so that his skin seemed stretched over the bones of his body and that man smoked eighty pills of opium a day. He was at it almost all the time day and night for he smoked continually during regular hours of the work four hours. Does the drug ever create such a state that the system does not respond to any quantity of the poison. Then the suffering is unbearable and death is not far away."

In his office Dr. Arnold has a cabinet filled with an unusually interesting collection. It is the varied apparatus of those who, having been relieved of the drug habit, in some one of his various forms, have sent the instruments which they used in administering the poison to themselves in the headquarters of the St. James Society. In this cabinet are syringe pens and lamps, hypodermic

needles and restore the nervous system. We have had a few here who took chloroform.

"Now, the principle of the antidote," continued Dr. Arnold, "is very simple. The morphia habit, and in this I include the habit of using opium, laudanum, cocaine, and other similar drugs—produces an abnormal state of the system. The action of the body has become used to the drug stimulus and does not operate unless that stimulus is provided. In his condition which produces the nervous state which is the craving. Now in effect of the antidote which the society provides it is simply to a certain extent the stimulus which the drug gave. The antidote, however, does not produce the extreme exhilaration which the drug does. It simply places the physical and nervous system in a normal state and keeps it there until nature can restore the waste which the morphia caused. For the habit is a disease. Like other diseases it affects the system, a continuously wears away the natural strength and rendering power of the body. When the use of the drug is stopped the body has an opportunity to restore itself. The antidote simply restores the appearance of the craving and the body collapses until the normal healthy condition of the body is restored by nature. When that condition of the body is restored there is no longer a demand for morphia."

"The length of life after a person has once become a drug fiend, and the length of time required to effect a cure both depend on the strength of that person's constitution. The one who uses the smallest dose is still always the most easily cured or the person using the largest dose the most difficult to cure. The Chinaman whom I spoke to you about a moment ago was rid of the opium habit in three weeks. One of them who wrote to us was an old retired sea captain who lived in Falmouth, Maine, and had taken morphia for fifty-seven years. The amount of his natural strength and his rugged outdoor life he had lived with this habit fastened upon him four times longer than the average victim. And although he was in his eighties when he came to us for an antidote of the society, he was cured of his habit within a month. Others who have seen ours only a few years are often obliged to take the antidote for a month or more. Every person thinks that his or her case is entirely different from that of everybody else. But the general principle of the application is always the same, for the same causes produce the same effects on the human system. There is only a difference in degree."

In the shipping department of the society I saw boxes and bags of the antidote, a brown fluid directed to all parts of the world and sample packages that are sent free to all applicants. "The society takes applicants from all the countries of North America," said Dr. Arnold. "We supply the antidote in bulk in large to five hundred pounds in Germany and every in the United States which covers the drug habit. And he is odd because the antidote was first made by a German physician who was himself a morphia-eater and who made the antidote to cure himself. The growth of the society's work has come about through the results obtained in individual cases. Persons who have become cured through its aid have told others whom they knew to be afflicted. And then the numbers have grown until the list is 180,000. There is one peculiar effect of the drug habit. It develops to a high degree the faculty of cunning. Yet nearly every one who is a victim feels the necessity of having a confidant with one to whom he can tell the secret of his misery but all this is changed when he is cured. A man is returned to his normal state, which is that of depicting anything secret or deceptive. His physical vitality which is sapped by the use of the drug returns. He fully recovers from his weakness and his feeling of self-consciousness. The antidote is restored and he feels again the dawn and the necessity to work and make a place in the world for himself, and for his family."



THE SHIP PACKING AND SHIPPING DEPARTMENT OF THE ST. JAMES SOCIETY



CONFIDENTIAL ROOM WHERE LETTERS ARE FILED.



STRINGS, BOTTLES, PILLS, AND WHITE POWDER, AND OTHERS.



THE SOCIETY'S LABORATORY AND BUSINESS OFFICES.



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Every One

will want to read

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S

article on

"The Presidency"

in November 6th
issue of

The Youth's Companion

EDITED FOR EVERY MEM-
BER OF THE FAMILY.

(This highly interesting article was
written before Mr. Roosevelt was
nominated as Vice-President.)

EVERY American family that is not receiving the weekly visits of The Youth's Companion should begin its subscription for the paper with this issue, and thus secure FREE all the remaining issues for 1902, including the Thanksgiving and Christmas Double Numbers.

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Every New Subscriber for 1903 who will cut out this slip and send it at once with name and address and \$1.75 will receive:

FREE — All the issues of The Youth's Companion for the remaining weeks of 1902.

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And The Companion for the fifty-two weeks of 1903 — a library of the best reading for every member of the family.

Announcement of the 1903 Volume and Sample Copies of the Paper sent Free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASS.



NOTABLE DRAMATIC SUCCESSES IN NEW YORK CITY—SEE DOUBLE PAGE

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Leslie Company. No. 100 Fifth Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2461

New York, November 6, 1902

Price 10 Cents



"MOVE ON, THERE, NOW!"—A DAILY SCENE IN CROWDED NEW YORK.
FLIGHT OF A BAND OF PETTY PEDDLERS, WHO OBSTRUCT THE STREET BEFORE THE PROWNING GUARDIAN OF THE LAW

Drawn especially for Leslie's Weekly by H. Mayer

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

AT THE present time there are in English society two beautiful and distinguished women who have the right to wear the title of "the first lady of the land."



LADY RANDOLPH CHURCHILL
The first lady of the land.

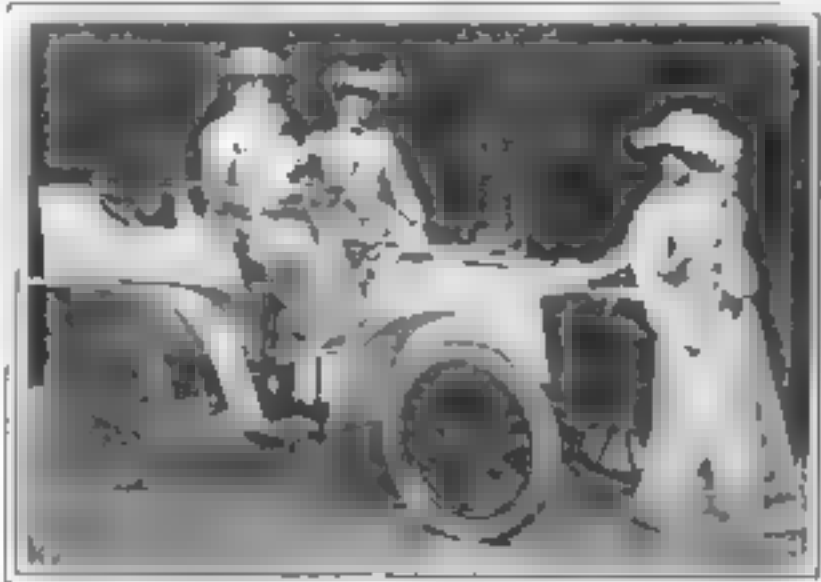
The other is Mrs. George Curzon, the wife of the foreign secretary. She is the daughter of the Duke of Devonshire and has a husband who is one of the most powerful men in England. She is a woman of great intelligence and refinement, and her husband is a man of great ability and energy.

gentle and simple with a large heart, her pleasant smile seen in these days of the London, they are a rare and hidden gem, hidden to the world, but only to the eyes of the eye.

THE LANCET has published a report on the condition of the country at the present time. It says that the country is in a state of great distress, and that the people are suffering from poverty and want. The report also says that the government is doing everything possible to relieve the suffering, but that the situation is so bad that more must be done.

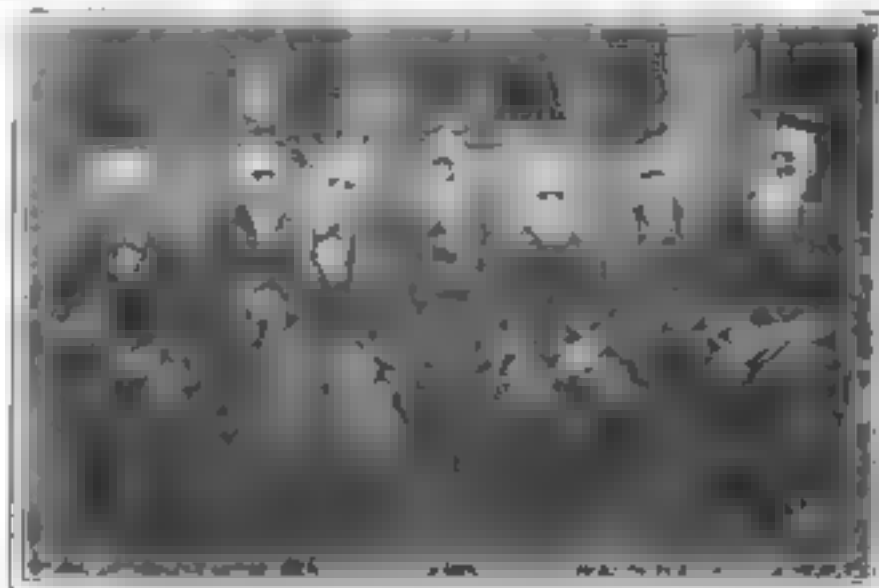
THE EXTREM to which the United States is held up by the people of the Orient is evidenced to some degree by the fact that the governments of China, Korea, and Japan have decided to participate in the world's fair at St. Louis. This is a very important step, and it shows that the United States is becoming more and more influential in the Orient. The United States has a great future in the Orient, and it is only a matter of time before it will be the most powerful nation in the world.

IN SPITE of the sensational clamor about the dangers of automobile traveling, that method of locomotion is gaining rapidly in popularity both in Europe and this country. As it appears, it is not that it requires such the expense of ordinary passenger and freight cars to make it as safe as any other method of travel. Automobiles are now owned and operated extensively in England both for business and for pleasure, and it is no uncommon sight to meet one of these motor vehicles on the main highways at our London under the same conditions as it is seen in the illustrations above. A very up-to-date machine owned by Colonel (now Sir) George Curzon, standing at head of the automobile race on the New York to London Motor Race, is well known as the fastest made of 1902. Randolph Churchill, the wife of the foreign secretary, is a daughter-in-law, making the driving wheel a Princess. Here, of it, while the thing again is that of Mr.



A TRIP BY EARLY AUTOMOBILE.
Private Party of Mrs. George Curzon, Mrs. George Curzon, and Mr. George Curzon, with a driver and a boy.

This Colonel West, however, the owner is on the grounds of the Curzon family, the house of the West.



REMARKABLE CASE OF AIDING
The Curzon family, Mrs. George Curzon, Mr. George Curzon, and Mr. George Curzon, with a driver and a boy.

a thousand years ago and he Prince Stephen if she had lost her rank and she had not brought distinction upon her house through her influence. Lord Curzon's father was a distinguished soldier and a statesman, and he was a member of the high house of the Curzon family. He was a man of great ability and energy, and he was a man of great influence.

BY VIRTUE of her position as the wife of Sir Arthur Hardinge, the distinguished English diplomat who was a member of the high house of the Curzon family.



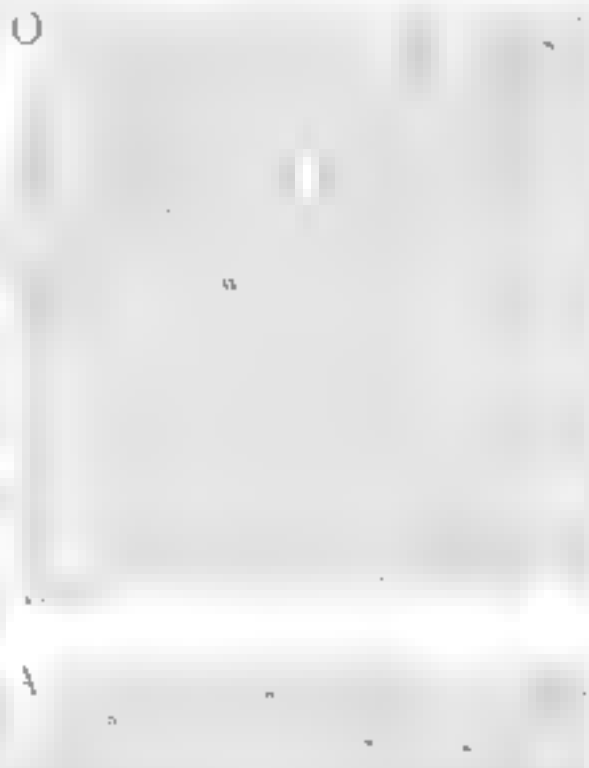
LADY HARDINGE
The wife of Sir Arthur Hardinge, the distinguished English diplomat.

was a member of the high house of the Curzon family. She was a woman of great intelligence and refinement, and her husband was a man of great ability and energy. She was a woman of great influence, and she was a woman of great power. She was a woman of great character, and she was a woman of great courage.

THE PRINCE OF WALES, who is the United States of Dr. John L. Latham, the celebrated specialist of Virginia, has been found as a certain case of epilepsy is concerned. He is a young man of great ability and energy, and he is a man of great influence. He is a man of great character, and he is a man of great courage. He is a man of great power, and he is a man of great wisdom.



The Curzon family, Mrs. George Curzon, Mr. George Curzon, and Mr. George Curzon, with a driver and a boy.



The Curzon family, Mrs. George Curzon, Mr. George Curzon, and Mr. George Curzon, with a driver and a boy.



The Curzon family, Mrs. George Curzon, Mr. George Curzon, and Mr. George Curzon, with a driver and a boy.



GRAND INSTALLATION PARADE PASSING OREGONIAN LOST LIBRARY AND MEMORIAL HALL, DEFERRED AT LIBRARY BY PRESIDENTS OF UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE.



PRESIDENTS OF UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE WHO REVIEWED THE PROCESSION.



FRONT OF UNIVERSITY BUILDING DURING THE YEAR DAY CELEBRATION.

INSTALLATION OF PRESIDENT EDMUND JAMES JAMES.

LARGE GATHERING OF STUDENT EDUCATORS, AND 800 FARMERS, AT SCHOOL OF NORTHWESTERN INSTITUTE'S 1000 US40.—Photograph by *Forster*.—See Page 446.



COAL-STRIKE ARBITRATORS IN BUSINESS SESSION.

COMMISSION CHIEF BY THE PRESIDENT MEETS TO CONSIDER THE MINERS' AND OPERATORS' DISPUTE. SEATING FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: CARROLL B. WRIGHT, BROOKER, T. H. WATKINS, GENERAL, J. H. WILSON, JUDGE CRAT, PRESIDING OFFICER, R. C. I. BAKER, R. H. CLARK, BISHOP WALKING.

Photographed for *Leslie's Weekly* by *Levi Brodsky*

On Halloween.

UPON the night of Halloween,
When graves give up their
dead,
A woman spirit drifted back
By ways she used to tread.
A wavering silver mist, she passed
Through gates and meadow-bars,
Until she saw the lights of home
Shine out like golden stars.

"MY husband by his lonely hearth,"
She sighed, "still sits and
groves,"
And through the lattice window
peered
Between the ivy leaves,
He lingered before the blazing logs,
But oh! the bitter pain,
Another's golden head reclined
Where once her own had lain.



"ANOTHER GOLDEN HEAD RECLINED WHERE ONCE HER OWN HAD LAIN."



SHE glided through the open
door
Invisible as air.
And, moaning softly, crossed the hall
And climbed the nursery stair
"My child, he will remember yet,
His love is still the same."
But happy in his rosy dreams
He breathed a stranger's name.

A WIND-BLOWN vapor, on the
wen,
Beneath the autumn moon,
My mother has she so forgot
The dead so soon, so soon?"
She put the snowy curtain by
And through the casement crept,
And lo! above her pictured face
The faithful mother wept.
MINNA IRVING.

The Methods of Wall Street Sharpers.

IN SPITE of frequent exposure by the press of schemes that are plausible and fraudulent, the innocents of the world continue to be duped and fleeced. A recent and almost startling instance of the ease with which people can be swindled is offered in the doings of the so-called brokerage firm of John M. Fisher & Co. of Boston. The members of the firm, John M. Fisher and Frederick E. Bell, were indicted on the charge of defrauding customers by using the "hit" New York mails. Fisher, who was nominally the head of the concern, but who claimed that Bell was its riding spirit, pleaded guilty when the case came up for trial and turned State's evidence. On the witness stand he made sensational disclosures that should be a warning to every would-be speculator in stocks.

Fisher testified that the firm began business without a cent of capital, and yet within a little more than a year it took from its dupes \$246,000. As its expenses were not large the net proceeds of this ruse on the public amounted to a comfortable fortune. The firm's method, the witness asserted, was to induce its patrons to deposit money for the purchase on a margin, of stock in an alleged "pool." For every \$1000 advanced the customer supposed that he had bought ten shares of stock at a certain price. It was printed in the order that more stock was to be purchased on every rise of three points. When a rise occurred a call would be made for more money. If the customer responded, the firm pretended to buy more stock. On a reaction of the market additional cash would be demanded, and if it was not furnished the customer was declared to be "wiped out."

When an account seemed to show a profit some stock would be sold to it, and in the fluctuations that followed, the customer would appear to have lost his money. Those who sent orders by mail were treated in the same

fashion as those who went personally to the office. Every customer under this plan was a loser. Fisher testified that to his knowledge the firm never bought any stocks, and of course never sold any, and that the accounts of supposed transactions were purely fictitious. From this it fully proved impounded the firm's office daily, and yet notwithstanding everything was going and getting back a cent, the firm was allowed to go along for more than twelve months without being brought to task, which indicates an astounding degree of credulity at the "Hub."

But this is not a circumstance in the state of affairs existing in New York City. Here any and every kind of a proposition which promises big and impossible profits is greedily snapped at by people who are so ready to get rich. Something financial schemes of all sorts flourish. Bucket shops are continually springing up to plunder deluded young stock, bond, oil, mining and other companies, all of which fraudulent are creating "work" for the thousands. Thousands of worthless corporations find an assured market for stocks which are advertised and sold. There is a widespread craze for investing in cheap stocks, and at least one out of ten or twenty five cent per share and more of that, with the paper on which the certificates are printed. It is said to be a fact that several different alleged oil companies floated and sold stock based on a single lot of land in Texas less than an acre in area. Its sample such as these hundreds of thousands of dollars are annually bilked from the unsophisticated fools of whom are the easy prey of these folk to complaint.

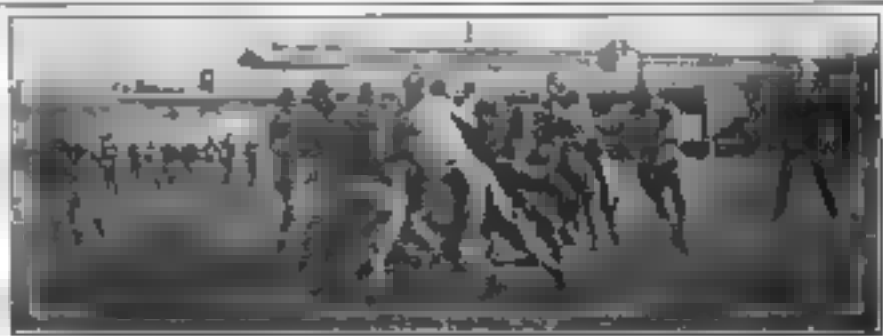
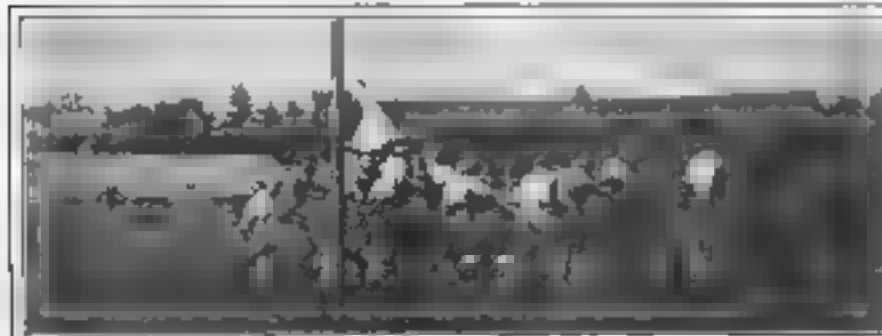
The first idea even has been carried out in confidence games practiced in the financial district of this city. One man, whose name is supposed to be anonymous, is the head and front of perhaps a dozen ventures, manufacturing under different names, some of them apparently respectable, but all devoted to the one endeavor to extract money

from the pockets of the people. It is intimated that several of these relationships intend to "finish" next spring if the winter proves sufficiently profitable. The men interested in them are smart and tricky, and manage to cover up their sharp practices with a show of legality. It is difficult to get legal evidence against them, but it is possible to do so, and the authorities should make every effort to convict and to crush them.

• • •

To Prevent Strikes in New South Wales.

NEW SOUTH WALES is closely following New Zealand in the attempt to substitute a compulsory system of arbitration in place of strikes and lockouts, and thus avoid in preventing a repetition of the disastrous conflicts between employers and employees which have been so frequently, as in other countries, productive of injury to the mutual interests of capital and labor. In making the act several improvements, suggested by the working of the law in New Zealand, have been made. There are no boards of conciliation as in New Zealand. This means that there will be no preliminary investigations, the dispute being taken straight into court, thereby preventing delay and decreasing expense. The act makes it a misdemeanor for the employees to strike or for employers to lock out, either before a reference or during its progress. There is to be no cessation of industrial operations pending the settlement of the dispute. The court is to be composed of a judge of the State Supreme Court as president, and two members, one each elected from the employers and the employees respectively. The orders of the court may be enforced, as in New Zealand, by injunction, or by fines and penalties, levied both on the corporate funds of the union and on individual members.



REARVIEW THIRDS AT A CRUCIAL MOMENT—COLUMBIA'S BALL ON PRINCETON'S THREE-YARD MARK.

THIRDS, COLUMBIA'S THREE-YARD MARK, FORCING ITS WAY THROUGH CENTER FOR A GAIN.

SHARPLY-CONTESTED FOOTBALL MATCH AT PRINCETON, N. J., IN WHICH PRINCETON DEFEATED COLUMBIA.

Arch.



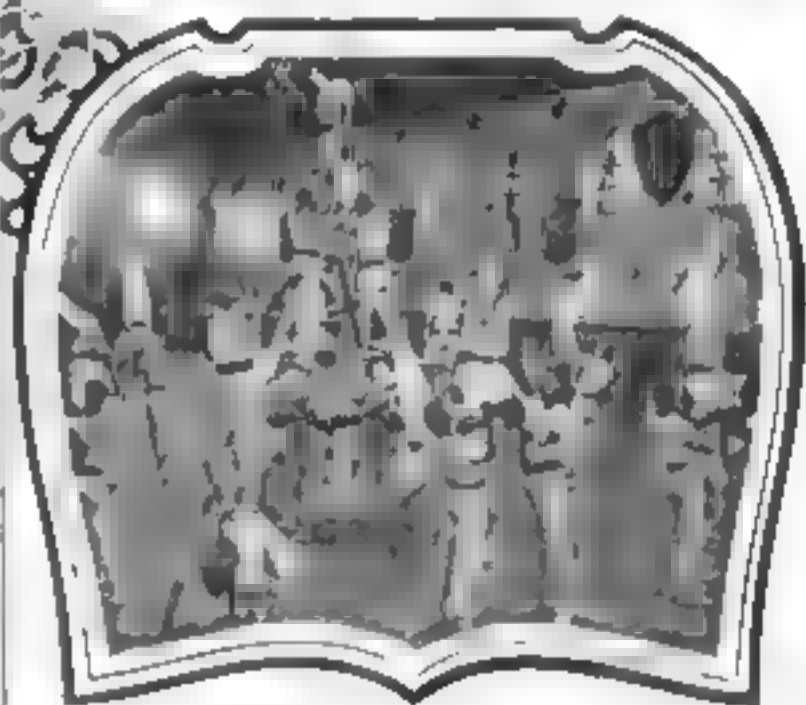
출판사: 도서출판 새문나래, 2005년 12월 15일



ATTENTION: Do not use a microwave oven to heat this product.



FORMING THE LETTERS "L A T" OF BOWLS OF THE CAPS



REMARKS: ACHIEVEMENT PLATE PREPARED BY MILITARY NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

PHYSICAL TRAINING OF OUR SOLDIERS

PHASE AND PRACTICE OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS IN THE MILITARY ORGANIZATION. ALBANY, NEW YORK AND TO BE TIGHTEN THE AMERICAN SOLDIER.

These statements do not constitute an offer or a solicitation of an offer. Only the prospectus may be relied upon in connection with an offering of securities.

British Soldiers to Teach Americans

WHILE AMERICANS are noted for taking the initiative in military operations, they are not above accepting a hint of training from other nations. Thus it comes as a surprise that our War Department will welcome the dozen British and Commonwealth officers who are about to sail here to begin what Americans regard as a repetition of the gymnastic training which has become a feature of the service in England. The content of Lord Roberts and War Secretary Mr. John Bullcock in the idea of sending Chinese soldiers to the United States was accepted by General Bullcock, who has been in Europe with General Earlham and Wilson, and who was deeply impressed with the performances he witnessed in the military gymnasiums at Aldershot, England.

The practice given here is peculiarly good and it is the greatest benefit in developing agility and vision, qualities an efficient soldier needs to the highest degree. It makes these the object in it master of physical development and at least the best features of it should be, and simple ones will be adopted at first and more many. It is probable that a few of these things will be adopted by officers will be sent to England in get some of the things in training and drill. General Vining who is to be created with this plan to improve the American soldier has made the following statement in regard to it:

Thus, the immediate solution to the war as a hypothesis bears searching the question of the role of economics. He must not be the only part in the economic-political structure, which is qualified as geographical structures. I am sure that in the future of experience in the branch of military sciences will be of mutual benefit to both sciences.

A Year of Strikes

THE DEPARTMENT of Labor has just issued statistics regarding the strikes and lockouts of the years 1931-1930, which are full of interest. During the period there were 22,463 strikes in 117,590 different establishments and 6,105,284 strikers. The last number does not include the strikers of thirty-three establishments for which no statistics were forthcoming. More than 65 per cent of the establishments referred to—72,607 in all—were situated in the three States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois, in which there were 11,845 strikes—more than

50 per cent of the total. Putting the same limits were 1,155 establishments worked out 504,307 workers. The results of the strikes were as follows. The employers succeeded in 50.79 per cent of the cases, partially succeeded in 6.24 per cent and failed in 42.93 per cent; the statutory of the remaining 1.04 per cent of the cases lacking. Six times suffered most that were affected by 50 per cent



CENTRAL MEXICO CAPTION: THE MEXICO OF TOMORROW.
 One of the least favored of the Latin Americans, the caption reads: "The Mexico of Tomorrow."

(3) metal-workers (code 4 clothing, infrastructure, 5) heavy trade, (6) transportation

Chinese Obliquity Illustrated.

THE LONDON TIMES correspondent at Shanghai sends some curious stories as to the war in which the Chinese provincial governments are making their fortunes at the indemnity. They first impose extra taxation far in excess of what is required, on the plea that the indemnity must be paid, and then in addition borrow the money with which to meet the indemnity. As a result the provincial officials are making huge fortunes. The consequence is to inflame and intensify feeling among the people.

Are You Ambitious?

CHRYSLER MAKES BUCK HOPFUL TRIPDOWN

We inherit our temperaments. Some children are happy and bright while others are nervous and cranky. One should be taken that the child is given proper food and drink, as an aid to increase natural nervousness or to bring it up. But this is often overdone by mothers who permit their children to drink coffee without check.

"The wife of a grocerman living in Milano, Italy, says, 'I was born with a nervous constitution and this was increased by my parents giving me coffee when a child. Consumption of it has had effect on my nervous system. In time a cup of coffee in the morning invariably caused me an attack of indigestion, and a single cup at night would make me nervous and wakeful and often cause a distressing heartburn. Last year I had in bed all summer with over-exposition, a complete work rest coffee drinking. I started a good, nourishing, hot drink and commenced on our Purina Food Coffee."

There was a gradual improvement in my health almost from the commencement of using Podium. I could sleep well, the heartburn and indigestion disappeared, my stomach could stopper, and now a surprise! I have gone from being bed-ridden into the state which the sun or star after day found a hale and hearty vigorous woman, with bow leg and strength, new hopes and ambition from the late weak 142-pound woman in my personal weight of 120 pounds. Thanks to Podium.

"We carry Postum in stock and recommend it to our customers; we love to sell it and often give a trial quantity to the faltering to induce them to use this health-giving drink." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

DAVID WARFIELD AS HIMSELF.
Saxony

Behind the Scenes with David Warfield; OR, Cough-drops and Confidence with a Comedian

By George Franklin

DAVID WARFIELD AS "MUM" LINT.
Saxony

know you'll find them within."

"With me a testimony and I'll sell it to the best that makes them."

"Get my picture in the paper and his," he Simon Levi says."

"No, and a photograph."

"Actor's more than that. Ever have it? I didn't get it acting."

"No."

"No, not it, starting at the electrician. He tries to make me play in the dark. Break me all up. You see, I depend so much on expression in my effects in the paper and hand of me I won't use it. He thinks I'm too good to expose in the rude gaze of the public gaze."

"Well, it is a privilege to swear and throw things. It makes him in the morning and gives him a reputation for being brave."

"Yes, that's what you call artistic temperament."

"It is a manifestation of artistic temperament."

"Yes, and there are other unpleasant things. I'm not really affected in any marked extent in well."

"No? It is usually the wild yearnings prevailing in the artistic temperament which lead them to do what you do to yourself. How can it be kept in your eye?"

"No, my dear, I think I know what you are for."

"I say was that?"

"Well, I'll tell you. When I was a callow youth in San Francisco I used to do what I called imitation of famous stars for the benefit of the community in which I was. I bought a new suit and then I was so busy to keep such a good thing away from the public eye. One day in a summer of one of the stars he came out in the morning and asked me to let him go out for a performance and for my own amusement and he said: 'All right. It was my first engagement and it lasted just two minutes and a half.'"

"Mr. Warfield, spread over his face one of those slow grin spreading all his teeth, a grin which never fails to get a laugh when carried upon an audience and waiting for me to start up all effusive people which I did."

"May I thought two thousand dollars had been made my head."

"Why, what was he matter?"

"Matter? Well, I guess I was pretty hot that's all and the audience didn't spare a single wish to let me know it. Oh, it was awful. And all my friends in front to me his high, too."

"No?"

"Yes, they were, every one of them. I hadn't failed to let them all know. Told them to be sure and come and some of them brought flowers. Oh, I'll never forget it. I stood in the middle of the stage a minute. Then made a mind break for the magazine and ran home through a Jack after an act as my so would carry me. And I didn't show up again for a week or two."

"Well, didn't it nearly put you out of the business? I should have thought it."

"Oh, it threw me down hard for a little while, but I picked up with all my plans made for coming to New York."

and I made a vow, or better rather, that I should never return to Broadway until I recaptured a star."

"And have you ever been back?"

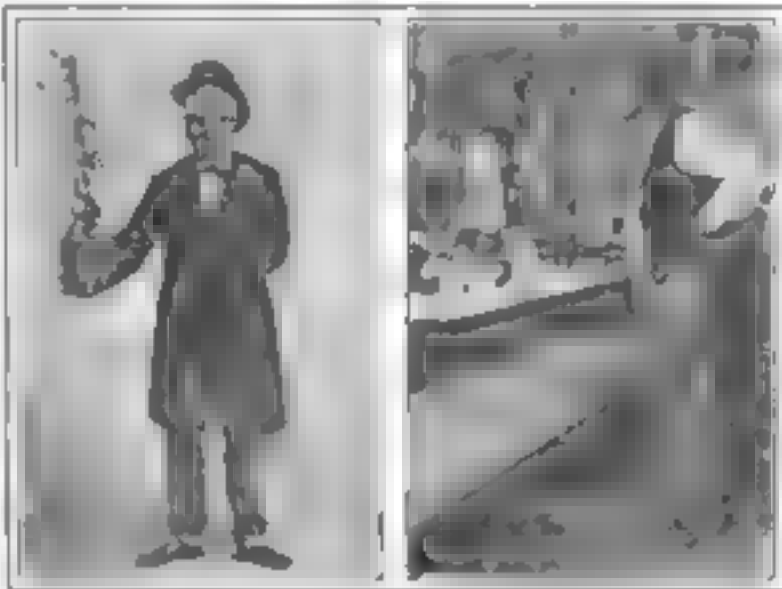
"Necre! We're going there on tour this season, as you see by a strange order of destiny to be in the city fulfilled. I said it in a spirit of bravado, you understand, because I was not quite sure of my own ability. It would have been a great thing to say it has."

"Well, we looked up, didn't we Esther? We found 'him' in the dictionary says to his wife."

"That's right," I'll speak to you with a steady voice, promising her that I would never leave her until I was as good as dead. When I got before her, ready to say no, I found all the stage."

"I'll see how the rest happens."

"Well, here's another thing. I cough-drops and cold remedies. I don't know how you know that's just plain old cream. Now what do you want to know?"



"MUM" LINT, DAVID WARFIELD.

Saxony

DAVID WARFIELD IN HIS READING-ROOM.

Saxony

"You had your plans all made to come to New York. How did you get here?"

"That's another chapter. I came to New York all alone and I came looking for trouble. I was married to the truth with determination to say and say and say and say. I suppose all have got to be in the city. I got there just a few days ago. I was so busy to keep such a good thing away from the public eye. One day in a summer of one of the stars he came out in the morning and asked me to let him go out for a performance and for my own amusement and he said: 'All right. It was my first engagement and it lasted just two minutes and a half.'"

mode in my life and

I took it. I went

to there one night

in a fit of desperation

and asked the pro-

prietor of the place

if he'd object to my going

on and giving a new

show. I was told in

that I was not to

be in the city. I

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HOW HE IS INTERVIEWED.



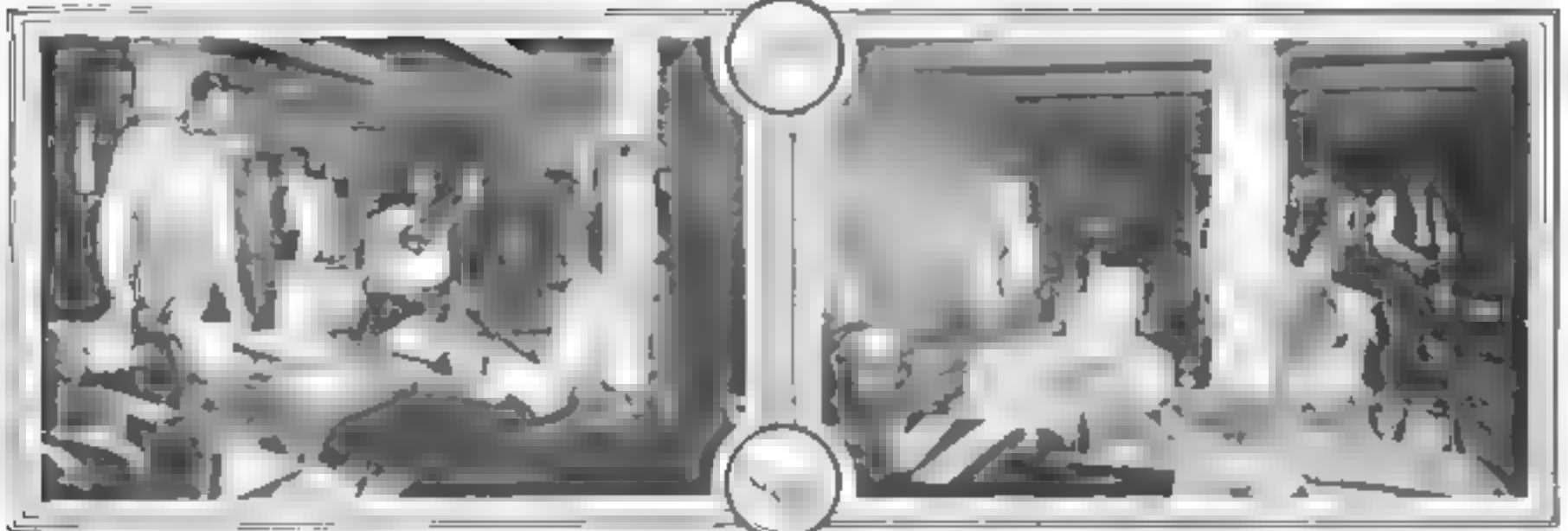
STUDY OF HIS OWN ACTING.



STUDY OF HIS OWN ACTING.



STUDY OF HIS OWN ACTING.



WOMEN IN BANKING BUILDING, AS THEY WAIT FOR STAMPS WITH PERSECUTION
TAMM, N.Y. Associated

MANY THOUS OF STAMPS CHECKED IN SPARE ROOM WAITING CANCELLATION
New York

Canceling Millions of Bank Checks

AN ENEMY of the capitalist American war is found in a new check which is being put into circulation by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The check is a "canceling check" which is being put into circulation by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The check is a "canceling check" which is being put into circulation by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The check is a "canceling check" which is being put into circulation by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

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California's Odd Industries

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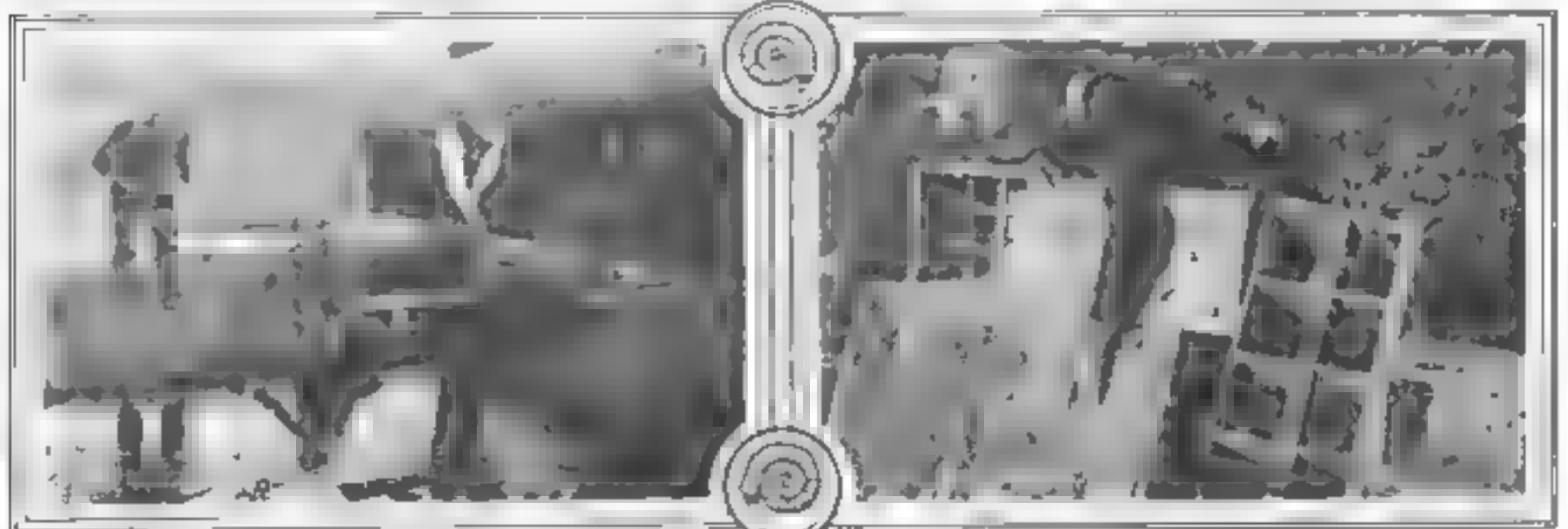
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Continued on page 414



WOMEN IN A LINE FOR THE NEW YORK CITY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

WOMEN IN A LINE FOR THE NEW YORK CITY PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT



THE END OF THE ROAD IN THE NEW YORK THEATRE



THE NEW YORK THEATRE



THE NEW YORK THEATRE



THE NEW YORK THEATRE



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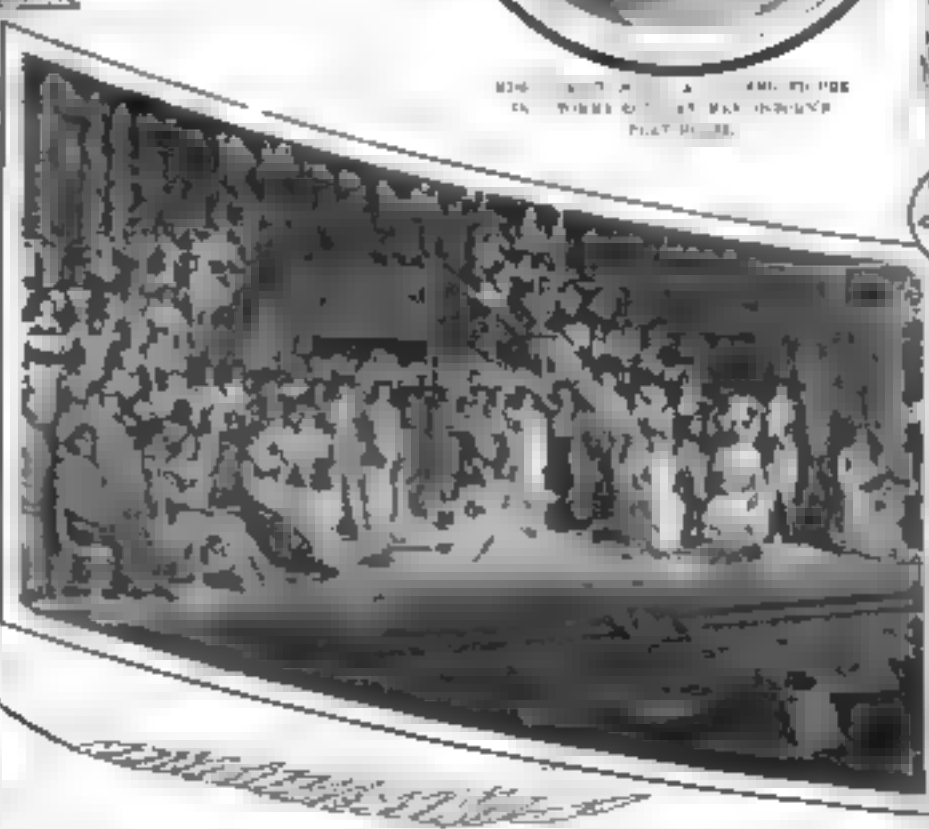
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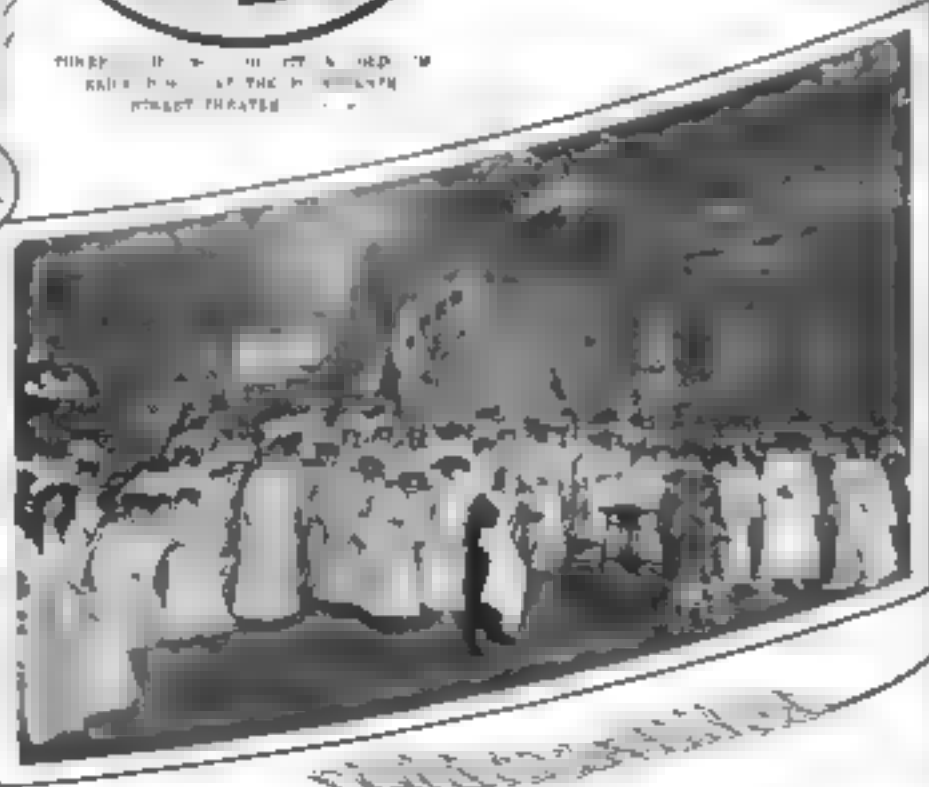
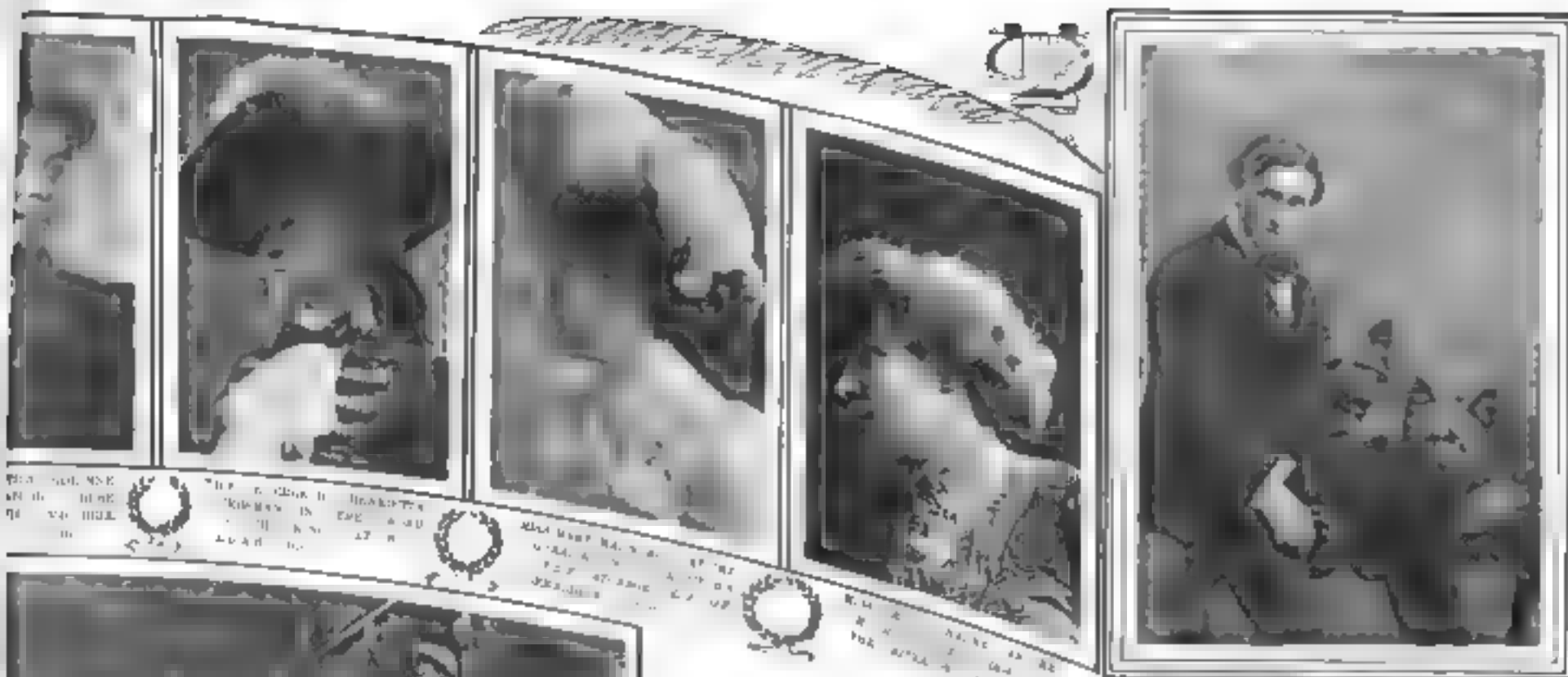
THE NEW YORK THEATRE

THE NEW YORK THEATRE

THE NEW YORK THEATRE

HEIGHT OF NEW YORK'S PRO
THE LEADING STARS AND NOTABLE SCENES FROM THE

WEEKLY



AS NINETEEN AND FORTY, THE ACADEMY
IS OFFERING LEPON.

THE EVERLASTING "CHINESE BOMBING" WHICH HAS BEEN RUN & LONG BY AT THE CASINO
KATE HARRIS, AS "PI-PI, GONGZI" THE THIRTEENTH DAY. *Author & Director.*

THE 41ST FURCHER & THE BILLY "BELL JAC," NOW
PLAYING AT THE NEW YORK REP THEATRE
New York

OPEROUS DRAMATIC SEASON.
SPECIAL PRODUCTIONS NOW ON VIEW IN THE METROPOLIS.



MR. J. P. MORRIS, WITH LADIES OF HIS PARTY TAKING IN THE SIGHTS OF THE CAMP—Copyright, 1902, by J. P. Morris.



THE MARSHAL, JAMES J. HARRIS, WITH THE PRESIDENT, WOODROW WILSON, AND HIS STAFF, AND THE MARSHAL, JAMES J. HARRIS, WITH THE PRESIDENT, WOODROW WILSON, AND HIS STAFF, AND THE MARSHAL, JAMES J. HARRIS, WITH THE PRESIDENT, WOODROW WILSON, AND HIS STAFF.



A FAVORITE PHOTO OF THE DAY—MR. PRESIDENT WILSON, ENGRAVED IN GOLDEN CAP AND GOWN—Copyright, 1902, by J. P. Morris.

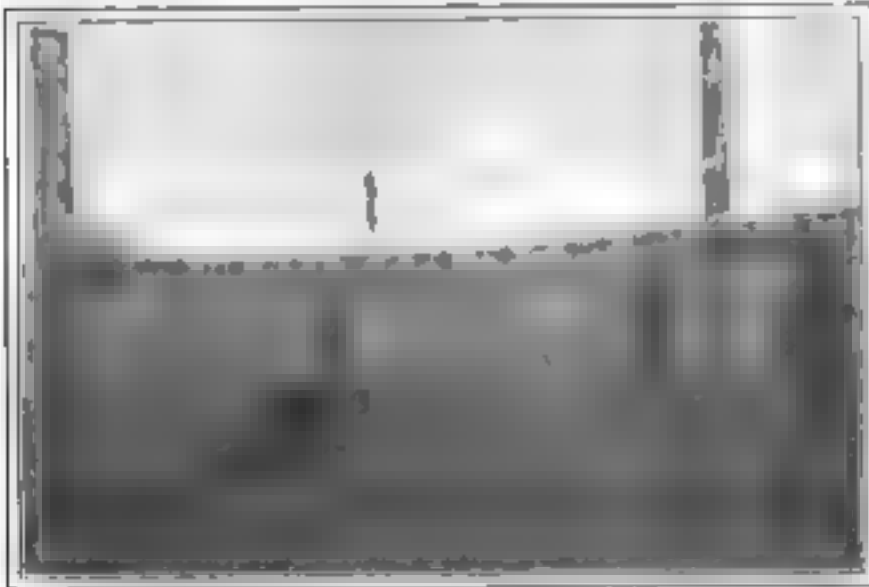


MR. PRESIDENT WILSON, WITH MR. MORRIS AND MR. HARRIS, TAKING A WALK IN THE GROUNDS—Copyright, 1902, by J. P. Morris.

NOTABLE PUBLIC MEN AT GRAND OLD PRINCETON UNIVERSITY
INSTALLATION OF ITS NEW PRESIDENT, WOODROW WILSON, ATTRACTED MEN OF EMINENCE AND MANY SIGHT-SEERS.



NORTHERNERS BREAKING THROUGH CHICAGO CENTER FOR GOOD GAINS IN SECOND HALF
RECEIVING BALL AT CHICAGO. (Right)



FOOTBALL BUNNY BREAKING UNDER A FIFTH PLAYERS TACKLE BY A HEAVY PLAYER
PARK DISTRICT

In the World of Sports

JOCKEYS' EXTRAVAGANT SALARIES; BALL-PLAYERS' INCOMES INCREASE
GOSPEL OF THE GRIDIRON



CAPTAIN KENNAN.
Of the Harvard football team.

with records, and the poor man of the future will be able to start his horse only in overnight handicaps and to selling races. Jockeys of the class who a few years ago were content to sign with a stable for a \$3,000 yearly contract are turning up their noses at offers of \$10,000 yearly retainers. Some of the jockeys are demanding \$20,000 a year for first call on their services, reserving the right to obtain extra pay for winning races and the additional privilege of getting another big fee before going to England, as perhaps the best-paid jockey in the world today. His yearly income might be much less than \$20,000 a year in this country. Shaw Woodford, Hooten, in Britain, and Sullivan have incomes of anything from \$10,000 to \$25,000 a year. The poor horse owner consequently must take the best that he can get in the jockey pool, realizing always that as soon as he brings out a particularly bright one, some millionaire will come along and take the youngster away from him. The betting proposition will be given a close overhauling by the members of the Jockey Club this winter. Never before has money been wagered in such tremendous amounts as has been the case this year on the Eastern turf. Most of the big bookmakers have weathered the

storm, but many of them have been knocked off their stools by the big phlegms. It is not an infrequent sight to find in the betting communities going down the betting line at the track, handing to each bookmaker about as much as he will take on the chance of a certain horse. If the game long odds continue to shrink, a man who wagers \$100 on a race will be regarded as a piker. The Jockey Club must take hold of the betting proposition and set it down to sensible limits. If nothing is done, the scandals of the present season will be as nothing compared with those sure to crop up on the turf next year.

THE BASEBALL Jockey. Professional and amateur baseball goes on the year round in one way or another. There is more sentiment in baseball than in any other sport outside of the college competitions. The club owners of the big leagues are doing less scheming and more honest dealing at present than for several years, which argues well for the state of the game. The pay, equal to the value of the franchise at present is the fact, but players' salaries are getting closer to the rampant stage. Salaries are higher today than they were during the unfortunate Brotherhood uprising of a dozen years ago. Then a player who received a salary of from \$3,500 to \$4,000 considered himself lucky, yet such salaries are today too common to cause comment. Some fortunate players have already signed for next season at salaries ranging from \$4,000 to \$10,000. First-class managers will also draw larger incomes than ever before. Ned Hanlon, of the Brooklyn club, undoubtedly the best-paid manager in the world, Hanlon recently signed a two-year contract with the Brooklyn club for \$25,000 for two years. As the club owner who signed it said: "We pay Hanlon \$12,000 a year but he gives us over half that amount each year in his clever handling of the players."

THE GROWING IN FAVOR. Owners and manufacturers of the horseless vehicle have had their troubles this year, but the industry is prospering in face of the rather sad situation. The owners of the sport and industry are rapidly becoming convinced in the vehicle. The recent off-road reliability run between New York and Mexico was really the most satisfactory test so far made either in this country or abroad. The American-made machines stood up nobly, making a much better showing than did any of the foreign-made vehicles. The increase

made in the efficiency of the machines during the year was most marked. Next year the Automobile Club of America will have a run to Mexico and return, and arrangements are already under way looking toward a run to the St. Louis exposition in 1930.

LESS MADE PLAY. DESCRIBED IN FOOTBALL. The great game of football, which has been a part of college football for a score of the years, has not been improved in recent years. He played to day it is little more than a line bucking match with little punting, less open play and compared with few of the electric line runs which brought the spectators to their feet in days gone by. Tackling and random formations and constant line bucking have their advantages, in they are not spectacular and they tend to get up the enthusiasm of the onlookers. But as present day sports and the college man. Those who have seen Harold Wooten, the captain of the Columbia team play this year are beginning to talk of him as being near the best football player that ever lived. Wooten is a very high a number as a ground jumper and he can do it in seconds. He is also one of the strong men of the college which accounts for his strength in throwing off the ankles. With the ball under his left arm, he mows down his tacklers with his right as few players have ever been able to do. Still here are those who will claim for Bill Roffelinger, Baker and Harnsworth of Yale, Emmett Eddy and Lewis of Harvard, Chas. and Kings of Penn. Frank Homans, Riggs, Swan, North, Wheeler King and the Poole of Princeton, and hesitate before giving the palm to the best all player of the year of last year. Wooten today has the interference which was practically unknown a few years ago. (Continued on page 451)

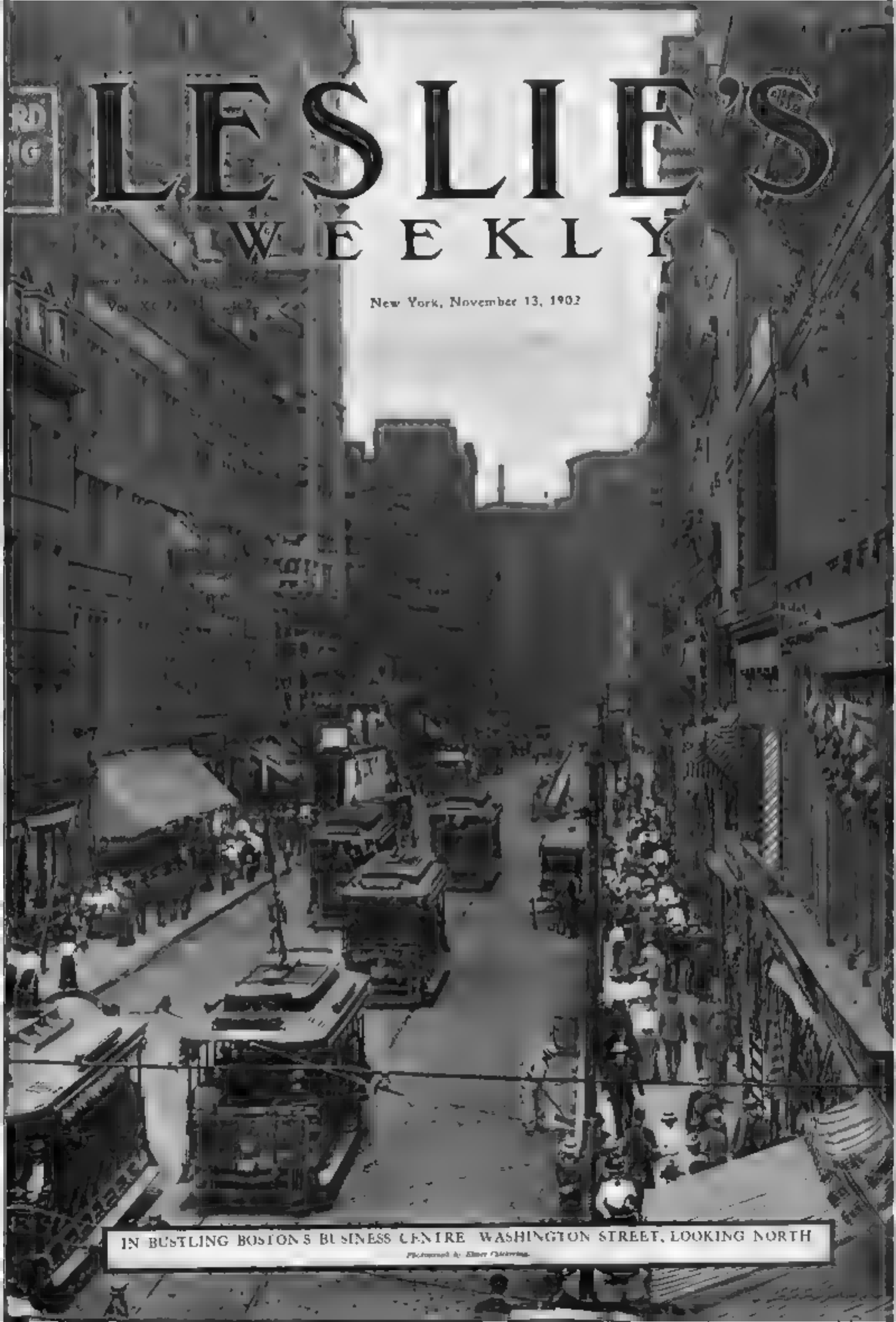


WALTER SPYGLAN.
Captain of the Yale eleven.

RD
NG

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

New York, November 13, 1902



IN BUSTLING BOSTON'S BUSINESS CENTRE WASHINGTON STREET, LOOKING NORTH

Photographed by Elliot Clark.



SEAL OF THE UNITED
DAUGHTERS OF THE
CONFEDERACY

The United Daughters of the Confederacy

By KATE AASON ROWLAND



EMBLEM, FLOWERS, AND MONUMENT OF THE
DAUGHTERS, COMBINED IN ONE DESIGN

THIS SOCIETY which held its first meeting in Nashville, Tenn. September 10th, 1895 with but two chapters organized, No. 1 of Nashville and No. 2 of Nashville, Ga. now numbers in 1908 575 chapters, and has a membership of 26,277. Such a marvelous growth in a period of eight years shows

selected throughout the South as most offensive and insulting as applied to the action of the Confederate States and the chapters everywhere are doing much toward collecting and preserving material for the future historians of the Confederate period.

The memorial work of the society includes the sodding and marking of soldiers graves, the securing and keeping in order of Confederate cemeteries, the placing of tablets and the erection of monuments to the men of the States who fought for the South, or directed her councils in civil life. A gold star which is the star of the balcony

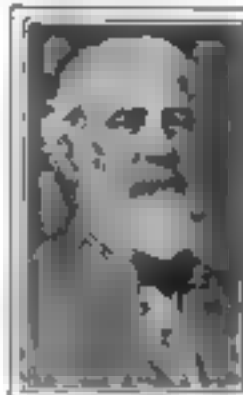
Confederate States had no general government, a review medals or other honors upon her heroes, the United Daughters of the Confederacy conceived the idea of preserving them with a view of

how strongly the aims and ideas of the association appeal to the hearts of Southern women. No other patriotic society arouses the enthusiasm that does this one. Doubtless the secret lies here. Not only are these women interested because they are women in one, though its form has no completely passed away, so the period here is representative than to the era commemorated by the Colonial Dames and the Daughters of the American Revolution, many of the older members remembering well "the grace of a day that is done." But also they represent a cause which is misunderstood by more than one-half of the American people, a cause which it is part of the mission of the United Daughters of the Confederacy to explain and to defend. And not as a "lost cause" do they hold it, but as one embodying enduring principles, the principles of 1776 applied to the conditions of 1908.

A society teaching the national prophecies here understood and yearly in the increase of which extending not only throughout the late Confederate States and Maryland, but also to be found in the United States, California, Indian Territory, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Oklahoma Territory is naturally as moving as all else. An invitation, which was, however, declined, was received last year by the president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy to appear at a banquet of the Confederate Club at the Exposition, Exposition in Buffalo. And, he speaking of the late subject in the Hall of Honor, New York City was completed under the auspices of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, their presence being invited on their merits for this purpose.

Eligibility to membership in the United Daughters of the Confederacy entitles women to all rights who served the Confederacy in any way, the wives, widows, sisters, and sisters of the cause and all women who aided the cause and their blood descendants. The object of the United Daughters of the Confederacy are twofold: historical, educational, memorial, benevolent and social. In furtherance of their historical and educational aims, the Daughters of the Confederacy in South Carolina have placed medals in the colleges, to be given to the best student on subjects connected with the Confederacy, the doctrine of States rights, secession, etc. In every Southern State the Daughters have assisted the Confederate veterans in their efforts to secure Southern or non-partisan historians in the public schools of these States. The association following the precedent of the United Confederate Veterans and the Daughters of the American Revolution, has passed a resolution on the name of the war protesting against the phrase, "War of the Rebellion," which is justly con-

sidered throughout the South as most offensive and insulting as applied to the action of the Confederate States and the chapters everywhere are doing much toward collecting and preserving material for the future historians of the Confederate period.



GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE,
Commander-in-Chief
Confederate Army



JEFFERSON DAVIS,
President of the Confederate States



STONEWALL JACKSON,
Brigadier General
Confederate Army



MRS. PAUL W. DUKE,
Secretary, General Executive
Council, 1908-9



MRS. GEORGE DAVIS,
"Daughter of the Confederacy"



MRS. JOHN C. WEBB,
Florida, President, United Daughters
of the Confederacy, 1907-8

marks the spot where President Davis delivered his final, beautiful address. And the Daughters of the Confederacy in every State are now working to complete the collection of funds for the erection of a noble memorial arch to Jefferson Davis, to be placed in Richmond, the Confederate capital.

Through the benevolent work of the Daughters of the Confederacy many indigent veterans and their families are aided. Employment is found for those who need it, the daughters of veterans are educated, beds in hospitals supplied for Confederate veterans, and assistance given in the support of soldiers' families. Southern women who have formed chapters in Southern cities, as in New York and Philadelphia, have not only recognized the benevolent and social features of the society, but also the Southern stranger and providing for the young Southern girl in search of work. In Philadelphia patients have been obtained at Wausau, and other large towns for patients of the society and the Daughters there as well as throughout the South, pledge themselves to deal, as far as possible with these establishments. So much custom came to one of these firms on this account that they wrote to the Chapter: "Give us another Daughter of the Confederacy!"

Touched with the thought that the veterans of the

their women's organizations, representing the restoration of States in which these soldiers had fought. This movement at St. John, with the Confederate battle flag on the front, accompanied a wreath of white, and the inscription "The Southern Cross of Honor." In the reverse is the motto of the Confederate States of America and the date "April 4, 1865-1865," with the inscription "From the 1st to the 1st of April 1865, 2,600 of these crosses have already been presented, and the greatest appreciation of the sentiment is shown in the old soldiers, a feeling the Confederate veterans have maintained in the Legion to make the wearing of this decoration by any unauthorized person a penal offense. The cross of honor in the middle was placed on the breast of a dying man. In answer to his last request the decoration was placed on the breast of one who had already died." Daughters these simple, unobtrusive tokens well-deserved respect for soldier's valor will be treasured as heirlooms by the descendants of these recipients for many generations.

Many New Post-offices.

FROM THIS is offered a set of index of the progress of his country in population and also of the character of his increase than statistics of the Post office Department showing the number of new post-offices erected during the year. This appears that in the year ended July 1st, 1902, there was a gain of a hundred and thirty-four post-offices in the country involving an increase in the salary accounts of \$541,000. According to the report of the venerable Edward Everett Hale, but every post-office is equivalent to a public school or an educational agency. These figures have a still larger meaning and significance.

The Pines Drink.

WATER FOR AKE KENABERD.

HOPKINS & SON, PHARMACEUTISTS, 111 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

glass of cold water revives weary brain, and permanently benefits. Far better than lemonade. It induces peaceful sleep.

Baby's Diary.

A curious and handsome publication wherein to record the important events in baby's life has just been issued by Hamilton's Condensed Milk Co. 71 Hudson Street, New York. It is not given away but is sent on receipt of 10 cents.

TELEPHONE SERVICE is the twentieth-century means of communication. Rates for residence service in Manhattan from \$45 a year. New York Telephone Co. 15 Dry Street, 111 West 38th Street, 215 West 125th Street.



MRS. KATE CABELL CURRIER,
Texas, president, United Daughters of the Confederacy, 1906-7



MRS. H. C. GOODEN,
Tennessee, first and temporary president, United Daughters of the Confederacy



MRS. JAMES S. MALONEY,
Pennsylvania, president, General
Delivery Station Chapter, United
Daughters of the Confederacy



MRS. JAMES HENRY PARKER,
New York, president, New York
Chapter, United Daughters of the
Confederacy



MRS. THOMAS WHITTEYER,
Ohio, president, Robert Foster
Chapter, United Daughters
of the Confederacy



MRS. A. M. BACHER,
Georgia, vice-president and acting
president, United Daughters of the
Confederacy, 1905-6



MRS. KATE ELMER ROWLAND,
Virginia, corresponding secretary,
United Daughters of the Confed-
eracy, 1904-5



MRS. JOHN P. NEWMAN,
Tennessee, recording secretary, and
Daughters of the Confederacy,
for 1903-4

Thunder Mountain's Great Gold-field

By Watson Wilder

HOWEVER, FOR

For the first time in the history of the world, a gold field has been discovered in the heart of the Thunder Mountain range. The discovery was made by a party of men who were exploring the mountains for a new gold field. They found a large area of land which was covered with a thick layer of gold. The gold was found in the form of small pieces, but it was of a high quality. The discovery was made in the month of June, and the gold was found in the heart of the Thunder Mountain range.

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RECENT GOLD FIELD DISCOVERIES AT HEAD OF THUNDER CREEK



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THE MONEY IS

The money is in the gold. The gold is in the Thunder Mountain range. The discovery was made by a party of men who were exploring the mountains for a new gold field. They found a large area of land which was covered with a thick layer of gold. The gold was found in the form of small pieces, but it was of a high quality. The discovery was made in the month of June, and the gold was found in the heart of the Thunder Mountain range.

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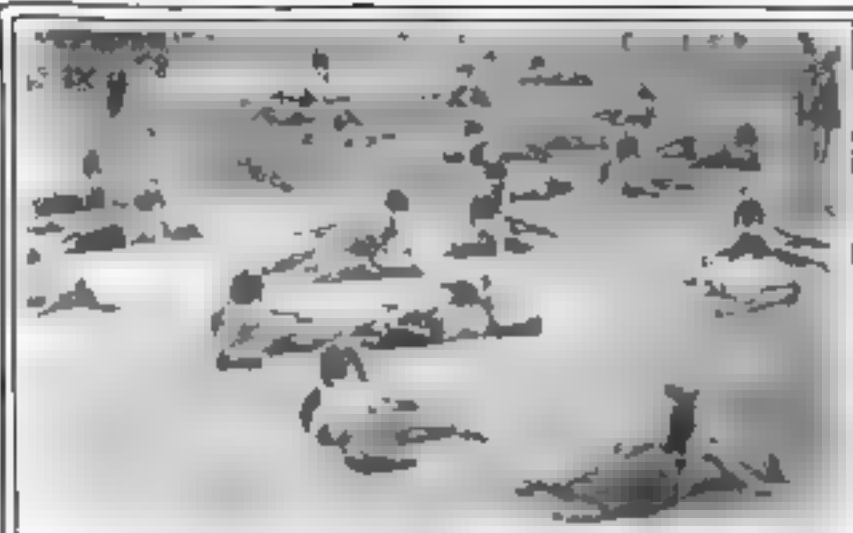
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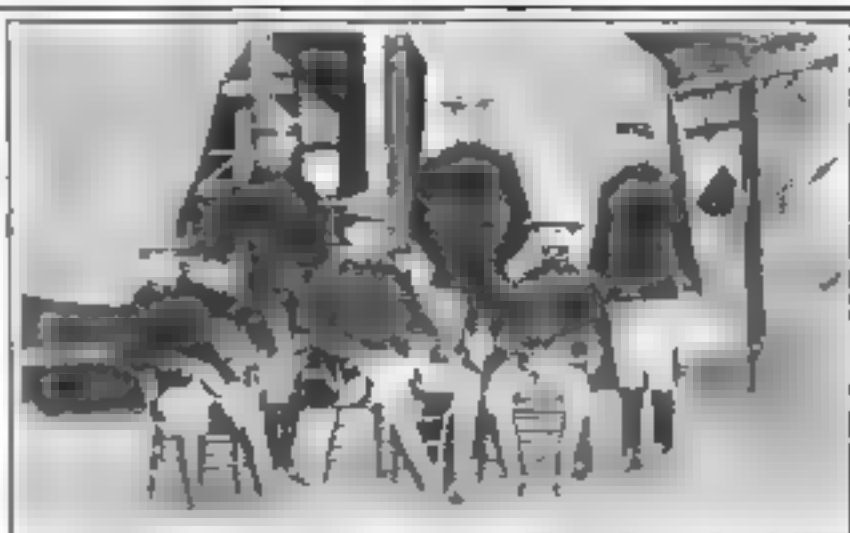
NEW MINING TOWN OF BURNETT AT HEAD OF THUNDER MOUNTAIN CREEK



RECENT GOLD FIELD DISCOVERIES AT HEAD OF THUNDER CREEK



ENTERED AT THE ALBANY HORSE SHOW & OUTSIDE OF THEIR WELL TRAINED STEADY.



OFFICERS OF SEVENTH CAVALRY AT THE BATTERY FIELD ARTILLERY DEPOT TO ATLANTA, 2000-10-16



HEAVY AND A DASHING RANGER TRAILER AT FULL SPEED WITH MEN LEAD ON THE R. D. RAIL



WENT TO THE INTERVIEW WITH HUMAN BEINGS, PARKING HIGH, PAID TO BEAR AND GROUP V. M. K. K.

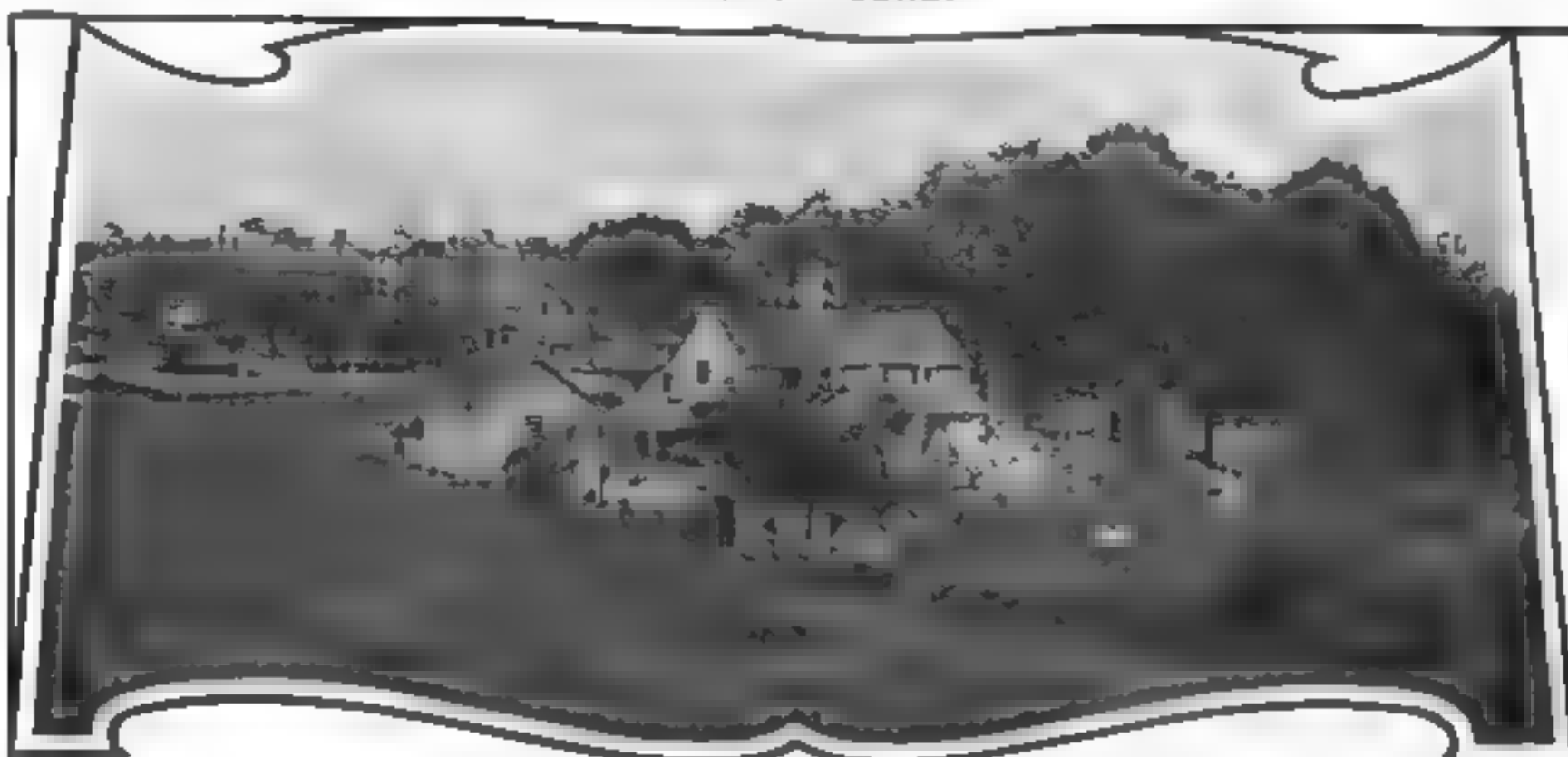


SEVENTH CAVALRY DRILL,—"STANDING UP BACKS IN COLUES OF FOUR."

UNCLE SAM'S WONDERFULLY PROFICIENT MOUNTED MEN.

SKILLFUL AND DARING FEATS AT ATLANTA (GA.) HORSE SHOW, OF MEMBERS OF SEVENTH CAVALRY, UNITED STATES ARMY.

See page 464.



HEAVY SMOKE ENVELOPED AS IT EXPLODED IN THE TOP AND A BLAZE SET OFF



CRASH AND RUMBLE OF THE EXPLOSION REVEALED AND WRECKING THE MANSION HOUSE



DETRITUS INSTANTLY EXPOSED AND SHATTERED INTO SMALLER-EXPOSURE DEBRIS

REMARKABLE AND UNIQUE SNAP SHOTS OF A DYNAMITE EXPLOSION
AN OLD MANSION IN BRONX PARK, NEW YORK CITY, BLOWN TO PIECES IN ORDER TO GET IT OUT OF THE WAY

Photographs by E. P. Kuhn, with Owen Jones. See page 381.



FROM A DECK OF THE HARTFORD. A DOG AND HIS STAFF



WITH A "WANDERING WARRIOR" FOR A VETERAN FOOTMAN



DISCUSSING WITH A "WANDERING WARRIOR" FOR A VETERAN FOOTMAN.
Lobby.



SAILOR LADS IN PERMANENT TALK OF PULLING SAIL IN FIRST ABUT



AT QUARTERS—THEY WERE UP
READY FOR INSPECTION OF
SQUAD. T-41111111

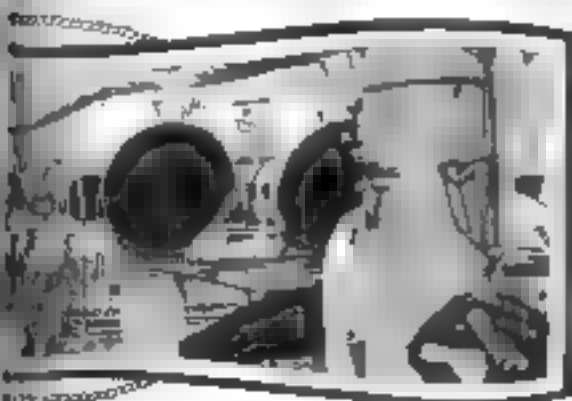


Sailors receiving and 171

TRAINING AMERICAN SEAMEN
FARRAGUT'S FAMOUS OLD FLAG SHIP HARTFORD STILL SERVING



UPPER BATTLESHIP. Photo for United Weekly A. T. Carl Miller



SHOOTING FROM ABOVE



ARRIVAL OF THE LATEST
IN THE LATEST CASE OF JAP
FROM AT SEA. T. H. H. H.



CREW LEAVING FIRST WATERMASON PRANT AFTER RETURN FROM WEST HILL. A. T. H.



OFF DUTY ATTENDED PLEASANTLY WITH THE THREE LAMPS. T. H. H.



OUR CREW PREPARING TO FORBARGE RAPID-FIRE CITY.
T. H. H.

ON AN HISTORIC WAR VESSEL.

THE COUNTRY WELL AS A NURSERY FOR THE NAVY. See page 462

The Man Who Came Home

By Charles Gordon Rogers.



THE MAN in gray tweeds had walked a long way; it seemed, for the dust was thick on his shoes. Though in the eye of the country it was upon the road he was when he appeared, he appeared to know his way well as he went going to London, for within the last mile or so he had made his mind up by another road.

He was the man who had come home. I had thought of going to town; he added and smiled as the idea came from brain to tongue. He had been at the house since he had been in the village.

It was a beautiful evening, beneficently calm. The red at the setting sun lingered upon the river winding solemnly through the town, and illuminated mysteriously the distant windows of the houses on the hill. To right and left of the man who had come home were the houses of his boyhood and his youth, as green and peaceful as then. They were not red with mud and sheep, vague shadows of red and white, but bright and clear, as if they were still in the hands of the people who had made them. The houses were not red with mud and sheep, vague shadows of red and white, but bright and clear, as if they were still in the hands of the people who had made them.

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The bell of the church below him, in tones mellow and melodious, began to ring. The atmosphere seemed to vibrate with the sound of the bell. The man who had come home looked up at the bell and smiled.

"She is sure to go to church," he said, and the words came of speech linked with the remembrance of his youth. She always went. She is going now, down the lane perhaps at this moment with her hand upon the five-barred gate at the end. He passed a brown hand over his eyes. In a moment he made his final plan. He had made a score in the last few hours. A haven been to church seven years ago, he said. Not alone— he nodded toward the distant spire. "I'll go."

He would go, however, or in some way, to the back row where he had sat when a boy. He would see her name in the list of names. It did not matter to him that the most famous change. In thought of her now as he had thought of her for seven years. The image in his mind's eye was the reflection of her face, a girl's face as he had seen it last. So it had been during all the years of exile. He had lived, though his life had been miserable, in a groove. He knew he had changed from a strippling to a man, but that time could have changed her did not seem to him at all.

Well, when the service was done, he would watch for her by the gate. It would be dark then. His pulse

quickened as he stepped out with the old-time stride that had earned him as a youth as often and as well over the very bit of road.

As he reached a large, newly finished house of red brick that stood aggressively above the neighboring roofs, a man who had been looking up at the new house stepped out and greeted him.

"Good-evening!" said the man who had been looking up at the new house. He was dressed in black, and carried a couple of large, leather-bound books. He walked erect and carried his head high. He cast a keen glance at the man with the brown hand.

"Stranger?" he said. The stranger smiled, and murmured an affirmative reply. He remembered his question very well. "Come down to the village," said the man in black, shaking his head to get in step with the stranger's stride.

It was a self-evident fact that the man in tweeds smiled again. The words of the man in black were each was drawn through the explanation of other things, even that of the other in turn.

Yes, said the man who had come home. I had thought of going to town; he added and smiled as the idea came from brain to tongue. He had been at the house since he had been in the village.

The man in black smiled and nodded. He had been at the house since he had been in the village. He had been at the house since he had been in the village.

The man in black smiled and nodded. He had been at the house since he had been in the village. He had been at the house since he had been in the village.

You come and sit at my feet, said the trustee. I won't take a fee. Lots of people. I'm glad you came tonight though, he added. But there won't be quite as much fun as another fortnight, you see. He laughed outright.

"I'll go," said the man who had come home, his interest quickened.

The trustee looked a thought over his shoulder. "That house," he said, the big man said. He looked off. "You noticed it."

"It is very fine!" said the other with real enthusiasm. He had caught the intellectual significance of the trustee's words.

"The finest in the township!" said the trustee. "And I've spent a thousand dollars in furnishings, too! It's fit for a queen, and she's a queen that's going into it. (too) The handsomest woman, I take it, in these parts." You are a lucky man, said the man who had come home. He was wondering if all lovers thought alike.

"I'm self-made," said the trustee. "You may call it luck if you like. My name's Atherton. His chest swelled, and he swung his arm with the books. Five years ago, no, seven I hardly recall. I was just a hand in a small book-keeping. But I got my eye on a bit of land down the river. I knew it for the right sort of clay, and I raised the money and bought it for a song. Then I got another chap to go in. I had the experience and he had the cash. Then after a while he dropped out."

The trustee paused and laughed. "I see," said the man who had come home. "Then he had the experience and he had the cash. He had even the same thing done in detail."

The trustee started back at the other man looked serene. Well, then, he railway man, he said, as if with an effort, pausing his tale. He was still turning over the stranger's last remark. He would get even for it. "And after that came the building town in the city. They couldn't get back fast enough. I guess that's about all," he added calmly, in a tone at once abstracted and abrupt.

"You'll come right into my pew," he said, with decision, as they reached the church gate, and together they entered the church.

"If he has not recognized me, no one else will," thought the other, as they entered a pew half way up the little aisle.

The church was filling, and the organist had begun to play. The man who had come home, sitting by a window, looked out upon a remembered scene of wood and meadow now grown dim in the dusk. He caught the familiar suggestion from field-flowers and wood. He heard the old-time rustle and chirp of insect and bird, and slight and sweet and mellow in the balmy air and the atmosphere of home thrilled him with a pleasure as poignant as pain. Then a sound, the sound of a woman's skirts—the rustle of silk—brought him back from his reverie and the dusk, and looking up he saw—her.

It was she—she but changed and glorified. He could only stare. The fact that he had not in his own mind thought of her returned upon the inevitable transition from girlhood to womanhood, the change of seven years, struck him now, just now, and he reflected that he had seen many early faded. Yet he would not pass it off as such. He had seen many to all else he had been faithful to the memory of the girl's face stamped upon his vision as that last parting, and he could not find in thought of it, have imagined her changed. But now, and it seemed a terrible measure of his devotion to the face of her, he saw her grown a woman, the attributes of beauty to his remaining eye.

Heard and silent with emotion, now that he was almost not a face, he was unconscious of his face, but the man at his side was alternately watching him and the woman who was the target of all eyes. The glance of the trustee traveled quickly from the cornered woman to the fine profile of the unconscious man, and the expression of his small eye was at once malicious, satirical, and shrewd.

"I'd like to tell him," he said, a himself with a sense of proprietary feeling. "I'll know him when he comes."

The man who had come home grew tired of waiting. He was impatient, feverish. That she should sit there almost within arm's reach, and not know that he could not speak to her—it was becoming unbearable. Would the dreary little square pews have done? All, he thought now. The same old time, beautiful, that he had had seven years ago.

And the rich he had sent empty away. Well, he was rich now, richer his London had ever known. Not that he cared for himself for the riches, though the getting of them he remembered with pride—had become a fever. But she would never have to send any one empty away. She had always been good, like that. And she should have such a house, on the hill—wherever she lived—he thought of the architecture and the art of the house of the man at his side, and of the one thousand dollars in furnishings, and smiled. The trustee saw him, noticed that the stranger was a man of intellect, and finished.



"IT WAS SHE—SHE, BUT CHANGED AND GLORIFIED. HE COULD ONLY STARE."

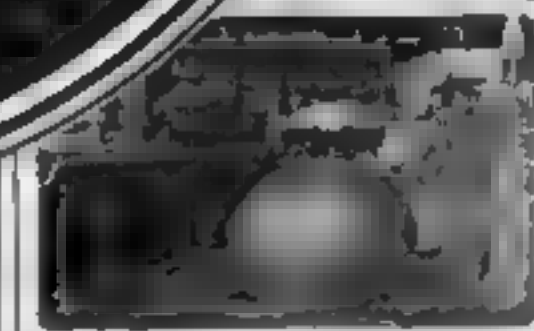
Continued on page 471.



FROM THE LEAF ABOVE
WE CAN BETWEEN THIS
MUSIC AT THE WALL
OF THE WINDMILL
Doubt not that
Hebrews: the Hym.



NO FREE KIM TORNADO
ON THE MARCH 11
TORNADOES IN THE
NORTH NEW YORK
STATE & DISTRICT
ON 11/11

[illegible]

LITTLE BOON UP TO A MOUNTAIN MEADOW. WASHINGTON
 1917
 P. 10. 11. 12. 13.



FRANK WINTER. ANCIENT TAVELLY AT EDGEMONT HALL. BACK FARM AT LONGFELLOW ST. TALKS OF A WASHINGTON D.C. 2 1/2 Days. H. (1904) 1000

AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—MASSACHUSETTS WINS
ATTRACTIVE SELECTIONS BY KEEN EYED ARTISTS FROM THE GREAT ALBUM OF THE WORLD ABOUT US.



MRS. EDITH DUNN, who is the first woman to be elected to the office of mayor of New York City.



MRS. EDITH DUNN, who is the first woman to be elected to the office of mayor of New York City.



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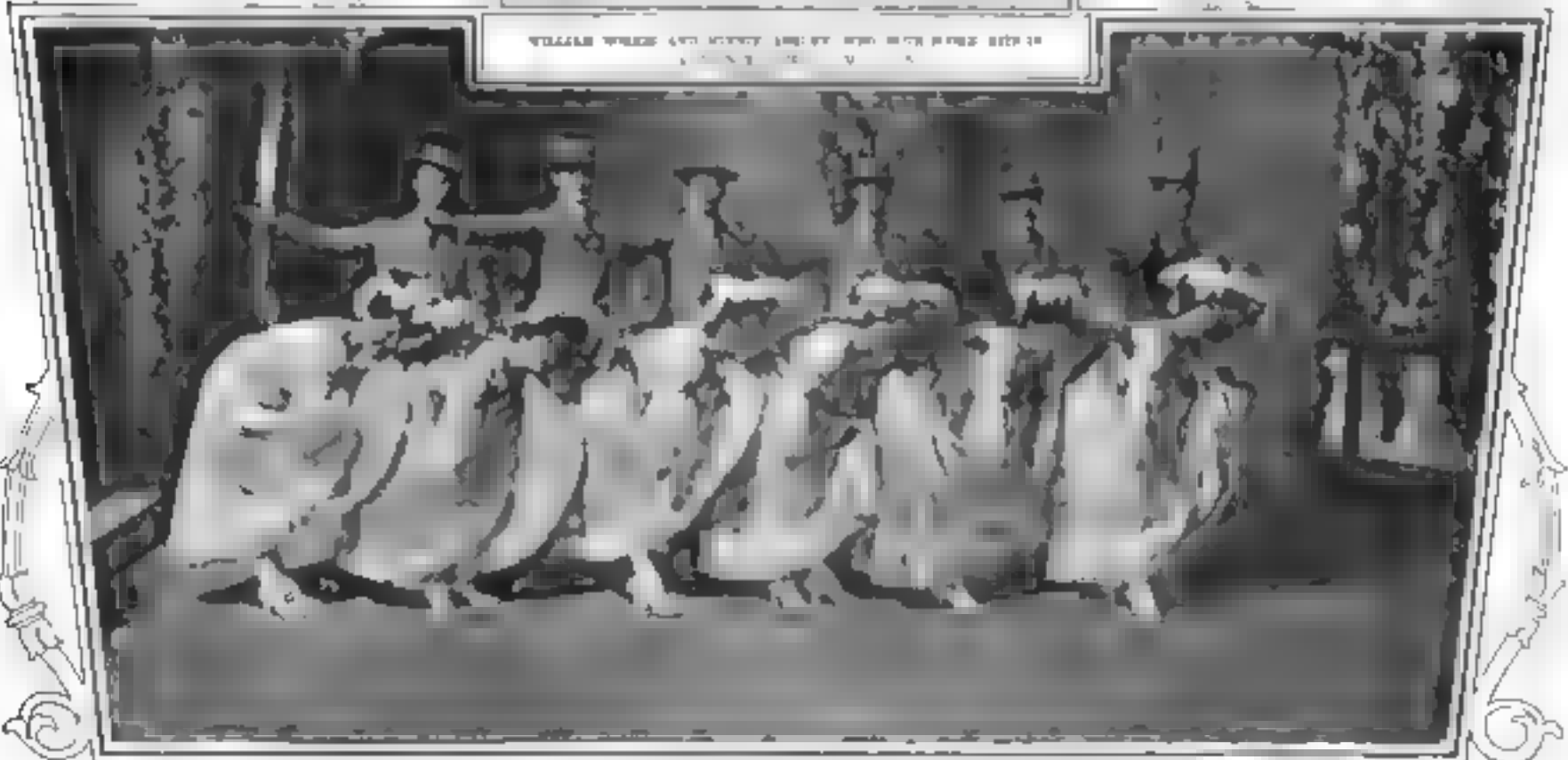
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LATEST THEATRICALS IN NEW YORK

NEW PLAYS, AND SOME OF THE BEAUTIFUL WOMEN WHO ARE MAKING THEM SUCCESSFUL.

See page 474.

In the World of Sports

HARVARD'S LOSS OF THE ATHLETIC CHAMPIONSHIP—DISPUTES BETWEEN FOOTBALL, MEN, INFLUENT TURF MAGNATES



THOMAS DONALD BUCKLEY, Yale athlete, who was disqualified from the 100-yard race.

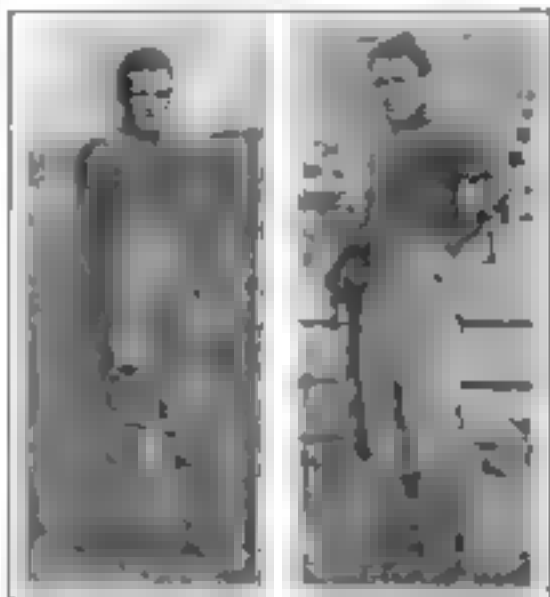
WILL "DON" BUCKLEY, Yale's star athlete, has been disqualified from the 100-yard race in the Harvard-Yale football game. The disqualification was based on the fact that Buckley had been found guilty of using illegal tactics in the race. This is the first time in the history of the Harvard-Yale football game that a player has been disqualified. Buckley was disqualified for using illegal tactics in the 100-yard race. The disqualification was based on the fact that Buckley had been found guilty of using illegal tactics in the race. This is the first time in the history of the Harvard-Yale football game that a player has been disqualified.

It is a pity that such a scandal should have taken place between the football players. The disqualification of Buckley was a disgrace to the Harvard-Yale football game. The disqualification was based on the fact that Buckley had been found guilty of using illegal tactics in the race. This is the first time in the history of the Harvard-Yale football game that a player has been disqualified. Buckley was disqualified for using illegal tactics in the 100-yard race. The disqualification was based on the fact that Buckley had been found guilty of using illegal tactics in the race. This is the first time in the history of the Harvard-Yale football game that a player has been disqualified.

William H. Whitney, August Belmont, and James R. Smith are the three men who have been most influential in the development of the American horse racing industry. Whitney was the first to introduce the American horse racing industry to the United States. Belmont was the first to introduce the American horse racing industry to the United States. Smith was the first to introduce the American horse racing industry to the United States.

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The high society of the polo field is a very exclusive one. It is a place where only the best of the best are allowed to play. The high society of the polo field is a very exclusive one. It is a place where only the best of the best are allowed to play.



WILLIAM H. WHITNEY, August Belmont, and James R. Smith are the three men who have been most influential in the development of the American horse racing industry.

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GOLF NEW LEADS PARADISE. In the world of sports, golf is a very popular game. It is a game that is played by people of all ages and all social classes. Golf is a game that is played by people of all ages and all social classes.



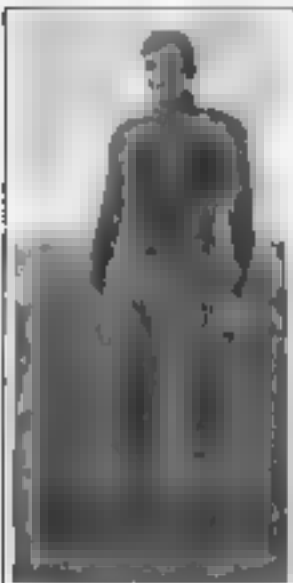
ALBERT C. BREWSTER, a golf player, who was disqualified from the 100-yard race.

It is the intention of the committee in charge of selecting the players that they should be selected from the United States. The committee in charge of selecting the players that they should be selected from the United States.

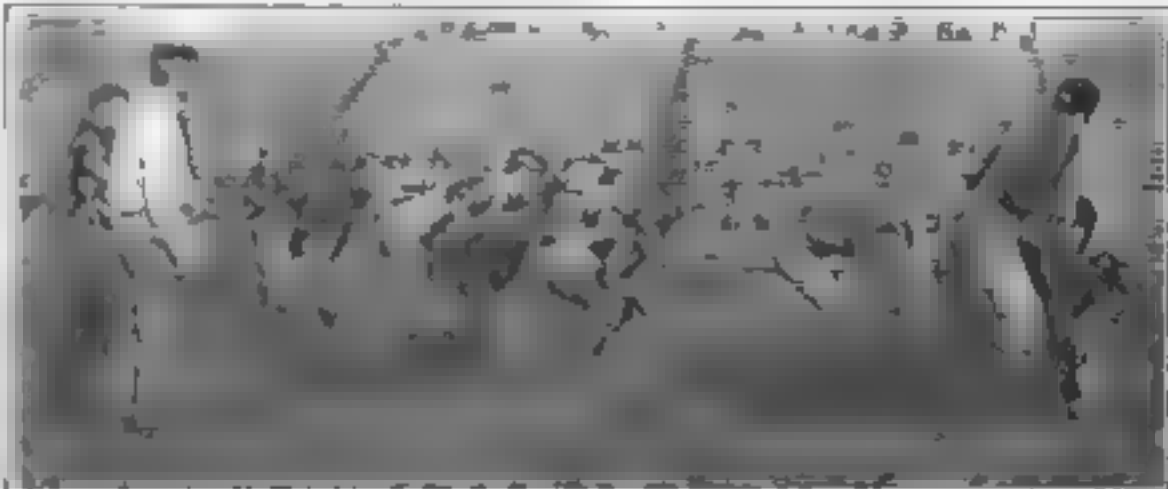
The fight in the U. S. A. is a very exciting one. It is a fight that is fought by people of all ages and all social classes. The fight in the U. S. A. is a very exciting one. It is a fight that is fought by people of all ages and all social classes.

Spouting Quinine Awarded. A man who has been awarded a quinine award for his services to the community. A man who has been awarded a quinine award for his services to the community.

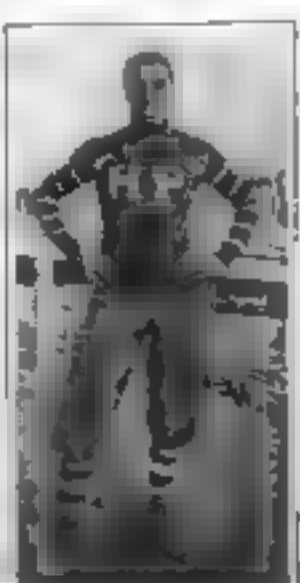
Children's Home. A home for children who are in need of a home. A home for children who are in need of a home.



E. P. KENNEY, Yale's right guard, member of the football team.



FIELD COACH SWAN POSITIONING YALE BACKS. From left to right: Coach Swan, E. P. Kenney, and the other players.



OSCAR GOODEN PYCHER, Yale's left guard, member of the football team.

Pears'

soap in stick form; convenience and economy in shaving

It is the best and cheapest shaving soap.

Field 47 over the world



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Business Chances Abroad

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

POTLASH AND RECLAIMABLE PULP OF WASTE

View taken just before the Spanish Armada. The ship is seen at left as entering the harbor. The word "Spain" and the picture formed lengthwise form right the word reads an anagrammatic poem.

Aboard a Training Ship

[illegible]

The Man Who Came Home

[illegible]

EQUITABLE

A HAPPY THANKSGIVING

Twenty years ago—on November 28th, 1882—a young man, 31 years of age, took out Endowment No. 251,427 in the Equitable for \$10,000. He paid \$4.87 ⁰⁰/₁₀₀, and each year since has paid a similar amount.

This year—two days before Thanksgiving—his policy matures, and he can receive in cash

\$14,885.30

This is a return of all premiums paid—and \$5,137.38 in addition—to say nothing of the protection of \$10,000 of insurance for 20 years.

Send this coupon for particulars of such a policy issued at your age.

[illegible]

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Copyright, 1902, by Judge Company, No. 110 2nd Avenue

Vol. XCV. No. 2463

New York, November 20, 1902

Price 10 Cents



THE HORSE SHOW



COLUMBIA'S RECENT DEFEAT ON THE GRIDIRON BY BROWN

PROVIDENT & TRUST BANKING CO. PHOTOGRAPH BY THE NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE

Brothers Who May Be Foes at Football



ALFRED STEDMAN, OF HARVARD.

WHEN YALE and Harvard in the intramural football game of the season, November 25, two brothers may line up against each other. This has rarely happened in American universities where older brothers generally have won the younger members of the team as an alternative to the same college in which the older sons have made a name. The first son of Mr. Stedman is New York University's first baseman and is best known for having been a member of the Yale and Harvard football teams. The second son, Alfred, is a member of the Harvard football team and is expected to play in the game between the two universities on November 25. He was born in New York City.

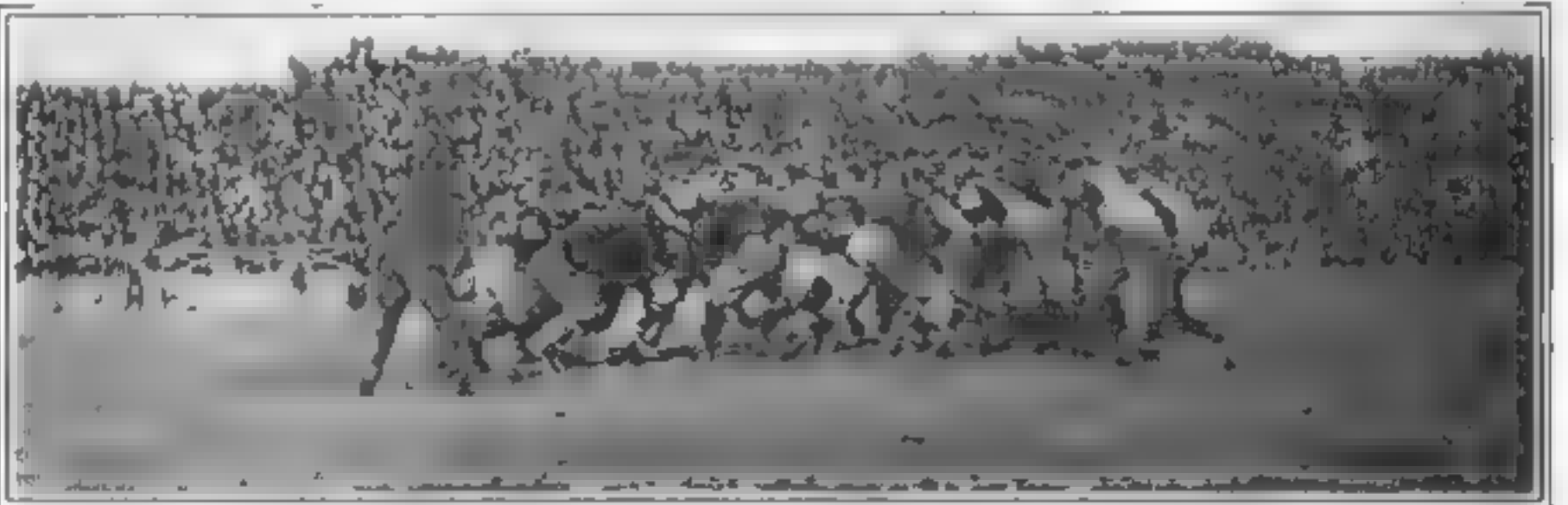


WALTER STEDMAN, YALE QUARTERBACK, IN PRACTICE, TAKING BALL FROM QUARTERBACK, NOVEMBER 1904

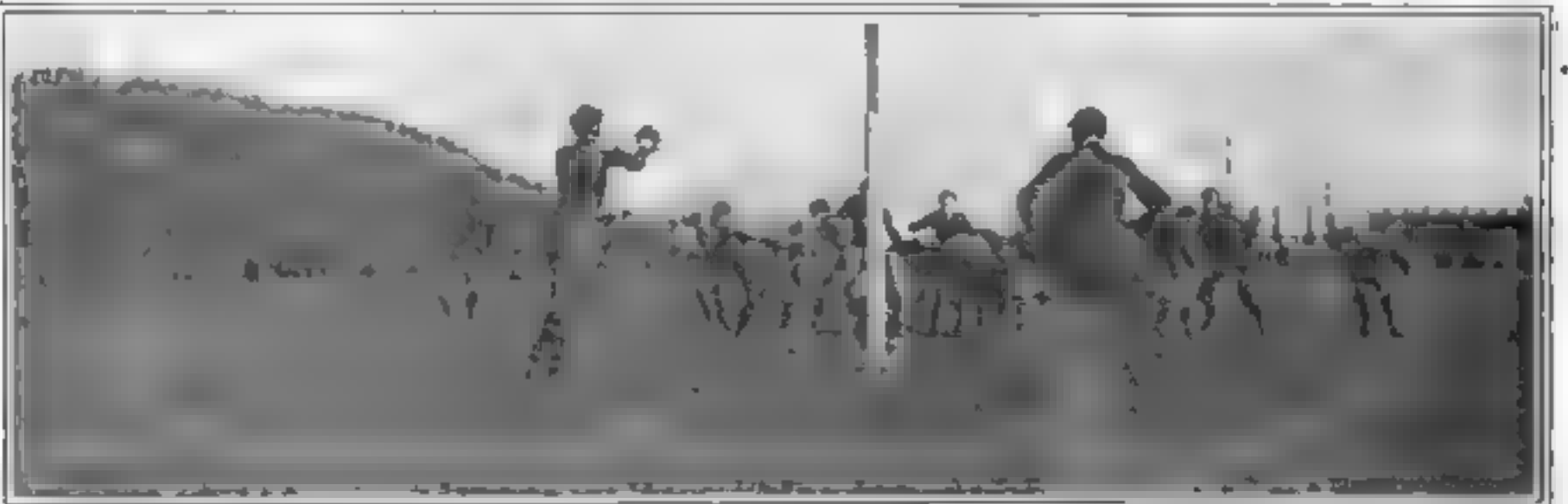
and has won a leading coach this season. He was running quarterback for the Yale back team for two years. Alfred, his younger brother, is one of the best all-round athletes at Harvard. He is the pitcher for the Yale baseball team and alternates with Captain Clarkson as second baseman. He is also a member of the Yale football team and is expected to play in the game between the two universities on November 25. He was born in New York City.



GEORGE STEDMAN, YALE QUARTERBACK.



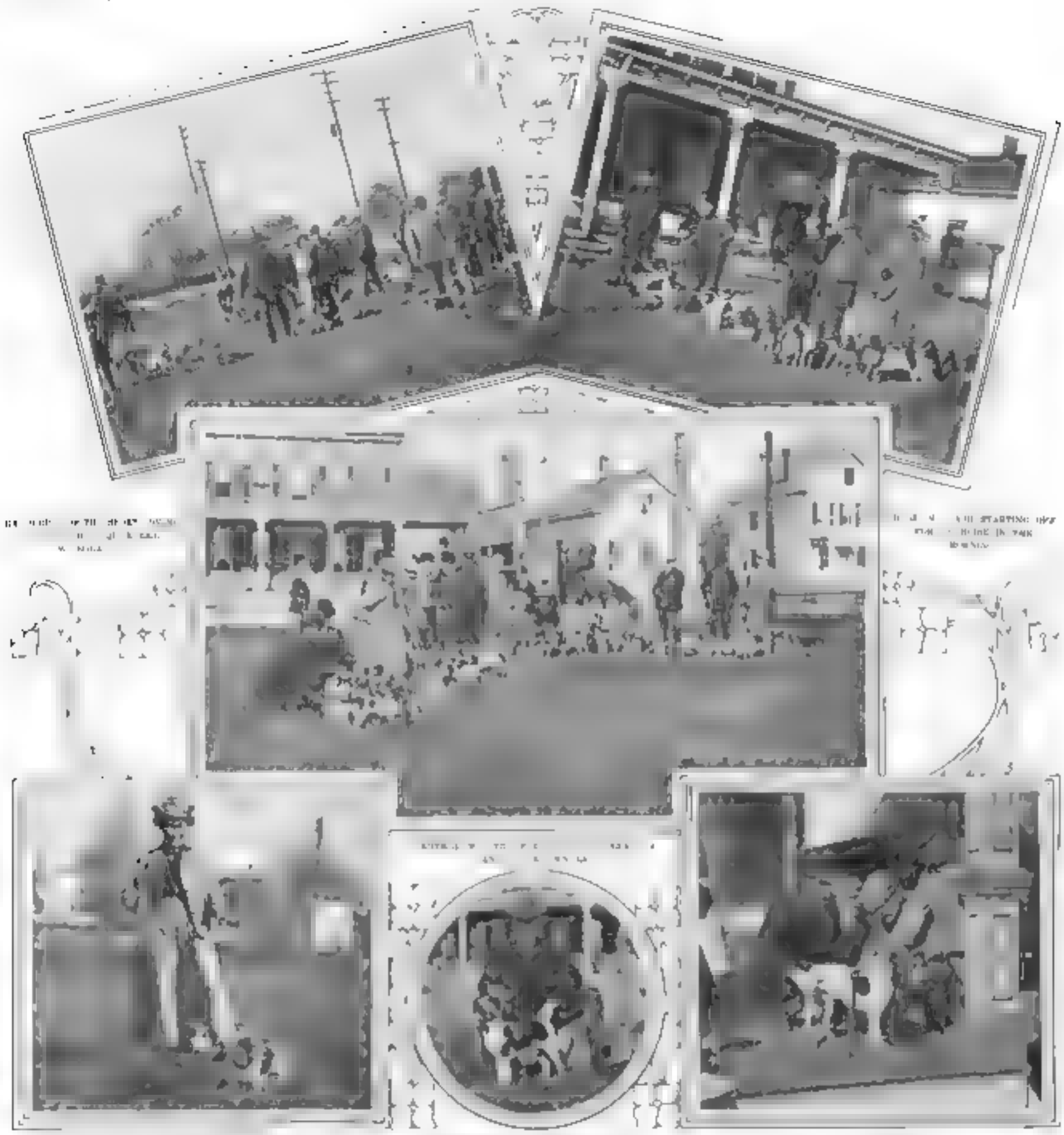
PENNSYLVANIA TRYING A FORWARD PASS GEORGE STEDMAN LEFT END—PENNSYLVANIA MEN IN STRIPED STRIPPERS.



BACKSET OF PENNSYLVANIA, BEGINNING THE BALL ON THE FORTY-FIVE-YARD LINE JUST BEFORE A PASS TO STEDMAN.

HARVARD'S FOOTBALL VICTORY OVER PENNSYLVANIA

IMPORTANT PLAY IN THE GAME BETWEEN THE TWO GREAT UNIVERSITIES AT CAMBRIDGE, MASS.



THE CROWD OF THE BEAGLE CLUB TRIALS AT WHEATLEY HILLS.

THE BEAGLES STARTING OFF FOR THE TRIAL IN THE PARK.

MR. THOMAS MATHIAS, OWNER, AND THE ENTIRE FIRST WOMAN TO HANDLE A COMPETITOR IN FIELD TRIALS.

F. D. BUSHAW'S "BEE" IS THE ONLY OTHER THIRD PRIZE WITH PRIZES IN CLASS A.

BEAGLES SUBJECT FOR AN OWNER WILL BE GO UNDER THE BEAGLE.



BEAGLES SUBJECT FOR AN OWNER WILL BE GO UNDER THE BEAGLE.



BEAGLES SUBJECT FOR AN OWNER WILL BE GO UNDER THE BEAGLE.

ANNUAL FIELD TRIALS OF THE NATIONAL BEAGLE CLUB.
GRAND PRIZE COMPETITION OF HUNTING-DOGS ON W. C. WHITNEY'S ESTATE, WHEATLEY HILLS, L. I.

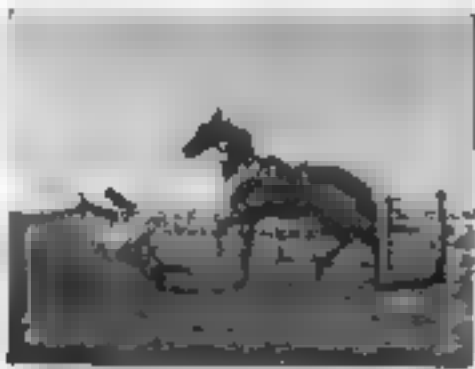
Photographs by our staff artist, G. E. Lacey.



FICTION NIGHT HORROR IN MADISON SQUARE, NEW YORK

SOLE PHOTOGRAPH OF FIREWORKS EXPLOSION WHICH KILLED TWELVE PERSONS AND BADLY HURT FIFTY

Photograph by James H. Moore of New York



HEAVY SEATED RIDER TAKING A HEAVY CHOPPER.



MARVELOUS FEAT OF AN ITALIAN RIDER AS HE JUMPS OVER A CLIFF IN MONTENEGRO.



CLEARED A STONE-WALL WITH A MOUNT JUMP.



FINISH WITH A FENCE WITH THE BACK OF A BIRD.



RIGHTLY PLACED A MOUNT JUMPING OVER A BIG CONTAINER.



LOFTY LEAP OF A POWERFUL BUNTER.



FRANKING HORSE CARRYING REINFORCED HORSEMAN.



UP IN THE AIR AND FALLING TOWARD THE MOON.

THRILLING FEATS OF EXPERT HORSEMEN

VENTURESOME ITALIAN RIDERS ON WELL-TAUGHT JUMPERS, PRACTICING DARING FEATS.—Photographed by Pietro Folini, of Padua, with the Grand Prix.

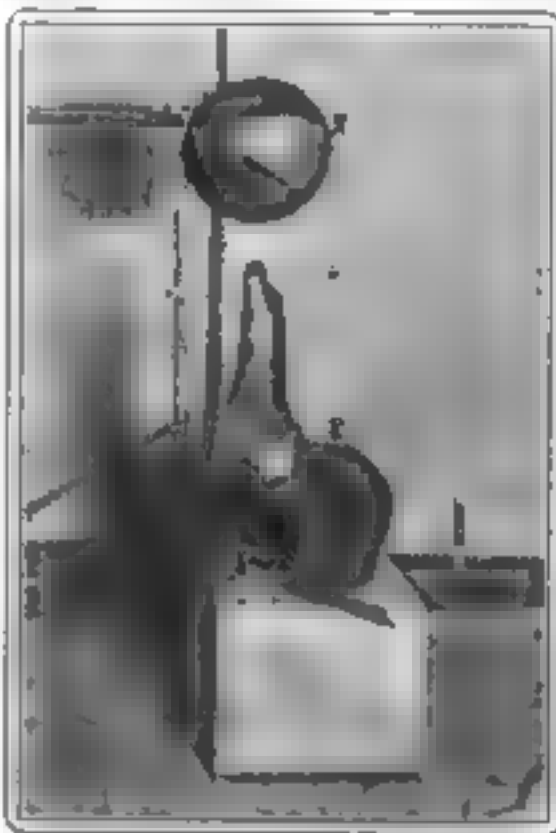
Educating Awkward Sea Lions and Seals

By Other Studies

A HALF dozen slippery shapeless seals and one lone floundering about on the stage, croaking and barking and jutting with very wonderful things outside—their mouths in the most dangerous of attitudes—told that there is hardly anything quite so painful and serious as the bite of one of these various species. My Charles Judge, who has crossed them a year and has a company of them in the Lyceum show, is badly scarred from the attack of these peculiar but land-anxious half fish. The bite of the seal line is poisonous besides, it is an ugly wound from the machine in which it is delivered. Although the eyes are not so carefully and slowly no later the motion of its head and neck are very quick. The neck seems to have an almost elastic quality. One is surprised at its reach. The seal bite is like a bulldog. When he has caught he does not let go at once, but sets his teeth firmly in the flesh. Then he wags his head, the teeth being all embedded in the flesh and without relinquishing his grip he gives a quick jerk. The result is to pull out a rugged piece of flesh, if the animal has gotten a good hold.

[illegible][illegible]

a lighted torch, and lighted as such again by the man watching the flaming thing repeatedly in 4 months and not dropping it until he succeeded in doing so again from the moose. These trials are the most difficult for him.



REMARKABLE SELL OF THE TOOLING HAS LOW

Mr. Judge told me recently how he
was almost suffocated by smoke from a cigarette.

[illegible]

the moment, as the light in her eyes was dimmed, and he leaves his post.

[illegible]

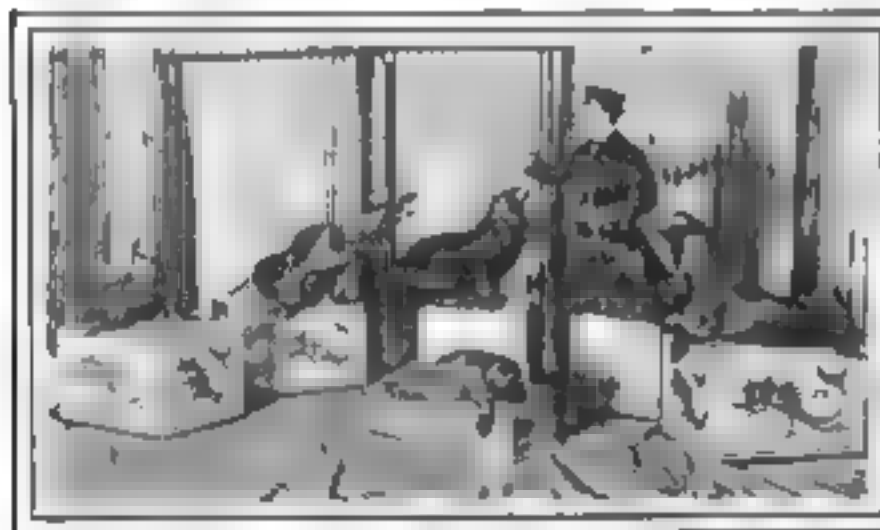
"I hardly dodged it at first and tried to get it
 committed. Mr. Judge. You will be down
 now. I kept coming it at him over and over again
 at a time and day or day as we said. He says
 finally he gets a bit of work but not much.
 Starting his head. I can do this thinking. I
 make him only. But he didn't know it yet and
 again as he will do later. He strongly work it
 now and knocked it away. He had no more to
 do.

[illegible]

It will take about a minute to finish this part of the test. The next part of the test is to read the passage and answer the questions. The passage is about the history of the city of New York. The questions are about the main idea of the passage and the details. The passage is about the history of the city of New York. The questions are about the main idea of the passage and the details. The passage is about the history of the city of New York. The questions are about the main idea of the passage and the details.

1. The first step is to identify the main components of the system. This includes the hardware, software, and data. The hardware components are the physical devices that make up the system, such as the computer, the network, and the storage devices. The software components are the programs and applications that run on the hardware. The data components are the information that is stored and processed by the system.

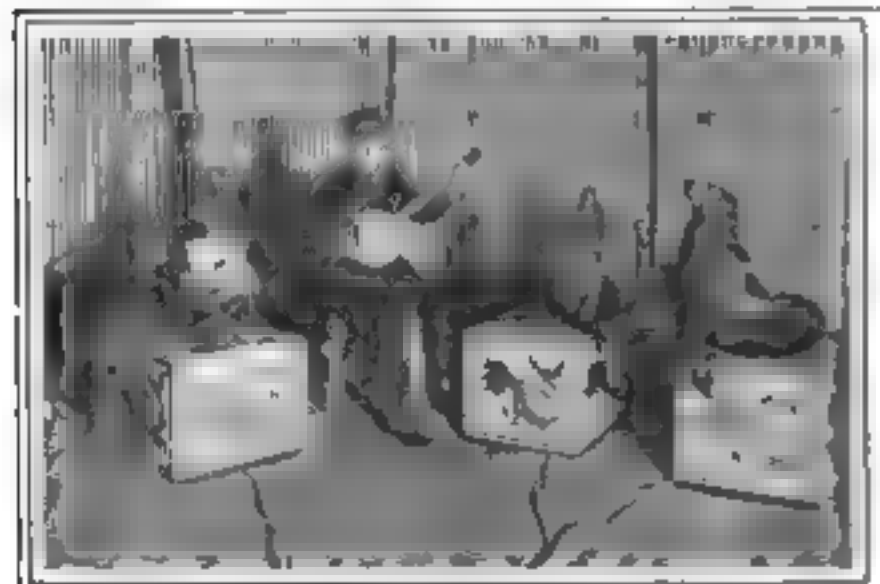
‘*unpublished or unpublished*’



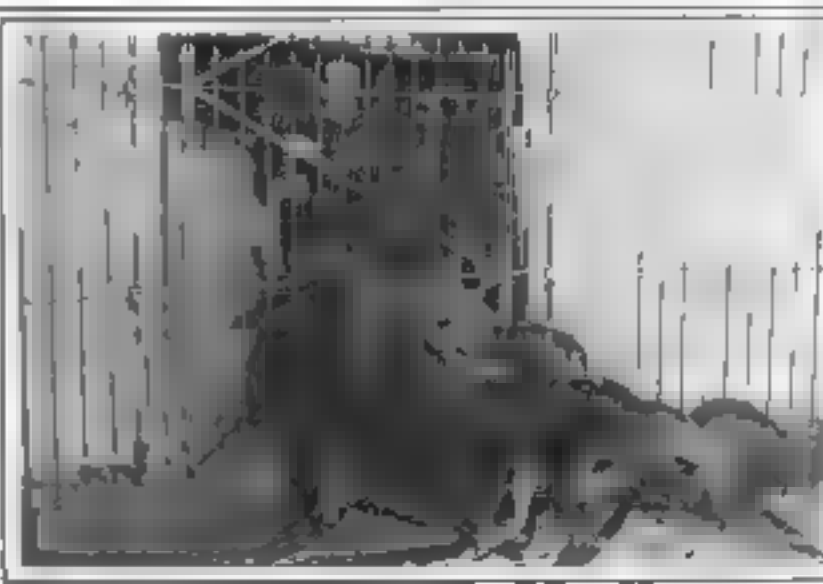
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ANTHONY FOR THE CITY FOR A FISH-ON-MAN STRIP



JOLLY JACK TARS RETURN FROM SEA
OFFICER OF THE DECK ON THE FLAG-SHIP "KEARSARGE" PUZZLED BY THE Q

Drawn for Leslie's Weekly by



MORE LEAVE WITH NUMEROUS PETS.

QUESTION OF WHAT TO DO WITH ALL THE NEW MASCOTS BROUGHT ABOARD.

Dart Walker. See page 488



THE BABY IN THE BATH
J. M. T. A. S. S.

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THE BABY IN THE BATH
J. M. T. A. S. S.

AT THE FOUNTAIN
J. M. T. A. S. S.

FAREWELL TIDING FOR THE PET ABOUT TO BE SENT TO THE HOUSE SHOW
J. M. T. A. S. S.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—NEW JERSEY WINS.

STRIKING PICTURES OF CHILD LIFE IN VARIED ASPECTS, CONTRIBUTED BY TALENTED AND EXPERT CAMERAMEN.

(SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ANNOUNCEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THE ISSUE.)



Books and Authors

By La Salle A. Marmore

...HE CALLED TO
one of his pas-
sant Whiffles and a
few English boys to come
and see the lot or on the
spot showed him some
of the most famous of the
things in the world of the
great fair. Then
he went over him and
with a yell of excite-
ment tore off the scalp. Not was that all, for a moment
later two other warriors springing up, under orders from
the first one, ripped open the body, cut out the heart,
and divided it into a dozen pieces, one in a afternoon
wounded, for each of the tribes present." The story
going in a passage from Barton Stevenson's latest
story, "The Heerling" (Houghton, Mifflin & Co.), the
incident being one of the many savage and blood-thirsting
deeds committed by the Indians and their white allies
in the massacre that followed the rout of General Butler's
army in the great battle of the Little Bighorn. It was a
few years after the Revolution. The story who orders
the consummation of the particular atrocity narrated in the
paragraph quoted is Minnie Girty, the notorious scalp-hunter,
and the victim is General Butler himself, who had fallen
mortally wounded in the fight. The whole story is full
of the sound of conflict, the breath of the trodden sword,
and the ruinance of the wild and eventful life of the brave
and hardy men who led the vanguard of civilization out
over the prairie, the lake, and forests of the West.
While the story, recorded and such scenes and at such a
time must be read in a sympathetic and not in a
critical spirit, it will be found to be the impression that
it conveys to the reader of the history of the war.
The story is a piece of history fiction
above the average in skill of construction. In real interest,
and genuine literary style and charm.

IT HAS long been known that the present head of the Roman Catholic Church, Pope Leo XIII., in addition to other rare attainments, had a genuine poetic gift, as evidenced by various productions in verse given to the world during the past few years. As these poems, however, have been composed in Latin or Italian, they have remained outside the range of the great mass of English readers until now, who are at last enabled to become acquainted with the full extent of his poetical powers.

The first poem of this gift was published in the April issue of the "Poetry Magazine," and the second in the May issue of the same publication. The third poem in the book was written in 1873, eighty years ago, and is a sonnet in memory of the death of the late Pope Pius IX. It is the only one which has appeared in print since Pope Leo's accession to the papal throne in 1903. At twenty the Poem displayed all the elements of the poet's art, and it is interesting to find that

[illegible][illegible]

ELLEN THORNTON'S FOWLER'S latest book, "Part of Fire" (Dodd, Mead & Co.), has to do chiefly with the fortunes of a young Englishman by the

[illegible]

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)^2 + V(\phi) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)^2 + V(\phi) \right]$$

There are two methods of measuring mass and so there are two different units of measurement for it. The first is the kilogram, which is the standard unit of mass in the International System of Units (SI). The second is the pound, which is the standard unit of mass in the United States Customary System (USCS). The kilogram is defined as the mass of a specific piece of platinum-iridium alloy, while the pound is defined as 0.45359237 kilograms. This means that there are approximately 2.20462 pounds in a kilogram.

[illegible][illegible]

Mrs. SARAH BENT MONTGOMERY, a Memphis woman, whose husband died in the Wilmington riot, was persuaded to turn to Charlotte, Aug. 4, 1891, on an "outing" operation, and in a few days great-granddaughter. The story was picked up by Mrs. Kennedy, but she herself claims to be the great-grandmother of a friendly reader in Memphis. It fell in this way: The woman of Memphis read Mrs. Kennedy's novel, "Jocelyn Chevre," a Revolutionary story laid in North Carolina. She was pleased with the heroine, in whom she recognized a revered ancestor, and wrote to the author of this interesting fact. She inherited, it seemed, among other things, many of Jocelyn Chevre's traits of character. Then Mrs. Kennedy replied to say that Jocelyn was entirely the child of her imagination, and that therefore, the descendant must be still more the author's descendant. But the contemporaneity of these disparate generations is rather startling — as the libel of "Coffee and B-papers" would not say to certain people.

O b t a i n t h e p a s s p o r t n o t e s t o e n t e r t h e U n i t e d
S t a t e s t h r o u g h t h e a m b a s s y o f t h e U n i t e d S t a t e s i n
t h e c i t y o f y o u r r e s i d e n c e . T h e a m b a s s y i n L a s V e g a s

[illegible][illegible]

UNTIL A long-ide want to sleep and come rather ap-
pears who can write stories for girls and boys with
the shining interest, excitement, and charm of James M.
Hutchins' work. The publishers of Miss Abbott's stories
— the Dutton & Co's — will continue to find a host of eager
readers for her new edition of "The Whitten" and
"The Whitten's Girl," such as they have recently issued.
The first is brought out with fifteen full-page illustrations
by Alice Norton Stephens, and the second with twelve
full-page pictures by Jessie Wilkins Smith. It is doubtful,
indeed, whether any writer of future days can displace
James M. Abbott in the affections of the young, no matter
how much original, and otherwise captivating, he
may write. It is certain that no writer of recent times,
not even the greatest of them, has been so successful as
James M. Abbott in capturing the imagination of the young.

It is a fact now generally known that Alice Hamilton, the author of this most interesting and excellent book, Miss Neighbors, is now about to publish her first book, one of the first by whom the book is published. That Miss Hamilton is a close and sympathetic student of the lives of the people in "Three-Step Country," this work furnishes the best attestation. It has already run through several editions and is doubtless destined to appear in many more.

DANCE "Society Blue Book" for Albany, Tenn., and vicinity handsomely printed and bound, is out for 1903. It maintains the reputation of this publishing house for careful and accurate work and is the most complete publication of its character that we have seen. Dan Publishing Company, 34 West Twenty-second Street, New York, publishers.

Made a Turn Over
 AND ONE CAN DO IT

Fortunately enough at this juncture I discovered "Shape-Nuts" and am very grateful that I did. After using the food for a month I felt decidedly better and live a new joyous personality from the grave. The sluggish feeling, headache and nervous spells have all left me and I feel more and more active.

"I can better concentrate my mind upon my work because my nerves have been strengthened and my health and energy have returned and I take interest in my work which before seemed a burden."

"I use Grape-Nuts every day because it is the best food for my system, has restored my health and I am correspondingly grateful." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



SCENE FROM THE SECOND ACT OF MISS FINE'S HIGHLY INTERESTING PLAY "MARY OF SCOTLAND," AT THE HAYMARKET THEATRE.



MISS FINE.
Famous for her brilliant acting in the play "Mary of Scotland."



MISS J. M. M. M.
Famous for her brilliant acting in the play "Mary of Scotland."



MARY HANDELING.
As she appears in the play "Mary of Scotland."



THE FIRST STAGE-SCENE OF THE PLAY "MARY OF SCOTLAND."



THE FIRST STAGE-SCENE OF THE PLAY "MARY OF SCOTLAND."



WILLIAM F. F. F.
Famous for his brilliant acting in the play "Mary of Scotland."



SCENE FROM "MARY OF SCOTLAND."
The remarkable theatrical play which has been the success of the New York Theatre.




MISS F. F. F.
Famous for her brilliant acting in the play "Mary of Scotland."

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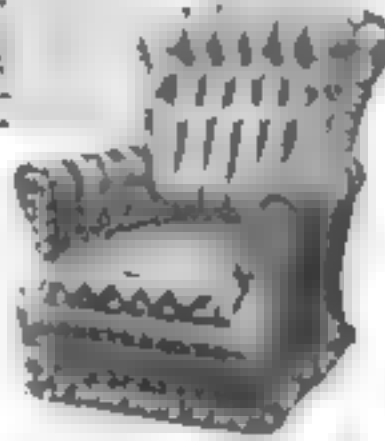
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the purpose of
the digestive
system.

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NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

W. A. HANCOCK & CO., CHICAGO

Life-insurance Suggestions

NOTE.—This department is intended for the use of those who are interested in the life insurance business. It is not intended for the use of those who are interested in the life insurance business. It is not intended for the use of those who are interested in the life insurance business.

A LITTLE while since we have been talking about the life insurance business. It is a business that is growing rapidly, and it is one that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community.

The Harvest

Jasper's Hints to Money-makers

It is a well-known fact that the life insurance business is a business that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community.

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Only a Name No Money Wasted

It is a well-known fact that the life insurance business is a business that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community. It is a business that is of great importance to the community.

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INSOMNIA

I have been suffering from
insomnia for many years.

Cascare

**CANDY
CATHARTIC**

REGULATE THE LIVER

NO-TO-BAC

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Price 10 Cents



THE PROCLAMATION

[illegible]

10-10-68
 'Dear Sir' be City of Washington the 19th day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand
 nine hundred and two and I be William Moore of the said State the up Governor and Secretary
 do hereby

By the 1950s
2mm: has necessary a lot of

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

THE OLDEST ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY IN THE UNITED STATES

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY RECORD OF CURRENT EVENTS

PUBLISHED BY THE L. L. LEWIS COMPANY, 1000 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

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Foreign: \$6.00 per year; \$3.00 for six months

Single copies 10 cents. The illustrations are by the best artists of the day. The paper is of the highest quality. The price is very low for the value received.

Thursday, November 27, 1902

Are We a Grateful People?

IT IS one of the curious and unhappy traits in human nature that leads men to be least thankful when they have the best and greatest reasons for being so. Persons of a proud and principled nature, who by the very laws of their own nature are everlastingly grateful, are, nevertheless, the least grateful of all. They are the least grateful of all because they are the least grateful of all.

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Notwithstanding these real or imagined drawbacks against our national history, it is a fact that the American people, as a whole, were never so happy as at the present time and had never, therefore, so many reasons for profound gratitude and thankfulness to the Father of all good and the King of all nations as they have today. Represented as they are by a people of such high character and intelligence, they have brought a larger measure of good to the world than any other people have ever known before, and in three hundred years of their history they have done more for the world than any other people have ever done.

It is one of the curious and unhappy traits in human nature that leads men to be least thankful when they have the best and greatest reasons for being so. Persons of a proud and principled nature, who by the very laws of their own nature are everlastingly grateful, are, nevertheless, the least grateful of all. They are the least grateful of all because they are the least grateful of all.

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Peace in Delaware.

THE STATEMENT that President Roosevelt is appointing Mr. Wallace M. Hays as United States Attorney for Delaware suggests that he will be a strong supporter of the Democratic party. It is a fact that Mr. Hays is a Democrat and a strong supporter of the Democratic party. He is a man of high character and intelligence, and he is a man who is well known to the people of Delaware. He is a man who is well known to the people of Delaware.

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How to Expand Our Trade.

THE UNITED STATES is a large and powerful nation, and it is one of the great powers of the world. It is a nation that is well known to the people of the world, and it is a nation that is well known to the people of the world. It is a nation that is well known to the people of the world, and it is a nation that is well known to the people of the world.

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of sailing vessels or chartered tramp steamers. Here lies a large and growing market for our manufactured products at our very doors, which we are defeated from simply because, under the present conditions of American shipping, we cannot compete with England, France, and Germany in the carrying trade. The one and only way to end this unhappy situation is to pass a subsidy bill that shall encourage and justify our ship-builders and steamship companies in establishing the necessary communication with South American ports. Let every workman, as well as every businessman, fairly and carefully consider this plan and see how it will be profitable and enlargement of American industry.

The Plain Truth.

THE RESULT of the election in the State of New York may ultimately be felt in the politics of the nation. Western politicians are intimating that New York is no longer the great State that they once thought it was, but the people of New York are not so easily deceived. They know that the result of the election will be a great victory for the Democratic party. They know that the result of the election will be a great victory for the Democratic party.

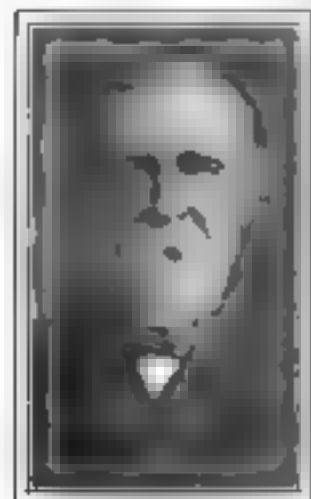
THE WHOLEY women who died in New York recently and left a will bequeathing enormous sums of money to her race, her father, and several other working people who had served her long and faithfully, are an example to the people of the world of the power of a good woman. They are an example to the people of the world of the power of a good woman. They are an example to the people of the world of the power of a good woman.

WHILE WE are so anxious to know in the strongest way as any nation being should be, and have nothing but approval for all good and beautiful forms of outdoor sports, we do not find anything in these feelings and ideas to justify us in ignoring and encouraging a game conducted after the fashion of a football match, a so-called game which was responsible within a single week, recently for the death of five young men and the serious injury of an incalculable number of others. These were college students, too, all, therefore, necessarily young men of high character and intelligence, and thus a greater loss to the world than any young men would be when the cage for risk taken off, as it has been in hundreds of instances the reckless game played the venturism of a man who has no other interest than to win.

THERE NEVER has been a doubt in the mind of any well-informed Republican of New York that if the Hon. Thomas Platt retired at the close of his term as Governor, he would be a great loss to the State. It is a fact that Mr. Platt is a man of high character and intelligence, and he is a man who is well known to the people of New York. He is a man who is well known to the people of New York.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

AMONG THE best of capable men who have contributed largely to the isolation program of the United



Mon. 10.75 11.75 12.75 13.75 14.75 15.75 16.75 17.75 18.75 19.75 20.75 21.75 22.75 23.75 24.75 25.75 26.75 27.75 28.75 29.75 30.75 31.75 32.75 33.75 34.75 35.75 36.75 37.75 38.75 39.75 40.75 41.75 42.75 43.75 44.75 45.75 46.75 47.75 48.75 49.75 50.75 51.75 52.75 53.75 54.75 55.75 56.75 57.75 58.75 59.75 60.75 61.75 62.75 63.75 64.75 65.75 66.75 67.75 68.75 69.75 70.75 71.75 72.75 73.75 74.75 75.75 76.75 77.75 78.75 79.75 80.75 81.75 82.75 83.75 84.75 85.75 86.75 87.75 88.75 89.75 90.75 91.75 92.75 93.75 94.75 95.75 96.75 97.75 98.75 99.75 100.75 101.75 102.75 103.75 104.75 105.75 106.75 107.75 108.75 109.75 110.75 111.75 112.75 113.75 114.75 115.75 116.75 117.75 118.75 119.75 120.75 121.75 122.75 123.75 124.75 125.75 126.75 127.75 128.75 129.75 130.75 131.75 132.75 133.75 134.75 135.75 136.75 137.75 138.75 139.75 140.75 141.75 142.75 143.75 144.75 145.75 146.75 147.75 148.75 149.75 150.75 151.75 152.75 153.75 154.75 155.75 156.75 157.75 158.75 159.75 160.75 161.75 162.75 163.75 164.75 165.75 166.75 167.75 168.75 169.75 170.75 171.75 172.75 173.75 174.75 175.75 176.75 177.75 178.75 179.75 180.75 181.75 182.75 183.75 184.75 185.75 186.75 187.75 188.75 189.75 190.75 191.75 192.75 193.75 194.75 195.75 196.75 197.75 198.75 199.75 200.75 201.75 202.75 203.75 204.75 205.75 206.75 207.75 208.75 209.75 210.75 211.75 212.75 213.75 214.75 215.75 216.75 217.75 218.75 219.75 220.75 221.75 222.75 223.75 224.75 225.75 226.75 227.75 228.75 229.75 230.75 231.75 232.75 233.75 234.75 235.75 236.75 237.75 238.75 239.75 240.75 241.75 242.75 243.75 244.75 245.75 246.75 247.75 248.75 249.75 250.75 251.75 252.75 253.75 254.75 255.75 256.75 257.75 258.75 259.75 260.75 261.75 262.75 263.75 264.75 265.75 266.75 267.75 268.75 269.75 270.75 271.75 272.75 273.75 274.75 275.75 276.75 277.75 278.75 279.75 280.75 281.75 282.75 283.75 284.75 285.75 286.75 287.75 288.75 289.75 290.75 291.75 292.75 293.75 294.75 295.75 296.75 297.75 298.75 299.75 300.75 301.75 302.75 303.75 304.75 305.75 306.75 307.75 308.75 309.75 310.75 311.75 312.75 313.75 314.75 315.75 316.75 317.75 318.75 319.75 320.75 321.75 322.75 323.75 324.75 325.75 326.75 327.75 328.75 329.75 330.75 331.75 332.75 333.75 334.75 335.75 336.75 337.75 338.75 339.75 340.75 341.75 342.75 343.75 344.75 345.75 346.75 347.75 348.75 349.75 350.75 351.75 352.75 353.75 354.75 355.75 356.75 357.75 358.75 359.75 360.75 361.75 362.75 363.75 364.75 365.75 366.75 367.75 368.75 369.75 370.75 371.75 372.75 373.75 374.75 375.75 376.75 377.75 378.75 379.75 380.75 381.75 382.75 383.75 384.75 385.75 386.75 387.75 388.75 389.75 390.75 391.75 392.75 393.75 394.75 395.75 396.75 397.75 398.75 399.75 400.75 401.75 402.75 403.75 404.75 405.75 406.75 407.75 408.75 409.75 410.75 411.75 412.75 413.75 414.75 415.75 416.75 417.75 418.75 419.75 420.75 421.75 422.75 423.75 424.75 425.75 426.75 427.75 428.75 429.75 430.75 431.75 432.75 433.75 434.75 435.75 436.75 437.75 438.75 439.75 440.75 441.75 442.75 443.75 444.75 445.75 446.75 447.75 448.75 449.75 450.75 451.75 452.75 453.75 454.75 455.75 456.75 457.75 458.75 459.75 460.75 461.75 462.75 463.75 464.75 465.75 466.75 467.75 468.75 469.75 470.75 471.75 472.75 473.75 474.75 475.75 476.75 477.75 478.75 479.75 480.75 481.75 482.75 483.75 484.75 485.75 486.75 487.75 488.75 489.75 490.75 491.75 492.75 493.75 494.75 495.75 496.75 497.75 498.75 499.75 500.75 501.75 502.75 503.75 504.75 505.75 506.75 507.75 508.75 509.75 510.75 511.75 512.75 513.75 514.75 515.75 516.75 517.75 518.75 519.75 520.75 521.75 522.75 523.75 524.75 525.75 526.75 527.75 528.75 529.75 530.75 531.75 532.75 533.75 534.75 535.75 536.75 537.75 538.75 539.75 540.75 541.75 542.75 543.75 544.75 545.75 546.75 547.75 548.75 549.75 550.75 551.75 552.75 553.75 554.75 555.75 556.75 557.75 558.75 559.75 560.75 561.75 562.75 563.75 564.75 565.75 566.75 567.75 568.75 569.75 570.75 571.75 572.75 573.75 574.75 575.75 576.75 577.75 578.75 579.75 580.75 581.75 582.75 583.75 584.75 585.75 586.75 587.75 588.75 589.75 590.75 591.75 592.75 593.75 594.75 595.75 596.75 597.75 598.75 599.75 600.75 601.75 602.75 603.75 604.75 605.75 606.75 607.

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FEBRUARY 1994, the first issue of the new journal, *Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry*, was published. The journal is the first of its kind in the field of child and adolescent psychiatry. It is a peer-reviewed journal that will provide a forum for the publication of original research, clinical reports, and reviews. The journal is published by the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, which is the leading professional organization in the field of child and adolescent psychiatry in the United States. The journal is published quarterly, and its content is focused on the latest research and clinical practice in the field of child and adolescent psychiatry. The journal is a must-read for all child and adolescent psychiatrists, and it is also a valuable resource for other mental health professionals and researchers in the field.

[illegible]

The aim in the case of the three younger poets would be the best of three great traditions of the world the



FROM THE VICTIMS' LIVES
The German Explorer's only discovery

ria, who was born on September 13th, 1967, and is therefore ten years old. The prisoner is said closely resemble her mother more so her form and features are considered, but possesses certain of her father's characteristics in her ornate make-up. She has a somewhat unpolished temper.

[illegible]

but we mustn't let tonight's experience stand against the future. With the program and the example of the students, we can do more about our program in the future. We can make sure it's not just a one-time thing, but a permanent part of the school's life.

Among the first persons who have received the honor of being elected to the office of Mayor of the City of New York is Mr. John H. Johnson, who has been elected to the office of Mayor of the City of New York for the year 1901. Mr. Johnson is a native of New York City, and has been a resident of this city for many years. He is a member of the New York City Board of Education, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Health. He is also a member of the New York City Board of Fire Commissioners, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Police Commissioners. He is a member of the New York City Board of Public Works, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Public Safety. He is a member of the New York City Board of Public Health, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Public Education. He is a member of the New York City Board of Public Works, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Public Safety. He is a member of the New York City Board of Public Health, and has been a member of the New York City Board of Public Education.

ANALYSIS of equal interest in operational systems and the overall management of the bank leading to



DOI: 10.1002/anie

The mean μ is $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ and the standard deviation σ is $\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2}$.

[illegible]

Of the four nations the other three - American, European, and British - are now suffering from the same disease. The American people are suffering from the same disease. The European people are suffering from the same disease. The British people are suffering from the same disease.

THE HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS



REPLY TO: 10/10/94 LA FOR LETTER

[illegible]

identified was several years later. After that he was given a card that indicated that he had been arrested in the 1940s. He was then released and returned to his home in the 1950s. He was then arrested again in the 1960s and was released again in the 1970s. He was then arrested again in the 1980s and was released again in the 1990s. He was then arrested again in the 2000s and was released again in the 2010s. He was then arrested again in the 2020s and was released again in the 2030s.

Nor did I tell anyone within the walls of New 3
as we said in our own minds and hearts for a moment.



1990年12月 第24卷 第4期

It is noted that the above is a very rough estimate of the number of people who are likely to be affected by the proposed project. The actual number of people affected will depend on the final design of the project and the extent of the project area.

[illegible]

The first settlement in Holland was made in 1614 by the Dutch in a remote district in the north-west of the country. It was founded by the Dutch East India Company, and was the first of a series of settlements which were founded in the north-west of the country. The first settlement was founded by the Dutch in 1614, and the last was founded in 1814. The Dutch settlements in the north-west of the country were founded by the Dutch East India Company, and were the first of a series of settlements which were founded in the north-west of the country. The first settlement was founded by the Dutch in 1614, and the last was founded in 1814.

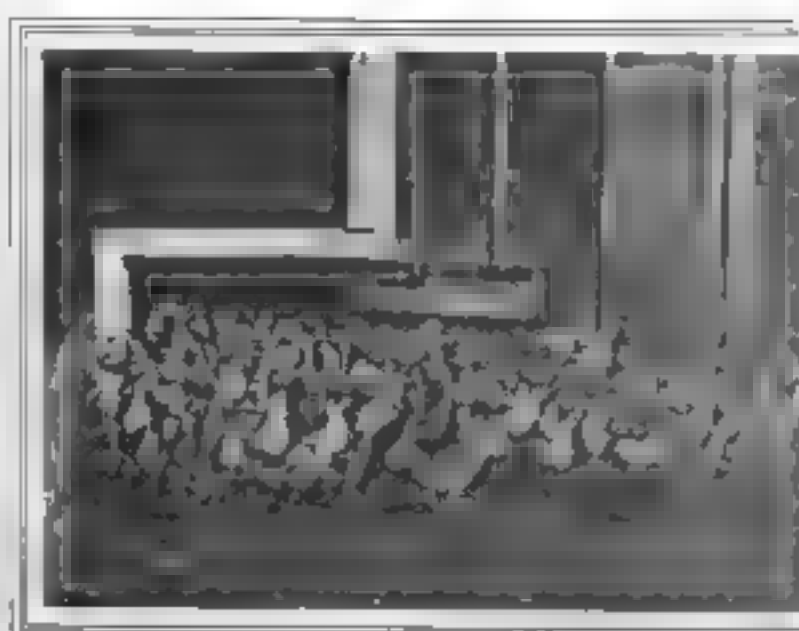
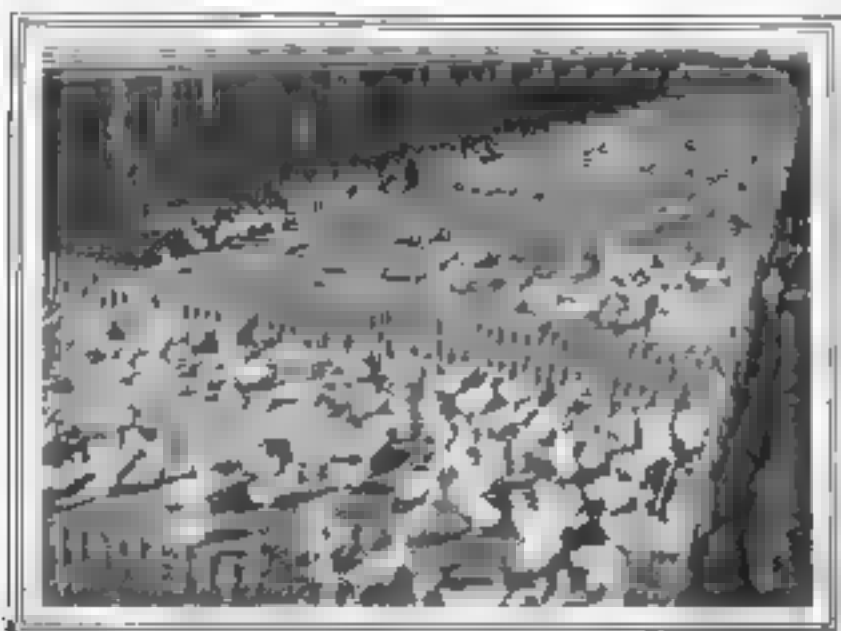
THREE is probably no other country in the world and certainly not in Europe, where authors get paid in such



THESE

A leader in Irish society and a local representative

herewith, but she is one of the most open-minded readers in the country. She like all really good writers, have wants the simplest and plainest of writing materials and looks with disfavor upon some of the showy suggestions proposed in this direction.



PATENTED BY WHITE DENTAL CORP. THOMASVILLE AND MOBILE, ALA. 36480. CATHING PROVISIONS OF "GUMS" BEING MADE BY REDWOOD, MOBILE, ALA.

Our Biggest Duck Farm

By Harry Edmund Goodwin

[illegible][illegible]

maintained. The duckling remains in his building for five days and at a waterline covered a 4' wide tunnel marked by 10' of the wall.

Leaves: he removes the little nephew to a selected to Hovender House No. 2 where the temperature is twenty degrees. During this time, a considerable hole is torn and him are added to its diet. On the tenth day the temperature giving food is placed in Hovender House No. 2 and its diet increased by the addition of green cut clover and glutin and lost uterine. On this morning a temperature of sixty degrees is maintained. The tenth step in the process is the Cold Hovender or House No. 4. He has now the duckling has become a bird, a quagga. Here it remains for four weeks, at the end of which it is taken to House No. 5, where it is permitted to take the first plunge in the bath.

Ներքևում ցուցված է ինչպե՞ս կարող եմ օգտագործել այս գիրքը՝ որպես լեզու ուսուցողական ծրագրի մասը։

[illegible][illegible]

Producers Strength for Work

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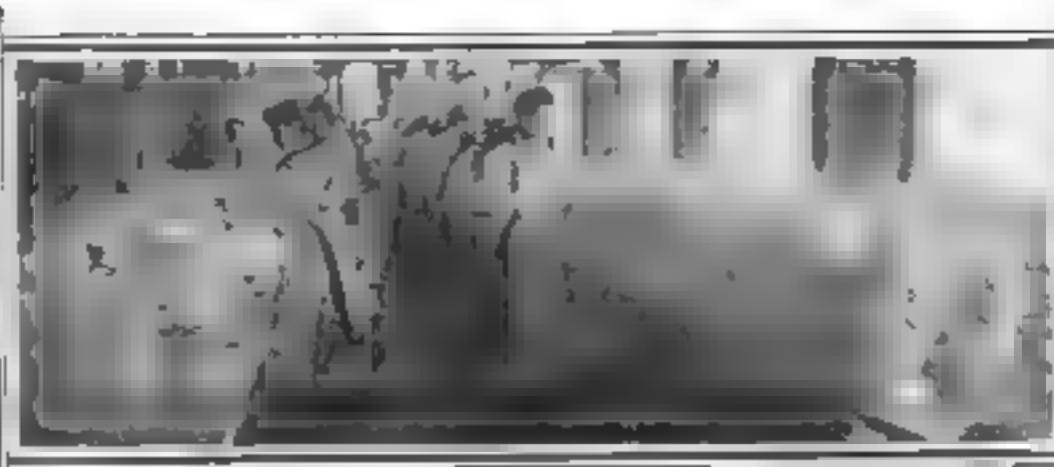
It perfects digestion, cures heart burn, is
absolutely for infants, and builds up the system.
It is the most perfect and beneficial Food



WATERING PLACE AND PARKING OF THE WHITE MOUNTAIN OF OXLEY. Plate 1.



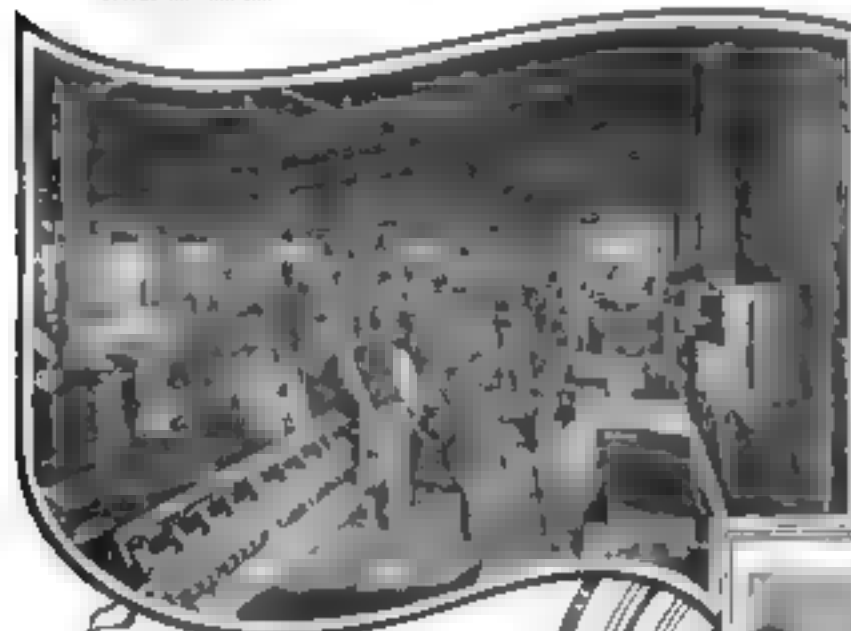
HOW THE RINGS ARE
PRINTED ON THE LAR



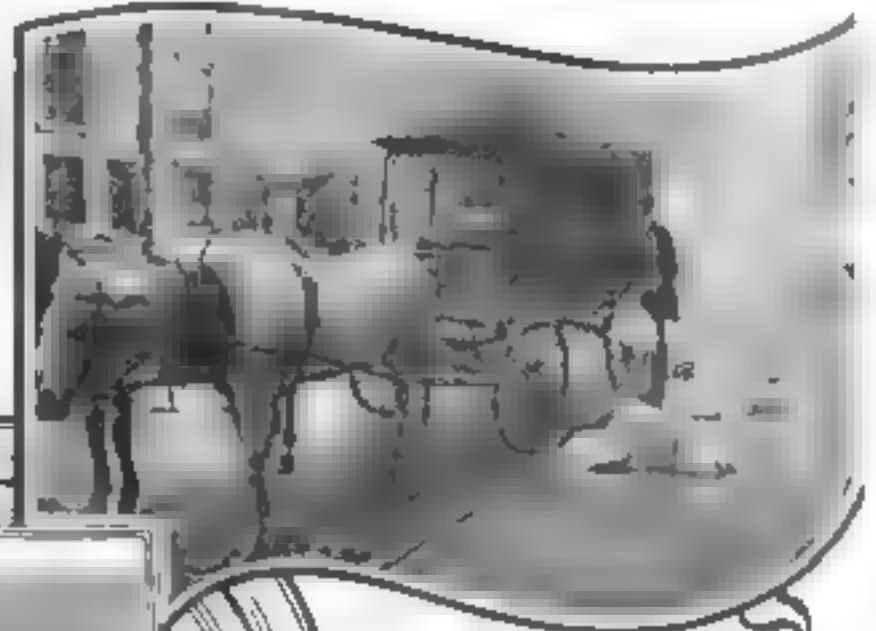
THE LARGEST SEWING ROOM IN THE STATE



CUTTING OUT THE RINGS
COLLARS BY HAND



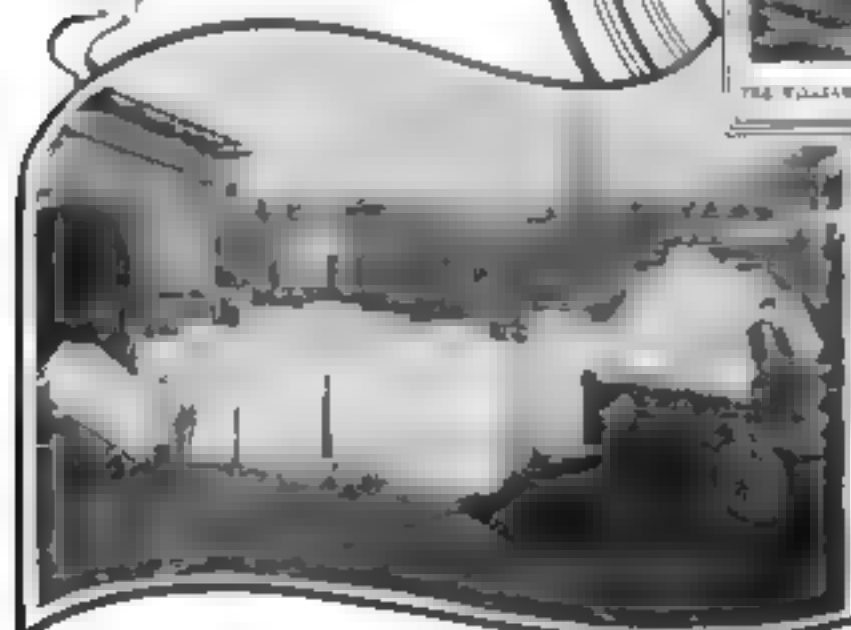
THE SEWING MACHINES ARE
IN THE FACTORY



A SEWING MACHINE IN
THE FACTORY



THE SEWING MACHINE FACTORY



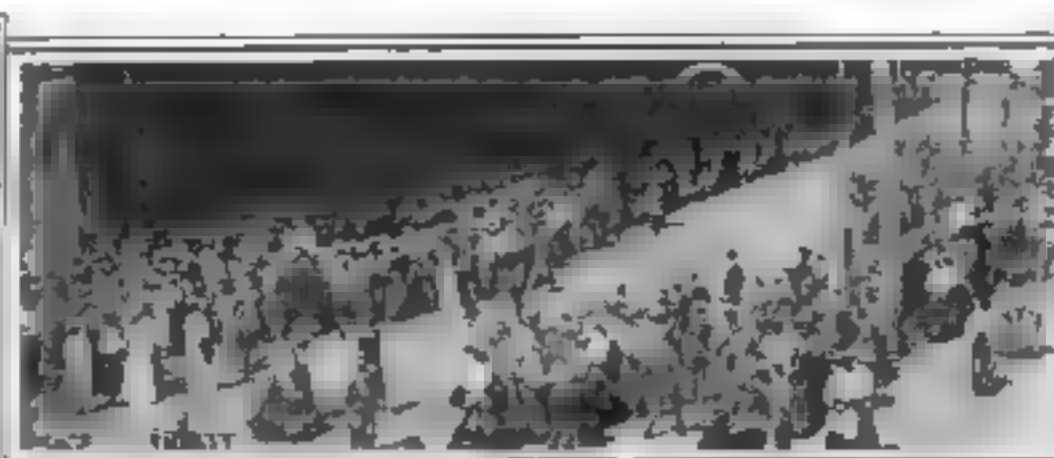
A TROT FREIGHT TRUCK CROWDED WITH GREAT CASES OF COLLARS



A NEW BACKING-BOYS FILLER WITH WORKING OPERATORS



A MACHINE WHICH SEWS ON THE
BUTTONS A DAY



THE HUSBANDS OF COLLAR EMPLOYERS AT THE CLOSE OF THE DAY'S WORK



ENGINEERS WORKING AT THE
END OF THE DAY

THE EVOLUTION OF THE LINEN COLLAR

A TREMENDOUS INDUSTRY, EMPLOYING THOUSANDS OF MEN AND WOMEN CONCENTRATED AT TROY N. Y.

Photographed by the staff photographer G. H. Loring for Leslie's Weekly



JOSEPH G. CANNON,
Veteran Congressman from Illinois,
"Watchdog of Democracy"



CHARLES E. LITTLEFIELD,
Of Maine, one of the strongest
opponents of a tariff.



WILLIAM E. PAYNE,
Of New York, Chairman of the
Committee on Ways and Means.



JOHN D. BARLOW,
Prominent member from
Pennsylvania.

CANDIDATES FOR SPEAKER OF THE NEXT NATIONAL HOUSE

FOUR ABLE AND POPULAR MEN OF GREAT EXPERIENCE WHO ASPIRE TO LEADERSHIP OVER THE LOWER BRANCH OF CONGRESS.



FIRST ADDITION EVER MADE TO THE HISTORIC WHITE HOUSE

LONG-NEEDED NEW OFFICE BUILDING AT WASHINGTON, IN WHICH THE TREASURY NOW TAKES UP ALL PUBLIC BUSINESS. (Opp.)



MOMENTOUS PLAY IN THE YALE-PRINCETON FOOTBALL GAME

DOWNMAN KICKING GOAL FOR YALE IN A BEACONSFIELD CONTEST AT PRINCETON, N. J. IN WHICH YALE WON 13 TO 0.—(Opp.)

Ruskin's Hopeless Love.

A CONTRIBUTOR to an English contemporary states that there is in existence a letter by Ruskin which he himself has seen, giving Ruskin's own account of the separation from his wife. It shows, we are told, that there was nothing more than incompatibility between them. The real passion of Ruskin's life came on him when he was a man past fifty. He fell in love with an Irish girl, Rosa Launuchy. She loved him, but their religious differences were insuperable. The girl died while still a girl and Ruskin broke down. The misfortune clouded the rest of his life in despair. He fell in with spiritualists, who revealed to him the spirit of his dead lady. Hence came the crushing collapse which ultimately overthrew his brain.

Strong and better men and women are those who see Andwin as the Original Angostura Bitters. Druggists.

When a Woman Is Happiest.

LADY GRABELLA BOWLEY discusses, in an English magazine, the question, "What is the happiest period of a woman's life?" She says: "Most not a woman wait till her life is nearly over before she can answer that question truthfully? For in such woman married or maid, the idea of happiness must differ according to her temperament or estate. But in summing up many examples in looking back on beautiful women married, I think that the happiest period of a woman's life is the time when she has a mother's full of little children—the latter years."

Salesmen's Trials.

Bad Food Is One of Them

Road traveling is rather hard on salesmen. Irregular hours, indifferent hotel and badly cooked food play smash with their digestion.

An old Philadelphia traveler tells how he got the start of his troubles by using Grape-Nuts. "For years I was troubled with a bad stomach, which gave me constant headaches and pains all through my day caused by eating improper food. I spent considerable money on doctors, who said I had indigestion, and in taking medicine for a year and it doing me no good, I decided to go on a diet, but the different cereals I ate did not help me. If it hadn't been for the advice of a friend to try Grape-Nuts, I might be stilling yet."

I commenced to feel better in a short time after using the food, my indigestion left me, stomachs regained its tone so that I could eat anything, and headaches stopped. I have gained in weight, and have a better complexion than I had for years. At many hotels, the salesmen will have nothing in the line of cereals but Grape-Nuts as they consider it not only delicious, but also beneficial for their health in the life they lead." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



"THE AFRICAN INVASION"
A THANKSGIVING STORY WITHOUT WORDS.
Told in photographs by Andrew Zeman, Jr.



WEIGHING & FOOTING AT BELLEVUE HOSPITAL.



BAPTISMAL CEREMONY IN THE HOSPITAL WARD.



THE NURSE'S AGENT CARRIES THE BABY TO ITS NEW HOME.



Edt. L. M. Long
1902

WOMEN WISHING TO ADOPT INFANTS UNDETACHED

FINDING HOMES FOR A
THE CARE BY CHARITABLE SOCIETIES, OF THE LITTLE CHARGES OF NEW YORK



CHILDREN AT BREAKFAST. PHOTOGRAPH BY G. B. FURLEY



A PHOTOGRAPH OF A WOMAN IN A LONG DRESS. PHOTOGRAPH BY G. B. FURLEY



THE FAMILIES OF THE CHILDREN IN THE ITALIAN HOUSEHOLD



A PHOTOGRAPH OF A HOUSE WHERE THE CHILDREN ARE ADOPTED BY A FATHER

GREAT CITY'S FOUNDLINGS.

WHOSE PARENTS ARE NEVER KNOWN. Photographs by our staff photographer G. B. Furley



Getting on the Stage

By Eleanor Franklin

Laurel, Han, Mrs. Loring, Young, Spang



Laurel, Han, Mrs. Loring, Young, Spang

In the preparation of an actor's career, the first step is to find a good manager. The manager is the one who will help you to get your foot on the stage. He will help you to find a good agent, and he will help you to find a good producer. He will help you to find a good director, and he will help you to find a good cast. He will help you to find a good location, and he will help you to find a good time. He will help you to find a good budget, and he will help you to find a good result.

There are many ways to get on the stage. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school.



Scene from "The Great Gatsby" as played by the players of the University of California, Berkeley, a few years ago.

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There are many ways to get on the stage. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school.

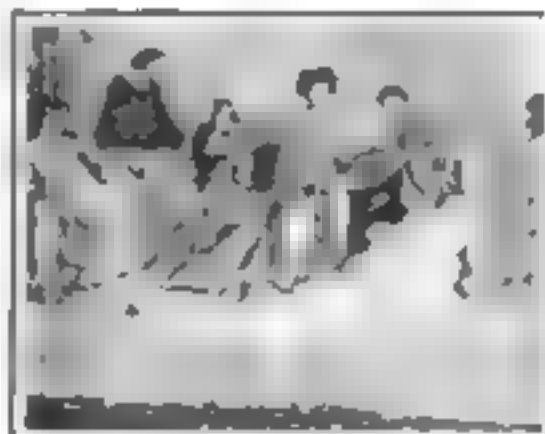
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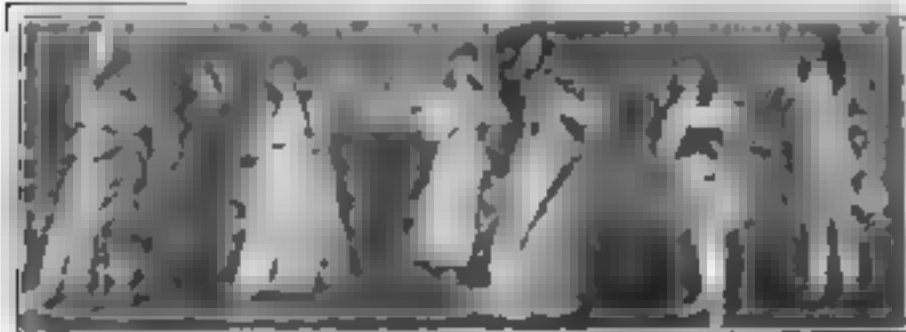
There are many ways to get on the stage. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school. You can go to a drama school, or you can go to a acting school.

Pure Cow's Milk

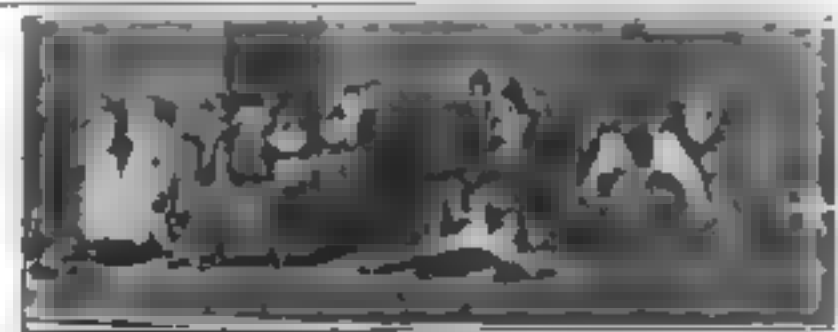
People desire and guard against adulterated milk. They want pure milk. They want pure milk. They want pure milk. They want pure milk. They want pure milk.



Scene from "The Great Gatsby" as played by the players of the University of California, Berkeley, a few years ago.



Scene from "The Great Gatsby" as played by the players of the University of California, Berkeley, a few years ago.



Scene from "The Great Gatsby" as played by the players of the University of California, Berkeley, a few years ago.



Recent Astonishing Gold Development in Oregon

By Ernest C. Spivey



It is a territory as vast as the United States with particular sections designated by the name of a State or group of States because immediately inseparable in the mind with some natural product. When the name of California mentioned the thought at once of a gold mine means rather a synonymy mean where Mississippi or Indiana suggests oil or Oregon and Washington make one think of lumber. But these impressions although they are fixed prints firmly in the minds of most of us, may be misleading and are particularly so in the case of Oregon, for lumber is only one of its resources and not the best of these is the production of gold. The few major industries here is a reputation entirely that has been floating around partly through many acts of marketing men and then the attention of the public is immediately grasping its importance. There is a single vein of gold in southwestern Oregon fifteen miles long which has produced more of the yellow metal than any mine of its length in the world. This is called the Cherokee lode and it alone entitled Oregon to a high place among the gold States.

If it were not for the astonishing reputation of this lode, Oregon would not be known as the gold State of the Union. If the early miners had gone but a distance of a few miles and had opened their eyes to the possibilities of the lode, they would have been able to find a large amount of gold in the State. The Cherokee lode is a single vein of gold in southwestern Oregon fifteen miles long which has produced more of the yellow metal than any mine of its length in the world. This is called the Cherokee lode and it alone entitled Oregon to a high place among the gold States.



HEAD OF THE LINE OF GOLDEN FINGER PLATE.

So it has been with Oregon. Recently however, the people of Oregon have begun to appreciate the resources of this Northwestern State resources which have not been developed except in a few cases. Although Oregon has been known for its timber and grazing and agriculture the people of the State have largely overlooked the Cherokee lode and the Mountain lode. The Cherokee lode is a single vein of gold in southwestern Oregon fifteen miles long which has produced more of the yellow metal than any mine of its length in the world. This is called the Cherokee lode and it alone entitled Oregon to a high place among the gold States.

discovery what seemed to be a continuation of the same vein, but had made a considerable discovery. The second discovery made was a vein of gold in the same vein. I have seen several other parts of this country and in Mexico as well that these who have discovered these veins are not yet fully appreciated. The people of Oregon have not yet fully appreciated the resources of this Northwestern State resources which have not been developed except in a few cases. Although Oregon has been known for its timber and grazing and agriculture the people of the State have largely overlooked the Cherokee lode and the Mountain lode. The Cherokee lode is a single vein of gold in southwestern Oregon fifteen miles long which has produced more of the yellow metal than any mine of its length in the world. This is called the Cherokee lode and it alone entitled Oregon to a high place among the gold States.



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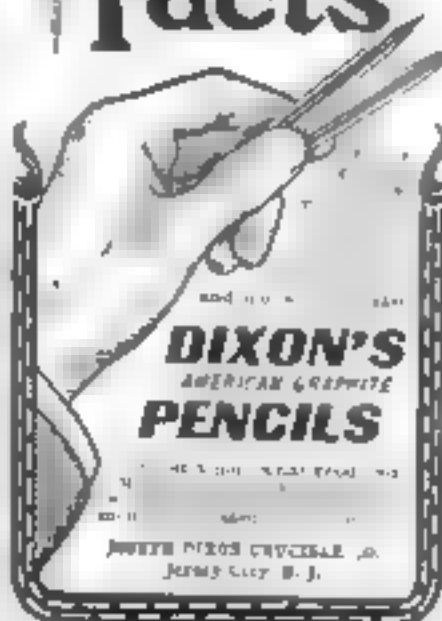
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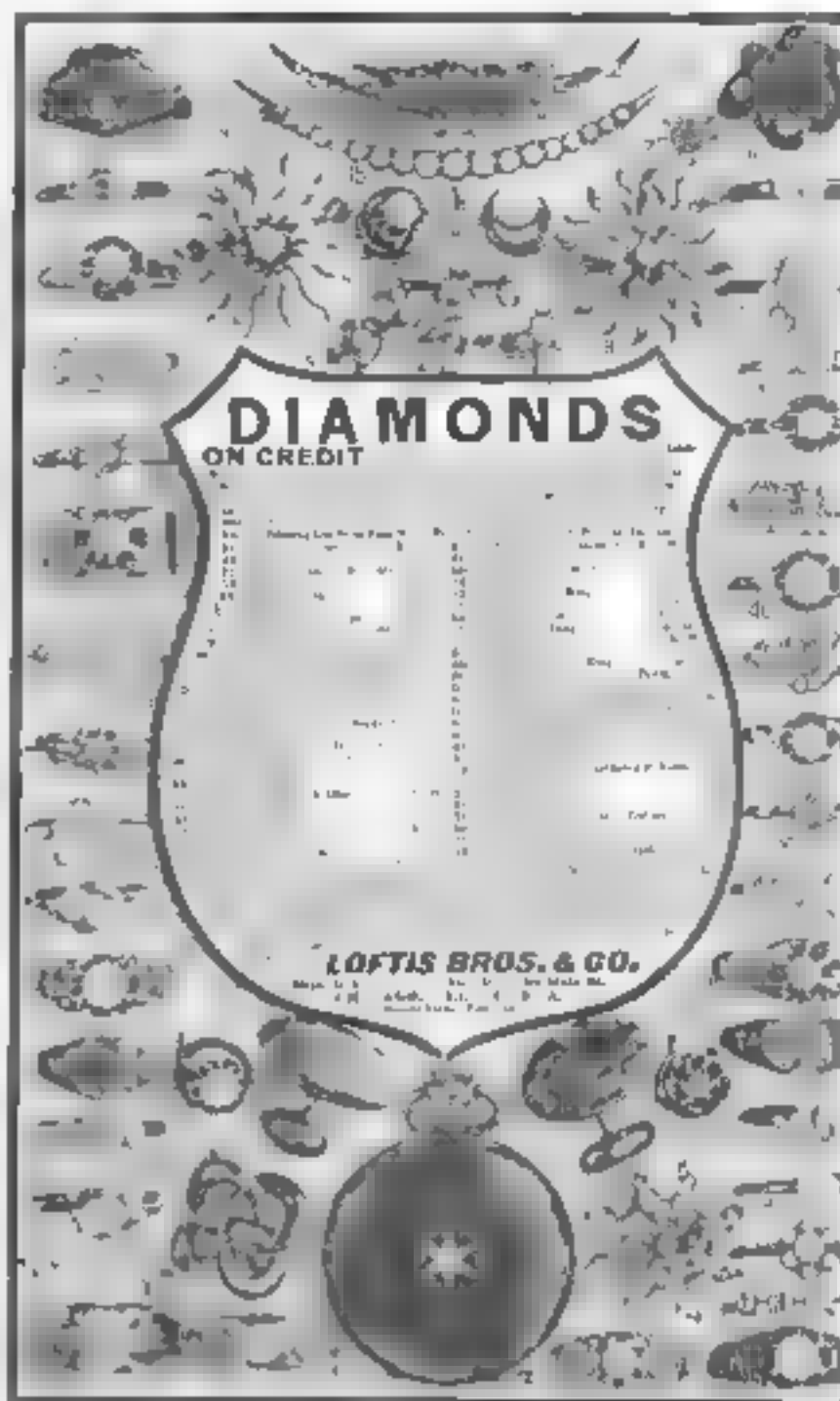
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Inside Facts



Weekend Year—1949-1950
American Academy of Dramatic Arts
and Empire Theatre School

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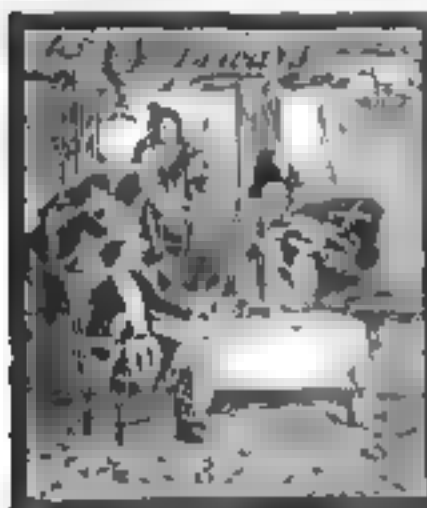


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Business Chances Abroad

A GERMAN paper journal gives interesting statistics as to the export trade of the country. It is a journal of the export trade of the country, and it is a journal that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

A highly interesting and suggestive report has been made by the German paper journal. It is a report that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a report that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

Producing England at its present rate of production, it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

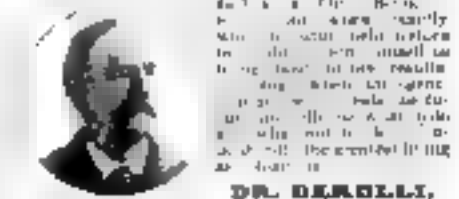
However, in all the main lines of production, it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

part of Europe as well. In Germany, for example, the paper journal gives interesting statistics as to the export trade of the country. It is a journal of the export trade of the country, and it is a journal that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

During the last few years, the export trade of the country has been a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

The paper journal of the last few years has been a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

YOUR FUTURE



DR. DEBOLLI,
The future of the country is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system, and it is a country that is based on the principles of the PISO system.

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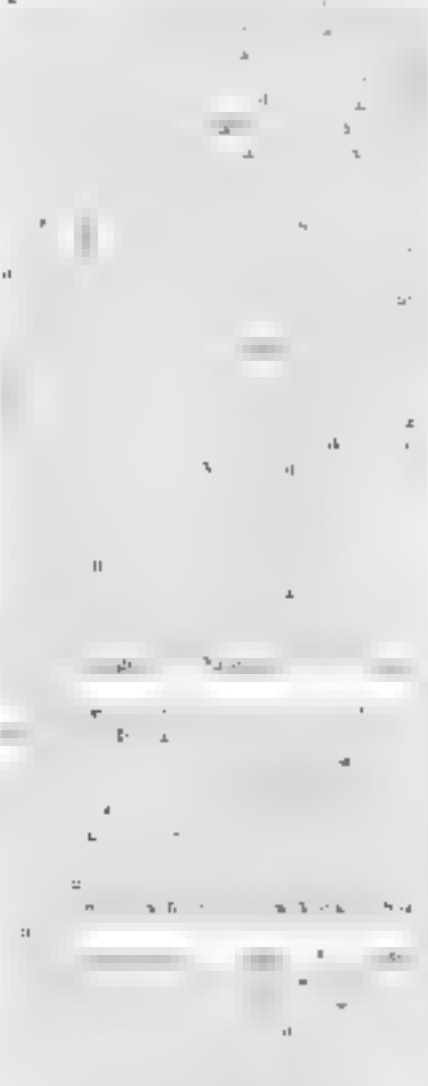
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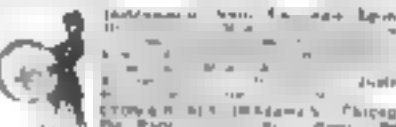
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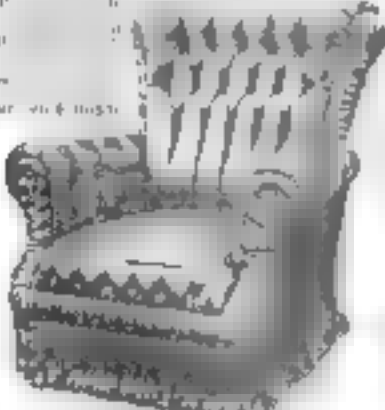
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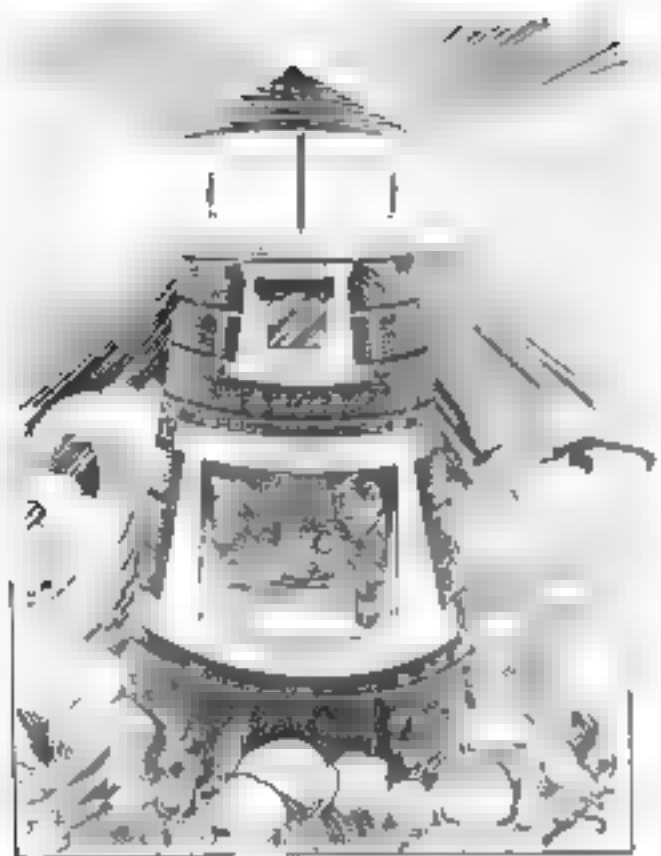
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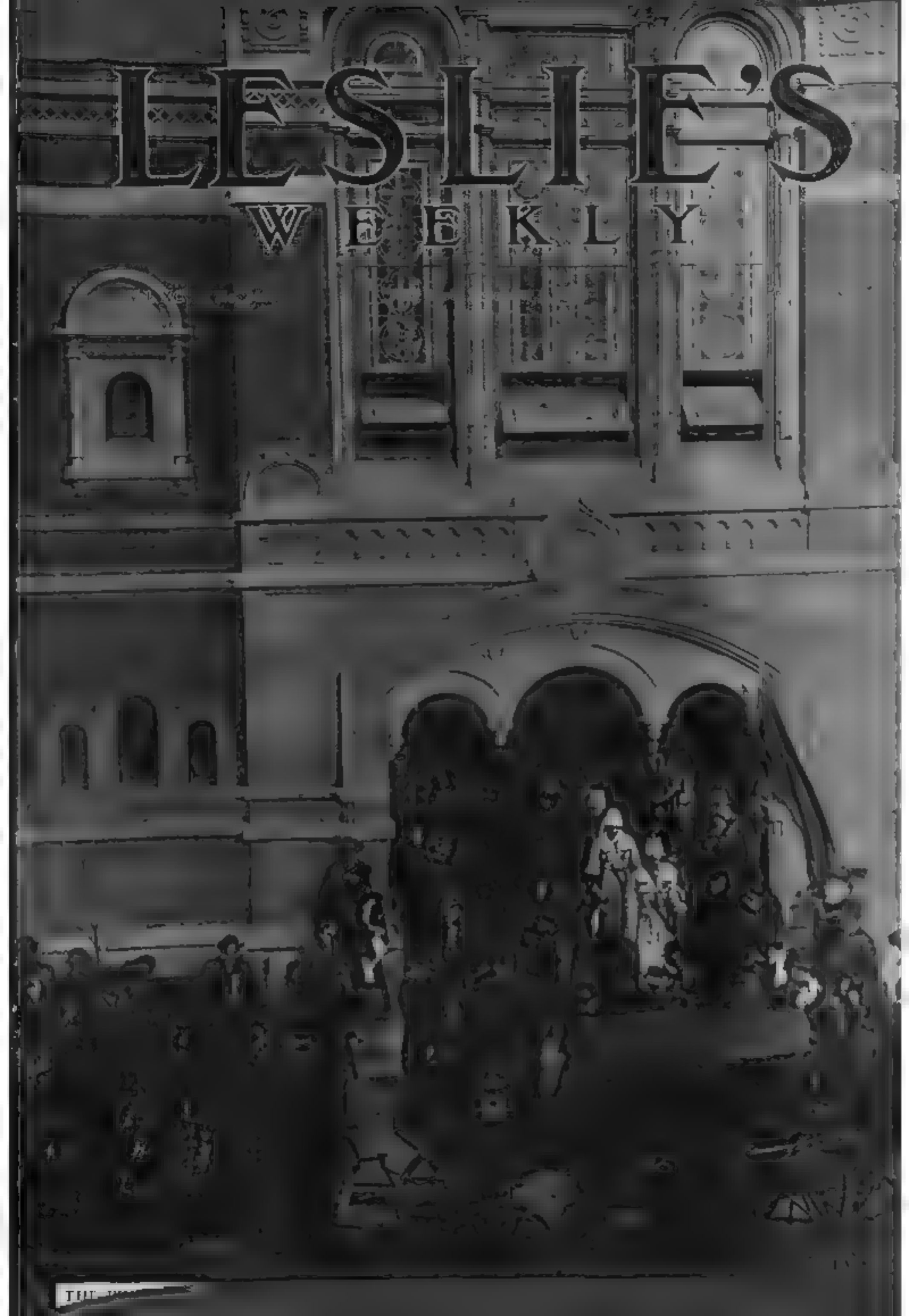
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PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

While it seems not hard to argue for a person's right to refuse an organ donation, the right to have one's organs donated to him or her is more difficult to justify.



圖 1-2-2 的開閉和電壓的平衡電路

[illegible]

It is sincerely hoped that the talents of the gentleman of Senator Hanna from the place in Washington which he has filled with such distinguished ability are undiminished. It is not too much to say that no member of the Senate on either side has proved himself to be more useful, not only to his party but to the best interests of the country, regardless of party considerations, than Senator Hanna. His retirement would be an unsatisfactory loss to our highest legislative body. The senator who, by one speech, changed the attitude of Congress on the inter-ethnic racial question, is not an ordinary man.

[V 41] part of the vast and ever-expanding British empire, outside of England) itself, has the reputation



Labt + 2000
YESTERDAY 8:14 - Thirty Mary
LONG 11 1/2

many years. It is said that forty thousand tents will be required to accommodate the people who will flock to Delhi from all parts of India. One notable feature of the camp will be a magnificent three-roof polo ground, each roof three hundred yards long and two hundred wide. The total field of play available being nearly forty acres. Not the least among the high-born men and women who will grace the

James and his wife Mary Lister, of Chicago, played a quiet game of hide-and-seek with the law. They were both indicted for the same crime, but James was able to avoid arrest by fleeing to the United States, while Mary remained in Chicago and was eventually arrested.

[illegible][illegible]

A = RIKING code of the Rikhsun Lawdu type of the Amursan sturgeon is considered by the Hain



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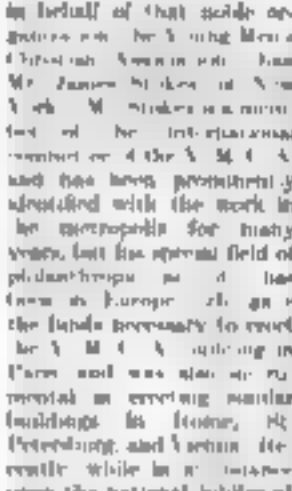
PATRICKS' yet genuine criticism of this country has done much to improve the present-day international relations between the United States and France. Since Mr. James H. Hyde first came to this country in 1894, he has been a conspicuous force in the development of the Anglo-American friendship. He has been a great agent in the better understanding between the two nations. He has been a great agent in the better understanding between the two nations. He has been a great agent in the better understanding between the two nations.



১৯৮০ সালের ১২ মার্চ
 ১৯৮০ সালের ১২ মার্চ
 ১৯৮০ সালের ১২ মার্চ

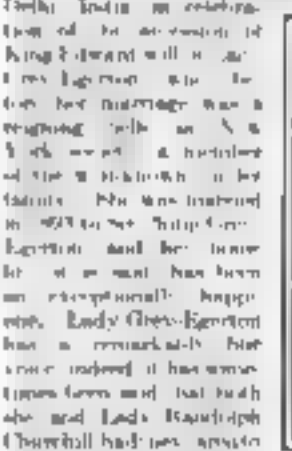
[illegible]

1 144 is said with justice, that we think this po-
sition living has done better of more successful service

[illegible]

President Hoover and his wife, Minister DeBorja and his wife, were to be in Berlin, where he was received at the airport by Emperor William and presented to his Majesty the Emperor by the German ambassador. The Emperor's congratulatory message on the occasion of his international convocation at Berlin, and also of the Emperor's letter of introduction to the Emperor of the Soviet Union, were to be presented at the proceedings of the Russian convocation and during the visit.

AND THE notable people who will be the jewel of Ford and sons' show as the "daring" s



1. *Author's address:* Department of Mathematics, University of
 2. *California, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA.*
 3. *E-mail:* math@math.berkeley.edu

owners of Dulton Park, a charming place in Wiltshire F
land, where they spend a considerable portion of a
year. They have three children—two sons, who will
eight years old in April, and a little daughter. Lady A
Ferguson is a devoted mother and holds many a
meeting for improving the education of the young
lady.

New Orleans's Splendid Hospitality to the Bankers

By Eleanor Franklin

NEVER, PERHAPS in the history of this country has there been a more marked display of real American hospitality than that which distinguished the recent convention in New Orleans of the American Bankers' Association. The charming Crescent City was gayly decked in bunting flags and banners, all proclaiming a hearty welcome to the delegates. During the three days of the meeting everything was done that could be done to make the occasion memorable to the distinguished visitors. The convention met in Tulane Hall on Tuesday morning, November 1st, and after three days devoted to business discussion and the election of new officers, adjourned to meet again presumably in San Francisco next autumn.

During the session able and interesting addresses were delivered by President Milton T. Herrick on general financial conditions by Comptroller of the Currency W. H. Rudger on changes in banking regulations by President J. C. Brown of the Citizens National Bank of Chicago, N. C. on "The New South" by Vice-President Johnstone of the Marine National Bank of Milwaukee on the Henrich system of branch banking and by many others. Congressman Fowler of New Jersey, author of the Federal banking bill, now pending in Congress, led a spirited discussion on branch banking. On Wednesday night the bankers of New Orleans entertained the visiting bankers and their families at an elaborate banquet in the beautiful

banquet hall of the New St. Charles Hotel, which had been magnificently decorated for the occasion. The whole city was decked in honor of the bankers with flags and bunting and presented a charming appearance. The beautiful Crescent City was pervaded by an atmosphere of true Southern hospitality. It pervaded everywhere and made the bankers' convention in New Orleans one of the most enjoyable gatherings ever held by that splendid organization of representative financiers.

The convention adjourned at one o'clock on Thursday the 3d, and the bankers, with their wives and daughters and visiting friends, went at once to the beautiful landing at the foot of Canal Street where the Mississippi steamboat *Chalmers* was waiting all decked with bunting to take them for a brief shore trip down the river to a large sugar plantation where the delegates could get an idea of the characteristic of Louisiana sugar through the various interesting phenomena from the cane-field to the table. The saloon of the steamboat was set with a long banquet table tastefully decorated, which made an attractive feature for the two thousand hungry businessmen accompanying the bankers and their families. (Very much was in good humor and the flow of *Moet & Chandon's* White Seal was continuous and unlimited. The people of New Orleans true to their reputation for hospitality had spent nothing to make the entertainment one of the most elaborate ever given by the city to a visiting delegation, and the little party was one long to be re-

membered by everybody fortunate enough to be aboard. The trip back to New Orleans was made under the silver Southern moon, but seemed to smile upon the river Mississippi with unusual brightness and beauty. The orchestra stationed on the deck filled the still air with the sweet strains of old Southern melodies and there could have been no one present who did not feel the subtle charm of a scene so amid such faultless surroundings. As the boat rounded toward the wharf and while every one was experiencing a vague regret that such a happy time must come to an end, the orchestra started the sweet strains of "Home Sweet Home" and the dear old song was taken up by every man and woman aboard. It is a beautiful fact that the full round chorus was caught with a tremble and a longing akin to that of the enthusiastic band of applaud which followed this bit of sentiment. "Home Sweet Home" was given and the chorus came out of Northern throats with as much enthusiasm as from the lungs of the warm-blooded Southern delegates.

The special photographer of *LESLIE'S WEEKLY* accompanied the expedition and succeeded in getting the only pictures apart of the bankers while they were in New Orleans. Some of these photographs appear in this issue. Others will be equal in the next number of *LESLIE'S WEEKLY*, which will be the first copy to come of the most interesting series of the most charming and picturesque of all our Southern spots.



A HOLLY BIRD IN A CANE FIELD.—Franklin.



UP THE CANE-FIELD (OVERCAST) BEAKER OF THE NIGHT.—Franklin.



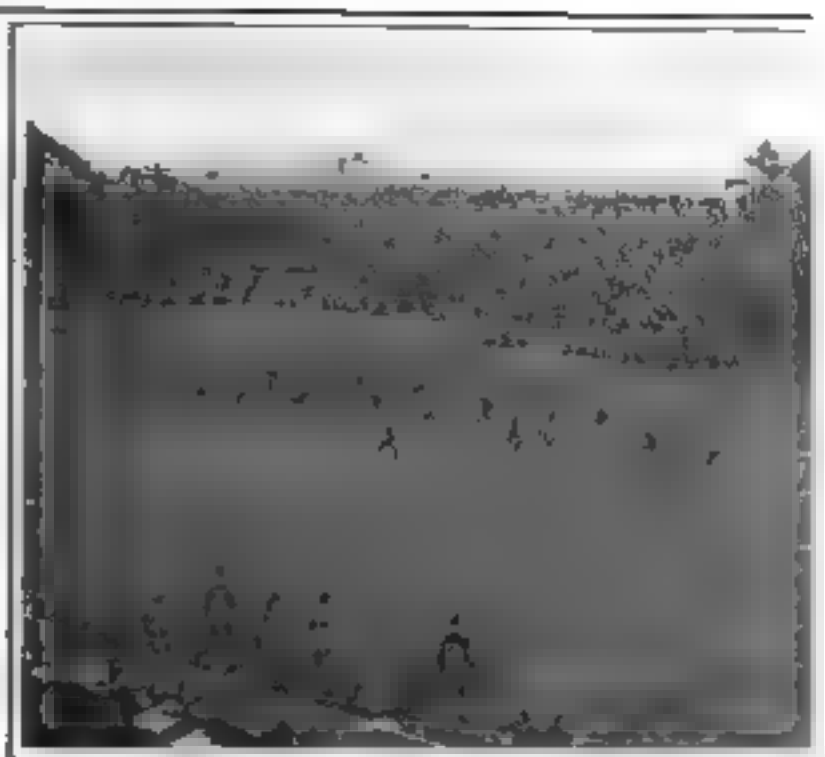
THE BANKERS' PARTY ON THE DECK OF THE "CHALMETTE".—Franklin.



STEAMSHIP "CHALMETTE" TAKING THE BANKERS AND THEIR FAMILIES ON AN EXCURSION DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.—Franklin.



HARVARD DOWN NEAR SCORING, WHEN BOWMAN KICKS TO BASEBALL FIELD BEHIND HIS OWN GOAL-POST. *Harv.*



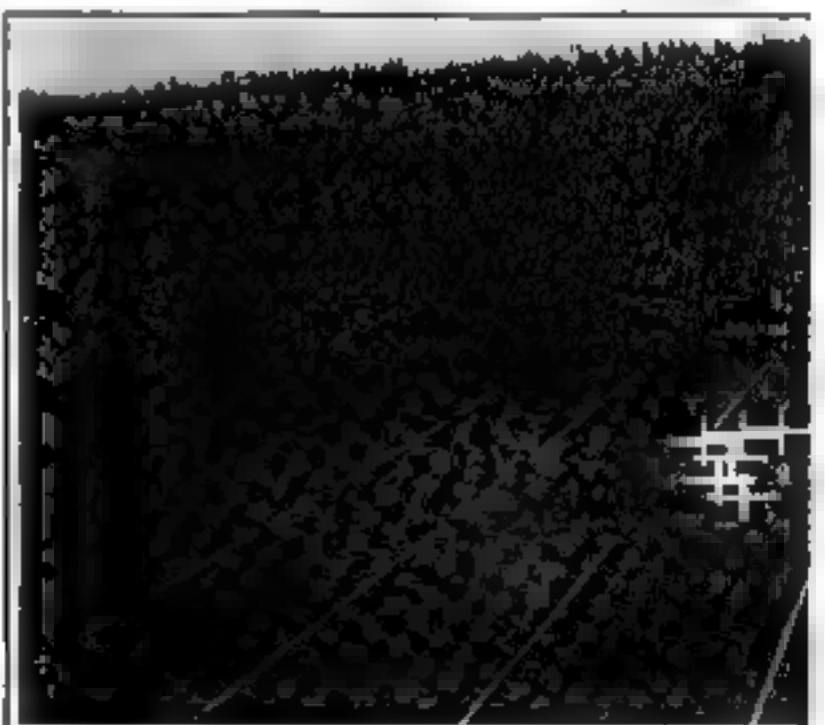
ASSISTED BY GOOD INTERFERENCE, CHADWICK KICKS! KICKS THE BALL TWENTY-FIVE YARDS THROUGH HARVARD'S LINE. *Harv.*



CHADWICK'S PRESUMED INTENT TO TAKE DOWN FOR A TOUCHDOWN FOR YALE. - *Providence*



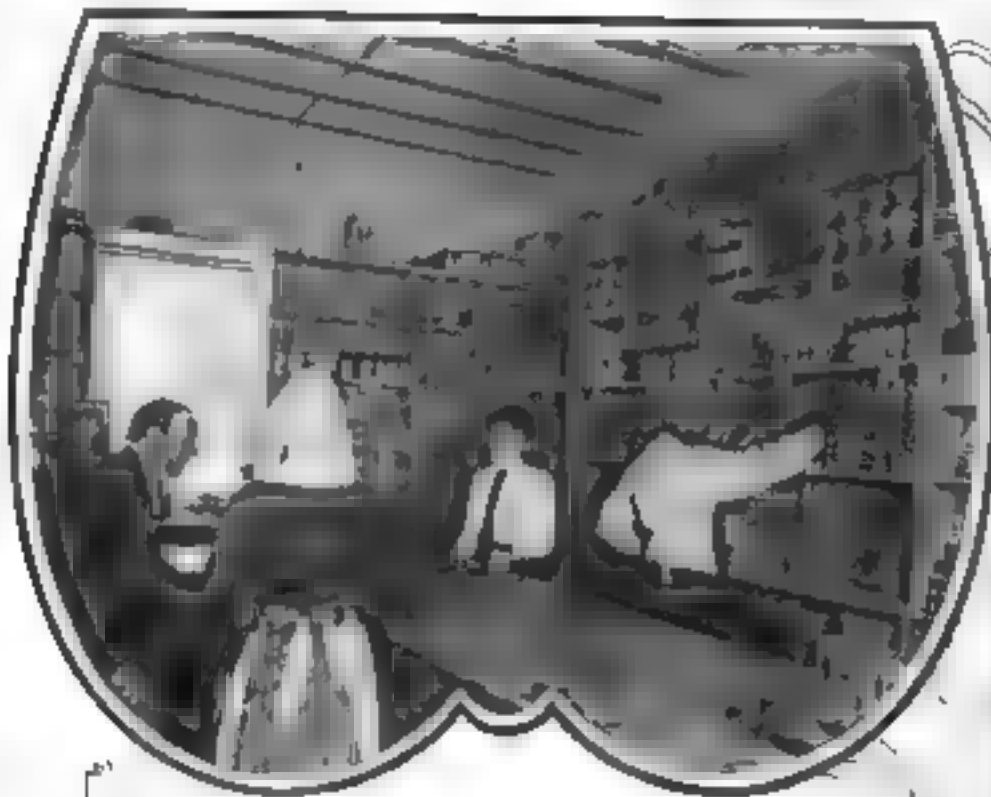
HARVARD MAN KICKS THE BALL BACK FAR DOWN THE FIELD. *Harv.*



CHADWICK'S THIRTY-YARD RUN THROUGH CENTER FIELD (HARVARD) TACKLED HIS AND BOTH FALL HEAVILY. - *Providence*

GREATEST GRIDIRON CONTEST OF THE SEASON OF 1902

SIGNIFICANT PLAYS IN THE STRENUOUS GAME AT NEW HAVEN, IN WHICH YALE DEFEATED HARVARD, 21 TO 0.



A LITTLE TRYST AT THE HOOVERMAN CHURCH.



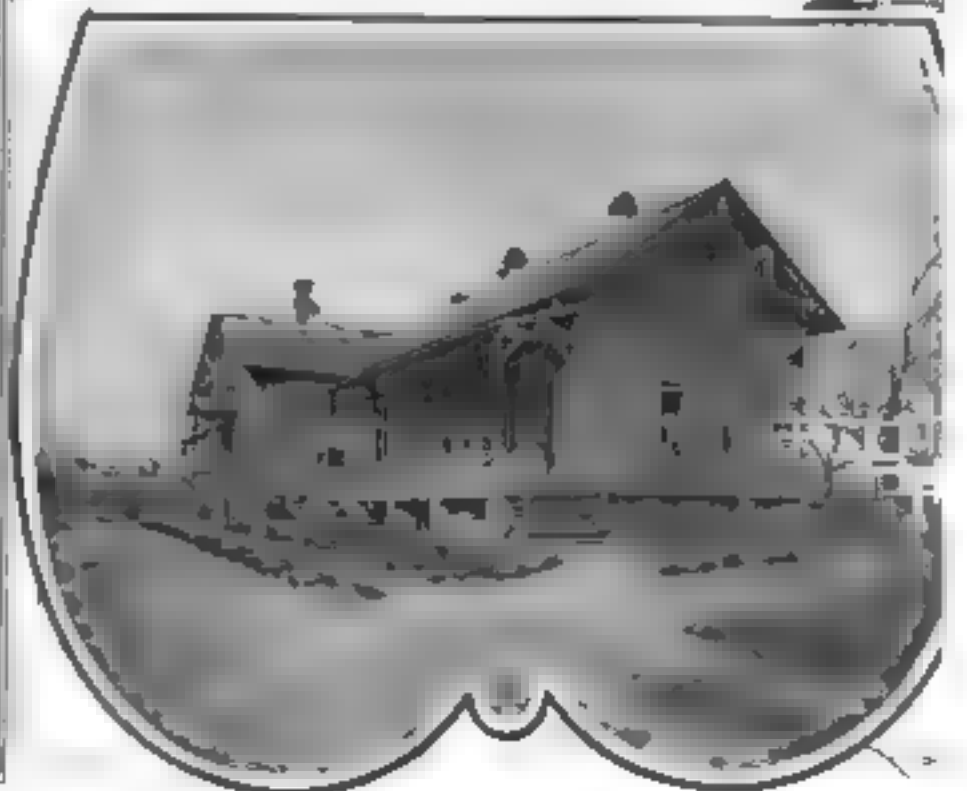
AN OLD LADY
AND HER
FRIEND
IN THE CITY



WORKING IN THE CITY OF THE OLD WOMEN OF THE ELDERLY.



A DEVOUT COUPLE LEAVING THE YOUNG-CLUB CHAPEL AFTER EVENING PRAYERS.



THE COTTAGE FOR AGED COUPLES AT THE ALMSHOUSE, BLACKWELL'S ISLAND.

HOW NEW YORK CARES FOR THE AGED POOR.

A NEW AND HAPPIER LIFE IN A SEPARATE COTTAGE FOR OLD COUPLES AT THE ALMSHOUSE.

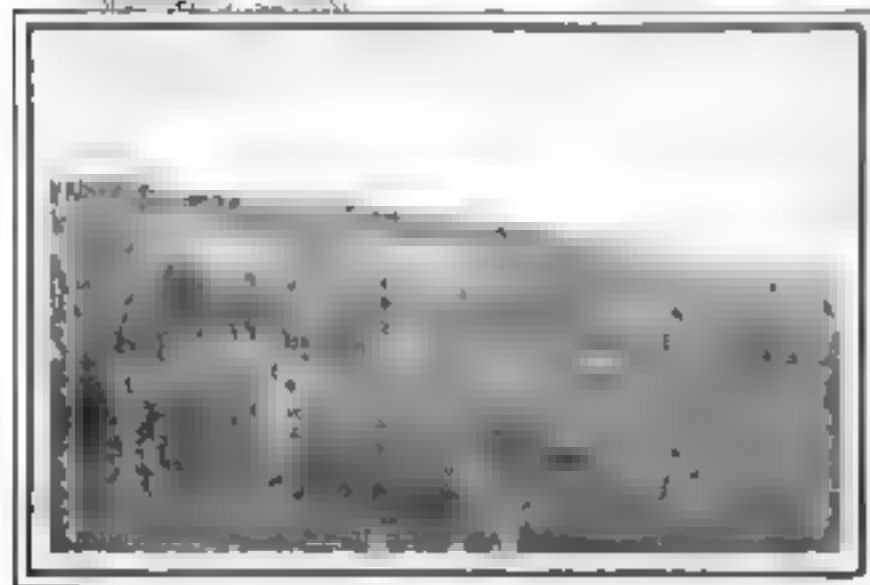
Photographs by our staff photographer G. E. Loring.



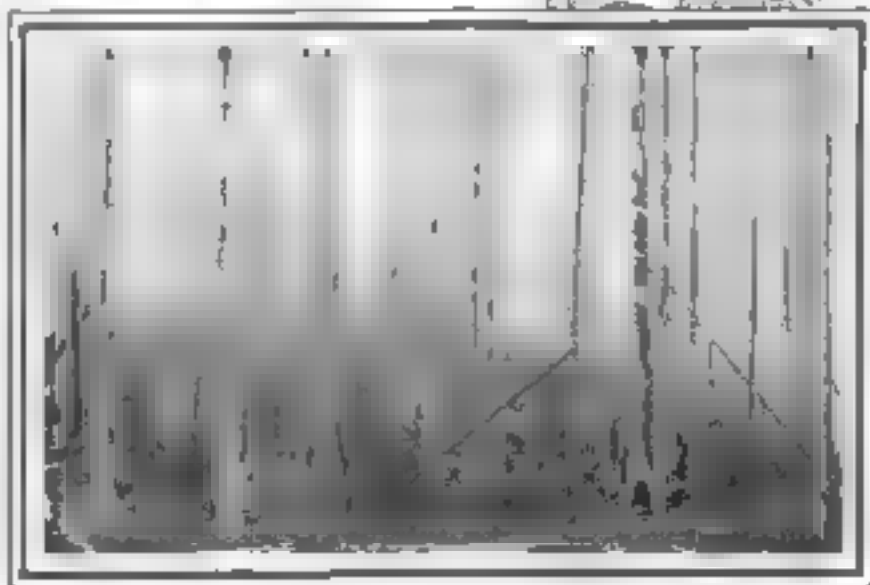
VIEW
OF THE
MOUNTAIN
FROM
THE
CAMP

VIEW
OF THE
MOUNTAIN
FROM
THE
CAMP

VIEW OF THE MOUNTAIN FROM THE CAMP



NATURE RE-ERECTING A WOUNDED-OVER TRUNK IN MOUNT RAINIER NATIONAL PARK, WASHINGTON.



BENT AND CHARRED TRUNKS OF FIRE-KILLED TREES, ON PINE RIVER, KANAWHA, IOWA.

MAGNIFICENT FORESTS THE PREY OF RAGING FLAMES.
COSTLY RAVAGES OF FIRE IN THE GREAT WOODLAND RESERVES OF THE WEST AND THE ADIRONDACKS.

The Most Successful Air-ship Ever Built

By Franklin Forbes

It is almost a fact that a practical air-ship will yet be constructed and in the meantime inventors and experimenters will be engaged in carrying out such things as have been started in making the field of the air. The biggest test of the Blount air-ship, August 10, 1908, at Paris and May 10, 1909, at the defense man-

tion of his aerial vessel, has been followed recently by a double attack of the harrier in the same air. The last of the series were Harry de Hirsley, the Hungarian aeronaut and his captain M. M. M. The two were awarded in a so-called dirigible balloon from the same spot as did Hirsley, but the construction was not at the level of the wind and finally the same attacking force to the great gas bag broke the air was dashed upon a considerable height to the ground and its occupants were killed.

It was only by a narrow margin that Santos-Dumont himself in one of his aeroplanes some time ago, escaped death, his air-ship having dropped upon a building. While disasters such as these will not have a deterrent effect on the well-meaning enthusiasts, the latter should be more careful hereafter to at least make their craft aerodynamically sound. The aeronaut, who took to heart the lesson taught by Hirsley's fall, looked to his harrier before he started, and was rewarded for his precautions with a notable fortunate trip. This prudent and careful navigator has made, since a young Englishman, the hero of a thousand parachute descents.

Mr. Spence made a twenty-mile flight over London in an air-ship of his own construction on the 15th of September. Starting near the Crystal Palace he made for the great dome of St. Paul's but the air was so thick over the river that he had to turn westward. He cut circles and figure eights along the Thames valley and then struck out for the open country. At dusk with only enough petroleum left in the fuel tank to last for ten minutes, he alighted upon a wheat meadow in a pasture in Middlesex and took his machine home on a narrow cart. Unfortunately it was the most remarkably successful landing ever made by an air-ship.

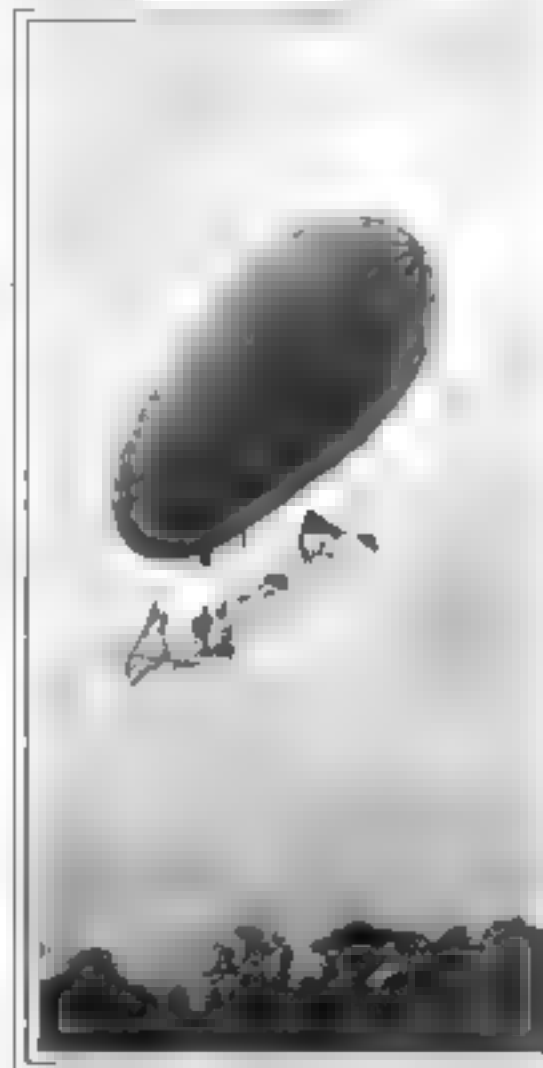
Spence, who has been building balloons all his life, has had his father and his grandfather before him made free to make the making of balloons of the design of the Santos-Dumont balloon. The Spence air-ship has the torpedo-shaped bag the long front skeleton the bag double-shouldered, propelled driven by a petroleum engine. It is not quite as large or powerful as the real one which the Frenchman won the Deutsch prize but it is perfect in its way. The designer gave his attention chiefly to making it a safe craft to navigate. The motor is some ten feet from the escape valve and the exhaust pipe which goes free in flight, is covered with wire gauze, like a motor's safety lamp. An automatic valve opens when the balloon expands beyond the safety point. The propeller is so far from giving the balloon the appearance of being hunched. This construction keeps all the design and construction within sight of the navigator.

Another ingenious novelty is a safety lock, or sliding

around the balloon internally. Similar the bag used was immediately becomes the rim of a great upturned. The aeronaut will build a bigger and more perfect balloon. An interested spectator at an event at grounds on the day of the flight was M. Hirsley, who had killed all the previous attempts at air ships.



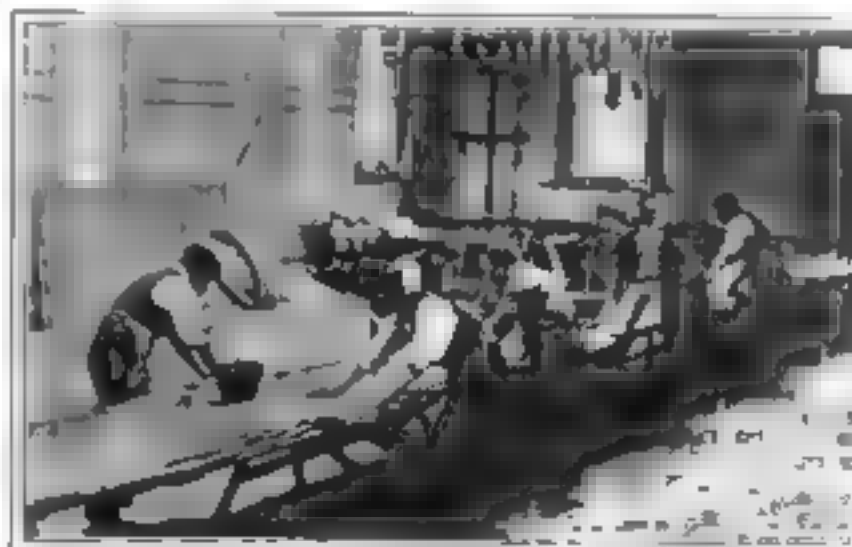
MEETING THE GERMAN GOD-FRED, JUST BEFORE HIS VOYAGE BEGAN.



SPENCE'S DIRIGIBLE AIR-SHIP LOWERED FROM THE CRYSTAL PALACE GROUNDS.



WORKMEN ENGAGED IN CONSTRUCTING THE SKELETON-LIKE CAR.



PUTTING A THICK COAT OF VARNISH ON THE RIG OF THE BIG BALLOON.

How Animals Fight.

WITH SOME domestic animals, such as the cat and dog, for example, are fond of making a sham battle, appearing to be fighting as a rule when animals engage in combat they do so with a fixed and double purpose. And in these combats, as in others, the fight is not merely on the thing. As a European collector of light tank place recent, between a prize fight and an Indian fight. The advantage in the animal activity was so far on the side of the white bear, but the result of the fight was somewhat unexpected. The smaller and backward wolf beat the white bear without difficulty and suffered very little harm. Among the antelopes there is one species, a sable antelope, which is not only a cold fighter in self-defense, but has devised a system quite as ingenious as those taught in school at arms. It has very long, pointed horns bending backward. If wounded or attacked by dogs, it lies down, thus presenting all the exposed under parts, but abandoning apparently both the power of movement and the advantage of height. But by swinging its neck, or turning its head it can cover its whole body by strokes of its powerful and sharp horns, just as a fence covers the body with his hat. Mr. C. M. M. says that it will kill any dog which attacks it in this position, which it probably also adopts when defending itself against wild enemies.

tion, which it probably also adopts when defending itself against wild enemies.

In the pit-bull battles which sometimes take place between the great cattle and the largest and most powerful of the oxen, the forces of animal courage, desperation and deadly strength must be exhibited on a scale never elsewhere seen. Such combats, however, are not without their own interest and will be frequently described. Two of these same combats, however, in which an ox and a lion from the same area, it is probable that such combats there is a single combat, but it is hardly to be supposed that the buffalo could escape from more than one lion. The number of feet pounds of energy put into such a struggle must be something extraordinary. The efforts of a lion, which can strike a man's arm from the shoulder and leave it hanging by a strip of skin, or which can carry a row over a high obstacle, endeavoring unsuccessfully, in close grips, to drag down or disable a buffalo bull must be on a gigantic scale, and the strength which can shake him off and as it is believed occasionally crush the bone afterward, must be even more gigantic. A buffalo bull has been recorded such engaging three lions in mortal combat, and making a good fight before he was disabled by one of the lions hamstringing him by biting his legs from behind.

Need Teeth.

SCIENCE FAVORING OF TOOTH POWER, FROM LACK OF A QUANTITY. M. C.

"A few years ago, mother had her teeth all taken out, leaving in this way to believe her suffering, but told and it left her quite as usual in this, the wearing of her teeth at the proper position of food were explained, possible in that in the spring of 1907 she died rapidly and only with the way and in many weeks and began to improve in health.

At the call of her physician he said she absolutely take more nourishment, something with grapes. Grape-Nuts. I immediately obtained a package prepared some with good rich cream and fed her for a teaspoon. She began to take it regularly and liked food so well she would ask between times if we had a ready for her. She began to improve in health.

It is now three months since she began eating food. She has fully recovered her health, looks healthy and is fresher and stronger, normally and physically, for many months previous.

"Grape-Nuts, making the improvement for her, it seemed impossible to get from any other kind of food. Name given by Postum Co., Inc., New York, N.Y."



OPENING OF THE GRAND-OPERA SEASON
CHARMS OF MUSIC ATTRACT THE WEALTH AND BEAUTY OF THE METROPOLIS



N-NEW YORK'S FASHIONABLE DIVERSION.

ANIMATED SCENE BEFORE THE RISE OF THE CURTAIN Drawn for *Levee's Weekly* by Ch. H. H. H.



AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—NEW YORK WINS
TRANSIENT SCENES IN LIFE'S GREAT KALEIDOSCOPE FIXED FOR ALL EYES BY WATCHFUL CAMERISTS

(SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ADVERTISEMENT ELSEWHERE IN THE ISSUE)

In the World of Sports

MILLIONAIRE'S IMMENSE SPORTING GROUND HOUSE SHOW A PURELY SOCIAL FUNCTION FOOTBALL STRUGGLE ENDED



CAPTAIN EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.

It was a most interesting scene at the Yale athletic grounds in the city of New Haven, Conn., on Saturday afternoon, when the football team of the Yale University and the team of the New Haven Athletic Club met on the field for a game. The game was a most interesting one, and the result was a tie. The game was played on a most beautiful field, and the spectators were most numerous. The game was a most interesting one, and the result was a tie.

When the game was over, the Yale team was victorious. The game was a most interesting one, and the result was a tie. The game was played on a most beautiful field, and the spectators were most numerous. The game was a most interesting one, and the result was a tie.

Harbo was a Yale athlete. He was a most interesting player. He was a most interesting player.

He was a most interesting player. He was a most interesting player. He was a most interesting player.

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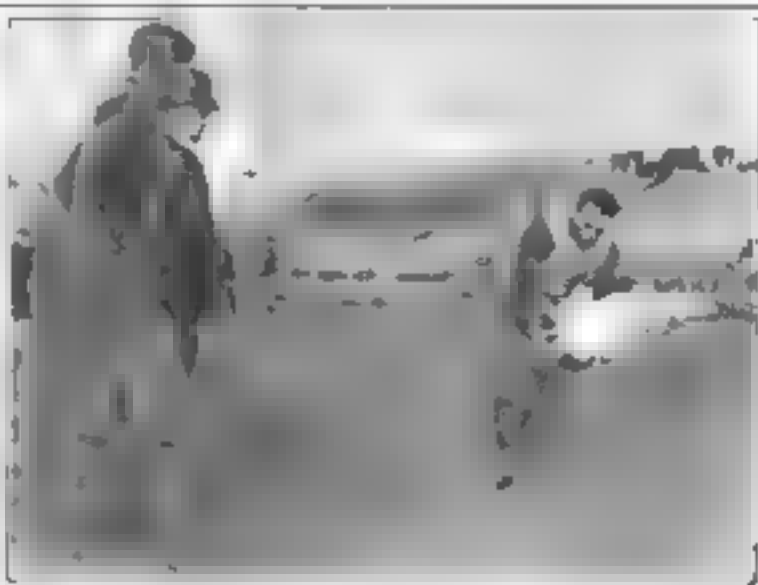
EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.



EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.



EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.



EDWARD M. Harbo, Yale athletic captain.



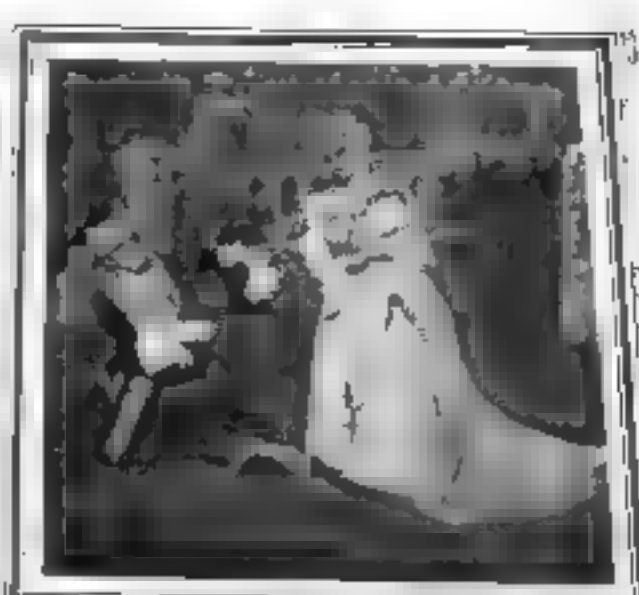
EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.



EDWARD
M. Harbo, Yale
athletic captain.



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1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 278: 1033-1038.

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CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM



III. CHALLENGE = ALICE



ACT 1 OF "OLD LINKS TOWN"



АВТОРИ И ПЛАТФОРМА

THE HEIGHT OF NEW YORK'S DRAMATIC SEASON

SOME OF THE LEADING ATTRACTIONS NOW PRESENTED, AND PLAYERS WHO ARE SCORING SUCCESSSES

LES LIE'S

WEEKLY

No. 2466

New York, December 11, 1941

CARONDELET STREET, NEW ORLEANS'S BUSIEST FINANCIAL CENTRE

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

THAT PLANE is supposed to be for all "infidel dogs" which ever happen like August says and reveals the



THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
The University of Chicago Press
54 East

However, the fact that the court with a panel, including a woman has proved to be a factor that is different from those mentioned in the court the case of the Sultan of Morocco and indeed was an assurance that the military should be brought before the law by personally. Meanwhile, he announced that he is the Sultan, Father, a man who is just outside the city and is the place in Morocco, and the opportunity from which matters are by nature. He was however dragged forth by the Sultan, a direct reference to justice to the palace. He made no secret of what he had just declared that he would kill all who threatened. The Sultan gave orders that the military should be placed in a mobile unit driven through the streets to all corners of police stations. He said that publicly was the first time he was the president of the Sultan is he therefore it has entered justice to the king in the West, but a king as they are being dragged out from Sultan Father to be executed. However, such behavior in Morocco, and in which a community is guided by the law and justice as well as a community is in itself through the power of the state, which is equally as the justice of the law. In fact, it is a good thing that the law and justice of the law is a good thing. And indeed, the law and justice of the law is a good thing. And indeed, the law and justice of the law is a good thing.

THEY were well-known men and their friendship had a special significance for the person to whom it was being bestowed. The man whose life was now being so thoughtfully remembered had been a patient supporter of the cause of his fellow-countrymen, whose example he had imitated throughout his life. He was a devoted member of the Temple Society and his American friends were his most generous supporters in the person of the poet in his day of World War. Being so acquainted with the poet, a number of his friends and acquaintances and the writer found it something of a surprise that he should have chosen to publish his memorial notice in all the leading part of the magazine was gradually sent to the air carried away in a single English. There was, however, a trap for the unwary in the person of an old man, a member of the Englishman who increased his English personal remembrance to Tennyson by adopting the same name. This consisted of a huge soft felt hat, whose Latin appellation in the proportions of a small umbrella and a veritable cloud which marked him in every crowd. This disguise, the doubt was, according to the eager recognition of strangers, and enjoyed a reputation of his change so successful in the English equipment. It was therefore that the double was caused to write poetry.

FOR ME it is the light which in recent years has been shed upon the civilization of ancient Babylon, that



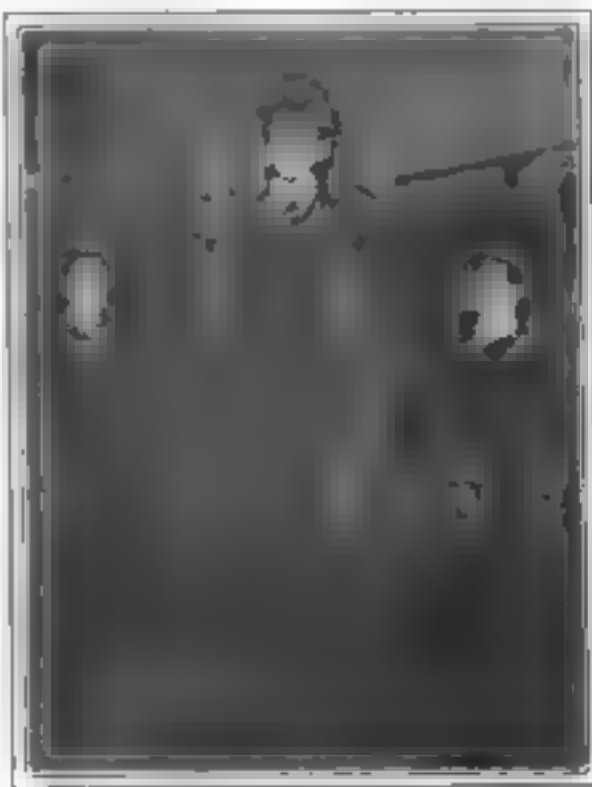
PROF. HERMAN F. HILFERTZ.
Famous American Astronaut and first
back from his exploring tour

ders in the ruins of the Temple of Bel, the marvellous
on them revealing the life of the Assyrian people as far
back as 1800 B.C. The ruins at Nippur cover about
500 hundred acres and offer perhaps, the richest field

now known for Biblical archaeology. Evidence of the Jewish captivity have been found here by Professor Hippius in the shape of horns containing figures of deities offered to have been sent to torment the Jews, and every inscription on these relics bears the words:

In the name of Jehovah, Amen. On the occasion of his recent and latest visit to the East Professor Hilprecht employed himself in examining and deciphering tablets secured from the ruins of Nimrud. Many of these inscriptions were stored in the Imperial Ottoman Museum at Constantinople, and Dr Hilprecht spent some time organizing a scientific section by request of the Sultan. A magnificent collection of tablets and other valuable material has been preserved by the explosion due to earth quake vibrations under whose impact the latest excavations have gone out and in to some extent a series of letters between the university on the results of his work. Professor Hilprecht is known and honored throughout the learned world for his remarkable achievements in epigraphy and his varied numerous publications upon Egyptian, Assyrian and Semitic matters. He is a native of Germany where he was born in 1855 and received his education at the universities of Leipzig and Erlangen. He arrived at the chair of Assyriology at the University of Philadelphia in 1900. Professor Hilprecht is the author and editor of numerous volumes on cuneiform inscriptions and allied subjects and is regarded as the founder of Hittite studies in Germany and the continental world. He will now leave tomorrow for the eastern part of the Asian and Babylon at the Euphrates valley.

ATHLETIC FILMS: are many underway on record of persons who are noted for attitude of sports. Some of them are now being made. The first one entered on the list of those of persons who are noted for attitude of sports is that of Edward Thompson of Wilkes-Barre, Pa. Thompson is said to be the tallest human in the world.



17 William Street, N. E. The oldest store in the world. H. Ward

ought have three inches in length and weigh three hundred and seventy pounds. He weighs a hundred ten but is twenty-one-inch tall, and is square twenty-four deep. His hands are ten inches long and his feet spread nearly as fifty-six inches. Although he is already past his largest size he is just about one year and the halves ago that he will not be glad time to be present tonight before the ship's company. The young man is somewhat shy and embarrassed when his parents are his only company and ought not to be all his size but he is not less than six feet. He is of French descent and finds it difficult to express himself in English. Until five years ago his occupations were that of a student but he had to abandon that line of work on account of his increasing illness. It seems probable that the return of his late strength will redress to the circus or the museum as the means of earning a livelihood.

THE NOTION that Lord Kitchener of Khartoum, and also of Pretoria, is a woman-hater has been pretty well dispensed of by the doing of the hero himself more by return from South Africa, but there can be no doubt of his opinion of the womanish side in his return from Egypt a young social lady asked to present her his autograph which he intended to have worked up into a paper-lane handkerchief he took out of his pocket Kitchener took up the wanted handkerchief with the remark "Just covers, I presume?" No, no, his own. A very pretty pattern, isn't it?" replied the young lady. "Very," answered Kitchener. "What is your name in Latin, please?"

COLONEL STENNIS, inspector-general of the police force of the colony of British Guiana, has a strong penchant for the "gait of old Genl." The trait had not been seen in the city of Georgetown within living memory, and when he made his appearance on the street a few hours after his arrival yesterday, attracted the airy con-

tone of the Highlands, his appearance gave rise to much excitement among the old negroes sitting on benches in the market square. Mr. Campbell, a gentleman, even of birth, saw the youth cannot see how the race has entered in connection with him, and he knew the value of the property for sale.

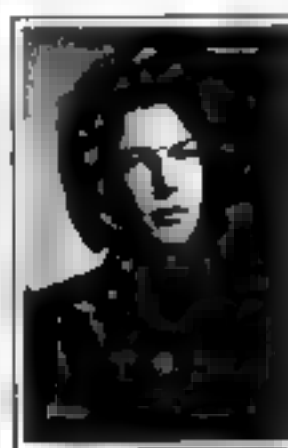
THE WISE observation on the spelling of *ok* is to affect the time change and word change with *o.k.*

[illegible][illegible]

THE MARY friends of Professor Savage to whom work in connection with Social Science at Annapolis, Md., has won the highest praise will be glad to hear that he has established the Marine School for Girls at Annapolis, Md., occupying the large army buildings in that garden city of New England only seven miles from Annapolis. We know of no other prominent feature in his development of mind with look of the (raising of girls in general, physical and intellectual than that which Professor and Mrs. A. W. H. has established on one of the most beautiful spots on the New England. The great home of this college occupies every corner and admits students to college without the usual examination. The general course of the new school will provide special work such as the preparation of high class particularly those, and an examination for the purpose of entrance.

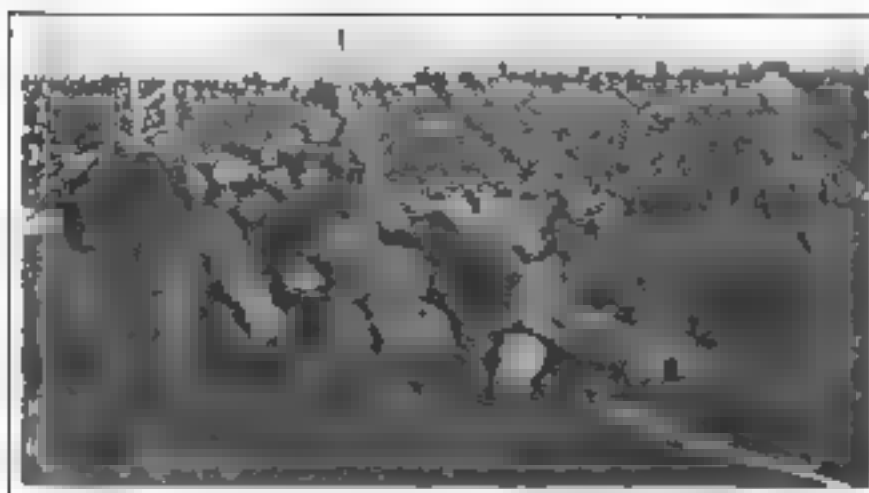
On May 20th of 1953, CHARLES the Third of the United Kingdom who is now visiting Seattle in company with his wife, her English papers are still in our possession which, perhaps, they would not wish to have. It was that night that I attended a dinner given by the American relatives to a gathering which Chamberlain attended since when a guest at the British Legation in Washington in which an American girl said of him "so in fact tonight in her dress I knew how to dance. He takes such a little step that you think he must have practiced as a postman." It was during this visit at Washington that Chamberlain met Miss Endicott who afterwards became his wife. "I was certain enough to make a great fool of me," Chamberlain has been known to boast in his return. "I had my secret documents with which you would be familiar, and I am glad to say that even the high Senate of the United States had nothing to do with my private negotiations."

PEOPLE IN Troy, N. Y., think they have the hottest music in all the Salvation Army. Mike Be



THE BERTHA COVILIN.
A. BERTHOLOTTI, Artista e Inventore. L. 10
M. 1000. N. 1

and her bright and attractive face engages every eye to see and look at her the greater time as she goes about the city on the errands of loving duty to which this strenuous work of the Lord is dedicated.



WEST HINDS VILLOUS SLEIGH; THREE PLANT TENDERS; 14 JUNE WITH WAVE. CAPTAIN,
LAWYER, COUNTRY OF ILLINOIS. EOW



DECELA (FOOTNOTED) ASKED TO SEE; BELL ON COLUMBIAN WALKED DOWN ST COLUMBIAN
 SYNOPSIS THE GAME. Cards

TWO IMPORTANT CLOSING EVENTS OF THE FOOTBALL SEASON

Birth of a Curious and Successful Money-making Idea

By George McNulty

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

His plan took the form of an ingenious lie to a big, dark New England man, with whom he has no church work in common but who, when captured, was one of the best of men with a quarter all of which his struggle was destined to win, and which he had in a higher measure if any, please, the C O Survey award.

1. The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the plane was the cold, crisp air. It felt like a fresh blanket after a long, hot journey. The sun was shining brightly, and the birds were chirping happily. I took a deep breath and felt a sense of peace wash over me.

1. *What is the purpose of the study?*
 The purpose of the study is to investigate the effect of the independent variable on the dependent variable.

[illegible]

it begins at some point to draw interest. The second time if it doesn't catch on, it'll be like bank money when you are making it a "cash" tag."

[illegible]

The following table shows the increase in the savings banks since 1890. The total of the deposits in the savings banks in 1890 was \$1,000,000, and in 1900 it was \$1,000,000,000. The following table shows the increase in the savings banks since 1890. The total of the deposits in the savings banks in 1890 was \$1,000,000, and in 1900 it was \$1,000,000,000.

[illegible]

their own risk. The Bureau assumes no responsibility and assumes no part of the risk. The U. S. Bureau Co. will send into your town a couple of men to secure your depositors for you, and all that is required of you is the name of a competent agent while waiting for the check to be required until the depositor has been received by the U. S. Bureau Co. and returned by the bank.

Mr. J. J. Hanna, Cleveland, has written a most suggestive note already but it looks queer as if he would have a unique and valuable method of carrying out it. I had a most interesting talk with Mr. Hanna in his office No. 13-2 Park Row the other morning, and he emphatically disclaimed any intention of doing a missionary work and declared that like the rest of us he is after that glittering thing which stands for success and would spare no efforts to obtain it. Now I like water-catchers like that. We would all be probably tough as he needed not be money-

and the beer and wine bottles follow the use of Alitalia, the Original Anunciato Waters. At grocers'



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EXAMPLES ARE LOANED TO THE AFB ON DAY 10 BEFORE AT DDCS

BIGGEST AND MOST POWERFUL WEAPON OF WAR IN THE WORLD

MUCH 150-TON STEEL-BOX CANNON CONSTRUCTED AT WATERLOO (N. Y.) ARSENAL SHIPPED IN THE PORT AT SANDY HOOK. Photograph by James H. Lloyd



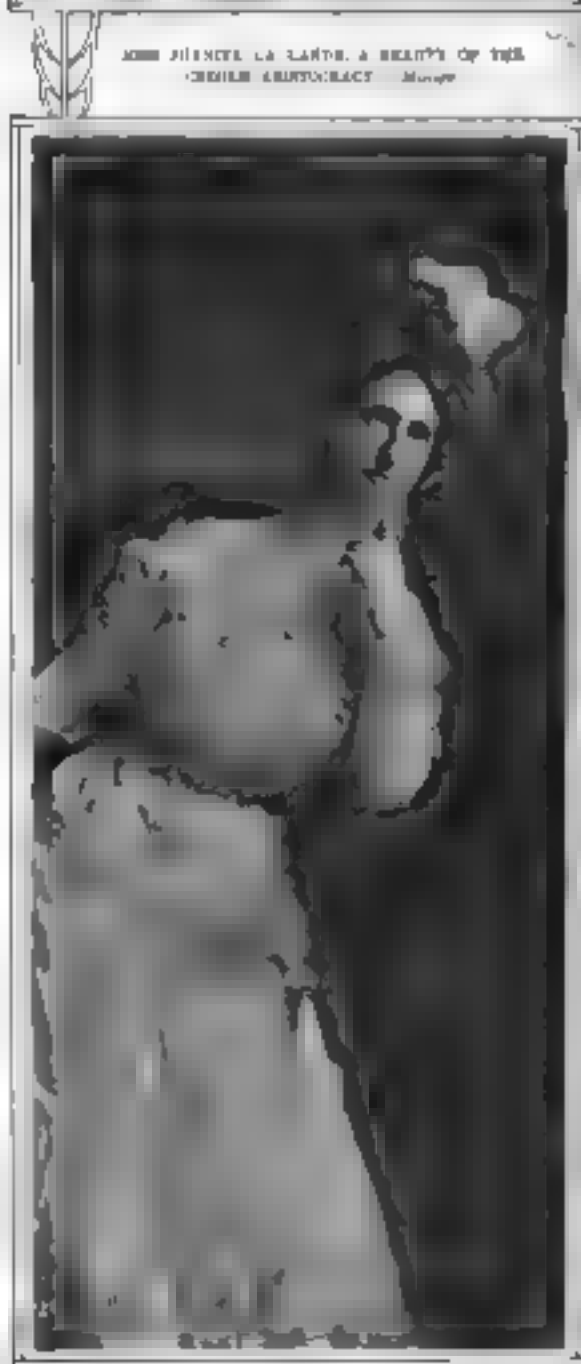
MRS. PIERRE RIVET, A PROMINENT MERCHANT
OF THE CRESCENT CITY



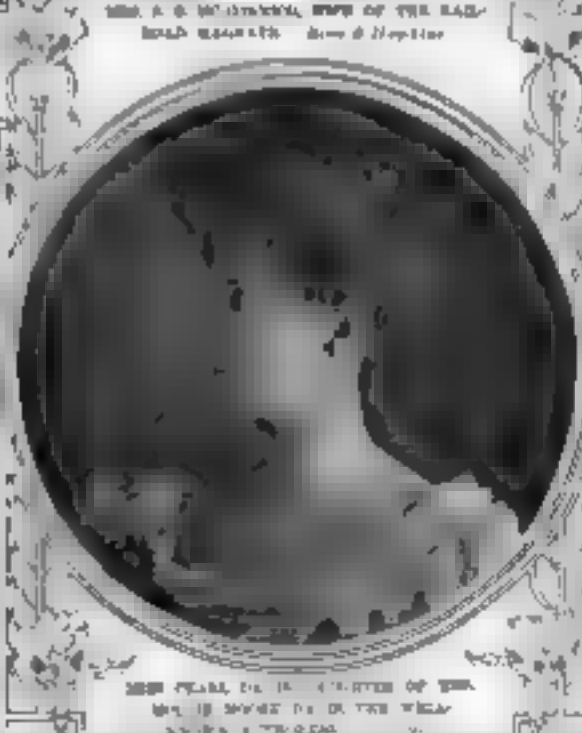
MRS. A. C. WHITCOMB, WIFE OF THE RAIL-
ROAD GENERAL



MRS. BANCROFT, BEAUFORT, BEAUFORT
OF GENERAL BANCROFT'S BEAUFORT



MRS. PAULINE HENGE, DAUGHTER OF A PROMINENT
MERCHANT



MRS. FRANK RAYNE, WIFE OF A PROMINENT COTTON
MERCHANT



MRS. THOMAS WILFORD, THE LAST QUEEN OF THE
CRESCENT CITY



BEAUTIFUL WOMEN PROMINENT IN NEW ORLEANS SOCIETY.
REPRESENTATIVE TYPES OF SOUTHERN BEAUTY FOR WHICH THE WOMEN OF THE CRESCENT CITY ARE NOTED.



BEAUTY AND FASHION AT THE FAMOUS NEW ORLEANS FRENCH OPERA

INTERIOR OF THE PRESS-ROOM, LOOKING FROM THE LEFT SIDE OF THE STAGE. NEW ORLEANS IS VISIBLY FROM THE OLD INSTITUTION. WHICH IS THE ONLY ONE OF ITS KIND IN AMERICA. IT IS MAINTAINED BY MOTHER AS A LADIES RESIDENCE AND IS THE CENTER OF SOCIAL LIFE IN THE REFORMED COLONY CITY

2. *Interpretation of the results*

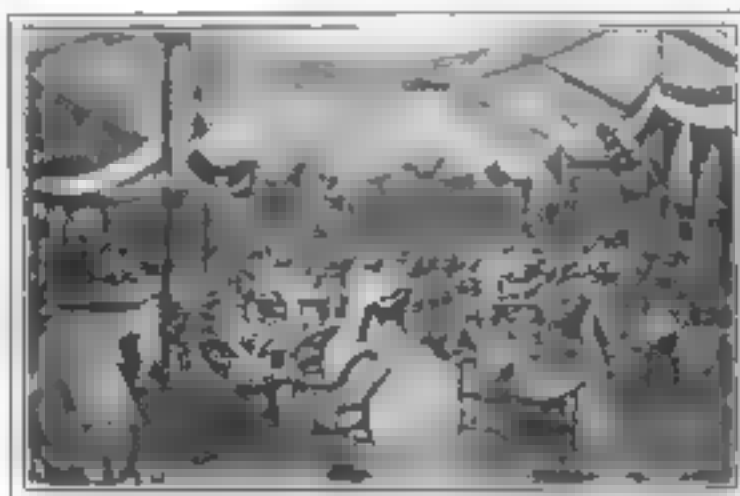
It's important to write down in one or two lines. Then, the author might be more with its thousand purposes.

[illegible]

old Tony who have attained international reputation. What (perhaps less) has not been noted at home is shown by

[illegible][illegible]

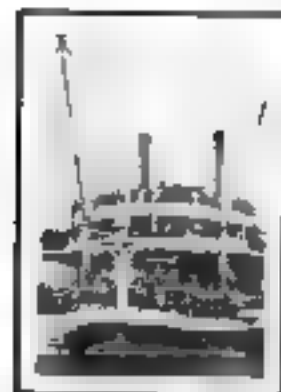
country like ours and should be in safe and
where it is found & history of New England will

[illegible]

BEAUTIFUL PALM GROVE ON THE WAY AT 14124 South THE LARGEST
ISOLATED PALM GARDEN IN THE UNITED STATES. *For more info*



7. PLANTING AND/OR
REMOVING TREES
ON THE SITE.



國立中央研究院 附屬 圖書資訊學系 圖書資訊學研究所
2002 年 12 月 10 日



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CLARK HALL, TORONTO UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO,
TORONTO



PAULUS PLEINTE OPKRA THUUK, 'DE
DE TIE AITIAITUNE' *Beeldend*



JAMES E. BLAINE,
Secretary American Bankers' Association,
New York.



CHARLES H. HUNT
The vice president of the American Bankers'
Association, New York.



WILLIAM C. FITZGERALD,
Assistant Secretary American Bankers'
Association, New York.



G. W. HAYS,
President American Bankers' Association,
New York.



C. B. STARN,
Captain and philanthropist, New Orleans.



F. G. WHELAN
OF New Orleans, Vice President American Bankers'
Association, New York.



WILLIAM F. WOODWARD,
President American Bankers' Association,
New Orleans.



NATHAN F. BESSIE
OF Cleveland, visiting president of the
Bankers' Association, New Orleans.



ANDREW B. BLAINE,
Proprietor of the New Orleans Times and Tribune,
and printer of the New Orleans Proprietary Press,
New Orleans.



J. W. CARTER,
President of the National Bank and Trust Company,
New Orleans.

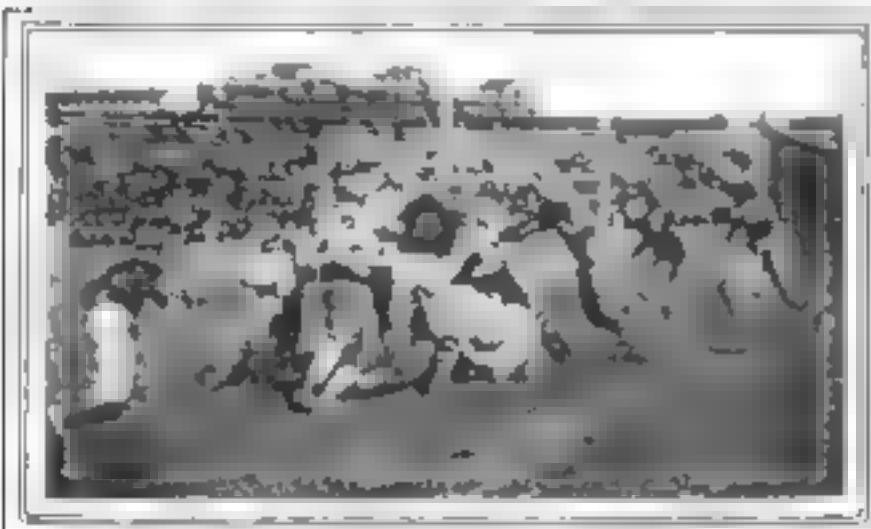


ALBERT BALDWIN, JR.,
President of National Bank of New Orleans,
New Orleans.

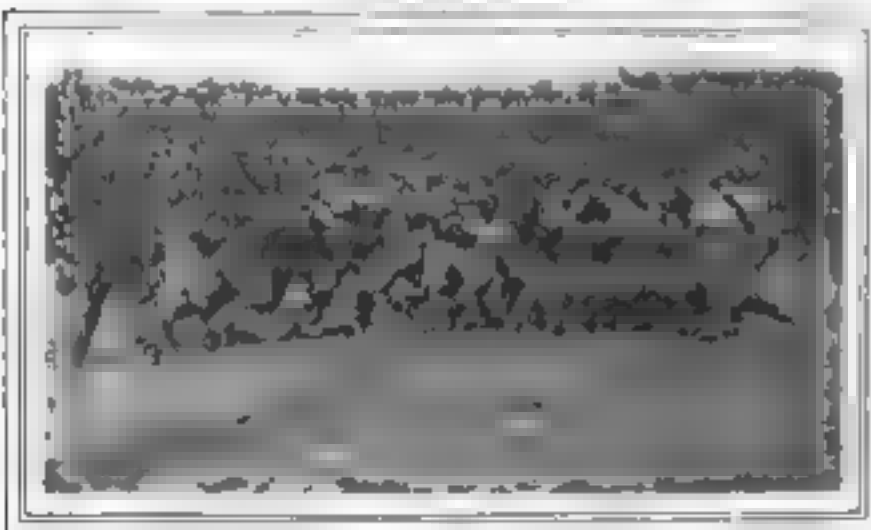
THE CRESCENT CITY'S WELCOME TO THE BANKERS
DISTINGUISHED VISITORS AT THE CONVENTION OF THE AMERICAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION, AND PROMINENT NEW
ORLEANS FINANCIERS WHOSE HOSPITALITY MADE THE EVENT MEMORABLE.



SUPER PANORAMIC VIEW OF STADIUM AND FIELD AT HARVARD



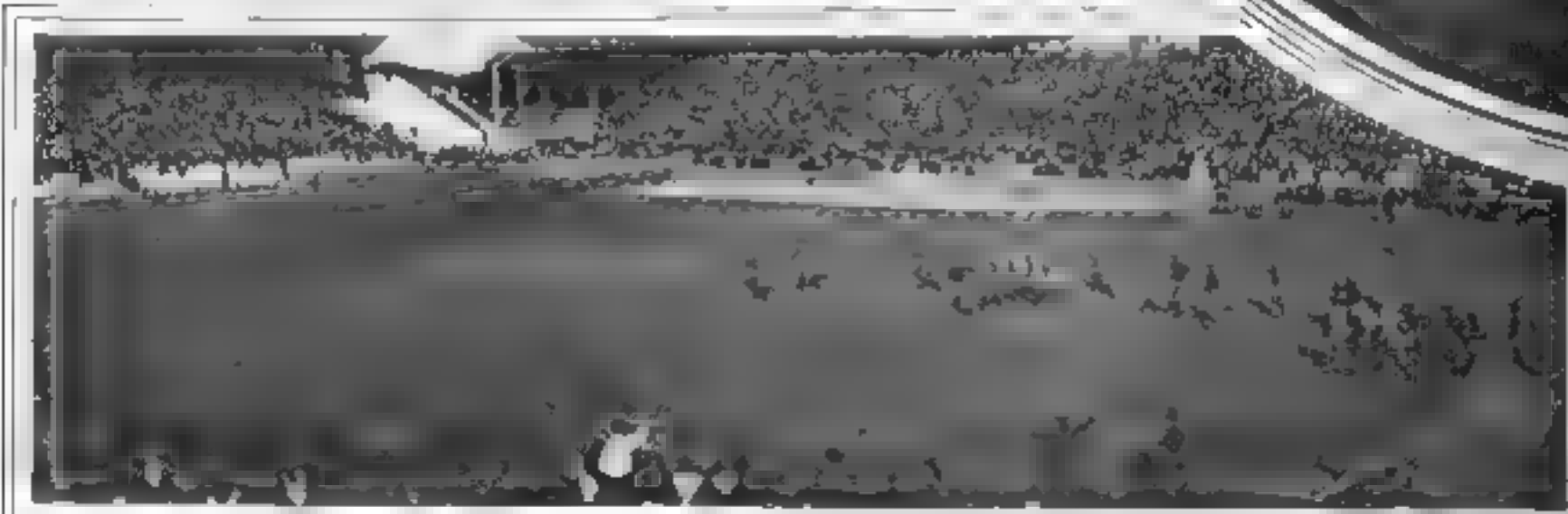
QUINCY (YALE) MAKES A NIGHT SPUR FOR FIRST TOUCHDOWN IN YALE-HARVARD GAME



QUINCY (YALE) MAKES A NIGHT SPUR FOR FIRST TOUCHDOWN IN YALE-HARVARD GAME



QUINCY (YALE) MAKES A NIGHT SPUR FOR FIRST TOUCHDOWN IN YALE-HARVARD GAME



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QUINCY (YALE) MAKES A NIGHT SPUR FOR FIRST TOUCHDOWN IN YALE-HARVARD GAME

EVENTS OF NOTE IN THE PAST FOOTBALL SEASON
REMARKABLE PANORAMIC PHOTOGRAPH OF THE YALE-HARVARD MATCH AND OTHER



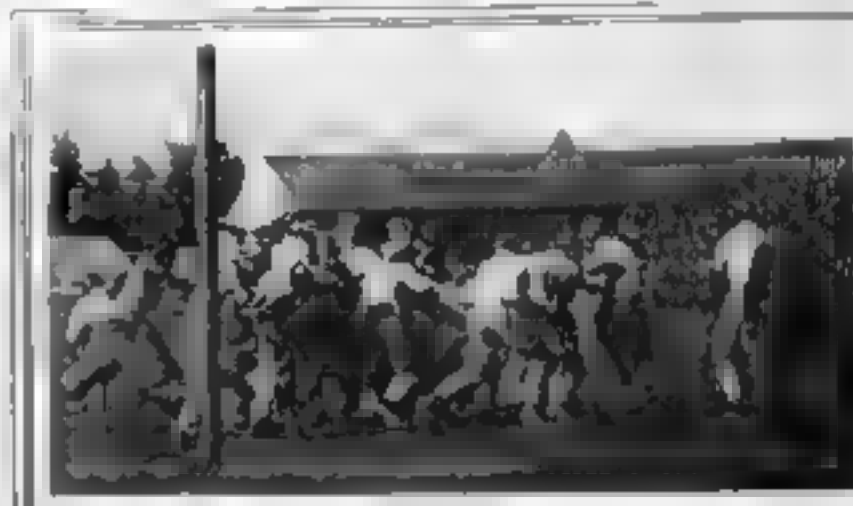
FAIR GAMES AND GAMES FOR THE PEOPLE. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR.



AND THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR.



THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR.



THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR.



THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR. THE FAIR IS THE FAIR.

FAIR.
The fair is the fair.
The fair is the fair.

SEASON, THE MOST INTERESTING FOR YEARS.

REPS OF INTEREST IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRINCIPAL GAMES. See footnote re page 550.

All on Account of a Chrysanthemum

By Ruby Douglas

"HE LOVES me, he loves me not. He——"

"Don't, Blanche, don't dream the flower. I'll tell you," George Hadwick covered the fluffy yellow chrysanthemum with his hand and looked into Blanche Ashbaugh's eyes. "May I?" he asked.

"How can you tell?" she smiled anxiously at him. "Have you counted these petals?" Her face was dangerously close to his.

"No, but——"

"Then," she interrupted, "you know nothing about it." Blanche conquered her hesitating. "He loves me, he loves me not."

The young man looked at her in silence for a moment. Again this elusive piece of girlhood had invited the very words he would say to her to his lips, and again she had run them off as they were formed for utterance. Then she had watched those long black curtains of her eyes to let him meditate on his narrow escape. Perhaps, too, she knew what a pretty contrast those sage-fleck eyes were to the pure pink and white of her skin.

"Blanche——"

"Then, George, when I'm counting. He loves me, he loves me not. He—— why, George Hadwick, how dare you! I'll never speak to you again. Give me that flower this minute!" A pretty crimson suffused her cheeks as she stood upright before him. "You've torn it to pieces."

George looked at the crumpled flower in his hand. "You've provoked me, didn't you, Blanche? I'm sorry but——"

"You're null! You needn't be. You're the most ungentlemanly person I ever knew and I will never in your old football game with you tomorrow. I won't go! No more!" She threw herself into a chair on the opposite side of the room.

Every attempt at reconciliation was in vain and George Hadwick left her unrepentant, unyielding.

"Perhaps," he thought as he walked toward his rooms, "the Ashbaughs have thought it was but could not stand the suspense. And she persisted in pulling the entire flower to pieces and not allowing her talking man. Yes, I was justified in taking it from her." With this self-administered consolation he entered the kappa kappa house.

But the next morning, Thanksgiving day, he somehow felt less pleased with himself and could think of nothing whatever for which to be thankful.

Even the confidence he had felt previously in the victorious result for his team in the big football game of the afternoon seemed to have vanished. What did he care who won if a certain smiling face with long black curtains

over the eyes was not in the grand stand to see the victory? His college spirit, too, had disappeared; he seemed to have been playing for a little girl, not for a college.

The problem was firm and a chilly November wind made the day ideal for the Thanksgiving but for the pep game. Both teams were so full of spirit that each can well be with the thought that they had personally eaten sparingly of a most inviting Thanksgiving dinner.

An enthusiastic gallery followed the pep game up and down the stadium. First to see and then to the other. Neither side had scored and the first half was almost over. College rules covering and waiting inside, he grand stand shakes when he sitting team put the ball in the first goal just as one was called.

What's the matter with Hadwick? He fumbled twice? Tom Higgs asked the question of the little girl by his side. He usually sees that Harvard moves before the second half. Must be sick.

Perhaps he is, answered Blanche Ashbaugh but she had not the courage of her own opinion. Her usual enthusiasm in a football game had left her and she sat in the grand stand pulling the petals one by one from a chrysanthemum.

If he stops plays that way in the second I won't give much for our chances, muttered Tom Higgs. He did not observe the number in which the eyes under those lashes looked at him. Perhaps it was just as well.

I'm tired sitting still, said Blanche when she had pulled off her one petal from the one pretty blossom. And it's cold. It's cold about what the game began again.

I remember well perhaps unconsciously Blanche but the way to the further end of the grand stand, he and under which she had seen the players disappear for their few minutes rest.

They leaned over the railing. "There are the players, Jack!" and Blanche, looking over and looking at the curb.

"Yes, and there's Hadwick right under us, lying there as if he had passed his last mile of election. He'd better wake up or he'll be the captain of a defeated team." Blanche gave the man at her side another glance which was anything but one of acquiescence.

"I'll drop this on his ear, shall I?" asked Blanche looking up the stairs with her hands behind her head.

It may wake him up, ventured Jack. He did not see the eager expression on his face at his side. How much depended on George Hadwick's finding the strength of the last petal night!

The Turkey or the Gridiron

By E. L. Selin

"PAPA, WHAT did they do Thanksgiving before they had football?"

Behold that which is likely to be a favorite query of the juvenile of twenty-five years from now!

Already back in the minds of two hundred thousand and more persons, is Thanksgiving week? I don't know! To football with church and take play second night. First of all it is that commemorates the women and struggles the clearest.

Crowds along the Atlantic coast, crowds upon the Pacific coast, crowds in the middle West and why not yet? To "give thanks"? No, not unless their eleven wins. To dine at a happy family board? No; not unless they can conveniently do so between refs.

"They have gathered for 'the game'."

What of this game for which through ten weeks, some forty young men have been battered and killed, pushed and pulled, wrestled to lean feet, exercise and hopes to see which men who know not even the name of one of the contestants will journey from Honolulu to Harvard, from the Yukon to Yale, which will warrant a class teacher in throwing shift his talk, his and his back in squashing it, which will make him and women high and low forget the most ordinary conventionalities of society not to mention the historic day and become fanatic?

To witness what other spectacle lasting an hour and a half will risk and poor pay from two to fifty dollars, and sit upon hard planks amid snow rain, and wind and snow dinner to do it?

Where is the glamour? Football is showy spectacle in classic gulf in picturesque tennis is dashing, ping-pong is artistic, but football—football is force. Art and skill necessarily are there, but the dominant element is force.

"Blood-lust" is the definition offered by a noted psychologist for the motive of football fever—blood-lust, a legacy from those times when our ancestors indulged in man-hunt among the primitive forests and fens, a legacy handed down through the gladiatorial ring and the knightly tourney to us of the moderns.

The dog which around, before getting himself, as did his progenitors of his kind, the infant sports in his side in the open. We do not jump at our football games to kill or to kill.

Here Thanksgiving was, as its name implies, a day of thanksgiving and prayer to the God of Plenty. Now, however, it is the day of battles whom we know.

Later Thanksgiving grew to be termed popularly turkey-day. Now the idea is becoming a misnomer. It ought to stand for turkey—the bird-eater and not the man-eater. It is not the bird-eater but the man-eater.

to the field. He took good management if any be—the turkey and the gridiron. But should it be the turkey or the gridiron—then on with the picture and off with the food.

Is a rule man to make judgments about his stomach then has now. Had enough as it for him to be lured from

A Sigh for Mother's Pie.

YOU may talk about your mother's pie, you twined dreams and desires.

You may think there's nothing sweeter than the pie that's off the table.

But keep your hungry stomachs, ever close your appetite try and let me have just one more piece of mother's apple pie.

I KNOW you're not in love, you're not in love the play.

With love to call the bluebirds and those who've just arrived.

I know they keep it off the table, but what's the reason why?

Is anything they cook or need as mother's pumpkin pie?

THE girl up at the small table, I've tried the dining chair,

And found they'd give me anything from above to whoppy here.

But I can never get myself, I have no taste for pie.

Why can't they think of me just once and give me mother's pie?

THE asked the question "Lone-again" of death and had—

birds, too.

The French man and the man who under the merry—

But they have lost the track, I'm sure, or really they would.

To please the people's name and name with mother's has

lost it.

I KNOW that I shall never seek a place of better luck.

Now do I ever think of wealth or comfort by and by.

But there's a hope I wish to hold before I am to die.

And so to have another chance to eat my mother's pie.

LESLIE'S

church—but when he is lured from his dinner, the case is exposed in all its seriousness.

Will football continue in the near future? Indications point that way. The game is no longer confined to the colleges. Athletic clubs, large and small, city wide or neighborhood nature have taken it up. High school and grammar school teams their teams. Uniforms in mother-made suits through parks and streets.

However, let us hope not. We only not fill the churches—too of this restless, high bredness, open-air

The big football player opened his eyes as if from a dream. He looked at the petal. Yes; he must be still dreaming. A dazed expression came over his face and he looked up to see in reality a smile which he had just seen fade in his dream.

The Harvard man-up as he second half was just getting one petal of a chrysanthemum that it was fresh in the first.

And the play whose weight was increased it ever so slightly surprised his opponent by his clever work. They had used him up as in old times. How could they see that little yellow bit of flower tucked under the dirty football suit?

"Hadwick isn't so sleepy, after all," said Tom, when he had exhausted his lung power cheering for Harvard's second touchdown.

"No!" said Blanche absently. She was too happy to listen to the mere platitudes of the man by her side. She could only read the messages conveyed from the gridiron in the glances of two big brown eyes.

All the way home Blanche talked excitedly with Tom Higgs. She was wondering if George would come that night as if he would wait until tomorrow. She felt sure George he would come.

"You played excellently in the second half, George," said Blanche, giving her hand to a big football player that was coming.

"Yes?" he asked, looking earnestly into her eyes.

"Yes," she replied, dreamily looking down at her hand in her. Nothing seemed to come to her lips. She could not speak with her usual flow of language.

With his disengaged hand the young man was fumbling in his pocket. Nothing but a withered yellow petal he looked at it.

It was that," he said, holding it up.

Blanche's color deepened. "May I tell you now what message it conveys, Blanche?" May I tell you what it is?"

"Isn't it a petal?" asked Blanche, smiling into his eyes, her old curiosity returning. She tried to regain possession of her hand.

And it means, he asked.

She did not reply.

I know it, he said, don't dream it!

Perhaps it did. At least the petal was held in a close

relationship between two hands while two young people said nonsense things about themselves.

And now a yellow chrysanthemum petal had curled between the leaves of a book and in only allowed to see daylight on Thanksgiving Day.

Great Financial Success of the Jews.

MR. ZANDWILL'S bold answer to the question, "Why do Jews succeed?" They don't!—is not substantiated by statistics. The Jews in his country are about one-eighth of the population, yet they claim one hundred and fifteen out of the last thousand millionaires of the United States, about two and a half times as many as they are entitled to. Even leaving out the backwoods, and confining the inquiry to the main population, it is found that the number of Jew millionaires is still disproportionately large.

A Soldier's Foe.

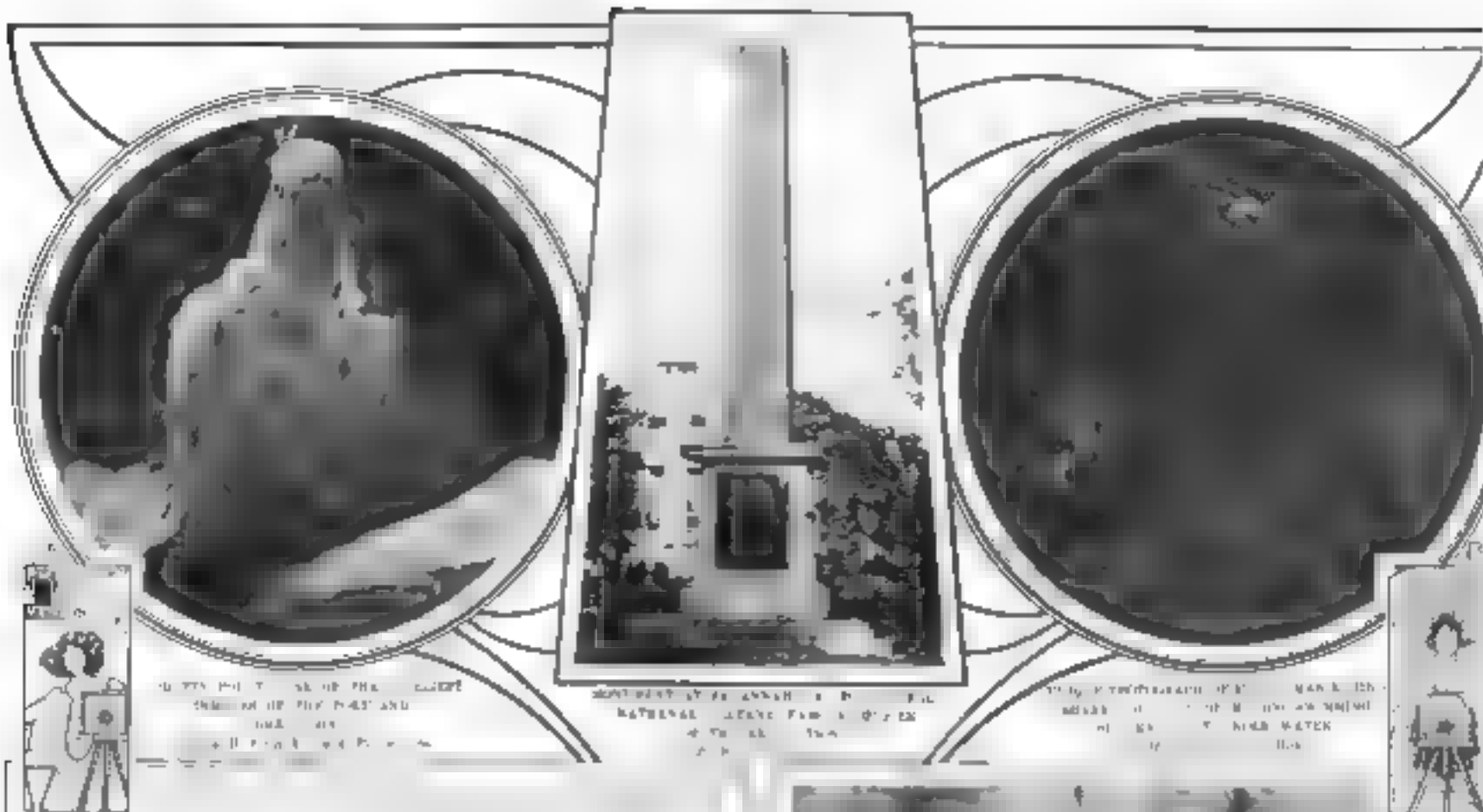
KNOWLEDGE DOWN BY UNLAWFUL ENEMY

Coffee so affects the brain and nerves that proper attention is interfered with and the final end is frequently nervous prostration.

During the Spanish American war I went with my troops to Chickamauga," says Lieutenant J. G. Talbot, Springfield, Mo. "If there is any one place on earth where one drinks more coffee than another it is in the army. It is a soldier's 'dark horse,' and I can assure you that I drank my share. A or several months of hard drilling my health gave out. The chief cause being coffee had and over-excitation and heat."

On the advice of the surgeon, I tendered my resignation and with my heart full of regret and my nervous system shattered, I returned home. Almost the first thing the doctor whom I consulted advised me was to quit coffee. That was the first instruction I got that coffee had anything to do with my condition. The next thing was, 'What shall I drink?'

My wife's mother used that Podum Food Coffee and knew how to make it right. I tried it and grew very fond of it. My nervous trouble soon left my old-time health came back and but all I gained was this that for weeks on returning after months of hardly knew me. Quoting coffee and using Podum did wonders for me.



A WHOLE LITTLE MAN'S PAPERLESS CHRISTMAS PRESENT.
A. H. Turnbull Placerville, A. T.

[illegible]

FOURTH MASTER OF THE HOUSE, WITH HER FACE WELL IN HAND
 D. M. T. Maudslayi, Brooklyn

AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—NEBRASKA WINS.

PICTORIAL BOUQUET FORMED OF THE GLEANINGS OF THE CAMERA IN WIDELY-CONTRASTED FIELDS.

(SEE OFFERS OF TARMAC'S SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR ADVERTISING PHOTOGRAPHY ASSIGNMENTS ELSEWHERE IN THIS ISSUE.)

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For BELIZE, S. H., PUERTO BARRIOS,
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Every Thursday at 9 a. m.
For PORT LIMON, C. R.
Every Friday at 9 a. m.
For PUERTO CORTES, S. H., GUAT., S. H., and Honduras Coast Ports—
Weekly.

From MOBILE, ALA.
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Sailings Weekly.
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DURAS COAST PORTS
Weekly.

A 30 ADDITIONAL SA. CON. FOR ME
ALL NEW ORLEANS
NO. 381 54, Charles Street,
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You can get freight and cargo rates of freight and
passage, apply to L. H. P. in Manager of
J. J. BEMPEY, Traffic Manager
No. 381 54, Charles Street,
Corner 54th St., NEW ORLEANS, LA.

A Great Insurance Company.

The Liverpool and London and Globe
Insurance Company, one of the largest in-
surance institutions in the world, just fifty
years ago, realizing the importance of New
Orleans as the commercial metropolis of the
South, and with the view to better pro-
vide its growing interests in the South,
established in New Orleans a department
for the conduct of its affairs, and at the
same time a local board of directors com-
posed of prominent citizens of New Orleans.
Its foresight in this move can best be proven
by the enormous trades it has made in the
South, and especially in Louisiana and
States immediately tributary thereto. To
further expand its enterprise in the city
it has recently erected a new, splendid in-
urance fire-proof office building, and sub-
sequently acquired two adjoining prop-
erties, and which latter can be accepted as an
evidence of the satisfaction of its mem-
bership. By a remarkable coincidence
the first day of the company's existence in
New Orleans was spent in the identical
spot of its present office, where its quarters
consisted of a small one-story structure
with not over three employees, while its
present home represents one of the most
beautiful buildings in the South, seven
stories of strictly modern construction, and
with a force of nearly thirty employees.
Verily the Liverpool and London and
Globe Insurance Company is looked upon
as one of the institutions of the Great City.

R. H. DOWNMAN

PRESIDENT
SOUTH LUMBER CO. LTD. 100-101 LA. JEWELLERY LUMBER & SHINGLE CO. LTD. JACKSONVILLE, FL.
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First grade of coffee in the
world. Sold in a special
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Star Java and Mocha -
First of its kind. Packed in
special packages and in
tins.

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A new and distinctive blend
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Mocha Blend
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In special packages.

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THE SMITH BROS. CO. LIMITED

Proprietors of the purest coffee in the world
and the highest quality of coffee.

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NEW ORLEANS, LA.

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GEORGE W. CHILDS, "EL TRAGO," HUAN F.
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In special packages.

Agents for Gibson Rye Whiskies and Sazerac
Brandy, Lipton's Teas—Lipton's Scotch
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Pickers, Kettles, Iron Kettles, Malt
Chests, Malt, Lard, and other
Canned Goods.

Hibernia Bank & Trust Co.

OF NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Close of Business Nov. 17, 1902

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Capital | \$1,000,000.00 |
| Surplus and Undivided Profits | 2,065,582.93 |
| Deposits | 9,623,758.4 |

Accounts of Merchants, Banks and Bankers Solicited.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| J. W. CASTLE, President | E. ARLEN PATTER, Cashier |
| ANDREW STEWART, Vice-President | F. L. ALA, Assistant Cashier |
| N. V. BURNARD | C. F. FERRER, Jr. |
| F. J. KINNY | E. M. SMO |
| WYATT B. INGRAM, JR., Trust Officer | |

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| G. W. WOTT, President | A. A. BROWN, Jr., Vice-President |
| H. LAROUSSE, Vice-President | S. A. TRUFANT, Cashier |

Capital, :: :: \$380,200
Undivided Profits, \$185,000

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

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| BARING BROS. & CO., Ltd. London | BEHN & CO. Paris |
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Germania National Bank,

620 Canal Street, New Orleans.

CAPITAL, SURPLUS AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS,
\$465,000.

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MATERIALS THAT CAN BE HAD NOWHERE ELSE.

Samples Mailed Free on Application.

Jasper's Hints to Money-makers

Baron de Hirsch report that American capitalists who have money are expected to be the most generous in their contributions to the cause of the oppressed, owing to the fact that they are the only ones who have the money to do so.

The money-makers of the world are expected to be the most generous in their contributions to the cause of the oppressed, owing to the fact that they are the only ones who have the money to do so. The money-makers of the world are expected to be the most generous in their contributions to the cause of the oppressed, owing to the fact that they are the only ones who have the money to do so. The money-makers of the world are expected to be the most generous in their contributions to the cause of the oppressed, owing to the fact that they are the only ones who have the money to do so.

Spendthrifts

To INSURE, T-SAVE, T-SAVE

10% to 50% Saved

WE HAVE

10% to 50% Saved

WE HAVE

10% to 50% Saved

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He was 57, looked about 40, despite daily business cares and responsibilities. He was a man of about 160 pounds, with a strong, muscular build, and a face that was a study in contrasts. He was a man of about 160 pounds, with a strong, muscular build, and a face that was a study in contrasts.

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Import & Export in Money Markets

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Review of the Eastern College Football Season

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OF THE YEAR
1902

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His MAJESTY THE GERMAN EMPEROR on board his yacht THE HOHENZOLLERN at the banquet given by H.R.H. PRINCE HENRY of PRUSSIA to the PRESIDENT of the UNITED STATES served - NO OTHER CHAMPAGNE.

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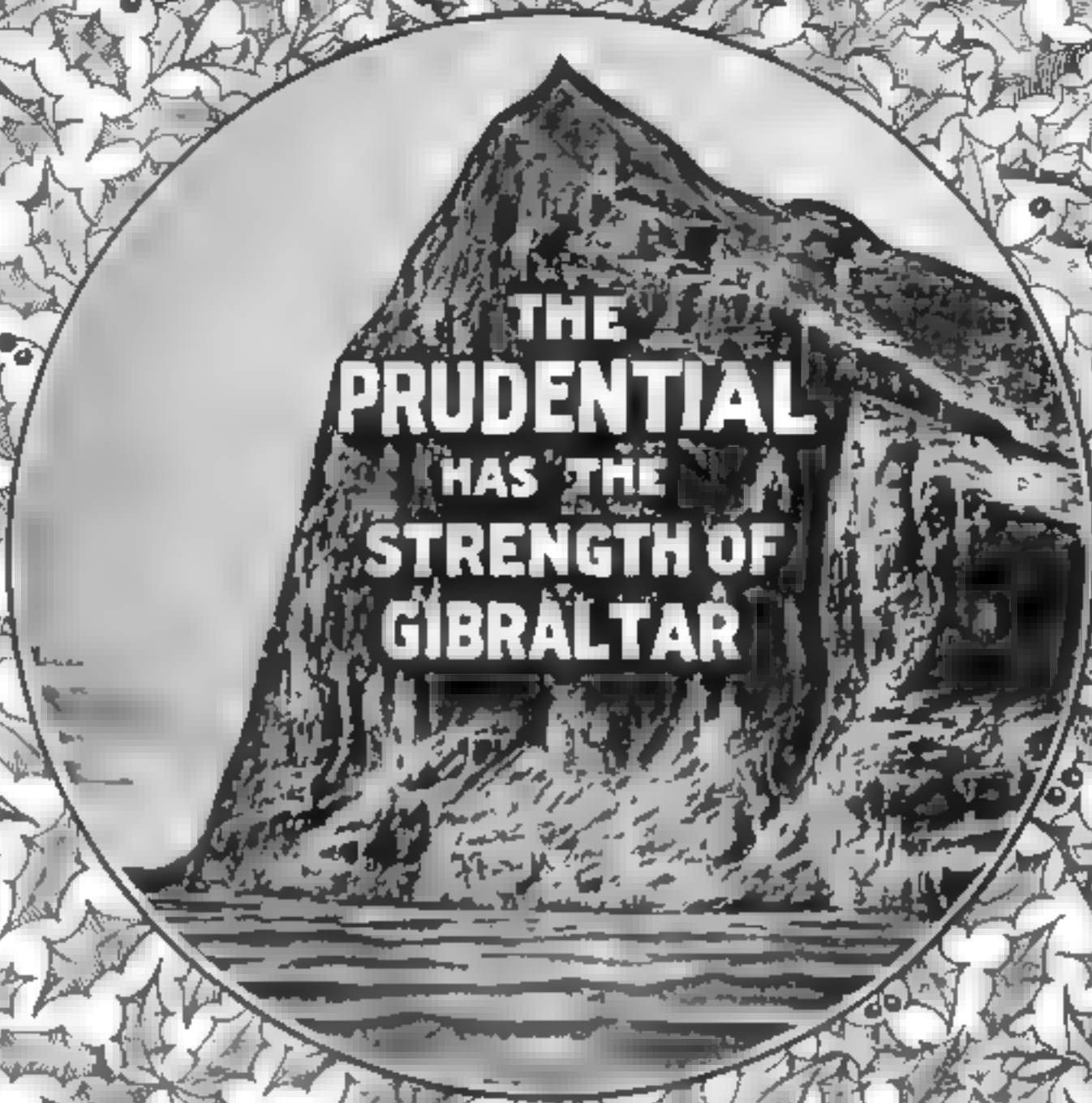
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| Ar. CHICAGO | 2.85 " | Ar. BROOKLYN | West 23d Street, 9.00 " |
| | 8.55 A. M. | | 9.05 " |

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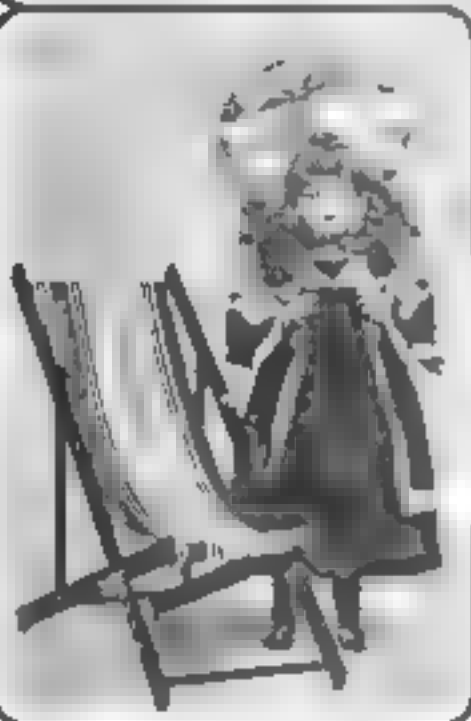
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INDEX

Christmas Number Leslie's Weekly

| Page | Page | Page | Page |
|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 |
| 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 |
| 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 |
| 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 |
| 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 |
| 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 |
| 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 |
| 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 |
| 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 |
| 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 |
| 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 |
| 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 |
| 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

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LESLIE'S WEEKLY

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Vol. XCV, No. 2467

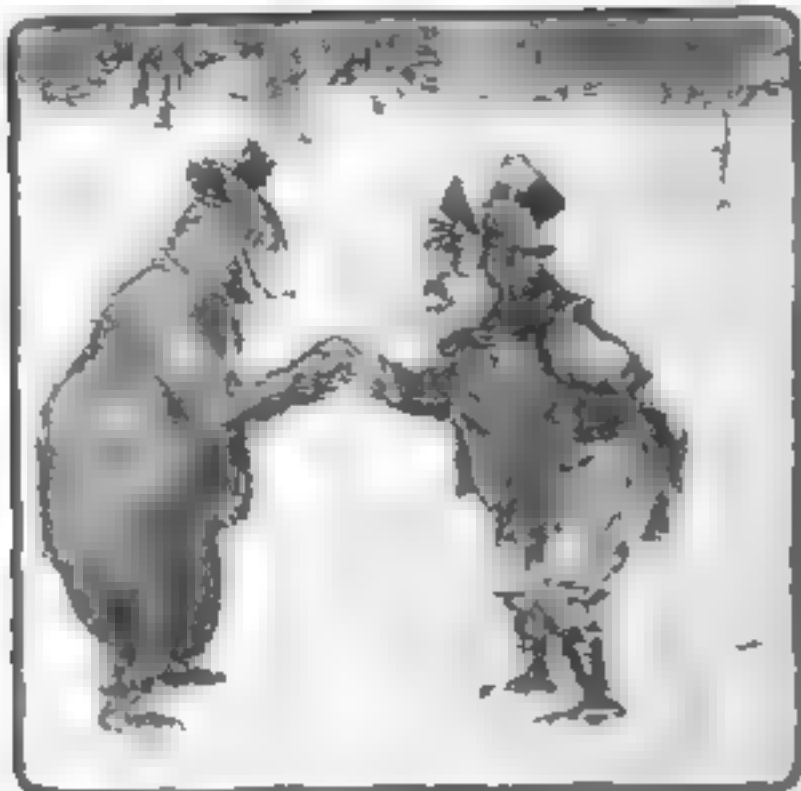
New York, December 18, 1902

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AN AMBUSH FOR SANTA CLAUS.

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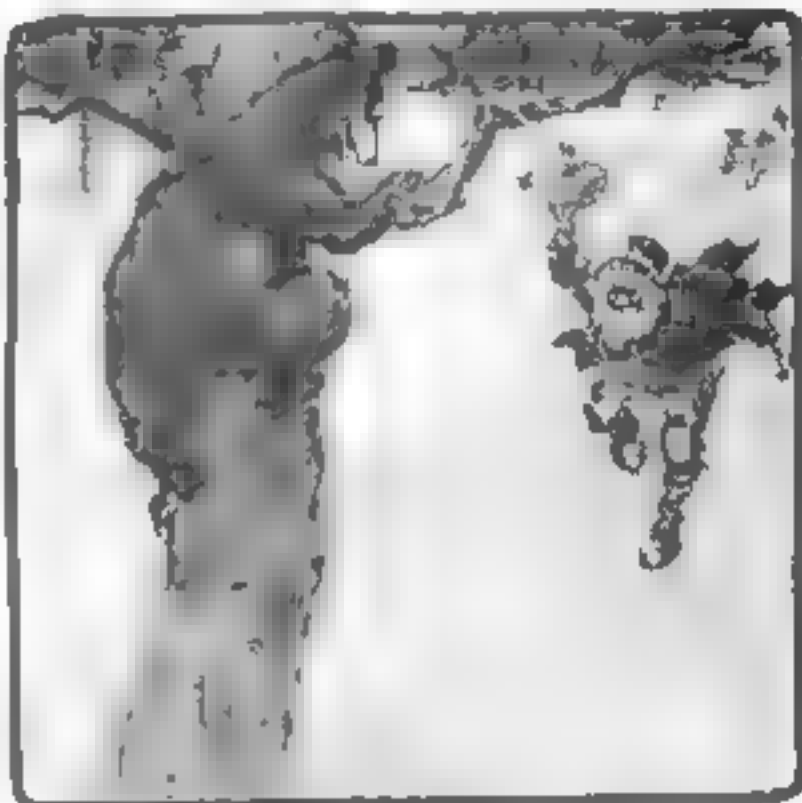
BOBATO, THE BEAR, AND THE HOMO HOMO



THEY BOKE A PURCHASED THING.



THE HOMO IS TO HAVE HALF OF ALL THE STUFF.



ABOUT TO DECLARE A DIVISION.



HOM THE YAKTO THE BEAR, THE HOMO KEEPS THE DOG.



CHRISTMAS PARTY FOR THE HAPPY HOMO FAMILY.

HOW THE BRUIN FAMILY GOT A CHRISTMAS PUDDING
A CUNNING BEAR'S BARGAIN WITH A TRAMP WHEREBY ONE PROFITED AND THE OTHER CAME TO GRIEF.

Drawn for Leslie's Weekly by Frank Corbett

While I stood squinting around to get my bearings, the wind carried the subtle, seeping, creeping, icy way. Suddenly my horse gave a snort, it frantically pawed at the ice and I could believe me there was Fleming and Miss Mary riding along both directions on the same trail.

We went back outside through the snowfall at the same time + I reached for my gun. She seen he move. She gave a cry like a hurt animal and threw both her arms around this miserable thing of a tree-pinecone pining himself as tip phrases in only of his own life. I never different me. I forget a thought and that minute and one the same.

"She whipped up Fleming's ass-
sail which sailed west a huck's-buck
tossed my back up a chimney to the
dwelt. I jumped for my home and
the moon was on

the sum of the two sets but the distance between is twice as far away. Now, just, for just another run the high low was double.

[illegible]

It will certainly grow in how many
hills it has to grow in the hills and
in the low hills and in the hills and
in the hills and in the hills and in the hills

Հ. ԿՈՒՆԵՐՆԵՐԸ ԵՆՈՒ ԶԵՆՈՒ ԻՆՉ ԳՆԱՅԱԾՈՒ
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11. በሌ ጥቅምቱ በሀገር ውስጥ በሚኖሩ ሰዎች ስርዓተ ልማት ላይ ለማድረግ ማዘጋጀት ይቻላል።

¹⁰ In the *Handwritten Manuscript*, the *Handwritten Manuscript* is written in the *Handwritten Manuscript*.

THEY MEET. This is my intention. I will have you and Mr. Thompson meet in my room this afternoon.

በጊዜው ላይ የጋራ ጥራት ማረጋገጫ ሲካተት ማረጋገጫው ሲካተት

A black and white photograph of a large, gnarled tree trunk. The trunk is heavily textured with bark and has a large, irregular hollowed-out section in the center. The background is dark and appears to be a dense forest or a cave. The lighting is dramatic, highlighting the textures of the wood and the surrounding environment.

" WE ONLY SAW OTHER TRUCKS ON THE HIGHWAY AT THE SAME MINUTE."

[illegible]

Her eyes were soft and kind and she was so kind to the world just as Mr. Horner's young wife is too. He was never on a bad oil barge but was at a bad one before it had left him, just as the village was never a bad one for almost every one of the people in some bad times. There is no reason why she was in it at all, but she is a woman with a lot of good things.

[illegible]

Mr. Henry and Miss Mary were joined all in bonds of matrimony Nov. 3rd 1844 and were witnesses and Nov. 3rd 1844 were the persons to be made and become a legal man and woman.

[illegible]

$\mathbb{N}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 上の \mathbb{N} 値関数 f を $f(n) = 1$ とし、 $f(m) = 0$ とする m は n より大きいとする。このとき f は $\mathbb{N}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 上の \mathbb{N} 値関数である。

[illegible][illegible]

"GOING! GOING! GOING! THIS BEAUTIFUL CHRISTMAS GIFT"

A TYPICAL NEW YORK AUTOMOBILE SHOW IN THE HOLIDAY SEASON, WITH ITS EVER-CHANGING CHIEF OF ATTRACTIONS: STEVE.



RAPTURES OF CHRISTMAS MORNING IN THE NURSERY
DELIGHTED CHILDREN EMPTY THEIR STOCKINGS AND ENJOY SANTA CLAUS'S SURPRISES.

Drawn for Leslie's Weekly by Mabel K. L.



Esther's Strange Christmas Present

By John Matthews

LITTLE ESTHER was a very attractive girl, not more than eight years of age, but I wish you could have seen her the day when I first saw her. It was a fine day, and the sun was shining brightly.

There was no other girl prettier than the other children who played on the walks of the little recreation park in the middle of the city. She was the most graceful.

Her hair was wondrous. It just reached her shoulders, and the curls were as yellow as a dandelion down. She was attractive, too, because she was straight-limbed and her eyes were big and blue and frank. She was constantly at the side of the little waddling baby. Frequently she picked up and lifted the little one into her arms, and she was as gentle as the wind of the park walk.

The child's plaything was an old tin egg, and her only quest was to see if it would open. She was very careful, and she would pick it up and press it carefully in the tiny hands, then press it with a very firm pressure. She was very careful, and she would pick it up and press it carefully in the tiny hands, then press it with a very firm pressure. She was very careful, and she would pick it up and press it carefully in the tiny hands, then press it with a very firm pressure.

I saw her one day when she was playing with her friends. She was very happy, and she was very careful. She was very happy, and she was very careful. She was very happy, and she was very careful. She was very happy, and she was very careful.

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All during the afternoon in the recreation park Esther watched the little sister patiently. Sometimes when Esther's back was turned the little one would slide down from the park bench and quickly scurry away, never once looking back, walking rapidly. It seemed, for a moment, as if the little sister had gone and there would come suddenly into the little face under the yellow curls a look of fear, until her eyes caught the little one wandering farther and farther away down the long walk of the recreation park. Then Esther would turn and run rapidly toward the baby runaway, calling "Lal-lal-lal!" as she ran. And as I saw her running down the pavement her little round legs flying fast, and as I watched her closely, with the interest and sympathy behind a cluster of shrubs, I thought that I would never hear again of little Esther, the eight-year-old scrub maiden and nurse maid, whose home was on the fourth floor, rear of 34 East Side New York town.

When I saw her running down the pavement her little round legs flying fast, and as I watched her closely, with the interest and sympathy behind a cluster of shrubs, I thought that I would never hear again of little Esther, the eight-year-old scrub maiden and nurse maid, whose home was on the fourth floor, rear of 34 East Side New York town.

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over these children, but the little ones paid no heed to this. They were too busy with their own play. They were too busy with their own play. They were too busy with their own play. They were too busy with their own play.

What a strange thing it was, I thought, that a girl so young should be so careful. She was so careful, and she was so careful. She was so careful, and she was so careful. She was so careful, and she was so careful.

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A half dozen blocks away were two little girls playing "parks" on the sidewalk, one with the round yellow tin falling over her forehead, the other whose hair was straight and black. It was a long time before Esther looked up to see what the baby sister was doing. The child was not in sight. Esther jumped to her feet, she looked anxiously in all directions. She called "Lal-lal-lal!" but no sound, knowing that her mother would hear her. Then she ran down the street. At first she was afraid, but she was not afraid. She was not afraid, and she was not afraid. She was not afraid, and she was not afraid.

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He tried to lift the body. As he moved on the his feet touched a soft bundle and Paddy was a bit startled. He caught the bundle with his toe and its very softness made him stoop and touch it. Then he put both hands toward it. For the bundle was the body of a little child. He lifted it in his arms, but it made no sound. He counted the small feet, and it felt cold in his fingers. Then he opened quickly the door of his little shanty. There was a lantern in the corner of the room and an old chair without a back placed in front of the fire stove. Paddy ran on the chair and lifted the body which he held so that the lantern light fell upon the face. What he saw made his heart sink. For some time the man sat still, looking at the child which he held in his arms. He had seen a rough man about the docks for many years. His clothes were stained with the splash of salt water. His skin was rough and red from the weather, his hair marked with the scars of hard work. He knew nothing of the under-mean and unknown which is inspired by the love of children, for he had never known a child. He knew only that childhood was to look the street tents out of his way when they crowded him. Paddy Ryan was in a predicament now.

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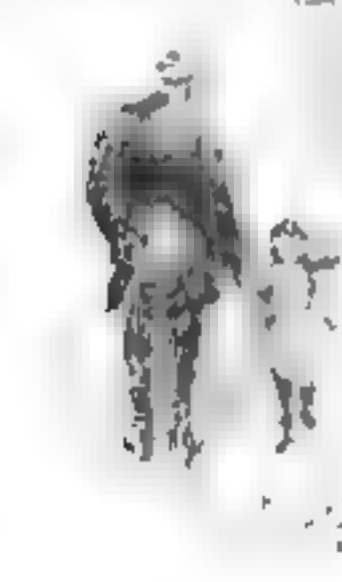
The voice even grew louder, and Paddy Ryan was so scared and so alarmed. He was also afraid to shout. The street outside was silent. There were no men in the saloons, but their own laughter and quarrelling and singing filled their ears. Paddy was alone in his shanty with the sea splashing against the dock near by. If his fellow-laborers could have seen him then, how they would have stared! Paddy knew not what to do. Then he thought again of the lost boy and he gave the baby a look of love. He was not afraid. He was not afraid, and he was not afraid. He was not afraid, and he was not afraid.

Meaning came and Paddy looked with a start, astonished by what he held in his arms. His misadventure had a strange fate in it. He couldn't account for the child. He remembered nothing that would explain its presence. He knew that he had seen drinking the night before, but where did the baby come from? Then, little by little, a vision of the midnight came to him, the outside of the dock, the crying of the child, and how he had ministered with the bottle. The bottle Paddy took it from his pocket and gave it a long pull. Then he looked at once what he should do with the baby. It had awakened and was crying rather loudly. Paddy thought of the police station and took the baby there.

Even a great city like the American metropolis, with its four millions of people, needs very small equilibria. So it was not strange that little Esther was found, but it was a strange thing.

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"A PAUL HUNT SKETCH FOR LESLIE'S"



"PADDY LIFTED THE BODY"



GRASSY WHEN SHE WAS LITTLE OF THINGS TO SANTA LATE.



BEHOLD THE CHILD WHO WAS WITH THE SANTA CLAUSE.



PARING A BIRD IN THE HAND OF THE SANTA CLAUSE.



HE J. HE A. HE HEAT IS UP THE TIRE.



"I'M GOING TO SEE IF SANTA HAS FILLED MY STOCKING."



ONE OF THE SLIPPER DREAMS OF CHRISTMAS EVE.

CHRISTMAS PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—OREGON WINS
WHAT THE GREAT HOLIDAY MEANS TO CHILDHOOD INTERESTINGLY PORTRAYED BY THE CAMERA.



A CHRISTMAS REMINISCENCE OF THE CAMPAIGN IN CHINA
MEN OF THE NINTH UNITED STATES INFANTRY BUYING GOOD THINGS FOR THE HOLIDAY
DINNER IN PEKING.

Reprinted from Leslie's Weekly by Sydney Williams





THE JOYS OF CHRISTMAS MORNING

FOND PARENTS WITNESS WITH DELIGHT THE UNBOUNDED HAPPINESS OF THEIR CHILDREN

Photographed by E. C. Reed



STEARING A GLIMPSE OF THE CHRISTMAS TREE.
IMPATIENT YOUNGSTERS CREEP FROM THE CURTAINS AND MAKE A RECONNAISSANCE IN FULL FORCE

Illustration by George H. Green

fell upon us and bound us hand and foot. Then we were thrown down by the side of our tent and the stores brought by the caravans were examined. Soon afterwards we found several guns fired, and felt sure that they were murdering our men.

"We are in a bad scrape. Philip," Larkins said, quietly.

This is evidently an exceptionally turbulent old black guard. Well, they have got the names of these poor fellows and they have got our stores. I hope that that will satisfy them. If they have spared our dragons, as most likely they have done, to let him whisper to us of course he will take them to the pot. That will teach him nothing for we have always put his nuggets in our pockets, so as not to let our eyes see them. We did it not to tempt the men, for had they learned that we were getting gold, they were quite capable of cutting our throats—the temptation would be too great for them.

In an hour the chief came up with the dragon.

"Why have you come here?" the chief asked. "And what were you digging in the earth for?"

"We had thoughts from what we heard that gold was to be found here, but, as my eyes were going down in the hole we made, there was nothing but the statue of the chief."

The chief at once ordered us to be searched, but nothing was found on us, for we had every night buried all the gold that we had found under the sand in our tent.

"You are my prisoners," the chief said, when the search was finished. "What you will have to pay a ransom. You are a man and my property without permission, you have disturbed the earth, and you must pay for it."

"What ransom do you demand?"

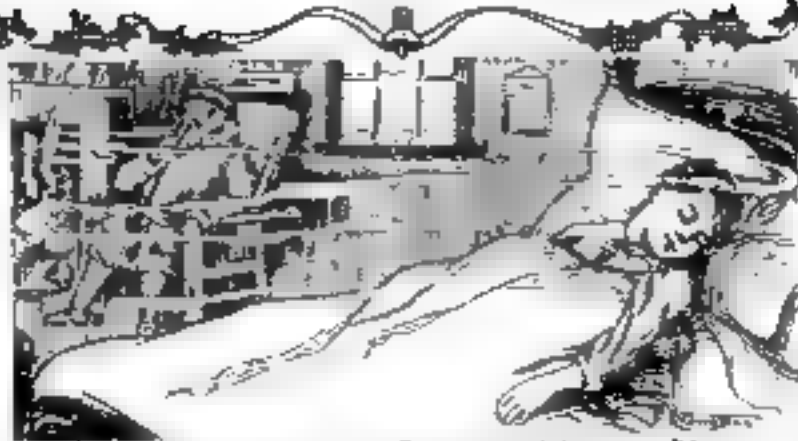
"Fifty good muskets, five camel-loads of cloth, two barrels of powder, and five thousand bullets."

"It is too much," Larkins said, doubtfully, "but if you will be content with fifty muskets, three camel-loads of goods, two barrels of powder, and two thousand bullets, I will see what I can do. You must remember that a tribute will have to be paid to all the chiefs between this and Tangiers, and that will amount at least to half the sum that these goods that you will require will cost."

"I will accept that," the chief said, and in spite of his rigidity of feature I was satisfied that he was well content. "They must be here in two months if they do not arrive by that time you will be lost."

You must know my name to enable me to write. I suppose our dragons will take down the message to our consul at Tangiers."

Our bonds were loosed and Larkins wrote on the corner where acquaintance we had made and who had assisted us in organizing the men and getting the stores that we required. It said: "We are prisoners in the hands of the Bedouins and are following in a lot of the articles that they require for our ransom. There are five hundred prisoners standing to my account on your hands. Please get, without delay, the articles above named and furnish my dragons with means to get an escort and to pay the various chiefs. We shall then require for allowing him to pass. Select the goods carefully lest when they arrive the Bedouins should consider them to be insufficient. Please make no delay in carrying out these instructions for our



THE CHRISTMAS DREAM.

IT WAS the night before Christmas (I've heard that before
But it really don't matter, we'll use it once more)

And manna had tucked me up snugly in bed,
And the moonlight was white and the twilight was red,
I'd hung up my stockings, the hole-y and new,
And borrowed a pair of my dear mamma's too,
And had left by the front door an armful of hay
Where Santa was certain to stop in his sleigh.

I WAS watching the pale little moonbeams get lost

And melting away in the twilight like frost,
When right in the heart of the night, as I slept,
Saw a round, rosy man, in a great coat of green,
I wish I could draw him, the way that he sat,
His blue eyes a-twinkle in cushions of fat,
His bushy white beard, and his flowing white hair,
And his figure so rotund it filled up the chair.

HIS cap was so far from the top of his ears

And his pipe was so long it reached down to his knees,
And the smoke curled about him like hanks they paint
In scenes on gold or the head of a saint.
He stared in the grate and he pondered so deep
I thought the old fellow had fallen asleep.
I guess he was weary with toting his load,
And stopped at my papa's to rest on the road.

BUT his face was so kind that I wasn't afraid.

"If I'll you are Santa Claus—that's what I said,
I like you to—own me your new toys, say so,
I'll wave my bright white beard, and whisper—'and know'
He rose to his feet and he spoke not a word,
Not once from his—'was a—'Katie's heart'
But his gestures were merry, his manner was mild,
And I thought it was sunshine whenever he smiled.

THAT smile was so jolly it made me smile back,

As a glittering soldier came out of its park
A regiment of—'s—'all ready for—'s—'
Who—'s—'I—'s—'as natural as life
Then a pair of twin dolls—'s—'the room took a walk
In—'s—'and—'s—'and—'s—'they could talk.
Merry Christmas," they cried, in a way most polite,
And bowed to me gayly and wished me good night.

NEXT a train and an engine went rattling about

And stopped at the stations to let people out,
And I cannot remember one-half of the things
That followed on rollers and pillows and wings,
That hopped, skipped and flew, and went out and went in,
Of wood and of rubber, of steel and of tin,
From the wax lady dressed in a mantle of silk,
To a goat that could bleat and a cow you could milk.

HE showed me a picture of Christmas-land, dreams

From which on the branches like peaches and plums
And sticks on the bushes, and kites on the shelf,
And you've nothing to do but go pick them yourself.
The snow, when it falls in that beautiful land,
Is not freezingly hard and so cold to your hand,
But like pinkest and whitest and sweetest pop-corn,
And it's Christmas whenever you wake every morn.

HE picked up my slate and my pencil at last

And laughed to himself as he wrote very fast
"The girls, little boys, love your fathers and mothers,
Your cousins and playmates, your sisters and brothers,
And you may be sure I will love you, and never
Forget to fill up all your stockings forever
And then like a flash he had vanished away
By the door at the chimney I never could say.

MAMMA says that I dreamed it, the good saint of toys

Is a great deal too lazy to bother with boys
But I was awake, wide awake through it all,
And heard every time the clock struck in the hall,
And my eyes never closed, no, a minute, you see,
Till I counted the chimneys and—'was half after three.
And I know it was Santa Claus, too, by his looks
Because I have seen him so often in books.

MIRNA IRVING

positions here will not be plus
and until they arrive."

This note was handed to the
dragons with instructions that
he was to ride with all speed
and to stop upon the coast the
need for his purchasing and
sending off the goods demanded.
The man at once mounted and
rode off. "I should avoid the
places at which we stopped, as
he chief might demand more
money for allowing me to pass
in seven days I shall be at
Tangiers, and in two more
days will start and in another
seven days you will see me
again."

We prisoners were allowed
a certain amount of freedom
and were permitted to occupy
our tent and to move about
unmolested. A week later the
camp was broken up, and the
greater portion of the "young
men," and we traveled
with the due and oh of the
followers. They went to an
some fifty miles away and spent
their time quietly there, two
men with muskets were always
on guard, but otherwise we
were allowed to move about
freely.

"It has not been a bad
adventure," Larkins said. "We
have certainly discovered a
magnificent gold mine, the first
of our nation since the discovery
of the gold fields, and we have
found an excellent time in it. He
are we go I shall be able to
and I agree to his terms for
allowing me to work the mine
and in any case I shall consider
the sum our expedition has cost
to be well paid out. I have a
lot of dates and milk in a
little mountainous hill, we
are both in splendid health.
Accordingly in spite of this I
do remain. I shall regard our ex-
pedition as a successful one.
Though I doubt whether we shall
be able to get in a company all
the strength of it."

On the twenty-fifth day after
the departure had started the
chief with ten followers and the
expedition returned to the valley.
Two days later some dark fig-
ures were seen in the distance.
The Bedouins rode out to meet
them, and presently returned
with the dragons and the ex-
pedition with eight loaded camels.
When they were unladen the
chief examined their contents
carefully. The skins he in-
spected carefully and passed the
muskets after a short exami-
nation. Then he turned to his
prisoners.

"Everything is good," he
said, "and I am well satisfied.
You are at liberty to depart."

"Good," Larkins said, and
the agreement that you have
given me that I shall have full
permission to return here with
a large party to dig the earth
in this valley and erect an
necessary work in a gold
mine."

"It is," the chief said, "I
have given my word, and on the
terms agreed upon, namely a
tribute of fifty muskets a year
with ammunition and five camel-
loads of robes and blankets,
you shall be free to do what you
choose in this valley."

Five months later we two
friends mounted our horses
and galloped off.

"We shall eat our Christmas
dinner at Tangiers yet," said
Larkins. "The horses are fresh
and we shall do the distance in
six days, which will take us to
our Christmas eve."

It was indeed early on Christ-
mas morning when we arrived
at Tangiers, and never did men
more thoroughly enjoy a Christ-
mas dinner than we did in the
company of the consul and some
other friends. Larkins is still
engaged in endeavoring to get
a group of financiers to put up
capital for the mine in Africa,
and has good hopes that he will
eventually succeed.



SANTA CLAUS WITHDRAWS WITH AN EXHAUSTED FACE.
Copyright by J. J. Johnson & J. Johnson



"OHO! NOTHING LEFT TO GIVE TO ALL!"
Copyright 1908 by J. J. Johnson & J. Johnson



"I WONDER IF THESE PRETTY ONES ARE BEHOLDING OF ME!"
Copyright by W. H. Rau



SANTA CLAUS CATCHES IN THE VERY ACT.
Copyright by W. H. Rau



GRANDPA TELLING THE CHILDREN THE STORY OF CHRISTMAS.
Copyright by W. H. Rau



LITTLE KATE'S YEARNS-THOUGHT ON CHRISTMAS MORN.
Copyright by W. H. Rau

SANTA CLAUS, THE GENEROUS FRIEND OF THE CHILDREN
H'S WELCOME VISITS, BEARING MANY BEAUTIFUL GIFTS TO HOMES OF COMFORT AND HAPPINESS.



A W RELESS CHRISTMAS GREETING IN M D OCEAN

[illegible]

Historic Christmas-rides.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]



"IS SANTA CLAUS COMIN' TO OUR HOUSE? WELL, I GLESS"

HAPPY TOMMY'S CARRYING HOME A CHRISTMAS-TREE IN THIRTEEN YEARS. THE PHOTOGRAPH BY J. H. H. H.

answer tomorrow for a Christmas present? It would make me happier than anything else in the world?"

"But I've already got your Christmas present!" exclaimed The Oracle. "It's all tied up and wrapped ready to send, as a something you want too. I've heard you say so, and I've written a charming letter with it."

"That sounds very nice, but dear Oracle won't you be so kind to tell me what your present is?"

"Do you really want it so much?" inquired The Oracle, softly, without drawing her hands away. My heart began to beat.

"You wouldn't ask that if you could only realize how much I love—"

"Mr. Richardson!" announced the maid at the door. I should be truly sorry in these my calmest moments, to have my calm and suffer the fate I wished for just then.

"Must go?" I inquired, as that individual wrestled himself off his hat and out in the hall.

"Yes, answered the Oracle— but as quiet he. I've really got to dress."

"And my answer?"

But by this time Richardson was in the room. As he spoke to me I gave his hand such a grip as most seriously have imperiled that member's further usefulness for water color painting or violin playing. But everything considered he got off light.

"Oh, by the way, Tom," called The Oracle, as I was leaving the room, "I believe I shall get you in mail that package after all."

Was I about to say "What package?" but a glance at The Oracle's face and past experience kept me silent. It is always wise in dealing with The Oracle not only to expect the unexpected but to appear as other people to expect it. So I took the package she held out to me, without comment, but wondering inwardly what it meant.

There was a light-bell at the upper window, he opposite side of the street. Richardson was keeping an eye on The Oracle's door. "You must go by, as usual, he," she had said, yet no Richardson appeared, not that I was looking for him, of course. I was there to mail The Oracle's package. I discovered that the package was a large, square one—was too large to go in the opening. It was really not safe to leave it on the box. I would take it in a parcel box. There was one just two blocks farther down. It also was in plain sight of The Oracle's door. I walked very slowly, but no Richardson appeared.

In the beginning of my heart I began to feel a queer sensation that I knew was going to be a pain by and by. It was all up with me! She had sent me away that she might see him alone, she performed him, she had only been playing with me. And her consciousness had not been simply a young girl's avoidance of a serious love affair as I had hoped—for that I was! It had been a deliberate flirtation! All along she had been caring for—

His love! there he went. Perhaps after all I drew on a deep breath and started up the street at a swinging pace. I knew what it all meant. I would not stand the uncertainties any longer.

"Must be a very queer one," I found myself saying in a positive tone. The Oracle had put so far in her in the door. As I did so something slipped, too, and a small fell to the floor. It was the small package I had long been all about. When I saw Richardson come out of the Oracle's door next morning, and everything else but one thing had passed out of my mind.

Now I picked it up quickly, and as the light from the hall fell upon it so I could not help seeing the name upon it. It was addressed to me.

I gazed for a moment with a deep sense of my own unworthiness, and a deeper sense of the Oracle's wonderful faith. It seemed her asking me to mail the package had only been her way of getting me to Richardson get without Richardson's knowledge, her own quick wit of way of convincing me for leaving to go. And I got at such that I was had not read her meaning. She always makes it, had only to accident stumbled on the thing she meant me to do. No wonder if the daughter of Richardson!

I rushed up to my room two or three at a time, thinking how nearly my stupidity had come to depriving me for ever of both on heart at least. The Oracle's letter was still. As I tore it open The Oracle's card fell out first. (It was written on the last familiar leaf.)

As usual, my answer was always shorter.
The Oracle's card was a small one.
The Oracle's card was a small one.
The Oracle's card was a small one.
The Oracle's card was a small one.

I tore open the wrapping in frantic haste. The "in-cluded" was The Oracle's package!

A Chance for Our Readers To Make Money.

THERE IS scarcely any form of entertainment more agreeable at times to an active mind than the solution of a puzzle. Various ingenious puzzles have been invented that have earned a perfect type of popular interest. Puzzle pictures are often a pleasing feature in the columns of periodicals of the day. The pleasure of solving them often, especially to the young, much innocent recreation and serves to sharpen the perspective and other faculties. In this number of Leslie's Weekly is printed our annual prize combination picture puzzle. It is composed of striking pictures which have appeared in the journal during a recent single year and which are familiar to the regular readers of its columns. Each of the fifty-one illustrations is numbered, but no clue is

given to the date of the issue in which it appeared. The solution of the puzzle consists in naming the date on which each picture was printed and also giving the caption or title of each. The wall require care in inspection of the pictures, but the reward should prove most enjoyable to all who undertake it. The person who first sends to his office a complete and correct list of the dates and the titles or captions of the pictures will be awarded a prize of \$25. The sender of a like list arriving second will be allowed \$5, and to the sender of the third list received will be given \$10. Four other prizes of \$5 each, eight of \$2.50 each, and ten of \$1 each will also be distributed, according to the order in which additional correct lists shall be received. This makes the total of the prize money \$100, and the various sums mentioned should make thousands of the readers of Leslie's Weekly to know their acquaintance with its attractive pages. It is distinctly to be understood that no competitor will be permitted to submit more than one list of the puzzle pictures.

N. B.—All answers must be in before February 15th, 1903, on which date the contest closes.

Class of Water

Every Day

Perhaps that don't know about food should never be allowed to feed persons with weak stomachs.

A little over a year ago a young woman who lives in Merret, Me., had an attack of scarlet fever, and when convalescent was permitted to eat any thing she wanted. Indiscreet feeding soon put her back to bed with severe stomach trouble and inflammation of the kidneys.

"Three I stayed," she says, "three months, with my stomach in such condition, but I could take only a few teaspoonsful of milk or beef juice at a time. Finally Grape-Nuts was brought to my attention and I asked my doctor if I might eat it. He said 'yes,' and I commenced at once."

"The food did me good from the start and I was soon out of bed and eating. I was fed from the stomach trouble. I have gained ten pounds since my recovery and am able to do all household duties, some days sitting down only long enough to eat my meals. I can eat anything that my mind wants, but I still continue to eat Grape-Nuts at breakfast and supper, and like it better every day."

"Considering that a year ago I could stand only a diet of milk and that a glass of water seemed 'so heavy' I am fully satisfied that Grape-Nuts has been everything to me and my return to good health is due solely to it."

"I have told several friends having stomach or stomach trouble what Grape-Nuts did for me and in every case they speak highly of the food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.



OUR \$100 PRIZE CHRISTMAS PICTURE PUZZLE

FIND CAPTIONS OF THESE ILLUSTRATIONS IN "LESLIE'S WEEKLY" FOR LAST YEAR AND WIN A PRIZE

For details see page 701

The Modern Waterman *is an "Ideal" Santa Claus*

*If it isn't
an Ideal*



*It isn't a
Waterman.*

The ancient waterman used to carry water on both shoulders. The modern waterman carries ink in a

WATERMAN **Ideal Fountain Pen**

Before deciding on any other Christmas gift, send for the *Waterman Gift Certificate*, in four colors and gold.

The modern Waterman can suit the pen preferences of all writers. Free Gift Certificate is the ideal way to make a gift of the Ideal pen.

THE UNIVERSAL GIFT FOR

Grandpa, Grandma, Grandchild, Husband, Wife,
Son, Daughter, Father, Mother, Brother, Sister,
Brother-in-Law, Sister-in-Law, Uncle, Aunt,
Nephew, Niece, Cousin, Sweetheart, Friends.

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OFFICIAL LEGAL NOTICES

ATTENTION—The undersigned, being a duly qualified and sworn agent for the service of legal notices, has this day received from the undersigned, the following notices to be served on the undersigned, to-wit:

IN MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JAMES H. BROWN, deceased.
The undersigned, being a duly qualified and sworn agent for the service of legal notices, has this day received from the undersigned, the following notices to be served on the undersigned, to-wit:

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Jasper's Hints to Money-makers

Copyrighted from page 497
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The Story of a Gold Mine

By Lee S. Owen

On the Safe Side

—That Little Something That If

A GOOD PROSPECT

But if you can get your money in the stock of a gold mine, the gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect.

The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect.

There is no denying the fact that the gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect.

The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect.

The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect. The gold mine is a good prospect.

Then, WATCH THE GOLD

Send for my book, "The Farming Power of Money."

Lee S. Owen, Author of "The Farming Power of Money."

LEE S. OVIIT, Fiscal Agent

100 Broadway, New York City

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The Tacits of the United States

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GENERAL

The General of the United States

The General of the United States

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I Will Cure You of Rheumatism

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Vol. I
The Story of a Gold Mine
By CECIL S. GIBBS
Looking It Up

Be sure you're ready. Then go ahead.

In all of my advertisements
regarding the stock of the
American Telephone & Telegraph
Company and its management
I have never in this time made
use of one word for the purpose
That word is **STOCK** **TRADING**

I am fully aware that our business is not the only good morning stock that is being offered but feel that I am proud of it. **BE THE BEST OF THE MORNING STOCKS.**

The Goldens Bards that I send out to those who write is for particulars — is the whole story of his Goldens mine — an discovery down to the present time.

And it shows ACTUAL
PIT PROBLEMS of the property
and inside and out, the bodies,
water power etc. etc. so that
one may see that this is a
GREAT MINE TO BUY

The aim of the workshop is
make it a REACTOR and
a NIS.

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LEE & OVITT, Fiscal Agent

[illegible]

A South Africa Exposition

[illegible]

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Every bit of Lifetime Swap preserves demanding quality for it is a

**SANITARY, ANTISEPTIC
DISINFECTANT SOAP**

Its use throughout the
bottle to ensure perfect
sanitary conditions. It
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Walnutta Nars Stain is a powerful stain remover for all types of stains. It is made from natural ingredients and is safe for use on all surfaces. It is available in a variety of sizes and prices. For more information, please contact us at 1-800-555-1234.

[illegible]

Low Rates for Homebuyers!

The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the
 problem of the existence of a solution of the problem of the
 bar displacement operator. In the second part, the problem of the
 existence of a solution of the problem of the bar displacement operator is
 studied.

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Progression Simon.

A LITTLE bit profitable market for lenders in tools and machinery for pumping works and in an electric light plant offers itself at \$300 in the German islands. A civil and mining engineer of Hertzberg Germany Mr. Emil Hasenbrun has been a visitor this town with the view of organizing a company to supply light and water works and other industrial and domestic conveniences. The enterprise represents a capital of \$10,000.

PISO'S CURE FOR
LUNGS WHITE AS LIME
BARK
With Myopia, Trachoma, etc.
In use, 50¢ per bottle.

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KREMENTZ

It is a Guarantee of Quality
ONE-PIECE

Get a new one first
Easy to Button & Unbutton
9" - 10" of variations
old by line 5 & 6 members

when stamped on the back of a
COLLAR BUTTON

if damaged from animals
and it stays functional
Get the Genuine
The story of a Collar Austin
72 Chestnut St

Morning, Noon and Night Fast Trains to The West—Via NEW YORK CENTRAL.

"You, Santa Claus, oh you, oh there!"
 And they make me terrible
 To think that you are so dear
 So very much resemble."

TRIPLE

TRIUMPHS

OF THE YEAR
1918

MOËT & CHANDON

CHAMPAGNE

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WORLD'S GREAT NATIONS.
UNPARALLELED RECORD.

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THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES in the WHITE
HOUSE...
...served only the champagne...

ENGLAND

THE ROYAL HOUSE OF BURGUNDY...
...the champagne...

GERMANY

THE EMPEROR OF THE GERMAN EMPIRE...
...the champagne...

FRANCE

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC...
...the champagne...

THE CHAMPAGNE OF THE DAY

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WHITE STAR

100 & 1500 FR & CO
CHAMPAGNE

Established 1823.

**WILSON
WHISKEY.**

That's All!

FILE WILLIAM S. HAYES, JR. & A
ASSOCIATES, P.C.

MENNEN'S
SOICATED TALCUM
TOILET POWDER
for After Shaving.

Mennen's Soicated Talcum Toilet Powder

Advertisement for Mennen's Soicated Talcum Toilet Powder, featuring a portrait of a man with a mustache and the text 'MENNEN'S SOICATED TALCUM TOILET POWDER for After Shaving.' Below the portrait is a small caption: 'Mennen's Soicated Talcum Toilet Powder'.

THE "BOHMER" HEADS THE LIST OF THE HIGHEST GRADE PLANES

SOHMER PIANOS

Robert S. Mulliken, 80, was born in
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7, 1897.
He received his B.S. from the University of Chicago in 1919, his M.A. in 1920, and his Ph.D. in 1922. He spent the next few years working at various universities and research laboratories, including the University of California, Berkeley, where he worked under the supervision of Robert A. Millikan. In 1926, he joined the faculty of the University of Chicago, where he remained until 1930, when he moved to the University of Michigan. He returned to the University of Chicago in 1931 and remained there until 1934, when he moved to the University of Illinois. He spent the remainder of his career at the University of Illinois, where he served as the director of the Department of Chemistry from 1934 to 1954. He was also the director of the University of Illinois Research Laboratory in Urbana from 1934 to 1954. He was elected to the National Academy of Sciences in 1936 and to the American Academy of Arts and Sciences in 1937. He was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1935 for his work on molecular spectroscopy and quantum chemistry. He died on May 14, 1986, at the age of 88.

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 1/2 lb. marketed now
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AND ST. PAUL**

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PASSENGER
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NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO

Via Des Moines, IA, 1900 and 1901
Fast and comfortable with
Sleeping Car and Dining Car
Berthing Car and Dining Car
and Pullman Car
and connecting lines

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[illegible][illegible]

LESLIE'S WEEKLY

Vol. 1, No. 1

1850

1850

1850

1850

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

THE PROSPECTIVE election of Reed Smoot by the Legislature of Utah to the United States Senate has



REED SMOOT.
A Mormon who has been elected to the United States Senate.

aroused up a sensation which is on a smaller scale than the larger one that raged in the Brigham H. Church. He has gained who was superior to him the national fame of a great man. Mr. Smoot is a member of the same faith, the Mormon Church, and his election will be a great step in the history of the Church. He has been elected to the Senate of the United States, a position of great honor and responsibility. His election is a great triumph for the Mormon Church and for the people of Utah.

choice of Mr. Smoot as Senator has been made. He is an impressive and dignified man, and his election is a great triumph for the Mormon Church. He has been elected to the Senate of the United States, a position of great honor and responsibility. His election is a great triumph for the Mormon Church and for the people of Utah.

THE ITALIAN government has a powerful way of



Portrait of a man, likely related to the Italian government article.

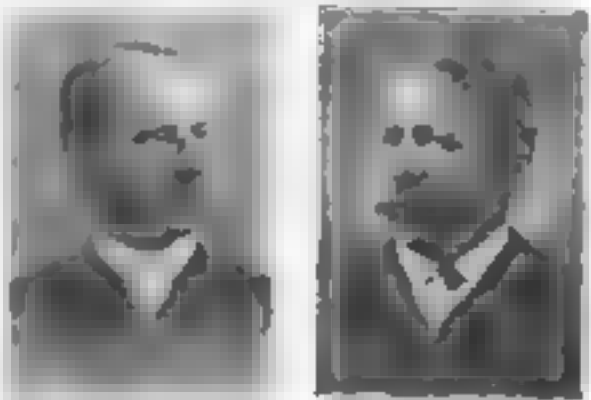
and her husband. He is a powerful man, and his election is a great triumph for the Italian government. He has been elected to the Senate of the United States, a position of great honor and responsibility. His election is a great triumph for the Italian government and for the people of Italy.

land, holder of "History of Modern Italy" and "The Willard is a nation of verse." He has been elected to the Senate of the United States, a position of great honor and responsibility. His election is a great triumph for the Italian government and for the people of Italy.

EMPEROR WILLIAM of Germany is a man of spirit. He has been elected to the Senate of the United States, a position of great honor and responsibility. His election is a great triumph for the German government and for the people of Germany.

THE AMERICAN nation of Europe has far to go in this respect. The country has far to go in this respect. The country has far to go in this respect.

in Great Britain, where they have already obtained a solid foothold. Everywhere houses of the large companies are to be seen. The side of the street is covered in London, and now the French capital has surrendered to our progressive producers. The American rate has not been secured from the Paris Convention. A French contract for the lighting of that city, including that against the sharp opposition of French business. The American is to build all the gas and electric light companies of the great town and will require a capitalization of \$10,000,000. Its power is to be used for the power of the town. He has the power to give the power to the town. He has the power to give the power to the town.



Portrait of a man, likely related to the Great Britain article.

most advanced methods in the production of light are in vogue, and that under the same conditions the illumination of Paris is better than any elsewhere.

THE KING of the Belgians is determined to travel comfortably by rail, and he has just had a new car built which is said to be the most luxurious in the world. He is a powerful man, and his election is a great triumph for the Belgian government and for the people of Belgium.

THERE are many who have been much wronged during the last few years. They have been wronged during the last few years. They have been wronged during the last few years. They have been wronged during the last few years.



Portrait of a man, likely related to the wronged people article.

at peace with Germany. It is a man of spirit, and his election is a great triumph for the German government and for the people of Germany.

THAT was a unique event attending the reception of President Harrison in Memphis, Tenn., November



Portrait of a man, likely related to the Memphis event article.

19th. When three thousand people, many of them colored, united in singing the world famous hymn, and the city was all a glow again by the Rev. Jeremiah E. Hargis, D.D., now president of Howard University, Washington, D.C., the city was all a glow again by the Rev. Jeremiah E. Hargis, D.D., now president of Howard University, Washington, D.C.

FIFTY YEARS of getting on the right side of public



Portrait of a man, likely related to the fifty years article.

operations. Fifty years of being on the right side of public operations. Fifty years of being on the right side of public operations. Fifty years of being on the right side of public operations.



THE CHRISTMAS-EVE TRAVELERS HASTENING HOMEWARD

THE LEFT-LADDER AND GRAY-HAIRED CROWD TERRACING THE RAILROAD STATION, AND EMERGING WITH THE FIRST OF THE DEPART.

Sketch by Raymond M. Smith

months. Lolita Amador of Thurgood, whose account of her parents' visit to the United States will, it is said, be taken by her parents within that time, but he remains in his home in Vienna. Thurgood has already been coached by the highest of the famous Austrian physician. The large sum of money was given by a philanthropist whose name was not mentioned to end the suffer of New York in his work. Children whose names for a long time published have undertaken the care of crippled children who have come within their notice. A long time announced that a Thurgood Amador of Thurgood whose little daughter was cured by Dr. Thurgood will come to the United States for the practice of bloodless surgery to be endowed with \$3,000,000.

The Decision in the Samoan Case.

WHILE IT may be true that King George's decision in the Samoan case, whether he finds for Germany on every point, rests somewhat upon the American sense of right and justice, it would be wrong to see as a people to grumble over this adjustment. They do have been anxious in advocating arbitration as a method of settling international disputes, and should therefore take our

pledge like men now that the door has been our way. We may find some consolation in the circumstance that we have thus, as generally, seen the wrong part in these international lawsuits, from the side of the "inferior" as shown to that of the "Pious Fund" dispute recently settled by The Hague court. It would be unjust also to question the good faith of King George or his desire to deal equitably in the matter. Without doubt there is no ruler of a nation so well today better qualified by reason of character and experience to act as the umpire in an international misunderstanding than the King of Sweden. He is justly loved and respected, not only in his own country, but also throughout the civilized world for his many admirable qualities of mind and heart. He has never been suspected of desiring an overweening desire to enlarge the "British Empire," and there is no apparent reason why he should do so. His interests and sympathies are usually directed to move slowly with England and the United States, in both of which countries he has always maintained the most cordial relations. If, therefore, it is our fate that happens to be "settled" by the Samoan decision, it is put into us to play the "loser's part" and refuse to sleep by the night. It will be better, no doubt, and more satisfactory all around to refer such cases to the

future to The Hague court, which is regularly constituted for the settlement of all international suits, and where the final decision does not rest with any single individual, but with a chosen group of specially qualified men.

Serious Indigestion.

It is a common ailment, and is relieved by Borden's Malted Milk.

It relieves immediately and then gradually restores the stomach to perfect health. A permanent cure and a most excellent food for all infants.

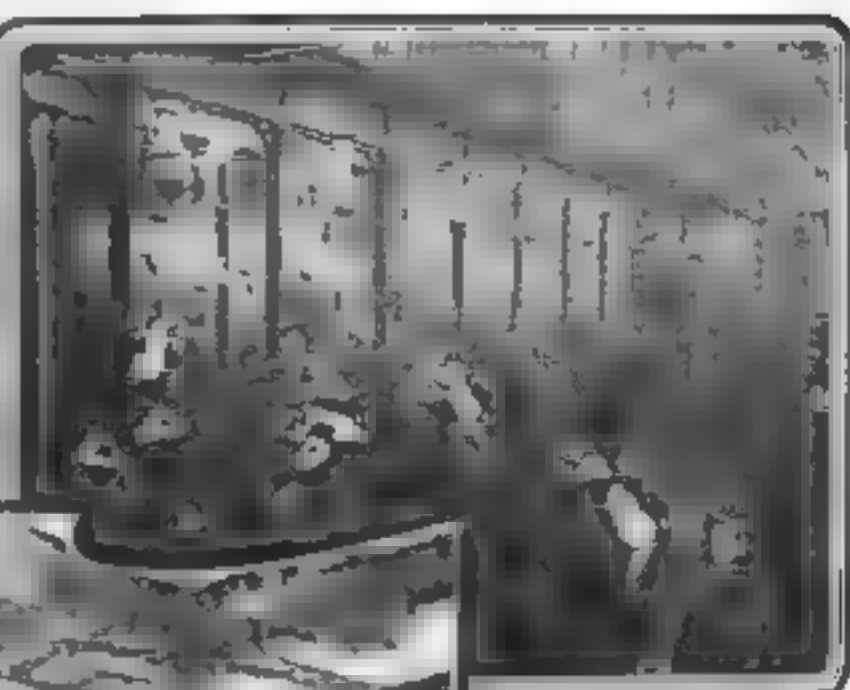
In Substitute Feeding

For infant, this makes a perfect milk substitute. It is the basis for all weanings. What a resource, then, is the most possible milk product. Borden's Malted Milk is ideal, pure, sterile, and guarded against contamination.

"Borden's Malted Milk" is not used so often in the home as it should be. It is a most necessary great staple in Manhattan, New York. N. Y. Telephone 6.



THE PLAZA OF THE
NEW YORK CITY
AT THE
NEW YORK CITY



STREET TRUCKS PARADED BY THE
CITY OF NEW YORK AT THE
NEW YORK CITY



A LARGE CROWD OF PEOPLE AT THE NEW YORK CITY



HAPPY BIRTH
DAY OF THE
NEW YORK CITY

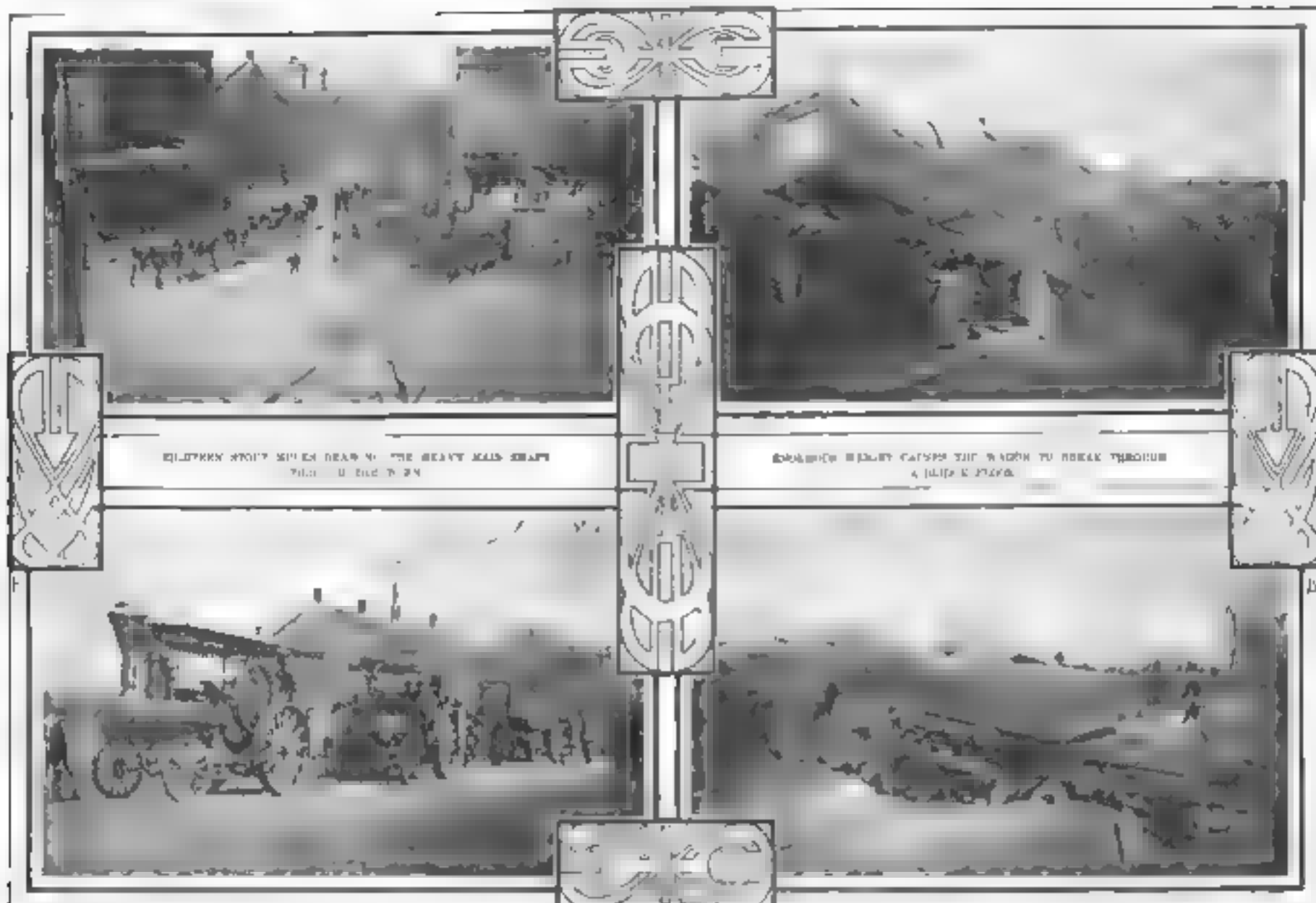


SKATING ON THE ICE, ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, AT PLATTSBURG, N. Y.



PLAYING GAME OF ICE HOCKEY ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN, AT PLATTSBURG, N. Y.

JOLLITIES AND OUTDOOR SPORTS OF CHRISTMAS DAY
CHEERFUL SIDE OF THE WORLD'S CHIEF ANNIVERSARY EXPRESSED IN A VARIETY OF ENJOYMENTS.
Photographs by James S. Smith.



MCLEOD AND M'LENN CAM WALKED TO THE EASTERN END OF THE TRAIL, AND TWO THIRTEEN HOURS ON THE TRAIL. MCLEOD AND M'LENN WERE THE LAST OF THE TRAIL, AND TWO THIRTEEN HOURS ON THE TRAIL. MCLEOD AND M'LENN WERE THE LAST OF THE TRAIL, AND TWO THIRTEEN HOURS ON THE TRAIL.

UNIQUE AND DIFFICULT FEAT OF MOVING A BIG MONUMENT

TEL: (813) 241-1111. FAX: (813) 241-1112. WEBSITE: www.fishbase.org. E-MAIL: fishbase@fishbase.org. ADDRESS: 1000 16th St, NW, Washington, DC 20036, USA.

Britain Taught by the United States

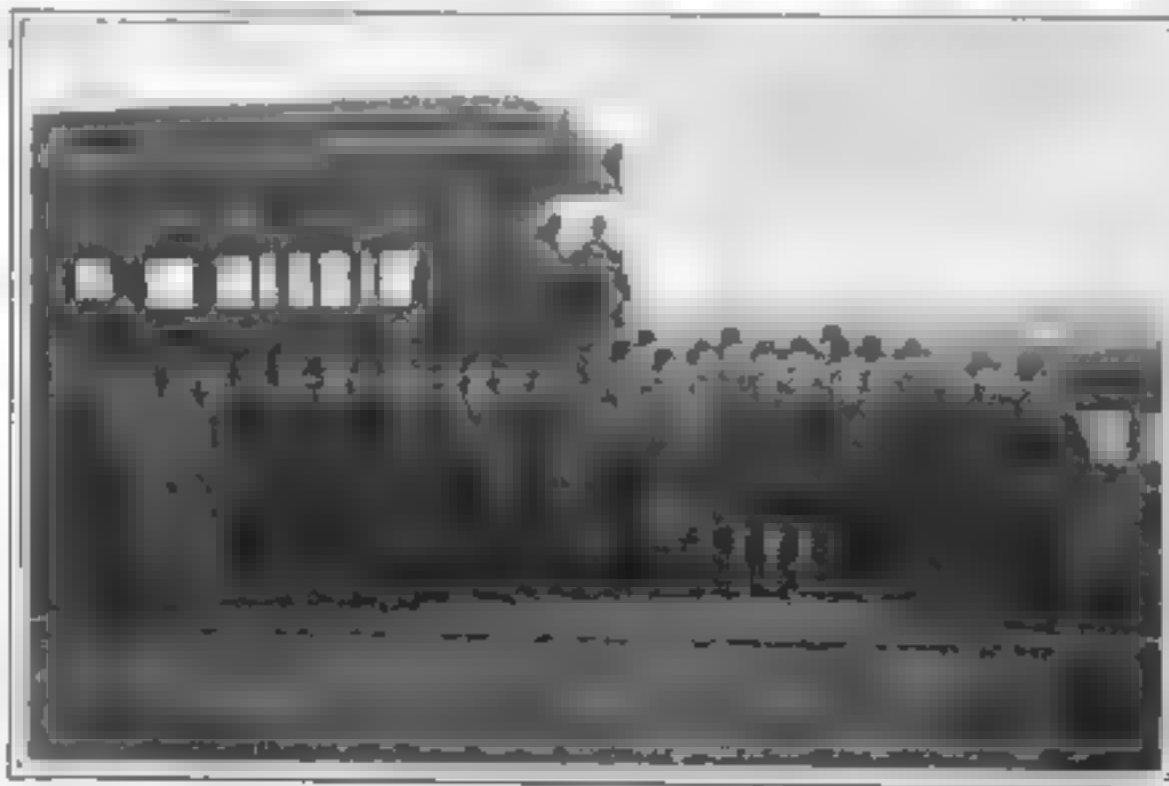
A WELL KNOWN sign of the times was the sale in the apartment of Mr. Milton Moody, a publisher, at his home of a reproduction of a popular French cartoon whose object was to show the communists in capitalist and laborer's life participating in production in the same fashion. This was in fact a case of

and a commitment to the preservation of the American republic by all conscious individuals. Techniques of invention genius are varied between economic methods have made our race a magnificent nation for the progress of the more backward nations. The communism which was common - of United work system. A heavy trade, United is number of American cities to improve industrial living plants, and it sought such transformation of value to both the employees and employer of the big works of America. The multi-awake growth passenger name of the New York Central Railroad Company Mr George H. Edwards, with his sentimental liberalism and enlightened policy rendered the foreign delegates the hospitality of the road on their trip to Schenectady and Buffalo.

The visitors made a very close study of our own business and worked closely into all our representative manufacturing industries. They discovered the points of superiority in our ways of doing things and will carry back with them knowledge that will be utilized in cheapening and increasing production in England. This will add the manufacturers of that country to become stronger competitors of those in America in the markets of the world. But the American rivalry thus aroused will only spur Americans to more earnest, and doubtless entirely successful, endeavors to retain the leadership.

How a Soldiers' Monument Was Moved

THE subjects of Euboea (this territory partitioned into districts) first of all engaged in business transactions through the sea and so in many cases were displaced from the shore. The majority, however, had been settled on Mount Xanthos and the slopes of the mountains behind there where they remained until the end of the



MAJOWSKI ALFRED HENRY (X) AND THE DELICACY OF HAVING WOMEN WORK STRONG INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS IN THE UNITED STATES - 2 pages

Handwired A wagon towing the shaft was drawn through the village by eighteen mules, but the great weight caused it to break through the floor of a bridge, and two mulemen were employed to drag it to its destination. The wagon carried the pedestal back to the tube over a well-worn road, and this also caused the mules to break.

Beginnings of Reform in China

THAT THE supply and distribution of war materials
times be straightened out as a lasting factor in a
rush to win the military struggle finally and decisively.
This war is also in character and in its own nature
the most difficult of all of mankind's endeavors, and must

[illegible]

thousand years more or less, to effect any change in society or politics. Therefore human institutions need to be hoped for her Majesty the Empress Dowry in the course of time abandon her opposition to mines and tunnels on the ground that such work is likely to excite the rage of the under world demons, and it may be hoped further that it will not require another petition by foreign cannon to effect this change of mind.

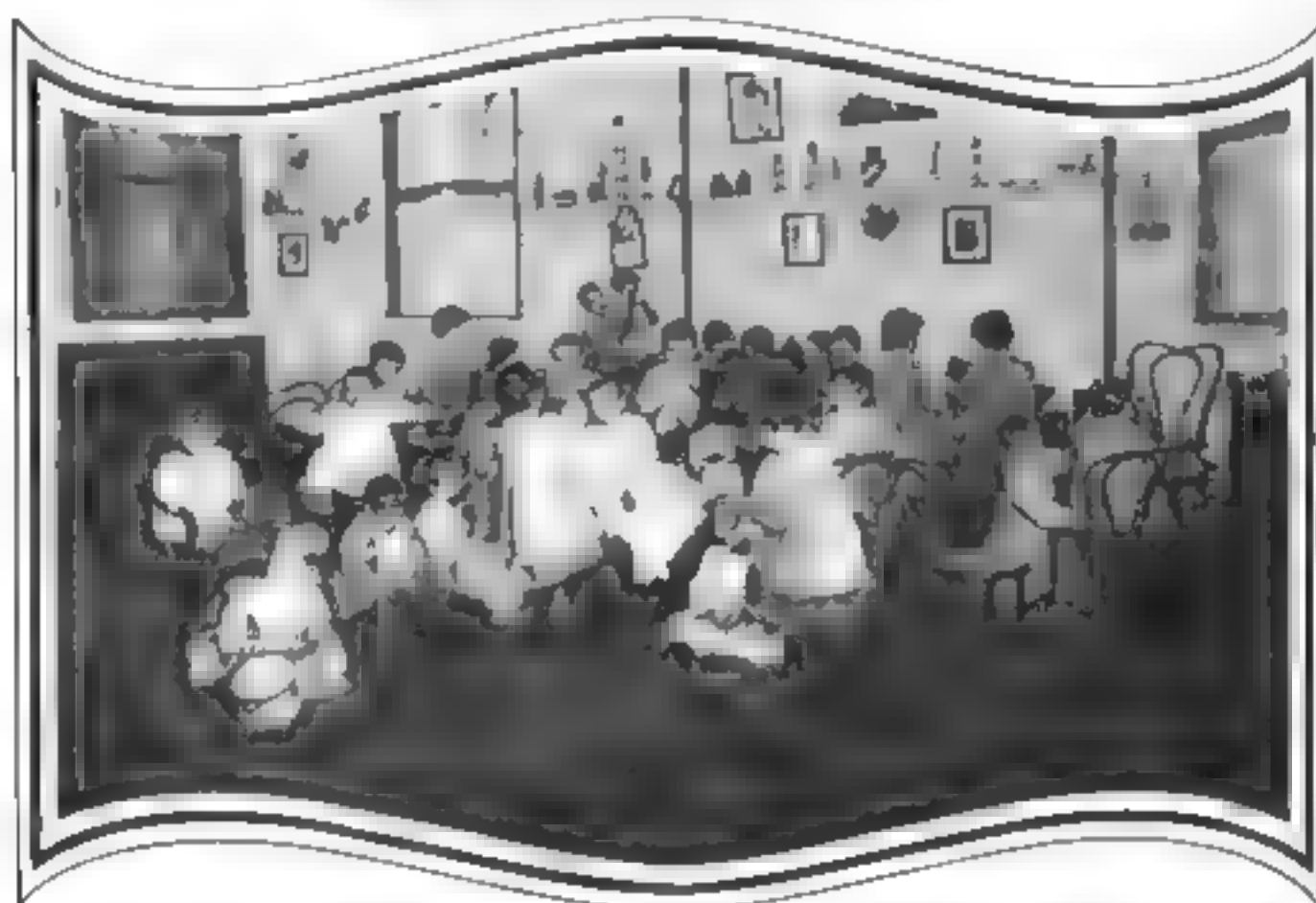




THE CHILDREN AT PLAY IN THE ROSE-GARDEN.



MUSING TIME.



THE CHILDREN PLAYING IN THE GARDEN.



LITTLE THEATER OF THE



SERVING THE CHILDREN AT THE TABLE.



COMFORTABLE NEW ROOM.

MOST BEAUTIFUL CHILDREN
 HAPPY LIFE OF SOME OF NEW YORK'S POOREST CHILDREN IN A COMFORTABLE NEW ROOM.
Photographs by our staff photo.



IN THE HALL-BOOM.



A MERRY TIME IN THE GYMNASIUM



THE HALL-BOOM.



LARGE GLOBE OF THE PLAY-BOOM PLANNED BY MISS HALL-BOOM



WORK FOR THE FRIENDS

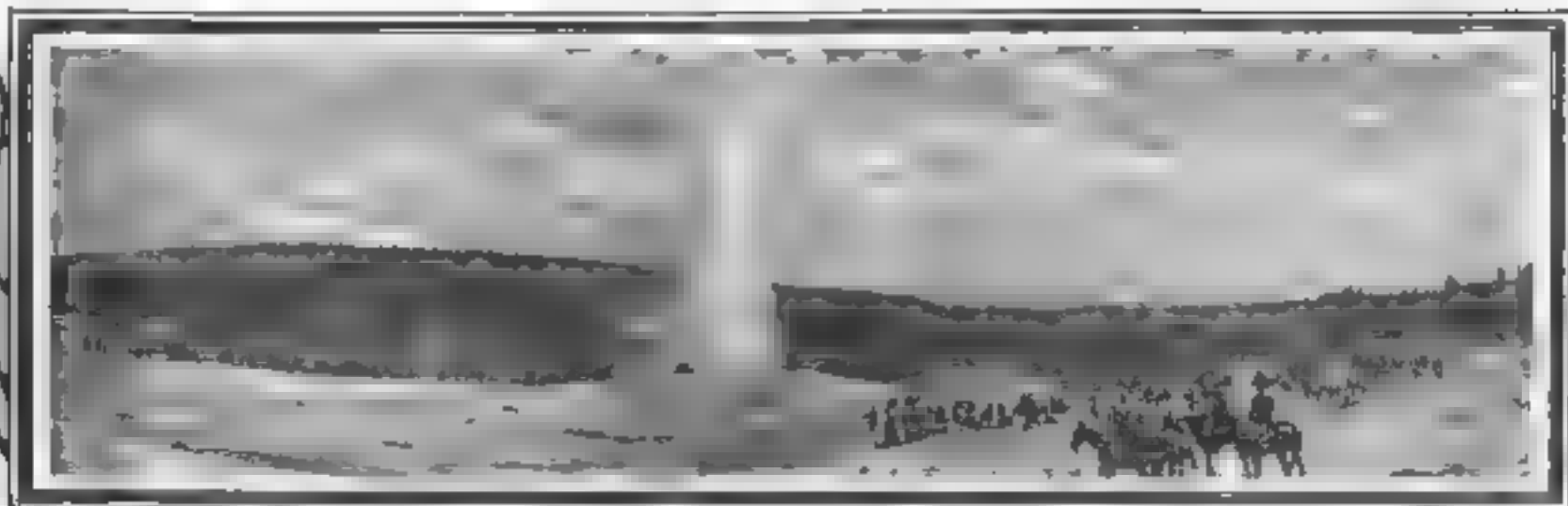


NO-TIME IN THE HALL-BOOM. MISS HALL-BOOM.

S HOME IN THE WORLD.

NEW INSTITUTION, BEFRIENDED BY LEADING AND WEALTHY WOMEN.

G. B. Lacey. See page 716.



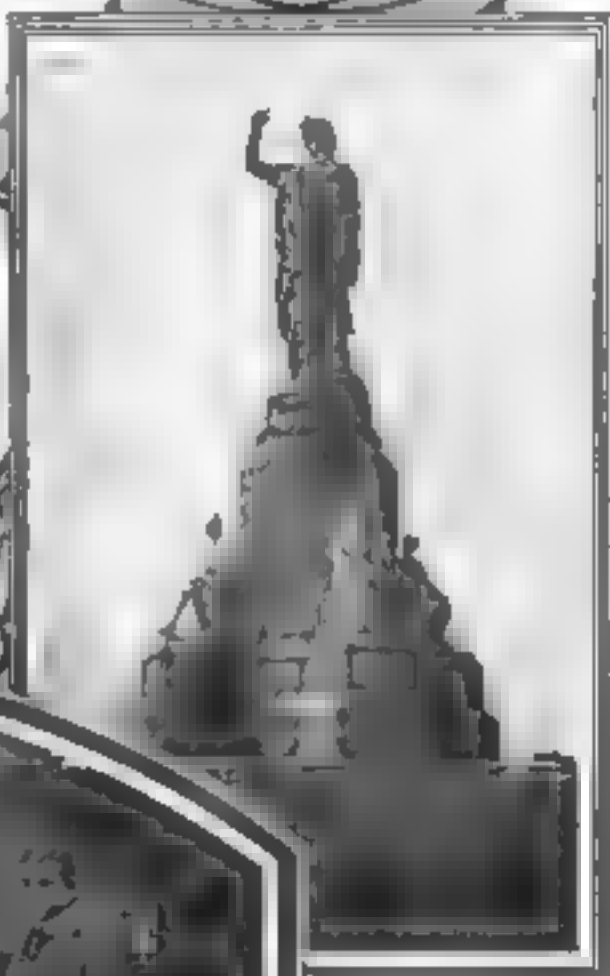
OLD FATHER—THE FAMOUS HOUSE OF THE
MOUNTAIN SIDE



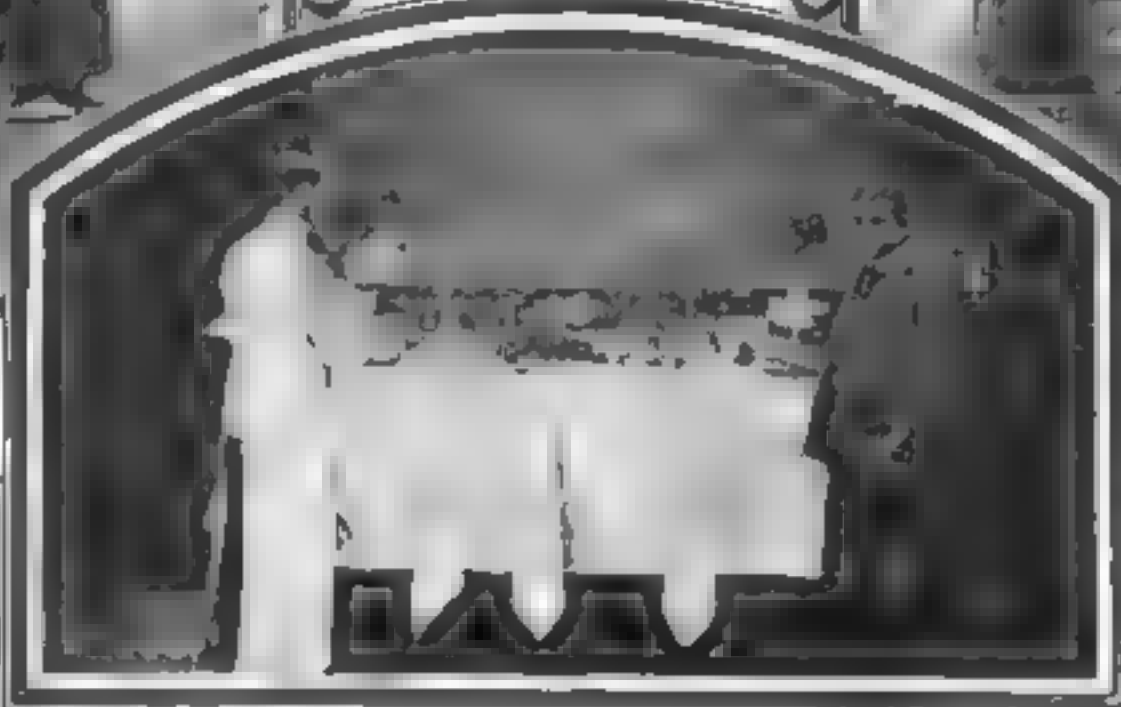
HOW THE YOUNG WOMAN AT
ANTON WINS THE
HEROINE
J. M. H. H. H.



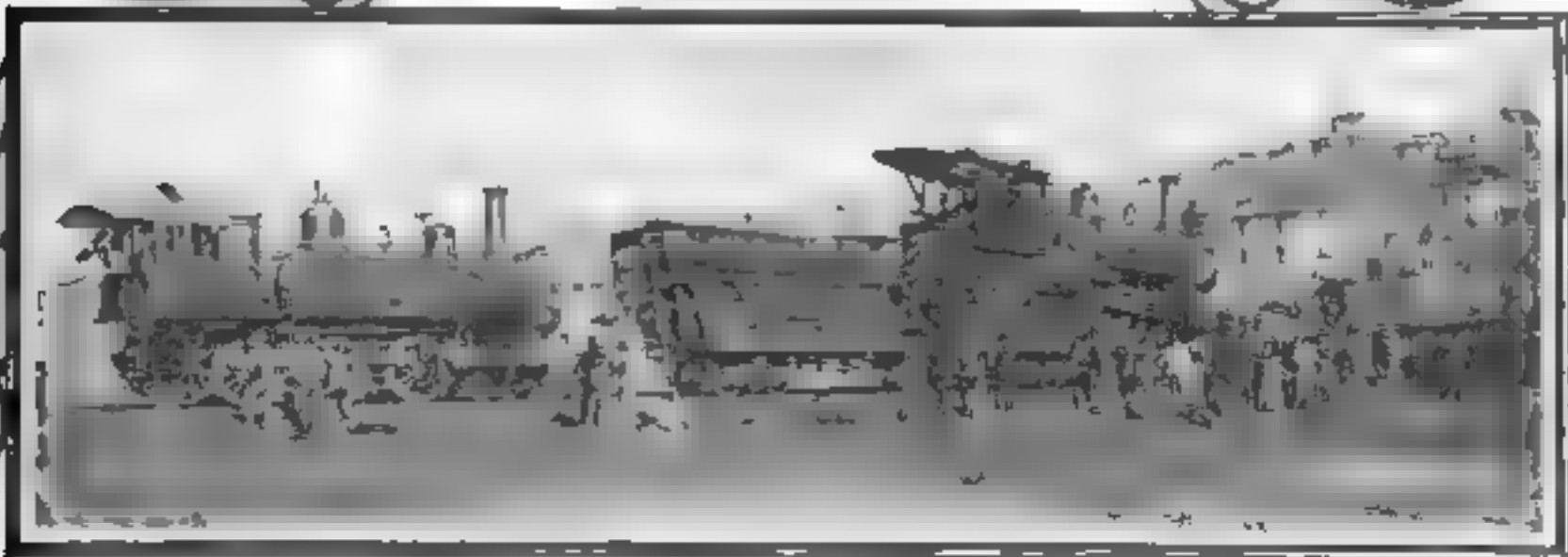
ALL THE WAY TO THE
MOUNTAIN SIDE



IMPROVING THE MOUNTAIN
VIEW AT THE MOUNTAIN
SIDE



CHRISTMAS EVE 1902 AT PALACE HOTEL, SAN FRANCISCO



(PRIZE-WINNER.) SEMAPRIMA ROOMS-ROOF RAILWAY COLLEGE AT SEATTLE, WASH. —Darling Hill, Cal.

AMATEUR PRIZE PHOTOGRAPHIC CONTEST—COLORADO WINS
ATTRACTIVE EXAMPLES OF THE CAMERIST'S SKILL CONTRIBUTED BY ARTISTS OF REAL TALENT
(SEE OFFERS OF VARIOUS SPECIAL PRIZES IN OUR AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC ANNOUNCEMENT SLIPBOOK IN THIS ISSUE.)



blowing across as "hot lava." The warning play of her lips was as bright as the light of the sun. She was the only one who was not afraid of the fire.

THE HOLIDAY AMUSEMENT SEASON

SOME OF NEW YORK'S LEADING ATTRACTIONS NOW RUNNING AT THE PRINCIPAL THEATRES.

Don't Die of Consumption.

A Positive Cure Found by a Celebrated Michigan Physician He Sends a Large Trial Package Free by Mail to All Who Write.

[illegible]

DR. R. F. VERKHOVNIK, the Director of Federal Scientific Center for Skin Infections and Venereal Diseases of the World at the Holy Land for Conception.

[illegible]

Free Rupture Cure

[illegible]

Wash. 1990.

[illegible]

The Nameless Nickel Plate

The text in the image is a page from a manuscript, likely a liturgical book, written in a Gothic script. The text is arranged in two columns, with a large initial 'M' at the top left. The text is written in a dark ink on a light-colored parchment. The script is a formal Gothic bookhand, characterized by its sharp, angular letters and uniform thickness. The text is organized into lines, with some lines starting with a large, decorated initial. The overall appearance is that of a well-preserved historical document.

James K. Hacken as
an Actor-Manager

Continued from page 78

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This involves conducting market research to understand what consumers want and what problems they are facing. Once a need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept that addresses this need. This is often done through brainstorming sessions with a team of designers and engineers. The concept is then refined through prototyping and testing, ensuring that it meets the requirements of the market. Finally, the product is manufactured and distributed to the target audience.

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*For ye
Holiday
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every future
Christmas

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and receive the cash
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